

ANNUAL REPORT 2011

Intermet Resources Limited and its Controlled Entities

ACN 112 291 960

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Directors' Report

The directors present their report together with the financial report of InterMet Resources Limited and its consolidated entities, being the Company and its controlled entities, for the year ended 31 January 2011 and the auditor's report thereon.

Directors

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial period are:

Name	Age	Qualifications and Experience	
The Hon. Dean Craig Brown, AO	67	Non Executive Chairman	
Qualifications		B. Rur. Sc., Grad. Dip. Bus. Admin., M. Rur. Sc., FAICD	
Experience		Former Premier and Minister of the South Australian Government and Member of the South Australian Parliament from 1973-1985 and 1992-2006. Dean was also Deputy Premier and Leader of the Opposition. He is Chairman of Hillgrove Resources Limited, a Director of Scantech Limited, Foodbank SA and the Playford Memorial Trust; the Premier's Special Advisor on the Drought and a member of several advisory boards. Previously he was a Director of AACM International Pty Ltd (1986-92) and a Senior Agricultural Scientist, SA Government.	
		Appointed 1 August 2008	
Mr Ronald David Belz	55	Non Executive Director	
Qualifications		B.Bus., CPA	
Experience		Ron has been a Tax Agent since 1978, a member of CPA Australia since 1982 and a Certified Practising Accountant since 1987. He is in public practice in Edgecliff, Sydney. Ron has extensive knowledge and experience in accounting and taxation and corporate law in Australia. He is currently Treasurer and Board Member of the Academy BJE, the New South Wales Board of Jewish Education, and is also a Director of Hillgrove Resources Limited.	
		Appointed 19 August 2010	
Mr Russell Lee Scott Middleton	46	Director, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary	
Qualifications		B.Bus., MBA, FCPA, F.Fin, GAICD	
Experience		Russell has some 20 years' experience in the industry, with senior management positions in accounting, commercial and planning roles and significant experience with mine project evaluations and construction of new mines. Russell started his career as a public accountant before joining BHP, where he undertook various roles, then joined Shell as Commercial Manager for the construction, development and production of a major underground mine. More recently Russell has been Chief Financial Officer for contracting and services companies in the mining sector and currently is also Chief Financial Officer of Hillgrove Resources Limited.	

Appointed Director 1 August 2008

Appointed Company Secretary 15 February 2008

Directors (continued)

Name Age Qualifications and Experience

Mr David Stuart Archer 54 Managing Director

Qualifications

Experience

B.Ec., Dip. Laws (BAB), F.Aus.I.M.M., FAICD

David held executive and non-executive roles in a number of Australian companies and has been actively involved in the Australian resources industry for 30 years. He is currently Chairman of Crusader Resources Limited. He is a barrister (non-practising) of the Supreme Court of New South Wales and was the founder and former Executive Chairman of PowerTel Limited, founder and Deputy Chairman of Savage Resources Limited and a director of Eastern Star Gas Limited from 2006 to 2009.

David was the founder and Managing Director of Hillgrove Resources Limited, a role he held from 2002 until 2010. On the 19 August 2010, following the appointment of Hillgrove's new Managing Director, he also elected to resign as Managing Director of InterMet Resources Limited.

Appointed as Director 21 December 2004

Appointed as Managing Director 1 September 2008

Resigned as Director 19 August 2010

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the period were:

Director	Board Meetings		
	Α	В	
Dean Craig Brown	6	6	
Ronald Belz	2	2	
Russell Lee Scott Middleton	6	6	
David Stuart Archer	4	4	

A – Number of meetings attended

No Board committees have been formed and no committee meetings have been held.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the consolidated entity have been focused on the search for copper-gold-uranium, gold, nickel, base metals and uranium, on the highly prospective Gawler Craton in South Australia and north Queensland. The consolidated entity has used its cash and liquid assets in a manner consistent with the business objectives outlined in its November 2005 Prospectus.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the consolidated entity's principal activities during the financial period.

B – Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the period

Review and results of operations

The Company recorded a net loss for the period ended 31 January 2011 of \$3,072,600 (7 months ended 31 January 2010: loss of \$317,107).

State of affairs

Hillgrove Resources Limited holds a direct interest of 84.8% in InterMet.

Dividends

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial period.

Environmental regulation

The consolidated entity's operations are subject to significant environmental and other regulations. The consolidated entity has a policy of engaging appropriately experienced contractors and consultants to advise on and ensure compliance with environmental regulations in respect of its exploration and development activities. There have been no reports of breaches of environmental regulations in the financial period and at the date of this report.

Events subsequent to balance date

There are no subsequent events to be disclosed at the date of this report.

Likely developments

The consolidated entity is focusing on identifying resource opportunities that can be either brought into production readily or those where there is a clearly defined value adding route within a clearly understood risk environment. Commodities that are of particular interest include uranium, copper, gold, silver, nickel, lead and zinc.

Audited remuneration report

The Board of Directors of the Company administers the remuneration policies and packages applicable to the Board members and Key Management Personnel.

The policy is to ensure the remuneration package reflects the relevant person's duties and responsibilities and the competition in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. Neither the directors nor the senior executives receive any form of performance related remuneration.

The consolidated entity has no Key Management Personnel which have remuneration packages. The Company currently engage Hillgrove Resources Key Management Personnel who provide strategic direction and management of the day to day exploration activities. The Company pays a management fee of \$3,500 per month to Hillgrove Resources for accounting and administrative services.

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the emoluments of each director and two named officers of the Company and the consolidated entity receiving the highest emolument are:

Audited remuneration report (continued)

12 months ended 31 January 2011	Base	Super	Shares & Options	Total
	Emolument	Contributions	Issued	
Directors				
Executive				
David S Archer	\$16,468	\$1,032	-	\$17,500
Russell L Middleton	\$27,523	\$2,477	-	\$30,000
Non Executive				
The Hon. Dean C Brown	\$27,500	\$2,500	-	\$30,000
Ronald Belz	\$13,548	-	-	\$13,548
	\$85,039	\$6,009	-	\$91,048

7 months ended			Shares &	
31 January 2010	Base	Super	Options	Total
	Emolument	Contributions	Issued	
Directors				
Executive				
David S Archer	\$16,055	\$1,445	-	\$17,500
Russell L Middleton	\$16,055	\$1,445	-	\$17,500
Non Executive				
The Hon. Dean C Brown	\$10,000	\$7,500	-	\$17,500
	\$42,110	\$10,390	-	\$52,500

Options granted to directors and senior executives

During or since the end of the financial period, the Company has granted no options over unissued ordinary shares in InterMet Resources Limited to directors and to key management personnel of the Company as part of their remuneration.

Remuneration of key management personnel

(i) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives in accordance with the company's Remuneration Policy. Remuneration packages may include a mix of fixed remuneration, performance-based remuneration, and equity-based remuneration. Options are issued under the Employee Share Option Plan, at the discretion of directors. Directors do not receive any performance related remuneration.

Audited remuneration report (continued)

(ii) Non-executive directors

Non-executive directors' base fees are \$30,000 per annum (2010 - \$30,000). Non-executive directors do not receive bonuses nor are they entitled to be issued options on securities. Directors' fees cover all main board activities.

(iii) Executive pay

The executive pay framework has four components:

- · Base pay and benefits
- Short-term performance incentives
- · Long-term incentives through participation in share issues, and
- Other remuneration such as superannuation.

As the Company has not generated revenues, no bonuses have been paid.

Directors' interests

The relevant interest of each director and their related entities in the share capital of the Company, as notified by the directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with Section 205G (1) of the Corporations Law, at the date of this report is as follows:

2011	Ordinary shares	Listed Options over ordinary shares	Unlisted Options over ordinary shares
The Hon. Dean C Brown	Nil	Nil	Nil
Russell L S Middleton	Nil	Nil	Nil
Ronald Belz	Nil	Nil	Nil
Hillgrove Resources Limited and subsidiaries (a)	42,822,959	Nil	Nil

2010	Ordinary shares	Listed Options over ordinary shares	Unlisted Options over ordinary shares
The Hon. Dean C Brown	Nil	Nil	Nil
David S Archer and Associates	25,100	Nil	1,500,000
Russell L S Middleton	Nil	Nil	Nil
Hillgrove Resources Limited and subsidiaries (a)	42,822,959	Nil	9,000,000

⁽a) The Hon. Dean C Brown as Chairman, Mr Ronald Belz as Non Executive Director and Mr Russell Middleton as Chief Financial Officer hold the same positions with Hillgrove Resources Limited.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

Officers' and auditors' indemnity

Article 7.3(a) of the Company's constitution provides that "To the extent permitted by law, the Company must indemnify each Relevant Officer against: (i) a Liability of that person; and (ii) Legal Costs of that person."

The Company indemnifies every officer and the auditor of the Company against any liability or costs and expenses incurred by the person in his or her capacity as officer or auditor of the Company:

- a) in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in favour of the person or in which the person is acquitted, or
- b) in connection with an application, in relation to such proceedings, in which the Court grants relief to the person under the Corporations Law.

Directors' and officers' insurance

As a result of the Company now being a subsidiary of Hillgrove Resources Limited the Company and its directors are now covered under the Hillgrove Resources Limited policy.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of entities in the consolidated entities, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings, other than where such liabilities arise out of conduct involving a willful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the company. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

Options

At the start of the financial year, there were 21,000,000 unissued ordinary shares under option at an exercise price of \$0.20. These options had an expiry date of 23 May 2010 and have since lapsed.

There have been no unissued shares or interests under option since the reporting date.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to its statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company and/or the consolidated entities are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (PricewaterhouseCoopers) for audit and non-audit services provided during the period are set out below.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors (continued)

The board of directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

None of the services provided undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001*, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards. None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics of Professional Accountants*.

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act* 2001 is set out on page 14.

Auditors Independence Declaration

The auditor (PricewaterhouseCoopers) was appointed as auditor during the period and continues as auditor in accordance with Section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001 and has signed an auditor's independence declaration on page 14.

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

Assurance services 1. Audit services Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the Corporations Act 2001 Total remuneration for audit services 43,434 24,000 2. Other assurance services Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Fees paid to other audit firms Total remuneration for other assurance services Total remuneration for assurance services 43,434 24,000			2011 \$	2010 \$
Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the Corporations Act 2001 Total remuneration for audit services 43,434 24,000 2. Other assurance services Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Fees paid to other audit firms Total remuneration for other assurance services	As	surance services		
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Corporations Act 2001 Total remuneration for audit services 43,434 24,000 2. Other assurance services Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Fees paid to other audit firms Total remuneration for other assurance services		Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:		
2. Other assurance services Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Fees paid to other audit firms - Total remuneration for other assurance services - -		·	43,434	24,000
Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm: Fees paid to other audit firms - Total remuneration for other assurance services		Total remuneration for audit services	43,434	24,000
Fees paid to other audit firms Total remuneration for other assurance services	2.	Other assurance services		
Total remuneration for other assurance services		Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:	-	-
		Fees paid to other audit firms	_	
Total remuneration for assurance services 43 434 24 000		Total remuneration for other assurance services		-
10tal Tellianeration 101 assurance set vices	To	tal remuneration for assurance services	43,434	24,000

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

Dated at Sydney this 29 day of April 2011.

The Hon. Dean C Brown

Chairman

Mr Russell L S Middleton

Director

Corporate Governance Statement

In March 2003, the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") Corporate Governance Council ("Council") published the *10 Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice*. The Board has recently completed a review of its governing processes and procedures to ensure they are commensurate with the directions of the recommendations put forward by the Council. The following policies, which can be found in full at www.InterMetresources.com.au, have been implemented by the Board:

- Directors' Code of Conduct
- Board Charter
- Shareholder Communication Policy
- Continuous Disclosure Policy
- Share Trading Policy
- Code of Business Conduct
- Remuneration Policy.

The Board is committed to ensuring that the Company adopt the Council's best practice recommendations in its policies and procedures where it is appropriate and practical to do so given the size and type of the Company and its operations. Set out below are the departures from the recommendations and the reasons for such departures.

Recommendation	Notification of departure	Explanation For departure
2.1	The majority of the Board is not independent. Ron Belz is a director, and Hon. Dean Brown and Russell Middleton are also the Chairman and Chief Financial Officer of Hillgrove Resources Limited respectively.	The size and scope of the company's activities does not justify the cost of appointing additional independent directors at this stage of its development.
2.4	The company does not have a nomination committee.	The role of the nomination committee is assumed by the full Board. The size and scope of the company's activities does not justify the establishment of such a committee.
3.2, 3.3,3.4	The company does not have a diversity policy.	The company does not have any employees, hence does not justify a separate policy.
4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5	The company does not have an audit committee.	The role of the audit committee is assumed by the full Board. The size and scope of the company's activities does not justify the establishment of such a committee.
7.1	The company does not have a formal risk management policy.	Business risk is continually assessed by the Board and management by addressing the key items listed in the Corporate Governance Statement.
9.2, 9.5	The company does not have a remuneration committee.	The role of the remuneration committee is assumed by the full Board who apply InterMet's Remuneration Policy. The size and scope of the company's activities does not justify the establishment of such a committee. No director participates in any deliberation regarding his own remuneration or related issues.

Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

During the period the following main corporate governance practices were in place, which comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Council recommendations, unless otherwise stated.

Board of Directors

Role of the Board / Directors

The Board is elected by shareholders to represent all shareholders; its primary role being the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholder value.

To fulfil this role, the Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the consolidated entity including its strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals and defining policies and monitoring the business of the controlled entity, to ensure it is conducted appropriately and in the best interests of shareholders.

In respect of all decisions concerning the Company's affairs, it is the responsibility of each Director to conscientiously consider the interests of shareholders in light of the circumstances and to take into account the effects of such decisions on the interests of all shareholders.

Composition of the Board

The names of the directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are set out in the directors' report on pages 2 and 3 of the annual report.

The number of directors is specified in Clause 104 of the Company's Constitution as a minimum of three. Retirement and rotation of directors are governed by the *Corporations Act 2001* and Clause 6.3 of the Company's Constitution. Each year one third of the directors retire and may offer themselves for reelection.

When a Board vacancy exists or where it is considered that a Director with particular skills or experience is required, the Board would make an appointment of a candidate with the appropriate skills, qualifications and experience.

Relationship of Board with Management

Management of the day to day business of the Company is to be conducted by or under the supervision of the Board and by such other officers and employees to whom the management function is properly delegated by the Board.

As the Company grows, the Board will adopt appropriate structures and procedures to ensure that the Board functions independently of management.

Information is formally presented to the Board at regular board meetings by way of reports to the Board and review of performance to date.

Conflict of interest

In accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the Company's Constitution, directors must keep the Board advised, on an ongoing basis, of any interest that could potentially conflict with those of the Company. Details of Director related entity transactions with the Company and consolidated entity are set out in Note 20.

Director dealings in Company shares

Directors and senior management may acquire shares in the Company, but are prohibited from dealing in Company securities:

Corporate governance statement (continued)

Board of Directors (continued)

- except between three and 30 days after either the release of the Company's half-year and annual results to the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX"), the annual general meeting or any major announcement;
- except when approval is received from the Board or its Chairman that no important developments are pending; and
- whilst in possession of price sensitive information.

Directors must obtain the approval of the Chairman of the Board and notify the Company Secretary before they sell or buy shares in the Company, and it is subject to Board veto. Directors must advise the ASX of any transactions conducted by them in shares in the Company.

Related party transactions

Directors and senior management will convey to all stakeholders the message that integrity and effective control cannot be compromised when dealing with any supplier, particularly if a supplier is a related party.

A Director, or an entity over which a Director has control or significant influence, who enters into a transaction with the Company must make full disclosure of all material elements of the transaction to the Chairman or, if the Director involved is the Chairman, to the Board.

Constitution

The directors must adhere to, and the Board must conduct itself in accordance with, the Constitution of the Company.

Independent professional advice and access to Company information

Each Director has the right of access to all relevant Company information and to the Company's executives and, subject to prior consultation with the Chairman, may seek independent professional advice at the consolidated entity's expense. A copy of advice received by the Director is made available to all other members of the Board.

The role of shareholders

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the consolidated entity's state of affairs as follows.

- The full annual financial report is distributed to all shareholders (unless a shareholder has specifically requested not to receive the document), including relevant information about the operations of the consolidated entity during the period, changes in the state of affairs and details of future developments, in addition to the other disclosures required by the *Corporations Act 2001*.
- The half-yearly report contains summarised financial information and a review of the operations of the consolidated entity during the period. The half-year financial report is lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission and the ASX, and sent to any shareholder who requests it.
- Proposed major changes in the consolidated entity which may impact on share ownership rights are submitted to a vote of shareholders.

All documents that are released publicly are available on the ASX internet web site at www.asx.com.au and the consolidated entity internet web site at www.intermetresources.com.au.

Corporate governance statement (continued)

The role of shareholders (continued)

The Board encourages full participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the consolidated entity's strategy and goals. Important issues are presented to the shareholders as single resolutions. The shareholders are requested to vote on the appointment and aggregate remuneration of directors, the granting of options and shares to directors and changes to the Constitution.

Copies of the Constitution are available to any shareholder who requests it.

Audit Committee

The Board considers that the Company is not currently of a size, nor are its affairs of such complexity to justify the establishment of a formal audit committee at this time. The Board as a whole is able to address the governance aspects of the full scope of the Company's activities and to ensure that it adheres to appropriate ethical standards in order to safeguard the integrity of the Company's financial reporting.

Internal control framework

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the overall internal control framework, but recognises that no cost effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The Board examines the adequacy of the nature, extent and effectiveness of the internal control processes of the consolidated entity on an ongoing basis and has instigated a control framework that can be described as follows:

- Financial reporting the Company reports to ASX yearly and half-yearly.
- Continuous disclosure procedures are in place to ensure that all price sensitive information is reported to ASX in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001 and ASX Listing Rules.
- Investment appraisal the risks involved in a diversified resources exploration, development and
 production company and the specific uncertainties for the Company are regularly monitored and
 reviewed. All proposals reviewed by the Board include a conscious consideration of the issues and
 risks of the proposal.

Ethical standards

All directors, managers and employees of the Company are expected to act with the utmost integrity and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the performance of the consolidated entity.

In maintaining its ethical standards, the Company:

- behaves with integrity in all its dealings with customers, shareholders, employees, government, suppliers and the community;
- ensures that its actions comply with applicable laws and regulations;
- maintains harmonious relations with communities located near company operations;
- maintains and implements policies that enable the employees of the Company to avoid situations where conflicts of interest could arise;
- does not engage in any activity that could be construed to involve an improper inducement; and
- achieves a working environment where:
 - equal opportunity is practised,
 - harassment and other offensive behaviour is not tolerated,

Corporate governance statement (continued)

Ethical standards (continued)

- the confidentiality of commercially sensitive information is protected, and
- employees are encouraged to discuss concerns about ethical behaviour arising from their employment with their supervisor.

Continuous review of Council guidelines

As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the Board and management will continuously review the Company's policies and procedures in light of the Council's guidelines and recommendations regarding corporate governance and best practice. The Board is committed to identifying enhancements to the Company's policies and procedures (including the implementation of any formal corporate governance committees) to ensure continued investor confidence in the operations of the Company.

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of InterMet Resources Limited for the year ended 31 January 2011, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of InterMet Resources Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Darren Turner

Partner

Pricewaterhouse Coopers

Newcastle 29 April 2011

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These financial statements are the consolidated financial statements of the consolidated entity consisting of InterMet Resources Limited and its subsidiaries. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

InterMet Resources Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

InterMet Resources Limited Suite 4103, Level 41 Australia Square Tower 264-278 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 29th April 2011. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our corporate reporting is timely and complete. All press releases, financial reports and other information are available at our Investors' Centre on our website www.intermetresources.com.au.

Income Statements for the period ended 31 January 2011

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		2011 (12 months ended) \$	2010 (7 months ended) \$
Revenue	4	-	220
Employee benefits expense		(16,822)	(16,122)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(18,492)	(21,993)
Tenements written off	11	(2,646,012)	(64,898)
Statutory and corporate expenses	5	(269,572)	(177,296)
Finance costs	5_	(121,702)	(37,018)
Loss before income tax		(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Income tax expense	6	-	-
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity	=	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Overall Operations			
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	7	(6.08)	(0.63)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	7	(6.08)	(0.63)

The Income Statements are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 21 to 39.

Statements of Comprehensive Income for the period ended 31 January 2011

Consolidated

		2011 (12 months ended)	2010 (7 months ended)
	Note	\$	\$
Loss for the period		(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to equity holders of InterMet Resources Limited:		(3,072,600)	(317,107)

The Statements of Comprehensive Income are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 21 to 39.

Balance Sheets as at 31 January 2011

	Note	Consolidate	d Group
		2011 (12 months ended) \$	2010 (7 months ended) \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	48,324	47,599
Total Current Assets		48,324	47,599
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	10	7,852	26,344
Exploration & evaluation assets	11	719,797	3,095,571
Other non-current assets	12	1,980	10,000
Total Non-Current Assets		729,629	3,131,915
Total Assets		777,953	3,179,514
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	63,045	105,335
Borrowings	14	1,643,317	929,988
Total Current Liabilities		1,706,362	1,035,323
Total Liabilities		1,706,362	1,035,323
NET ASSETS		(928,409)	2,144,191
EQUITY			
Issued capital	15	5,981,079	5,981,079
Accumulated losses	26	(6,909,488)	(3,836,888)
Total Equity		(928,409)	2,144,191

The Balance Sheets are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 21 to 39.

Cash Flow Statements for the period ended 31 January 2011

	Note	Consolidated Group	
		2011 (12 months ended) \$	2010 (7 months ended) \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to suppliers and employees		(442,366)	(196,226)
Interest received		-	220
Net cash used in operating activities	18(b)	(442,366)	(196,006)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for exploration expenditure		(270,238)	(287,136)
Net cash used in investing activities		(270,238)	(287,136)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from Hillgrove Resources Limited		713,329	515,492
Interest and bank charges paid			(196)
Net cash provided by financing activities		713,329	515,296
Net increase in cash held		725	32,154
Cash at beginning of financial period		47,599	15,445
Cash at end of financial period		48,324	47,599

The Cash Flow Statements are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 21 to 39.

Statements of Changes in Equity for period ended 31 January 2011

Consolidated Group	Shares	Accumulated Losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 30 June 2009	5,981,079	(3,519,781)	2,461,298
Contributions of equity	-	-	-
Comprehensive income for the period	-	(317,107)	(317,107)
Employee share options	-	-	-
Balance at 31 January 2010	5,981,079	(3,836,888)	2,144,191
Contributions of equity	-	-	-
Comprehensive income for the period	-	(3,072,600)	(3,072,600)
Balance at 31 January 2011	5,981,079	(6,909,488)	(928,409)

The Statements of Changes in Equity are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 21 to 39.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Statement of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the consolidated entity consisting of InterMet Resources Limited and its subsidiaries.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001.

(i) Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRSs ensures that the consolidated financial statements and notes of InterMet Resources Limited comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

(ii) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets to fair value through equity and financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

(iii) Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

(iv) Going concern basis of preparation

The consolidated group is not generating revenue and has experienced operating losses again in the current period as expected during the exploration and evaluation phase of the business. As at 31 January 2011, the consolidated group had negative working capital of \$1,658,038. This is impacted by the fact that the consolidated group has an amount payable to the parent company (Hillgrove Resources Limited) of \$1,643,317.

The continuing viability of the consolidated group and its ability to continue as a going concern and meet its debts and commitments as they fall due are dependent upon the consolidated group receiving the continuing support of its parent entity (Hillgrove Resources Limited), including the ongoing subordination of the parent entity's loan. Hillgrove Resources Limited has guaranteed after balance date that it will not call in the intercompany loan for a period of 12 months from the date of signing of these accounts.

The directors believe that with the support of the parent company the consolidated group will be successful in the above matters and, accordingly, have prepared the financial report on a going concern basis. At this time, the directors are of the opinion that no asset is likely to be realised for an amount less than the amount at which it is recorded in the financial report at 31 January 2011. Accordingly, no adjustments have been made to the financial report relating to the recoverability and classification of the asset carrying amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the consolidated group not continue as a going concern.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(v) Change of period end date

The Company has changed its period end date from 30 June to 31 January during the previous financial year, as required by the Corporations Act 2001 in order to make the date contemporaneous with that of the parent Company Hillgrove Resources Limited. Consequently the comparative financial report covers a 7 month period and is not comparable to the current period.

(b) Principles of consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity over which InterMet Resources Limited has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing the power to govern, the existence and the effect of holdings of actual and potential voting rights are considered.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 16 to the financial statements.

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of all controlled entities have been incorporated into the consolidated financial statements as well as their results for the period then ended. Where controlled entities have entered the consolidated group during the period, their operating results have been included from the date control was obtained.

All intra-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those policies applied by the parent entity.

Minority interests, being that portion of the profit or loss and the net assets of the subsidiaries attributable to equity interests held by persons outside the group, are shown separately within the Equity section of the consolidated Balance Sheet and the consolidated Income Statement.

(c) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, taking into account the effective yield of the financial asset.

(d) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

1. Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

Tax Consolidation

InterMet Resources Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under tax consolidation legislation. Each entity in the group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities. Such taxes are measured using the 'standalone taxpayer' approach to allocation. Current tax liabilities (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the parent entity. The group notified the Australian Tax Office that it had formed an income tax consolidated group to apply from 1 July 2005. There is no tax funding arrangement between the entities whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable by the group in proportion to their contribution to the group's taxable income.

(e) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(f) Financial Instruments

Classification

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and in the case of assets classified as held to maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

i. Recognition and Initial Measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Trade date accounting is adopted for financial assets that are delivered within timeframes established by marketplace convention.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

ii. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(g) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the group reviews the carrying values of its tangible assets to determine whether there is an indication that those asses have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and the value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

All plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on plant and equipment assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Vehicles 3-5 years

Furniture, fittings and equipment 3-8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

(i) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial period which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense. Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(I) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure costs are accumulated in respect of each separate area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation costs are carried forward where right of tenure of the area of interest is current and they are expected to be recouped through the sale or successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or, where exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumlated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full to the income statement in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

(m) Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

(n) Employee benefits

i. Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in provisions in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

(o) Earnings per share

i. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the period.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

ii. Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(p) Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.

Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities, which are not an incremental cost in relation to the actual draw-down of the facility, are recognised as prepayments and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the facility.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed. Other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred.

(q) Parent entity financial information

The financial information for the parent entity, InterMet Resources Limited, disclosed in note 27 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except as set out below.

(i) Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture entities are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of InterMet Resources Limited. Dividends received from associates are recognised in the parent entity's profit or loss, rather than being deducted from the carrying amount of these investments.

(ii) Tax consolidation legislation

InterMet Resources Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have implemented the tax consolidation legislation.

The head entity, InterMet Resources Limited, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand alone taxpayer in its own right.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, InterMet Resources Limited also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

(iii) Financial guarantees

Where the parent entity has provided financial guarantees in relation to loans and payables of subsidiaries for no compensation, the fair values of these guarantees are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

1. Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(iv) Share based payments

The grant by the company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the group is treated as a capital contribution to that subsidiary undertaking. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity.

2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are discussed below.

(b) Critical judgements in applying the group's accounting policies

Exploration Costs

The Group accumulates certain costs associated with exploration activities on specific areas of interest where the Group has rights of tenure. The Group's policy is to expense any exploration and associated costs relating to non-specific projects and properties. Significant property acquisition, exploration, evaluation and development costs relating to specific properties for which economically recoverable reserves are believed to exist are deferred until the project to which they relate is sold, abandoned or placed into production.

Costs are also deferred where exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

The ultimate recoupment of costs carried forward for exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or sale of respective areas.

3. Segment Information

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. The Group reports its Australian operations as one segment. As no tenements generate revenue they are aggregated as one segment.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the steering committee that makes strategic decisions.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

		Consolidated Group 2011 2010	
		\$	\$
4.	Revenue	·	·
	Interest		220
	Total Revenue	-	220
5.	Expenses		
	Depreciation		
	Computer & equipment	9,349	14,899
	Furniture & fixtures	3,563	2,105
	Motor vehicles	5,580	4,989
	Total Depreciation	18,492	21,993
	Statutory and corporate expenses		
	Accounting and administration	172,987	122,572
	Consultants	5,537	2,224
	Directors' fees	91,048	52,500
	Total statutory and corporate expenses	269,572	177,296
	Finance costs		
	Bank fees and charges	284	197
	Loan interest	121,418	36,821
	Total finance costs	121,702	37,018
6.	Income tax expense/(benefit)		
	The prima facie tax on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:		
	Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
	Prima facie tax payable on loss from ordinary activities before income tax 30%	(921,780)	(95,132)
	Tax effect of amounts which are not taxable in calculating taxable income:		
	Tax losses not recognised	921,780	95,132
	Income tax attributable to entity	-	-

For the period ended 31 January 2011

7. Earnings per share

Classification of securities as ordinary shares

Ordinary shares have been classified as ordinary shares and included in basic earnings per share.

Classification of securities as potential shares

Options are not included in diluted earnings per share when they reduce the loss per share. Therefore outstanding options have not been included in the diluted earnings per share.

	Consolidated Group	
	2011 \$	2010 \$
Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss		
Loss	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Earnings used in the calculation of basic and dilutive EPS	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Allocation of earnings to category of ordinary share:		
Diluted earnings		
Basic Ordinary shares	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Diluted Ordinary shares	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in calculating basic and dilutive EPS	50,500,500	50,500,500

8. Auditors' Remuneration

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

1. Audit services

Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:

Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the Corporations Act 2001	43,434	24,000
Total remuneration for audit services	43,434	24,000
2. Other assurance services		_
Fees for other assurance services		-
Total remuneration for other assurance services	_	
Total remuneration for assurance services	43,434	24,000

For the period ended 31 January 2011

		Consolidat 2011	ed Group 2010
9.	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
	Cash at bank and on hand	48,324	47,599
		48,324	47,599
10.	Property, plant and equipment		
	Computer Equipment		
	At cost	77,874	77,874
	Accumulated Depreciation	(74,544)	(65,195)
		3,330	12,679
	Fixtures and Fittings		
	At cost	17,906	17,906
	Accumulated Depreciation	(14,480)	(10,917)
	_	3,426	6,989
	Motor vehicles		
	At cost	42,347	42,347
	Accumulated Depreciation	(41,251)	(35,671)
	_	1,096	6,676
	Total property, plant and equipment	7,852	26,344
	Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for each class are set out below:		
	Computer equipment		
	Carrying amount at beginning of period	12,679	27,578
	Additions	-	-
	Depreciation/Disposals	(9,349)	(14,899)
	Carrying amount at end of period	3,330	12,679
	Fixtures and fittings		
	Carrying amount at beginning of period	6,989	9,095
	Additions		-
	Depreciation/Disposals	(3,563)	(2,106)
	Carrying amount at end of period	3,426	6,989
	Motor vehicles		
	Carrying amount at beginning of period	6,676	11,664
	Additions	-	-
	Depreciation/Disposals	(5,580)	(4,988)
	Carrying amount at end of period	1,096	6,676
	Total property, plant & equipment	7,852	26,344

For the period ended 31 January 2011

		Consolida	tod Group
		Consolidat 2011 \$	2010 \$
11.	Exploration and evaluation expenditure		
	Exploration and/or evaluation phase – at cost	719,797	3,095,571
	Carrying amount at beginning of period	3,095,571	2,873,333
	Additions	270,238	287,136
	Tenements written off	(2,646,012)	(64,898)
	Carrying amount at end of period (a)	719,797	3,095,571
12	 (a) The ultimate recoupment of costs carried forward for exploration dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation areas. Other non-current assets 		
12.			
	Security deposits	1,980	10,000
	Security deposits relate to tenement holdings. Refer to note 23 for detail	s.	
13.	Trade and other payables		
	Trade payables	19,308	17,932
	Sundry payables and accrued expenses	35,960	79,620
	GST Payable	7,777	7,783
		63,045	105,335
14.	Borrowings		
	Amounts payable to parent company	1,643,317	929,988

The loan is payable to the parent company Hillgrove Resources Limited. The loan facility has a limit of \$2,000,000 at the date of signing these accounts (as at 31 January 2011, the loan facility had a limit of \$1,500,000) and is payable at call. After balance date, Hillgrove Resources Limited has guaranteed that this loan will not be called for a period of 12 months from the date of the accounts. Interest is accrued on the loan principle at a rate of 10% per annum.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

15. Issued capital

	Consolidat 2011 \$	ed Group 2010 \$
Issued and paid up capital 50,500,500 ordinary shares (2010: 50,500,500), fully paid	5,981,079	5,981,079
Ordinary shares		
Balance as at beginning of period	5,981,079	5,981,079
Balance at end of period	5,981,079	5,981,079
	2011 Number	2010 Number
Ordinary shares		
Balance as at beginning of period	50,500,500	50,500,500
Balance at end of period	50,500,500	50,500,500

Shares terms and conditions

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders meetings. In the event of winding up the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

16. Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1.

Name of entity	Country of incorporation	Class of Share	Equity Holding 2011	Equity Holding 2010
Controlled entities			%	%
International Metals Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
International Metals (Qld) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
International Metals (Burra) Pty Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	100	100

The proportion of ownership interest is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

17. Financial risk management

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate, price and foreign exchange risks and ageing analysis for credit and liquidity risk.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

17. Financial risk management (continued)

Risk management is carried out by senior management under direction of the Board of Directors. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas.

The consolidated entity is not exposed to changes in interest rates in its activities.

The material financial instruments to which the consolidated entity has exposure include:

- (i) Cash and short term deposits;
- (ii) Receivables
- (iii) Accounts payable; and
- (iv) Borrowings.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Company might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. Liquidity is solely dependent upon the support of the Parent Company loan facility which has a limit at the date of signing these accounts of \$2,000,000 (as at 31 January 2011, the limit was \$1,500,000) which is considered adequate to cover the group's anticipated obligations for the next twelve months. The Company manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- monitoring undrawn credit facilities.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

All of the consolidated entity's financial instruments are either non-interest bearing or bear interest at commercial interest rates. The weighted average interest rate on cash and short-term deposits at 31 January 2011 was 0.01% (2010: 0.01%). All receivables, other financial assets and payables are non-interest bearing.

Interest accrues on the loan from the parent Company at 10% per annum. The interest rate is fixed by the terms of the loan at 10% per annum and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been performed.

Treasury risk

The Board of Directors meet on a regular basis to analyse financial risk exposure and to evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts.

The board's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the consolidated group in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance.

Credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the consolidated entity to credit risk, consist primarily of cash and short term deposits. Credit risk on cash, short term deposits and trade receivables is largely minimised by dealing with companies with acceptable credit ratings and selling on letters of credit.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

17. Financial risk management (continued)

The consolidated entity has no reason to believe credit losses will arise from any of the above financial instruments. However, the maximum amount of loss, which may possibly be realised, is the carrying amount of the financial instrument.

Cash is held with Westpac Banking Corporation which is considered to be an appropriate financial institution.

The consolidated entity has no trade receivables.

The parent has loans to its subsidiaries which will be recovered from the exploration assets of the subsidiaries. The subsidiaries have sufficient exploration assets to recover the full loan amount.

Foreign exchange risk

The consolidated entity has not entered in to any foreign currency transaction in the current or prior period and therefore there is not considered to be a foreign exchange risk.

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to maintain a suitable capital structure and fulfil the objectives of the Group.

Net fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and short term deposits, receivables, security deposits, borrowings and trade payables approximate fair value due to the short term nature of these instruments. No financial instruments are measured at fair value.

18. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

(a) Reconciliation of cash

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash includes cash on hand and at bank and short term deposits at call. Cash as at the end of the financial period as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

	Note	te Consolidated Group	
		2011 \$	2010 \$
Cash at bank or at call	9	48,324	47,599

For the period ended 31 January 2011

18. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement (continued)

	Consolidated 2011 \$	d Group 2010 \$
(b) Reconciliation of operating loss after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating loss after income tax	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Tenements written off	2,646,012	64,898
Depreciation	18,492	21,993
Net cash used by operating activities before change in assets and liabilities	(408,096)	(230,216)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in other assets	8,020	1,166
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals	(54,250)	29,747
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	11,960	3,297
Net cash used in operating activities	(442,366)	(196,006)

19. Key management personnel

For details of key management personnel remuneration refer to page 5 of the Remuneration Report.

(a) Directors

The following persons were Directors of InterMet Resources Limited during the financial period:

i. Executive

Russell L S Middleton - Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

ii. Non-Executive directors

The Hon. Dean C Brown - Non Executive Chairman

Ronal Belz - Non Executive Director

For the period ended 31 January 2011

19. Key management personnel (continued)

(b) Remuneration of key management personnel

i. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives in accordance with the company's Remuneration Policy. Remuneration packages include a mix of fixed remuneration and equity-based remuneration. Options are issued under the Employee Share Option Plan, at the discretion of directors. Directors do not receive any performance related remuneration.

ii. Non-executive Directors

Non-executive Director base fees were set at \$30,000 per annum. The non-executive Directors do not receive bonuses nor are they issued options on securities. Director fees cover all main board activities.

iii. Executive pay

The executive pay and reward framework has four components:

- Base pay and benefits
- Short-term performance incentives
- Long-term incentives through participation in share issues, and
- Other remuneration such as superannuation

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

(c) Equity instruments

Shares provided as remuneration

There were no shares provided as remuneration in the period.

20. Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Consolidated Group 2011 2010 \$

Director Related Entities

Administration service fee paid to Hillgrove Resources Limited, a company with common key management personnel, for the provision of secretarial, accounting and management services

42,000 28,000

Hillgrove Resources Limited and its subsidiaries hold 42,822,959 fully paid ordinary shares in InterMet Resources Limited.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

20. Related party transactions (continued)

The Company has a \$2,000,000 loan facility with its parent Company Hillgrove Resources Limited at the date of signing these accounts (at 31 January 2010 the facility was \$1,500,000). At 31 January 2011 the loan balance was \$1,643,317 (2010: \$929,988) consisting of cash calls made by the Company. Interest is accrued on the loan at 10% per annum and a balance of \$173,708 (2010: \$52,323) was accrued to 31 January 2011. The loan is at call of Hillgrove Resources Limited. A previously held fixed and floating charge over the assets of InterMet Resources Limited was discharged by Hillgrove Resources Limited on 1 July 2010.

21. Events subsequent to balance date

Other than disclosed elsewhere in the financial report, there are no subsequent events to disclose at the date of this report.

22. Mining Tenement Commitments

The minimum expenditure commitments for the mining tenements currently held for the consolidated group for the next twelve months is \$Nil (30 June 2010: \$150,000).

23. Contingent liabilities

The consolidated entity has obligations to restore land disturbed under exploration licences. The consolidated entity has deposits with state government departments. These deposits may be forfeited if the consolidated entity does not meet its obligations under these licence agreements.

The directors are of the opinion that further provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement.

24. New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 January 2011 reporting periods. The Company's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

AASB 2010-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards- Group Cash-Settled Share-based Payment Transactions (AASB 2) (effective from 1 January 2011)

The amendments made by the AASB to AASB 2 confirm that an entity receiving goods or services in a group share-based payment arrangement must recognise an expense for those goods or services regardless of which entity in which the group settles the transaction or whether the transaction is settled in shares or cash. They also clarify how the group share-based payment arrangement should be measured, that is, whether it is measured as an equity- or cash-settled transaction. The group will apply these changes for the financial period commencing on 1 February 2011. There will be no impact on the group's or the parent entity's financial statements.

For the period ended 31 January 2011

Consolidated		
2011	2010	
\$	\$	

25. Non-cancellable operating lease expense commitments

Future operating lease commitments not provided for in the financial statements and payable:

Within one year	-	6,288
One year or later and no later than five years	-	-
	-	6,288

Operating leases consist of a hired motor vehicle in the current period. A total of \$14,665 was paid in respect of this operating lease in the 12 months ended 31 January 2011. The lease had expired at 31 January 2011.

26. Accumulated losses

Opening accumulated losses	3,836,888	3,519,781
Net loss for the period	3,072,600	317,107
Closing accumulated losses	6,909,488	3,836,888

For the period ended 31 January 2011

27. Parent Entity information

Set out below is the supplementary information about the parent entity.

	Parent	
	2011	2010
		(7 months ended)
	\$	\$
Statement of comprehensive income		
Profit/(loss) after income tax	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Total comprehensive income	(3,072,600)	(317,107)
Statement of financial position		
Total current assets	48,324	2,223,177
Total assets	777,953	2,249,526
Total current liabilities	1,706,362	105,355
Total liabilities	1,706,362	105,355
Equity		
Contributed equity	5,981,079	5,981,079
Accumulated Losses	(6,909,488)	(3,836,888)
Total equity	(928,409)	2,144,191

Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the consolidated entity, as disclosed in note 1. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment.

Directors' declaration

In the directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 15 to 39 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 January 2011 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

Note 1(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issuedby the International Accounting Standards Board.

The directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

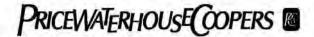
Dated at Sydney this 29th day of April 2011

The Hon. Dean C Brown

Chairman

Mr Russell L S Middleton

Director



Independent auditor's report to the members of InterMet Resources Limited

Report on the financial report

PricewaterhouseCoopers ABN 52 780 433 757

PricewaterhouseCoopers Centre 26 Honeysuckle Drive PO Box 798 NEWCASTLE NSW 2300 DX 77 Newcastle Australia Telephone +61 2 4925 1100 Facsimile +61 2 4925 1199 www.pwc.com/au

We have audited the accompanying financial report of InterMet Resources Limited (the company), which comprises the balance sheet as at 31 January 2011, and the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration for the InterMet Resources Limited Group (the consolidated entity). The consolidated entity comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation



Independent auditor's report to the members of InterMet Resources Limited (continued)

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report of InterMet Resources Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 January 2011 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Material uncertainty regarding continuation as a going concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1(a) in the financial report which comments on the Group being dependent on receiving the continuing support of its parent. This condition, along with other matters as set for the in Note 1(a), indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of husiness.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 4 to 6 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 January 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of InterMet Resources Limited for the year ended 31 January 2011, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Matters relating to the electronic presentation of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report and remuneration report of InterMet Resources Limited (the company) for the year ended 31 January 2011 included on InterMet Resources Limited web site. The company's directors are responsible for the integrity of the InterMet Resources Limited web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of this web site. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report and remuneration report named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to from the financial report or the remuneration report. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report and remuneration report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report and remuneration report presented on this web site.

PRICE WATER HOUSE OOPERS
Pricewaterhouse Coopers

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Darren Turner

Partner

Newcastle 29 April 2011

Shareholder information for listed Public Companies

The following additional information is required by the Australia Securities Exchange Limited in respect of listed public companies only.

As at the reporting date the most recent Shareholder information available for disclosure is as follows:

(a) Voting rights and classes of equity securities

As at 28 April 2011, the Company has 50,500,500 listed fully paid ordinary shares. Each fully paid share carries on a poll, one vote.

(b) The number of shareholdings holding less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares was 447

(c) Distribution schedule of Fully Paid Ordinary Shares as at 28 April 2011

Size of holding	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares
1 - 1,000	7	2,047
1,001 - 5,000	40	153,842
5,001 - 10,000	37	340,821
10,001 - 100,000	69	2,489,964
100,001 & over	14	47,513,826

(d) Australian Securities Exchange listing

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited. The ASX code is ITT.

(e) Company Secretary

Mr Russell Lee Scott Middleton.

(f) On-market buy-back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

(g) Substantial shareholders as at 28 April 2011

An extract of the Company's register of Substantial Shareholders (who hold 5% or more of the issued capital) is set out below:

Name % of Issued capital

Hillgrove Resources Limited and subsidiaries 84.8%

Twenty largest listed Shareholders

The twenty largest shareholders hold 95.2% of the total ordinary shares issued. The names of the 20 largest shareholders as at 28 April 2011 are listed below:

Shareholder information for listed Public Companies (continued)

Twenty largest listed Shareholders (continued)

	Name Of Shareholder	No Of Ordinary Shares Held	% Of Issued Shares
1	Hillgrove Resources Limited	23,299,666	46.1%
2	Hillgrove Exploration Pty Ltd	12,335,100	24.4%
3	Hillgrove Resources Limited	7,188,193	14.2%
4	Mr James Fraser Allender	1,390,100	2.8%
5	Mr Alan Geoffrey Stevens & Mrs Helen Margaret Stevens	650,000	1.3%
6	Mr Robert John Stephen Boyd & Mrs Patricia Boyd	500,000	1.0%
7	B L M Construction Limited	379,146	0.8%
8	370,000 Mr Jarvis Leslie Pettit & Mrs Judith Ann Pettit		0.7%
9	Allender Exploration Pty Ltd	360,000	0.7%
10	Mr Kevin Anthony Gillick	311,621	0.6%
11	Mr Digby Boland & Mrs Robyn Boland	290,000	0.6%
12	Tuwall Pty Ltd	200,000	0.4%
13	Dmg & Partners Securities Pte Ltd	120,000	0.2%
14	N G Collett Pty Ltd	120,000	0.2%
15	Mr Digby Boland	100,000	0.2%
16	Mr David Walter Huggonson & Dr Charlotte Mary Allen	100,000	0.2%
17	Vitor Pty Ltd	100,000	0.2%
18	Mr Robert Michael Smakman & Ms Itta Somaia	98,845	0.2%
19	Mr Graham Cameron	85,000	0.2%
20	Mrs Katrina Madunic	85,000	0.2%
		48,082,671	95.2%
	Total	50,500,500	100.0%

(h) Interests in mining tenements

Tenement	Location	Percentage
ML3945	Paddy, Queensland	100%
EPM 15481	Munderra, Queensland	100%
EPM 16743	Mt Molloy West, Queensland	100%
EPA 16758	Mt Madden, Queensland	100%
EPM 17097	8 Mile Creek, Queensland	100%
EPA 17592	Kingsborough 1, Queensland	100%
EPA 17657	Hodgkinson Basin, Queensland	100%

(i) Other information

InterMet Resources Limited, incorporated and domiciled in Australia, is a publicly listed company limited by shares.

Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr. Adam Freeman, who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr. Freeman is a Geology Manager for Hillgrove Resources and has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Freeman consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Offices and officers

Registered Office

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Fax: +61 2 8221 0407

Share Registry

Registries Limited

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Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

26 Honeysuckle Drive Newcastle N.S.W. 2300

Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation

Royal Exchange Corner Pitt and Bridge Streets Sydney N.S.W. 2065

Web Site

www.intermetresources.com.au