# **Appendix 4D**

# Half year report Period ending 31 December 2011

Name of Entity	Wide Bay Australia Ltd
ABN	40 087 652 060
Half Year Ended	31 December 2011
Previous Corresponding Reporting Period	6 months to 31 December 2010

# Results for announcement to the market

# \$A'000

				\$A 000
Revenue from ordinary activities	Down	1.51%	to	101,516
Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	Down	25.48%	to	8,733
Net profit for the period attributable to members	to	8,733		
Dividends (distributions) - Ordinary shares			Amount per security	Franked amount per security
Final dividend (30 June 2011) - paid 4 Octob	per 2011		30.0c	30.0
Interim dividend (31 December 2011)	22.5c	22.50		
The record date for determining entitlements to the dividends			09 Marc	ch 2012

# Net tangible assets per security

	Current period	Previous corresponding period
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary share	\$ 4.29	\$ 4.24

# Details of associates and joint venture entities

Country of incorporation	<b>%</b> l	Holding	Contribution to consolidated operating profit after income tax		
	Current period	Previous corresponding period	Current period	Previous corresponding period	
			\$A'000	\$A'000	
Australia	100	100	67	1,596	
Australia	51	51	41	(10)	
Australia	100	100	-	-	
Australia	100	100	-	-	
Australia	100	100	95	118	
Australia	100	100	-	-	
	Australia Australia Australia Australia Australia Australia	Australia 100 Australia 100 Australia 100 Australia 100 Australia 100 Australia 100	Incorporation periodCurrent periodPrevious corresponding periodAustralia100100Australia5151Australia100100Australia100100Australia100100Australia100100	incorporation Current period Previous corresponding period \$A'000  Australia 100 100 67  Australia 51 51 41  Australia 100 100 -  Australia 100 100 -  Australia 100 100 95	

# **Dividends**

Amount per security		Amount per security	Franked amount per security	Amount per security of foreign source dividend	
Interim dividend	Current year Previous year	22.5c 30.0c	22.5c 30.0c	Nil Nil	

Interim dividends on all securities	Current period \$A'000	Previous corresponding period \$A'000
Ordinary securities  Interim dividend payable 30 March 2012 - previous period paid 30 March 2011	8,065	10,494
Total	8,065	10,494

### **DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**

The Board of Directors has resolved to continue operation of the dividend reinvestment plan.

The choices are for Full Participation where the dividend on all fully paid shares or contributing shares held is reinvested in new shares, or Partial Participation where the dividend on a specified number of shares is reinvested in new shares.

To participate in the plan, shareholders must complete the Application Form and lodge the form with the Company's Share Registry. Full terms and conditions of the dividend reinvestment plan and the application form will be forwarded to shareholders by the Company's Share Registry.

#### Ranking for dividend

Shares issued under the plan will rank equally in every respect with existing fully paid permanent ordinary shares and will participate in all cash dividends declared after the date of issue.

## Issue price of the new shares

The shares issued under the Plan in respect of the interim dividend for the current year will be issued at a discount of 5.0% on the weighted average sale price of the Company's shares sold during the five trading days immediately following the Record Date.

The final date for the receipt of the application form for participation in the dividend reinvestment plan is 09 March 2012.

\$A'000

Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan 4 October 2011 375,449 shares issued at \$7.07 per share

2,654

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD - ABN 40 087 652 060 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	6 MONTHS TO 31/12/2011 \$000's	6 MONTHS TO 31/12/2010 \$000's
Interest revenue	94,957	95,271
Borrowing costs	67,539	65,301
Net interest revenue	27,418	29,970
Non interest revenue	6,558	7,802
Total operating income	33,976	37,772
Bad and doubtful debts expense	175	29
Other expenses	21,360	20,695
Profit before income tax	12,441	17,048
Income tax expense	3,668	5,338
Profit from continuing operations	8,773	11,710
Other comprehensive income		
Revaluation of RMBS investments to fair value	(106)	(162)
Less deferred tax relating to comprehensive income	32	49
Other comprehensive income for the period	8,699	11,597
Total comprehensive income for the period	8,699	11,597
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the parent entity	8,733	11,720
Non-controlling interests	40	(10)
	8,773	11,710
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the parent entity	8,660	11,607
Non-controlling interests	39	(10)
	8,699	11,597
Basic earnings per share (cents per share) Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	24.57 24.57	35.32 35.32

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

	AS AT 31/12/2011 \$000's	AS AT 30/06/2011 \$000's
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other financial institutions Accrued receivables Financial assets available for sale Loans and advances Other investments Property, plant & equipment Deferred income tax assets Other assets Goodwill	93,781 11,016 20,729 277,920 2,230,373 8,156 19,653 2,375 5,378 42,057	88,666 4,171 5,577 249,438 2,278,965 8,108 19,772 2,212 9,927 42,057
TOTAL ASSETS	2,711,438	2,708,893
LIABILITIES		
Deposits and short term borrowings Payables and other liabilities Securitised loans Income tax payable Deferred income tax liabilities Provisions Subordinated capital notes	1,563,837 27,644 882,110 54 4,078 9,745 28,000	1,453,950 34,372 971,803 1,528 4,214 10,330 38,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,515,468	2,514,197
NET ASSETS	195,970	194,696
EQUITY		_
Parent entity interest in equity Contributed equity Reserves Retained profits	159,867 15,960 20,628	156,384 16,034 22,802
Total parent entity interest in equity	196,455	195,220
Non-controlling equity interest Contributed equity Retained profits	1 (486)	1 (525)
Total outside equity interest	(485)	(524)
TOTAL EQUITY	195,970	194,696

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

	6 MONTHS TO 31/12/2011 \$000's	6 MONTHS TO 31/12/2010 \$000's
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	90,769	93,159
Borrowing costs	(62,863)	(59,080)
Other non interest income received	4,336	5,070
Cash paid to suppliers & employees	(19,209)	(4,060)
Income tax paid	(5,409)	(6,848)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	7,624	28,241
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in investment securities	(29,988)	3,437
Net increase in amounts due from other financial institutions	1,432	14,879
Net increase in loans	44,483	(21,741)
Net increase in other investments	(6,874)	- (=00)
Purchase of non current assets	(750)	(538)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	8,303	(3,963)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in deposits and other borrowings	108,432	102,200
Purchase (redemption) of subordinated capital notes	(10,000)	-
Net increase in amounts due to other financial institutions and other liabilities	(101,771)	(112,427)
Proceeds from share issue	479	24,775
Dividends paid	(7,952)	(6,891)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(10,812)	7,657
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	5,115	31,935
Cash at beginning of financial year	88,666	89,170
CASH AT END OF HALF YEAR	93,781	121,105

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

# Attributable to equity holders of the company

	Note	Share Capital Ordinary	Retained Profits	Asset Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Statutory Reserve	Doubtful Debts Reserve	Available for Sale Reserve	Non- Controlling Interests	Total
		\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Balance at 01 July 2010		124,648	20,542	4,969	5,834	2,676	2,388	-	(470)	160,587
Profit attributable to members of parent company Profit attributable to minority shareholders Decrease due to revaluation decrement on RMBS investments Deferred tax liability adjustment on revaluation decrement on		- - -	11,720 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - (162)	- (10) -	11,720 (10) (162)
RMBS investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	49	-	49
Sub-total Issue of share capital Dividends provided for or paid - ordinary shares	_	124,648 28,251 -	32,262 - (9,920)	4,969 - -	5,834 - -	2,676 - -	2,388 - -	(113) - -	(480) - -	172,184 28,251 (9,920)
Balance at 31 December 2010	_	152,899	22,342	4,969	5,834	2,676	2,388	(113)	(480)	190,515
Balance at 01 July 2011		156,384	22,802	4,969	5,834	2,676	2,388	167	(524)	194,696
Profit attributable to members of parent company Profit attributable to minority shareholders Prior period adjustment	6	- - -	8,733 - (303)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(400)	- 39 -	8,733 39 (303)
Decrease due to revaluation decrement on RMBS investments Deferred tax liability adjustment on revaluation decrement on RMBS investments	_	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	(106) 32	-	(106) 32
Sub-total Issue of share capital Dividends provided for or paid - ordinary shares		156,384 3,483 -	31,232 - (10,604)	4,969 - -	5,834 - -	2,676 - -	2,388 - -	93 - -	(485) - -	203,091 3,483 (10,604)
Balance at 31 December 2011	_	159,867	20,628	4,969	5,834	2,676	2,388	93	(485)	195,970

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The half year consolidated financial statements are a general purpose financial report prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Accounting Standard AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, including Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The half year report does not include full disclosures of the type normally included in the annual report. It is therefore recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the annual financial report for the year ended 30 June 2011 and any public announcements made by Wide Bay Australia Ltd and its controlled entities during the half year in accordance with continuous disclosure requirements arising under the *Corporations Act 2001*.

#### a) PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

A controlled entity is any entity Wide Bay Australia Ltd has the power to control the financial and operating policies of so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the economic entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the parent company.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the economic entity during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

Minority equity interests (non-controlling interests) in the equity and results of the entities that are controlled are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial report.

#### b) INCOME TAX

The economic entity adopts the liability method of tax-effect accounting whereby the income tax expense is based on the profit from ordinary activities adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the statement of comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

#### Tax consolidation legislation

The company and all its wholly-owned Australian resident entities are part of a tax-consolidated group under Australian taxation law as of the financial year ended 30 June 2008. Wide Bay Australia Ltd is the head entity in the tax consolidation group, and as a consequence recognises current and deferred tax amounts relating to transactions, events and balances of the wholly-owned Australian controlled entities in this group as if those transactions, events and balances were its own, in addition to the current and deferred tax amounts arising in relation to its own transactions, events and balances. The tax consolidated group has not entered into a tax sharing agreement.

#### c) PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the re-valued amount of the asset.

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including building and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the economic entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Buildings - 40 years

Plant and equipment - 4 to 6 years

Leasehold improvements - 4 to 6 years or the term of the lease, whichever is the lesser

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

#### d) LEASES

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, that are transferred to entities in the economic entity are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely

that the economic entity will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

#### e) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

The group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

#### Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities and it is the group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the group are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to equity.

#### Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

## Share capital - Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

#### Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

#### Impairment

At each reporting date, the group assess whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

# f) INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Investments in associate companies are recognised in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting where significant influence is exercised over an investee. Significant influence exists where the investor has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investees but does not have control or joint control over those policies.

The financial statements of the associate are used by the group to apply the equity method. The reporting dates of the associate and the group are identical and both use consistent accounting policies.

The investment in the associate is carried in the consolidated and chief entity statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the group's share of net assets of the associate, less any impairment in value. The consolidated and chief entity statement of comprehensive income reflects the group's share of the results of operations of the associate.

Where there has been a change recognised directly in the associate's equity, the group recognises its share of any changes and disclose this, when applicable, in the consolidated and chief entity statement of changes in equity.

#### g) GOODWILL

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at its cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised at the date of the acquisition. Goodwill is subsequently measured at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill might be impaired.

#### h) INTANGIBLES

Goodwill and goodwill on consolidation are initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business or for an ownership interest in a controlled entity exceeds the fair value attributed to its net assets at date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

#### i) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Provision is made for the economic entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

#### j) PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

#### k) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

### I) GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

# m) REVENUE

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Interest is recognised as it accrues (using the effective interest method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend revenue is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive the payment is established.

Fees and commissions are recognised as revenue or expenses on an accrual basis.

Premium Revenue - Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd

Premiums have been brought to account as income from the date of attachment of risk. Direct Premiums comprise amounts charged to the policy holder, excluding stamp duties collected on behalf of the statutory authorities. The earned portion of premiums received and receivable is recognised as revenue.

#### n) LOANS AND ADVANCES - DOUBTFUL DEBTS

The society continued and will continue to insure the majority of new residential mortgage loans approved, in particular existing MRM insured borrowers and new loans less than 75% LVR, with the society's wholly owned subsidiary, Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd, a registered lender's mortgage insurer.

The society's general policy is to insure the majority of all other residential mortgage loans with Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited.

There are no loans on which interest is not being accrued and no specific provision for doubtful debts for any type of loan.

Specific provisions for doubtful debts and write-off of debts are in respect of overdrawn savings accounts, leases, secured commercial loans and relevant non recoverable amounts.

#### o) NEW, REVISED OR AMENDING ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ADOPTED

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Any significant impact on the accounting policies of the consolidated entity from the adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations are disclosed in the relevant accounting policy. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

## p) COMPARATIVE FIGURES

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

# q) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the consolidated entity.

# WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. DIVIDENDS PROVIDED FOR OR PAID

The Board declared a dividend of 22.5 cents per ordinary share (\$8.065 million), for the six months to 31 December 2011, payable on 30 March 2012.

#### 3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Society operates predominantly in one industry. The principal activities of the Society are confined to the raising of funds and the provision of finance for housing. The Society operates principally within the States of Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia.

#### 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There has been no change in contingent liabilities since the last annual reporting date.

#### 5. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

There have been no events subsequent to balance date of a nature which require reporting.

#### 6. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Society has adopted a policy of changing the repayment due date of customer loans from a common due date to the anniversary date of the loan. During this process an adjustment was required to be made to the cumulative interest accrual relating to prior periods. As the amount of the adjustment was immaterial, the balance sheet for the prior year has not been restated, however the adjustment has been shown as a line item in the Statement of Changes in Equity.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report ("financial report") of Wide Bay Australia Ltd, which comprises the condensed statement of financial position as at 31 December 2011, and the condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in equity, condensed statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, accompanying explanatory notes to the financial statements including a statement of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration of Wide Bay Australia Ltd consolidated entity ("the consolidated entity"). The consolidated entity comprises Wide Bay Australia Ltd ("the company") and the entities it controlled during the half-year period and at the half-year's end.

Directors' Responsibility for the Half-Year Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the half-year financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 "Review of an Interim Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including: giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2011 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As the auditor of Wide Bay Australia Ltd, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.







## Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, provided to the directors of Wide Bay Australia Ltd on 21 February 2012, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the date of this auditors' review report.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the half-year financial report of Wide Bay Australia Ltd is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:

- giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2011 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Bentleys Brisbane Partnership

Bentless

**Chartered Accountants** 

Stewart Douglas

Partner

23 February 2012





### **WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD**

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF WIDE BAY AUSTRALIA LTD

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the half-year ended 31 December 2011 there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

Bentleys Brisbane Partnership

Bentless

**Chartered Accountants** 

Stewart Douglas

Partner

Brisbane 21 February 2012





# <u>DIRECTORS' STATUTORY REPORT</u> FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2011

The Directors present this report on the society's consolidated accounts for the six months period ended 31 December, 2011 in accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors in office during or since the end of the half-year period are:-

# Mr John S Humphrey LL.B

Mr Humphrey was appointed to the Board on 19 February 2008 and was appointed Chairman following the November 2009 Annual General Meeting. He is a senior partner in the Brisbane office of national law firm, Mallesons Stephen Jaques, where he specialises in commercial law and corporate mergers and acquisitions. He is currently a non-executive director of Horizon Oil Limited and Downer-EDI Limited. Mr Humphrey is an independent director, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Group Board Remuneration Committee. He is aged 56.

# Mr Barry Dangerfield

Mr Dangerfield was appointed to the Board on 22 November 2011. He has had 38 years experience in the banking industry, having held senior positions in commercial, retail and agribusiness. Mr Dangerfield is a non-executive Director and is aged 56.

# Mr Ronald E Hancock AM, FCA, FAICD, FIFS

Mr Hancock is the Managing Director. He was a foundation director and manager of the Burnett Permanent Building Society formed in 1966, which subsequently merged with other Queensland societies to form Wide Bay Capricorn Building Society Ltd, subsequently Wide Bay Australia Ltd.

Mr Hancock was a practising chartered accountant for 32 years and is a director of Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd and Financial Technology Securities Pty Ltd. Mr Hancock is an executive director and is aged 70.

## Mrs Frances M McLeod MAICD, FIFS

Mrs McLeod was appointed to the Board in 2003. She is Chief Operating Officer of Wide Bay Australia Ltd and has a wide range of experience based on her involvement with the society for over 36 years. She is a director of Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd. Mrs McLeod is an executive director and is aged 53.

### Mr John Pressler OAM, FAICD, FIFS.

Mr Pressler was appointed to the Board in 1988. After 12 years as Chairman he stepped down at the meeting following the November 2009 Annual General Meeting. He is a prominent figure in Emerald's agricultural and horticultural industries and is the Chairman of the listed Lindsay Australia Limited. He is the Chairman of Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd, having been appointed on 21 January 2011, following the retirement of Mr Fell. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, is an independent director and Chairman of the Group Board Remuneration Committee. He is aged 69.

# Mr Peter J Sawyer FCA, FAICD, FIFS

Mr Sawyer has been a director since 1987. Until August 2008, he was a partner of the firm Ulton, Chartered Accountants with offices in Bundaberg, Hervey Bay, Maryborough and Gladstone. Mr Sawyer is Chairman of The Bundaberg Friendly Society Medical Institute which runs the Friendly Society Private Hospital and Pharmacies in Bundaberg. Mr Sawyer is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, an independent director and

a member of the Group Board Remuneration Committee. Mr Sawyer was appointed as a Director of Mortgage Risk Management Pty Ltd on 21 January 2011. He is aged 61.

The company continues to comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Recommendations.

The independent non-executive directors each have many years of service and it is considered with their diverse backgrounds and years of experience they continue to make an integral contribution to the ongoing development of the society.

The Auditor's Independence Declaration for the half year ended 31 December 2011 has been received and been included in this financial report.

#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

The activities of the company remained unchanged during the six month period. These activities include the provision of financial facilities satisfying customers' savings and investment needs. Funds generated are used to provide finance for residential accommodation and related purposes, for home equity lending secured by registered mortgage over freehold or perpetual leasehold properties and limited secured commercial lending. The company has a restricted margin loan product for managed funds only, which is primarily used in conjunction with our associated financial planning company.

The company continues to raise a portion of its funding for loans through wholesale funding.

The consolidated net operating profit after income tax for the six months ended 31 December 2011 was \$8.73 million. Total assets as at 31 December 2011 stood at \$2.7 billion. Loans approved during the half year amounted to \$132 million.

This Report is signed for and on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

John Pressler Director

23 February 2012 Bundaberg

# **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors of Wide Bay Australia Ltd declare that:

- 1. The condensed consolidated financial statements and notes for the financial period ended 31 December 2011 have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
  - (a) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting; and
  - (b) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2011 and of its performance for the half year ended on that date.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

John Pressler

Director

23 February 2012

Bundaberg