



Cover picture

Kitenge - A beautiful fabric that tells a story

Kitenge (vitenge is the Swahili plural) is made of cotton fabric with wax print. It is very popular in Tanzania.

The beauty of kitenge is that it is known as a textile that tells stories. This can be achieved through colour (kitenge is often multicoloured), shapes and patterns. The kitenge can represent a cultural background, a social position, or just a mood or feeling. Women use kitenge to tailor their own clothes or wear it as a sarong wrapped around the waist. The fabric has many applications from household items to personal accessories.

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED





ANNUAL REPORT 2013

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Lindsay Colless Chairman (Non-Executive)

Katina Law Executive Director / Chief Executive Officer

Peter Munachen Non-Executive Director
David Kennedy Non-Executive Director
Gerard Zytkow Non-Executive Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ernie Myers Chief Financial Officer

Eva Witheridge

REGISTERED OFFICE AND HEAD OFFICE

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ABN: 36 060 774 227

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

East Africa Resources Limited securities are listed on the

Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)

ASX Code: EAF

AUDITORS

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SHARE REGISTRY

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EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED





CHAIRMAN'S LETTER

Detailed geological mapping and ground radiometric work identified several anomalies over the two tenements within the Mkuju South joint venture, which enabled the commencement of an initial drilling program in June.

Dear Shareholder.

The 12 months to June 2013 have seen East Africa Resources Limited continue to position itself as a uranium explorer with high upside potential, through flagship assets at the Mkuju South Joint Venture and Madaba projects in south Tanzania.

To date, I am pleased to report that our activities at Mkuju South have progressed to plan. Detailed geological mapping and ground radiometric work in the second half of 2012 identified several anomalies over the two tenements covered by the joint venture, which enabled the commencement of an initial drilling program in June. The first tranche of funding (US\$2.0m) from our Mkuju South Joint Venture partner, Korea Resources Corporation (KORES), was received during the year with the second tranche dependent on results from this program.

The most prospective of the Company's tenements at the Mkuju and Madaba projects are located within the World Heritage-listed Selous Game Reserve. East Africa Resources is currently working with the local authorities to obtain access to explore in the region. The Company is also rationalising its large landholding in Tanzania while focusing on retaining the ground which is most prospective for uranium and where access is likely to be achieved.

In August, the Company announced the discovery of a gold project on one of its tenements at the wholly-owned Eastern Rift project to the north of Mkuju. A reconnaissance visit to the project in July collected 19 rock chip samples from within the artisanal workings. Significant assay results were returned, with grades of up to 36 grams/tonne. The Company has begun planning an exploration program for the site and other prospective areas on PL7309/2011.

While the gold at Eastern Rift has been an added boost to East Africa Resources' portfolio, uranium continues to be the focus. The global nuclear industry is growing and developing with construction beginning on seven new reactors and the start-up of three others occurring during

2012. All up in 2012, there were 67 nuclear reactors under construction, 29 of which are located in China.

Despite the start-up of new reactors, the uranium price has remained persistently low for the past two years. This has caused the supply side of the market to stagnate, and means little funding to explore for new supply, low valuations for uranium companies and pressure on independent uranium suppliers from cashflow shortfalls and impairments. Furthermore, market analysts are predicting reductions in global supply from 2013 when the recycling program for enriched uranium from nuclear weapons is discontinued.

New reactors will increase the demand for uranium as each reactor requires two years supply for start-up. China has been consistently commissioning new nuclear reactors over the past 10 years. Over the period 2001-2011, production of uranium from Kazakhstan rose from 2022 tonnes per annum (tpa) to 19,450 tpa, and approximately 43% of this was supplied to China which started 13 reactors during the same period. While China plans to start another 14 reactors between now and 2017, it is unlikely that Kazakhstan will continue to increase its uranium production to meet these demands, therefore the supply for these reactors must come from new sources.

The puzzle for the industry going forward centres on the ability of demand drivers and supply shortages to force the price of uranium higher in the medium term, as currently utilities seem reluctant to accommodate higher prices. In the meantime and notwithstanding the metals cycle, East Africa Resources will continue to progress its exploration interests with a view to making a significant uranium discovery in what we believe to be an undeveloped yet highly prospective region of the world.

Lindsay Colless

Chairman

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

East Africa Resources is targeting world-class uranium in Tanzania



TENEMENT BLOCKS - AT SEPTEMBER 2013

East Africa Resources has five projects in Tanzania : Eastern Rift, Madaba, Hemedi, Mkuju and the Mkuju South Joint Venture.



Mkuju South Joint Venture

The process for access to Quarto and Post is now well underway and the Company remains confident of a positive outcome.

During the year, a major exploration program was undertaken at the Mkuju South Joint Venture. Following on from the groundwork survey conducted last year East Africa Resources commenced a 10,000m drilling program. To date 3415m has been drilled testing four targets — Foolscap, Crown, Demy and DW with the highest ranked targets of Quarto and Post remaining to be tested (subject to access permission).

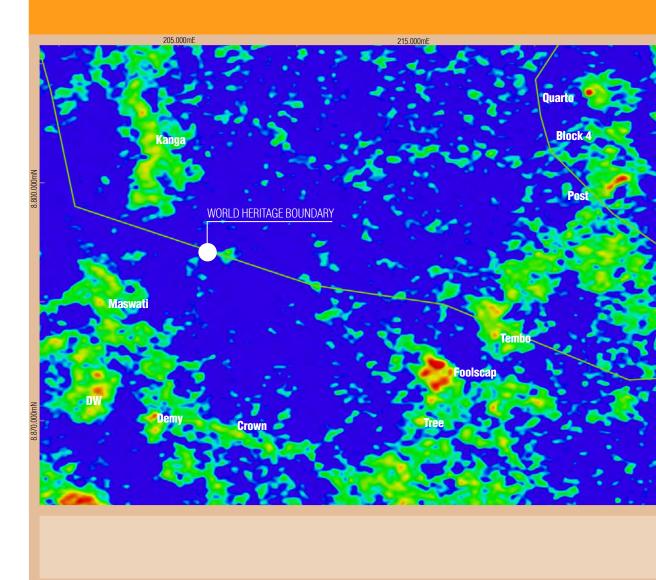
Drilling was aimed at testing airborne radiometric anomalies in sandstones of the Karroo Luwegu Basin in southern Tanzania. The target model is roll-front uranium mineralisation. The targets were identified as a result of the airborne survey undertaken by East Africa Resources in 2011 and fieldwork carried out in 2012. While the targets tested to date have been broadly anomalous, no significant uranium mineralisation has been identified.

The highest-ranked targets from the 2012 fieldwork at Quarto and Post remain to be tested. The process for access to Quarto and Post is now well underway and the Company remains confident of a positive outcome.

Mkuju South is a joint venture between East Africa Resources and Korea Resources Corporation (KORES). It covers the Mkuju South project which comprises two tenements in the southern part of the Mkuju uranium project.

To date KORES has contributed US\$2.0 million for 28% of the Mkuju South uranium project. These funds have been used to conduct a groundwork program and for a drilling program to test the targets identified.

Depending on results from the initial exploration program, a further US\$1.5 million (for an additional 22% of the project) will be paid by KORES to fund further drilling in a second exploration program.





MKUJU SOUTH JOINT VENTURE

The uranium channel targets were identified as a result of the airborne survey undertaken by East Africa Resources in 2011 and fieldwork carried out in 2012.



Madaba Project

In July 2013 East Africa Resources purchased historical airborne survey data covering the Madaba anomaly.

The Madaba project is a world-class, high potential uranium prospect.

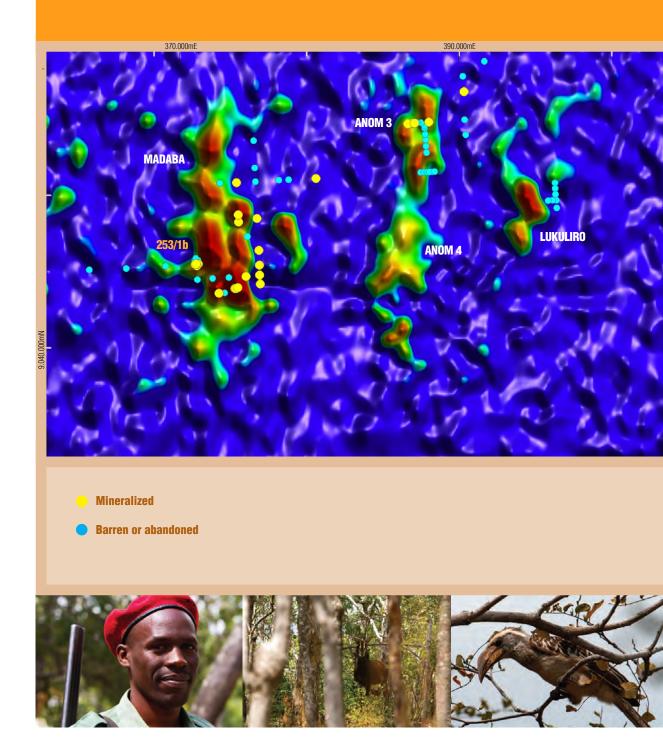
Historical drilling and airborne survey data recently purchased by East Africa Resources highlight its enormous potential. The tenements covering the main Madaba anomaly have recently been granted.

The Madaba project was initially discovered in the period 1979-1982 by German exploration and mining company Uranertzbergau (UEB), responsible for most of the historical uranium exploration in Tanzania during the late 1970s and early 1980s, including reconnaissance exploration in the Madaba and Mkuju River area. Uranium One's Mkuju River project (32,750t contained $\rm U_3O_8$ at 439ppm) was discovered by UEB during this period. UEB's initial exploration work included geological mapping, ground radiometrics, trenching, sampling and drilling of a number of holes at Madaba which were considered best prospects at the time.

The best down-hole intercepts from the historical drilling were 4m @ 1082 ppm; $7m @ 693 \text{ppm} \& 11.7m @ 400 \text{ppm} U_3O_8$. Thirty holes from a total 84 holes were mineralised (better than 1m at 165 ppm U3O8). The drilling included; diamond core drilling (10 holes), rotary mud (13) and rotary percussion (61). Currently, there has not been sufficient drilling to define a resource.

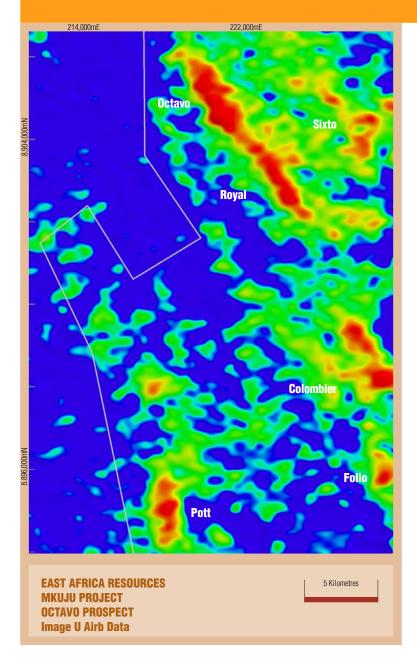
East Africa Resources purchased historical airborne survey data covering the Madaba anomaly in July 2013. The airborne survey data was collected between 1976 and 1979 by Geosurvey International Ltd at 1km spaced flight lines.

The Madaba project is located within the World Heritagelisted Selous Game Reserve and therefore permission from the Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism is required to explore in the area. The Company has initiated an Environmental Impact Statement for the project.



MADABA PROJECT

The Madaba project is located within the Selous Game Reserve and therefore permission from the Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism is required to explore in the area.



Octavo Project

The Octavo anomaly is a highly-prospective target within the Mkuju Project, located on tenement PL5720/2009 which is 100% owned by East Africa Resources. It was first identified as a result of an airborne survey of the Mkuju area undertaken by East Africa Resources in 2011.

Octavo has a 40km-long anomalous uranium zone along strike and appears to be an extension of the airborne anomaly surrounding the nearby Mkuju River deposit owned by Uranium One (32,750t contained U_3O_8 at 439ppm).

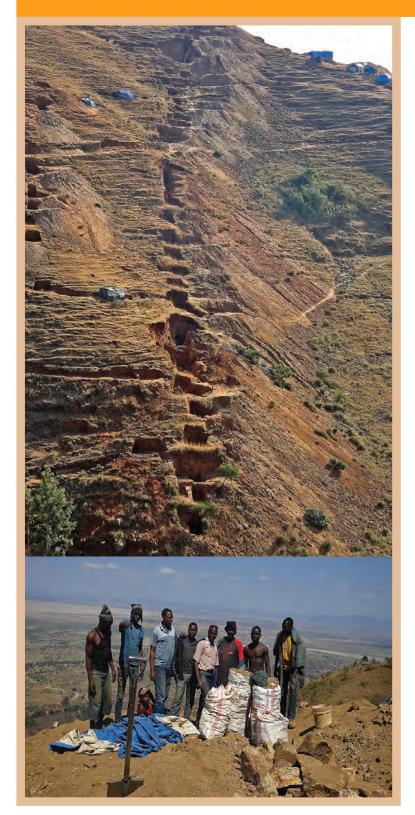
The uranium channel radiometric response has identified a 1.5km-long main anomaly with strong uranium peaks on two lines at Octavo and a 2km-long extension to the southeast at the Royal target, with a further strong peak.

Both anomalies occur along a ridge of Karroo sandstone exposed along a river's edge and suggest the presence of surface mineralisation.

There are also two satellite targets on trend - Colombier and Folio, albeit not of the same magnitude as Octavo; a subsidiary sub-parallel trend to the southwest at Pott; and the irregularly-shaped Sixto anomaly to the northeast.

The strategy moving forward is to develop an initial exploration plan to enable exploration activities to commence in 2014. The main objectives of the exploration plan will be to:

- 1. Establish access at the site
- 2. Locate and sample centres of mineralisation
- 3. Confirm the basic geology at Octavo with a mapping and trenching program
- 4. Commence early drilling to test the best targets within the anomaly



Artisanal workings and artisanal miners at Datlaa.

Eastern Rift Project

In August, East Africa Resources announced the discovery of a gold project on one of its tenements at the wholly-owned Eastern Rift project, surrounding Lake Manyara to the north of Mkuju.

A significant artisanal mining operation was identified on granted tenement PL7309/2011 at a site known locally as "Datlaa", located in Mbulu district to the west of Lake Manyara and representing a landholding of 295km².

The Datlaa site represents a new area of gold mineralisation in a largely unexplored part of Tanzania.

The high number of artisanal miners and the large area of their workings suggest a significant gold occurrence that warrants follow up.

In July, an exploration team undertook a reconnaissance visit to the Eastern Rift project, where they conducted preliminary mapping and collected 19 rock chip samples from within the artisanal workings.

Significant assay results were returned, including:

DGBS010 @ 14.7g/t DGBS015 @ 36.1g/t DGBS016 @ 18.8g/t

East Africa Resources has begun planning an exploration program for the Datlaa site and other prospective areas on PL7309/2011.

The program will include detailed litho structural mapping of Datlaa; trenching and further rock chip sampling of outcrops; and a Phase 1 RC drilling campaign to target strike and depth extensions.





DIRECTORS' REPORT

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2013

The directors present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group comprising East Africa Resources Limited ("East Africa" or "the Company"), and its subsidiaries, for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. The directors were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated.

Lindsay Arthur Colless FCA, FAICD (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Colless was appointed as a Director on 13 December 2006.

Mr Colless is a Chartered Accountant with 17 years of experience in the profession and a further 33 years of experience in commerce, mostly in the mineral and petroleum exploration industry, in the capacities of financial controller, company secretary and director.

Katina Law B.Com, CPA, MBA(Lond), MAICD (Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director)

Ms Law was appointed as a Director and the Chief Executive Officer on 7 September 2012.

Ms Law has 22 years of experience working in the resources sector, across several continents, both on site and in senior corporate roles. Through her consulting company she has provided services in the areas of financial management, financial decision making and strategic business development to mining and exploration clients.

Peter Lawson Munachen FCA, FAICD (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Munachen was appointed as a Director on 29 March 2010.

Mr Munachen has over 31 years of corporate and administrative experience in hydrocarbon and mineral resource companies. He has served as a director/officer of a number of listed companies, specialising in corporate finance and project acquisition.

Directorships held in other listed entities:

Norwest Energy NL — Director since November 2003 and CEO since December 2008. Currie Rose Resources Inc. (TSX listed company) — Director from April 2005 to December 2012.

Henry David Kennedy MA (Geology), SEG (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Kennedy was appointed as a Director on 6 March 2013.

Mr Kennedy has had a long association with Australian and New Zealand resource companies and as a technical director has been instrumental in the formation and/or development of a number of successful listed companies, including Pan Pacific Petroleum NL, New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited, Mineral Resources (NZ) Ltd and Otter Exploration NL.

Directorships held in other listed entities:

Norwest Energy NL – Director since April 1997. Pancontinental Oil & Gas NL – Director since August 1999.

Gerard Lodewyk van Delden Zytkow B.SocSci (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Zytkow resides in Zambia and was appointed as a Director on 21 September 2005.

Mr Zytkow was responsible for the Group's Democratic Republic of Congo activities and operations. He has had considerable experience with African-based activities over many years, both socially and in a business capacity.

Louis Lodewyk Coetzee BA Law, BA Hons, MBA (Executive Director)

Mr Coetzee resigned as a Director of the Company on 12 July 2012. He had held the position of Chairman from his appointment on 29 March 2010. He was also acting Chief Executive Officer from 29 March 2010 to 1 June 2011 and from 1 May 2012 until his resignation on 12 July 2012.

Ernest Anthony Myers CPA (Alternate Director for Peter Munachen and Chief Financial Officer)

Mr Myers was appointed as an Alternate Director for Peter Munachen on 23 June 2010.

Mr Myers is a Certified Practising Accountant (CPA) who has been a director, company secretary or consultant to listed resource companies for over 31 years. He has experience in capital raising, ASX compliance and regulatory requirements.

Directorships held in other listed entities:

Pancontinental Oil & Gas NL – Director since 5 January 2009.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Eva Witheridge and Mr Ernie Myers are joint company secretaries of East Africa Resources.

Ms Witheridge was appointed as joint company secretary on 26 March 2013. She is a Chartered Accountant with over 14 years of experience in accounting and corporate services, both in public practice and commerce.

Mr Myers is a CPA and is a director of Resource Services International (Aust) Pty Ltd which provides company secretarial, accounting and administrative services to East Africa.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year were:

Director	Directors'	Meetings	Audit & Risk C	ommittee
	Α	В	Α	В
L Colless	6	6	0	0
K Law	5	5	0	0
P Munachen	6	6	0	0
H Kennedy	1	1	0	0
G Zytkow	2	6	0	0
I Coetzee	1	1	0	0

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the reporting period.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was exploration of uranium projects in Tanzania.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Operating Overview

The primary focus of the Company during the year was exploration of the Group's uranium properties in Tanzania.

East Africa has five projects in Tanzania — Eastern Rift, Madaba, Hemedi, Mkuju and the Mkuju South Joint Venture (JV).

The major focus of work for the financial year was the Mkuju South JV, where a drilling program has been initiated.

Mkuju South JV

The Mkuju South JV is a joint venture between the Company and Korea Resources Corporation (KORES). It covers the Mkuju South project which comprises two tenements in the southern part of the Mkuju Uranium Project.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2013

To date KORES has contributed US\$2 million for 28% of the Mkuju South uranium project. These funds have been used for a groundwork program and for a drilling program to test the targets identified. Depending on the results from the initial exploration program, KORES will contribute a further US\$1.5 million (for an additional 22% of the project). These funds will be used for further drilling in a second exploration program.

To date, 3415m have been drilled to test targets at Foolscap, Crown, Demy and DW. No significant uranium mineralisation has been encountered however the highest-ranked targets of Quarto and Post remain to be tested. The drilling program is currently on hold while environmental permission is obtained to drill Quarto and Post, which are located within the Selous Game Reserve.

Eastern Rift

The Eastern Rift Project surrounds Lake Manyara in the north of Tanzania and is targeted at U-in-calcrete mineralisation.

East Africa has recently identified a gold project on the west of Lake Manyara. Initial rock chip samples show grades of up to 36g/t and the Company is planning to conduct further exploration on this project.

The Company has reviewed all tenements in the Eastern Rift project and plans to reduce its landholdings to the south and northwest of Lake Manyara.

Other Projects

The Company will continue to work on access to explore at Madaba and Mkuju and review joint venture options for the Hemedi Project.

Operating Results

The net loss of the Group for the financial year after income tax was \$3,897,847 (2012: loss of \$1,170,038).

STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year under review, other than those matters referred to in this report.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid by the Company during the financial year ended 30 June 2013, nor have the directors recommended that any dividends be paid.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 17 May 2013 East Africa announced a non-renounceable one for one entitlement issue to raise \$785,719. The entitlement issue closed on 17 June 2013. As a result of the entitlement issue 64,519,871 ordinary shares were issued on 25 June 2013 and \$451,639 was raised. Subsequent to year end, the Company has issued the shortfall of the entitlement issue, being 47,725,649 ordinary shares and has raised an additional \$334,080.

Other than the matters discussed above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of the affairs of the Group in future financial years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Group will continue to focus on its uranium projects in Tanzania and will commence further exploration into the gold discovery in the Eastern Rift Project area.

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Group's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth or State legislation. However, the Group's operations are subject to various environmental regulations in Tanzania. The directors believe that the Group has adequate systems in place for the management of its environmental requirements and is not aware of any breach of those environmental requirements as they apply to the Group.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The directors are responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the directors.

The Group believes that it is crucial for all directors to be a part of this process, and as such has not established a separate risk management committee.

The Group has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks identified by the directors. These include the following:

- Board approval of a strategic plan, which encompasses strategy statements designed to meet stakeholders needs and
 manage business risk; and
- Implementation of Board approved operating plans and budgets and monitoring of progress against these budgets.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS

The Company has agreed to indemnify the directors of the Company, the directors of controlled entities and executive officers against all liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

Details of the amounts paid (excluding GST) to the auditor of the Group, Rothsay Chartered Accountants, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below:

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Statutory audit	07.500	44 500
Statutory audit/review by the auditors of the Group Services other than statutory audit	27,500	41,500
Taxation services	-	3,500
	27,500	45,000

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each director in the shares, debentures, interests in registered schemes and rights or options over such instruments issued by the companies within the Group and other related bodies corporate, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Ordinary Shares	Options over Ordinary Shares
Mr L Colless	1,312,154	-
Ms K Law	1,307,677	3,600,000
Mr P Munachen	5,870,816	-
Mr H Kennedy	48,345,308	-
Mr G Zytkow	165,045	-
Mr E A Myers	1,133,914	-

SHARE OPTIONS

Options granted to directors and executives of the Company

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company granted options for no consideration over unissued ordinary shares in the Company to the following directors as part of their remuneration:

Director	Number of Options Granted
Ms K Law	3,600,000

All options were granted during the financial year. No options have been granted since the end of the financial year.

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, unissued shares of the Group under option are:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Shares
29 November 2017	\$0.0334	1,200,000
29 November 2017	\$0.1000	1,200,000
29 November 2017	\$0.1500	1,200,000
		3,600,000

No options have been converted to ordinary shares during or since the end of the financial year.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2013, is set out below:

Remuneration policies

Remuneration levels for the directors of the Company and senior executives of the Group are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. The Board may obtain independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages and remuneration strategies.

The remuneration policies explained below are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. The remuneration policies take into account:

- the capability and experience of the directors and senior executives;
- the directors and senior executives' ability to control the relevant segment's performance;
- the Group's performance including:
 - the Group's earnings;
 - the growth in share price and returns on shareholder wealth; and
 - the amount of incentives within each directors and senior executive's remuneration.

Remuneration packages for directors and senior executives are currently fixed and do not include variable remuneration or long-term performance-based incentives.

Fixed remuneration

Fixed remuneration consists of base remuneration (which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any FBT charges related to employee benefits including motor vehicles), as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds where applicable.

Remuneration levels are reviewed annually by the Board through a process that considers individual, segment and overall performance of the Group. In addition, external consultants may be used to provide analysis and advice to ensure the directors' and senior executives' remuneration is competitive in the market place. A senior executive's remuneration is also reviewed on promotion.

Performance-linked remuneration

Performance-linked remuneration, where appropriate, can include both short-term and long-term incentives and is designed to reward executive directors and senior executives for meeting or exceeding their financial and personal objectives. The short-term incentive is an "at risk" bonus provided in the form of cash, while the long-term incentive is provided as options over ordinary shares of the Company, subject to shareholder approval.

Long-term incentive

Options can be issued under an Employee Option Plan, subject to shareholder approval, which provides for executive directors and senior executives to receive options over ordinary shares for no consideration. The ability to exercise the options may be conditional on the Group achieving certain performance hurdles and/or the continuing service of the directors and employees. Options granted to directors and employees, which have not vested upon termination, are forfeited unless otherwise determined by the Board of the Company.

Performance hurdles may comprise a number of components, including share price hurdles and personal key performance indicators. Performance hurdles are set and assessed by the Board.

Non-executive directors

Total remuneration for all non-executive directors is set with reference to fees paid to other non-executive directors of comparable companies.

Non-executive directors do not receive performance-related remuneration other than incentive options, which must be approved by shareholders prior to them being granted. Directors' fees cover all main Board activities.

From time to time, the Board may ask non-executive directors with appropriate skills and experience to consult to the Company in order to carry out particular tasks.

Diversity

Board Composition

The Company aims to achieve a mix of skills in the membership of the Board that is as diverse as practicable, given the size and scope of the Company's operations. The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which is available on the Company's website under the Corporate Governance section.

Measurable Objectives

The Group's primary objectives with regard to diversity are as follows:

- the Company's composition of Board, executive, management and employees to be as diverse as practicable; and
- to provide equal opportunities for all positions within the Company and continue the Company's commitment to employment based on merit.

Primary objectives set by the Company with regard to diversity have been met, as described below:

- blend of skills wide range of backgrounds: geology, exploration, finance and corporate experience;
- cultural backgrounds Australian and African; and
- gender both male and female members.

Equal Opportunity Reporting

The Group's percentage of females in the organisation is as follows:

	% Female
Employees	33%
Executives & Board Members	20%

Directors' and key management personnel remuneration

Details on the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each director and executives of the Company are detailed below.

	Year	Fees & Salary	Super- annuation	Other	Share Based Payments	Total
Directors		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
L Colless - Non-executive Chairman	2013 2012	-	<u>.</u>	41,667 50,000	-	41,667 50,000
K Law – Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer						
(appointed 7 September 2012)	2013 2012	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	243,090	69,600	312,690
P Munachen – Non-executive	2013 2012	-	<u>-</u>	41,667 50,000	-	41,667 50,000
H Kennedy – Non-executive (appointed 6 March 2013)	2013 2012	<u>.</u>	•	8,333	• -	8,333
G Zytkow – Non-executive	2013 2012	-	<u>-</u> -	41,667 50,000	-	41,667 50,000
L Coetzee – Executive (resigned 12 July 2012)	2013 2012	<u>.</u>		6,666 133,331	• -	6,666 133,331
E Myers – Alternate Director/Chief Financial Officer	2013 2012	-	-	-	- -	-
Key Management Personnel M Gray	2013 2012	-	- -	- 192,000	- -	- 192,000
Totals	2013 2012	-	-	383,090 475,331	69,600	452,690 475,331

Note 1. During the year the Company, on behalf of the Group, paid accounting, secretarial and administration fees to Resource Services International (Aust) Pty Ltd of \$123,663 (2012: \$122,340). Messrs Munachen & Myers are directors and shareholders of that company.

Note 2. During the year, the Group paid \$85,800 for management fees in respect of the Group's Tanzanian interests to Mzuri Exploration Resources Limited, a company associated with Mr Coetzee. (2012 \$73,072).

Note 3. Response to Voting on Remuneration Report at 2012 Annual General Meeting

In March 2013, as a cash conserving measure, the Non-executive directors resolved to waive half their fees on an ongoing basis. In addition, an amount of \$8,333 for each of the Non-executive directors is included in the table above but has not been paid at the date of this report.

Mr L Colless, the Chairman, is being paid the same rate as other Non-executive directors, which was not the case in previous years.

In addition, Mr G Zytkow will be retiring at the 2013 Annual General Meeting and not seeking re-election, which will reduce the number of directors from five to four.

Service Agreement

On 7 September 2012 the Company signed a Consultancy Services Agreement with Karich Consulting Pty Ltd, a company associated with Ms Katina Law. The Company engaged the services of the consulting company to provide executive director and management services to East Africa. The term of the contract is 24 months. Notice of 12 months must be provided for termination of the contract. However, three months' notice is required upon the expiration of the term of the contract.

Options granted as compensation

The Company granted options to Ms K Law for no consideration as part of her remuneration:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Shares
29 November 2017 29 November 2017 29 November 2017	\$0.0334 \$0.1000 \$0.1500	1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 3,600,000
Balance at the beginning of the yea	r	Number of options
Movements of share options during Issued during the year		3,600,000 3,600,000

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307 of the Corporations Act is attached to and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of East Africa Resources Limited.

Dated in Perth this 27th day of September 2013.

KATINA LAW

Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2013

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED

In accordance with Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (the "Act") I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Act in relation to the audit of the 30 June 2013 financial statements; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

ROTHSAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Graham Swan

Lead auditor Dated: 27 September 2013

Perth, WA

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

		2010	Consolidated Entity
	Mata	2013	2012
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	2	166,209	33,165
Employees, directors and contractor expense Foreign Currency losses Depreciation expense Directors' fees CEO's options Loss on disposal of assets Exploration write-off Expenses - Administration		(247,153) (460) (55,545) (135,466) (69,600) - (2,997,280) (558,552)	(269,832) (22,479) (47,129) (213,999) - - - (649,764)
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	5	(3,897,847)	(1,170,038)
Income tax expense	5	-	
(Loss)/Profit attributable to members of the parent entity		(3,897,847)	(1,170,038)
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Total comprehensive income/(loss) attribu to members of East Africa Resources Ltd		(3,897,847)	(1,170,038)
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	6	(3.89)	(1.80)
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	6	(3.89)	(1.80)

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

		0040	Consolidated Entity
	Note	2013	2012
CURRENT ASSETS	Note	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	7	739,277	323,532
Trade and other receivables	8	40,927	154,361
Other current assets	9	-	· -
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		780,204	477,892
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	10	111,476	136,883
Exploration Financial assets	11 12	2,858,353 130	5,104,919 130
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	12	2,969,959	5,241,932
TOTAL ASSETS		3,750,163	5,719,824
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	13	448,555 448,555	125,338 125,338
TOTAL LIABILITIES		440 555	105 220
TOTAL LIADILITIES		448,555	125,338
NET ASSETS		3,301,608	5,594,486
EQUITY			
Issued capital	15	47,361,353	45,825,984
Reserves Retained earnings	16	(197,132) (43,862,613)	(266,732) (39,964,766)
TOTAL EQUITY		3,301,608	5,594,486
**		-,,	-,-,-,

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

	Conso	lidated	I Entity
--	-------	---------	-----------------

Concomunity	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Reserves	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 1 July 2011	45,825,984	(38,874,338)	(187,122)	6,764,524
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	(1,170,038)	-	(1,170,038)
Options	-	79,610	(79,610)	-
As at 30 June 2012	45,825,984	(39,964,766)	(266,732)	5,594,486
As at 1 July 2012	45,825,984	(39,964,766)	(266,732)	5,594,486
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	(3,828,247)	-	(3,828,247)
Shares issued (net)	1,535,369	-	-	1,535,369
Options	-	(69,600)	69,600	-
As at 30 June 2013	47,361,353	(43,862,613)	(197,132)	3,301,608

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

		Conso 2013	olidated Entity 2012
OACH FLOWS FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers		-	-
Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		(943,880) 11,522	(1,365,819) 30,624
Other receipts		305,890	2,541
Payments for exploration Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	20(a)	(504,800) (1,131,268)	(965,166) (2,297,820)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Payment for shares in unlisted company		(30,459)	(59,629) (130)
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(30,459)	(59,759)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings Proceeds from the issue of shares		- 1,667,657	-
Payment of share issue costs		(95,085)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,572,572	•
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH HELD Exchange rate adjustments		410,845 4,900	(2,357,579) -
CASH AT BEGINNING OF FINANCIAL YEAR		323,532	2,681,111
CASH AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR	20(b)	739,277	323,532

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements cover the consolidated entity of East Africa Resources Limited and its controlled entities, and East Africa Resources Limited as an individual parent entity. East Africa Resources Limited is a listed public company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements of East Africa Resources Limited and its controlled entities, and East Africa Resources Limited as an individual parent entity comply with all Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS) in their entirety.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Group in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all years presented.

Reporting Basis and Conventions

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

Accounting Policies

(a) Principles of Consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity that East Africa Resources Limited has the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 14 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a June financial year-end.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the parent entity. Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

(b) Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the commercial realisation of the future potential of the consolidated entity's assets and the discharge of their liabilities in the normal course of business.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(c) Income Tax

Current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the balance date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the consolidated entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

(d) Revenue recognition

Sale of goods is recognised when control has passed to the buyer.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property: Freehold land and buildings are measured on the cost basis.

Plant and Equipment: Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount of these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including building and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a diminishing value basis over their useful lives, commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset Depreciation Rate

Buildings 2.5% Plant and equipment 13-40%

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont.)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the income statement.

(f) Exploration and Development Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the facility from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal, and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on an undiscounted basis.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

(g) Intangibles

Intangibles are recognised at cost of acquisition. Intangibles are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Intangibles are amortised, where there is a definitive life, on a straight line basis over the period of benefit.

(h) Share-based Payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to directors and executives.

The fair value of options granted to directors and executives is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in contributed equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the directors and/or executives become unconditionally entitled to the options.

The fair value at grant date is independently determined using an option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected divided yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(j) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(k) Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risk and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

(I) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Impairment testing is performed annually for intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(m) Financial instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Held-to-maturity investments

These investments have fixed maturities, and it is the Group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. Any held-to-maturity investments held by the Group are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken to equity.

Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

(n) Borrowing cost

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

(o) Employee Benefits

Wages, salaries, annual and long service leave

Provision is made for the consolidated entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Related on-costs have also been included in the liability.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Superannuation plan

Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income statements as they are made.

(p) Foreign Currency

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the entities in the Group is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange difference arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity, otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the income statement.

Subsidiary companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from East Africa's presentation currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date.
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.
- Retained profits are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the foreign currency reserve in the balance sheet. These differences are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the operation is disposed.

(q) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

(r) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

(s) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(t) Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(u) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the consolidated entity.

(v) Key estimates – Impairment

The consolidated entity assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the consolidated entity that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value in use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 September 2013 by the Board of Directors.

		Consolidated Entity	
		2013	2012
2.	REVENUE	\$	\$
	Interest received Other income	11,522 _154,687	30,624 2,541
		166,209	33,165
3.	PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense has been arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following items:		
	Loss (Gain) on foreign currency transactions Exploration write-off	460 2,997,280	22,479
	Depreciation on plant and equipment	55,545	47,129
4.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
	Remuneration of auditors of the parent entities for: - Auditing or reviewing the financial statements - Taxation services	27,500 -	41,500 3,500
	Remuneration of other auditors of subsidiaries for: Auditing or reviewing the financial statements		
		27,500	45,000
5.	INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	The prima facie tax on (loss)/profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
	Operating (loss)/profit before tax	(3,897,847)	(1,170,038)
	Prima facie income tax expense/(benefit) calculated at 30% (2012: 30%) on the profit/(loss) before tax Tax effect of permanent differences	(1,169,354)	(351,011)
	Tax effect of timing differences	-	-
	Amount not brought to account as a carried forward	1 160 254	051 011
	future income tax benefit Tax losses of non-resident controlled entities not recognised	1,169,354 -	351,011 -
	Tax losses utilised	-	-
	Income Tax Expense	-	-

5. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (cont.)

Consolidat	ed Entity
2013	2012
\$	\$

Deferred Tax Asset

Deferred tax asset not brought to account comprises the estimated future benefit at the applicable tax rates:

Tax losses 13,023,712 11,854,358

The potential deferred tax asset will only be obtained if:

- the relevant company derives future assessable income of a nature and an amount sufficient to enable the asset to be realised;
- the relevant company and/or the consolidated entity continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by the law; and
- iii no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the relevant company and/or the consolidated entity in realising the asset.

Given the various capital raisings that have taken place since 2007 the availability of tax losses will need to be determined by the ATO.

East Africa Resources Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the Tax Consolidation Regime. East Africa Resources Limited is responsible for recognising the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities for the tax consolidated group. The tax consolidated group has entered a tax sharing agreement whereby each company in the group contributes to the income tax payable in proportion to their contribution to the net profit before tax of the tax consolidated group.

6. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Consolidated Entity 2013 2012	
Earnings used to calculate basic and dilutive earnings per share	\$ (3,897,847)	\$ (1,170,038)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share:	No.	No.
Number for Basic Earnings per share — Ordinary Shares	100,224,894	65,130,446
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of dilutive earnings per share:		
Number for Basic Earnings per share — Ordinary Shares Effect of options on issue, which are exercisable at less than the market price for ordinary shares as at 30 June	100,224,894	65,130,446
Number for Diluted Earnings per share — Ordinary Shares	100,224,894	65,130,446

The amount used as the numerator in calculating basic earnings per share is the same as the net profit/(loss) reported in the income statement.

		Consolidated Entity	
		2013	2012
		\$	\$
7.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank and on hand	739,277	323,532
8.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Current Trade and Other receivables Less: Provision for impairment	40,927	154,361 -
		40,927	154,361

		Consolidated Entity 2013 201	
		\$	\$
9.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
	Prepayments		-
10.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Plant and equipment: At cost Accumulated depreciation Total property, plant and equipment	226,778 (115,302) 111,476	196,639 (59,756) 136,883
	Reconciliations Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment are set out below:		
	Plant and equipment Carrying amount at beginning of the year Additions Disposals Impairment of assets Depreciation Carrying amount at end of year Total property, plant and equipment	136,883 30,138 - (55,545) 111,476	124,383 59,629 - (47,129) 136,883
11.	EXPLORATION		
	Balance at beginning of year Acquisitions and expenditure Exploration write-off Balance at the end of the year	5,104,919 750,714 (2,997,280) 2,858,353	4,139,753 965,166 - 5,104,919
12.	FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Investment in unlisted company	130 1 30	130 1 30
13.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Trade creditors and accruals	448,555 448,555	125,338 125,338

14. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

2013 2012 \$ \$
50.247 42.852
390,225 390,225
- 719,106
80,564 1,581,571
37,927 -
,

5,305,833 5,306,673 (3,897,847) (1,170,038) 1,258,963 2,733,754

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION

Parent entity:

East Africa Resources Limited*** Australia

Subsidiary entities:

oundrainty distriction	
Tanganyika Uranium Corp	Canada
TZU Resources Pty Ltd	Australia
Frontier Resources Ltd	Tanzania
Sterling Resources Ltd	Tanzania
Aust East Africa Mining Ltd	Tanzania
EAF Resources Rwanda Ltd	Rwanda
Savanna Mineral Resources Pty Ltd	Australia
Nova Mining Zambia Ltd*	Zambia
Mihlayonke Consulting Services (Pty) Ltd**	South Africa
Hertz Electrical Technologies (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
New World Alloys (SA) (Pty) Ltd	South Africa

^{*}Deregistered during the year

The carrying values of the controlled entities recorded in the books of the parent entity are at the lower of cost or net asset backing of the subsidiaries at balance date.

^{**}In liquidation from Feb 2007
*** Audited by Rothsay

15. ISSUED CAPITAL

- 1000 <u>-</u> 5 0111 1111 <u>-</u>	2013 Number	2012 Number	2013 \$	2012 \$
Issued and paid-up share cap 176,765,391 (2012: 65,130,446)	ital			
ordinary shares, fully paid			47,361,353	45,825,984
(a) Movements during the ye	ar			
Ordinary shares				
Balance at the beginning of year	65,130,446	65,130,446	45,825,984	46,063,362
Shares issued for capital raising	111,634,945	-	1,629,515	-
Share issue costs			(94,146)	(237,378)
Balance at end of year	176,765,391	65,130,446	47,361,353	45,825,984

(b) Terms and conditions of contributed equity

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings.

In the event of winding up of the parent entity, ordinary shareholders rank after all creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

(c) Share Options

During the financial period, the parent entity issued 3,600,000 options.

Unissued shares

At the date of this report, unissued shares of the Group under option are:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Shares
29 November 2017	\$0.0334	1,200,000
29 November 2017	\$0.1000	1,200,000
29 November 2017	\$0.1500	1,200,000
		3,600,000

No options have been converted to ordinary shares during or since the end of the financial year.

16. RESERVES

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	•	
The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries		
Balance at the beginning of year Net foreign currency differences	266,732	266,732
Balance at the end of year	266,732	266,732
Option Reserve		(70,000)
Balance at the beginning of year Issued during the year	(69,600)	(79,609)
Cancelled during the year		79,609
Balance at the end of year	(69,600)	
Total Reserves	197,132	266,732

17. PARENT INFORMATION

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent and has been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
BALANCE SHEET Assets Current assets	681,097	275,659
Non-Current assets Total assets	3,089,146 3,770,243	4,510,860 4,786,519
Liabilities Current liabilities Total liabilities	151,272 151,272	99,880 99,880
Net assets	3,618,970	4,686,639
Equity Contributed equity Accumulated losses Total equity	47,445,688 (43,826,718) 3,618,970	45,920,654 (41,234,015) 4,686,639
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Total loss Total comprehensive income	(720,292) (720,292)	(912,377) (912,377)

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Overview

The company and consolidated entity have exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- (a) liquidity risk
- (b) credit risk
- (c) market risk

This note presents information about the Company's and consolidated entity's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through regular review of risk.

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves through continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. The Company has no financing facilities available to it.

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Interest rate risk

The consolidated entity's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average rate for classes of financial assets and liabilities is set out below:

			interest ring in:				
30 June 2013	Note	1 year or less	Over 1 to 5 years	Floating interest	Non-interest bearing	Total	Weighted average interest
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	rate
Financial assets							
Cash	7	-	-	739,277	-	739,277	3.13%
Receivables	8		-	-	40,927	40,927	
Total financial assets			-	739,277	40,927	780,204	
<i>Financial liabilities</i> Payables Total financial	13	-	-	-	448,556	448,556	
liabilities			-	-	448,556	448,556	
			ixed interest maturing in:				
30 June 2012	Note	1 year or less	Over 1 to 5 years	Floating interest	Non-interest bearing	Total	Weighted average interest
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	rate
Financial assets							
Cash	7	-	_	323,532	_	323,532	4.13%
Receivables	8	_	-	-	154,361	154,361	
Total financial assets			-	323,532	154,361	477,892	
Financial liabilities Payables Total financial	13	-	-	-	125,338	125,338	
liabilities		_	-		125,338	125,338	

(b) Credit risk exposures

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the consolidated entity if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the consolidated entity's receivables from customers and investment securities. For the Company it arises from receivables due from subsidiaries.

- (i) Investments: The group limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing with counterparties that have an acceptable credit rating.
- (ii) Trade and other receivables:

The Company and consolidated entity have established an allowance for impairment that represents their estimate of incurred losses in respect of receivables and investments. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures. The management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

Presently, the group undertakes exploration and evaluation activities in Australia and in Africa. At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

(iii) Exposure to credit risk:

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements and notes, net of any provisions for losses, represents the consolidated entity's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the fair value of any collateral or other security obtained. The Company has no financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired therefore credit qualities have not been disclosed.

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents	739,277	323,532	
Trade and other receivables	40,927	154,361	
Total exposure	780,204	477,893	

Consolidated Entity

Impairment losses

An impairment loss in respect of inter-group loans was recognised from a net asset analysis of the subsidiaries' positions. None of the company's other receivables are past due.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of the inter-group loans on a non-consolidated basis during the year was as follows:

	Parent Entity		
	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Balance at 1 July	4,761,961	4,761,961	
Impairment loss/ (write-back) recognised	1,957,792	-	
Balance at 30 June	6,719,753	4,761,961	

Whilst the loans were not payable as at 30 June 2013, a provision for impairment based on the subsidiaries financial position was made. The balance of this provision may vary due to the performance of a subsidiary in a given year.

(c) Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the consolidated entity's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Price risk:

The Company does not have investments in equity securities and is not exposed to price risk.

(ii) Currency risk:

The Company is exposed to currency risk on investments in subsidiaries in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of group entities, primarily the Australian dollar (AUD).

The Company has not entered into any derivative financial instruments to hedge such investments and anticipated future receipts or payments that are denominated in a foreign currency.

The Company's investments in its subsidiaries are not hedged as those currency positions are considered to be long term in nature.

Other than the Company's investment in its subsidiaries, the consolidated entity did not have any exposure to currency risk during the financial year.

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	Averag	Average rate		
AUD	2013	2012	2013	2012
USD	1.0269	1.0109	0.9230	1.0161

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The parent entity operates predominantly in one segment involved in the mineral exploration and development industry. Geographically, the consolidated entity operates in Australia and East Africa.

30 June 2013

	Australia \$	Africa \$	Consolidated \$
REVENUE Segment revenue from operating activities	166,080	129	166,209
RESULT Profit/(loss) after income tax	(720,522)	(3,177,325)	(3,897,847)
ASSETS Segment assets	681,227	3,068,936	3,750,163
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities	151,272	297,284	448,556
OTHER Segment assets acquired Segment depreciation and amortisation	- -	30,138 55,545	30,138 55,545
30 June 2012	Australia \$	Africa \$	Consolidated \$
REVENUE Segment revenue from operating activities	30,041	3,124	33,165
RESULT Profit/(loss) after income tax	(912,604)	(257,434)	(1,170,038)
ASSETS Segment assets	275,789	5,444,035	5,719,824
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities	99,880	25,458	125,338
OTHER Segment assets acquired Segment depreciation and amortisation	- -	59,629 47,129	59,629 47,129

Consolidated	Entity
2013	2012
\$	\$

20. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Reconciliation of (loss)/profit after income tax to net cash used in operating activities

(Loss)/Profit after income tax Non-cash items:	(3,897,847)	(1,170,038)
Depreciation	55,545	47,129
Exploration write-off	2,997,280	-
Option issue	69,600	-
(Profit) loss on sale of non-current assets	-	-
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities before		
change in assets and liabilities	(775,422)	(1,122,909)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in net receivables	113,434	(59,150)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	-	13,320
(Increase) decrease in bonds	-	-
Changes in reserves and assets on disposal of subsidiaries	-	-
Changes in exploration	(750,714)	(965,166)
Increase (decrease) in payables and provisions	281,434	(163,915)
Net cash provided from/(used in) operating activities	(1,131,268)	(2,297,820)

(b) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and at bank and short term deposits at call. Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

Cash at bank and on hand 739,277 323,532

21. COMMITMENTS

(a) Exploration

The parent entity and consolidated entity have certain obligations to perform minimum exploration work on mineral leases held; however the parent entity currently does not hold any tenements within Australia. These obligations may vary over time, depending on the parent entity's and the consolidated entity's exploration programs and priorities. As at balance date, total exploration work commitments on tenements held by the parent entity and the consolidated entity have not been provided for in the financial statements and have not been quantified as a monetary amount. These obligations are also subject to variations by farm-out arrangements and the purchase or sale of the relevant tenements.

22. EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS

3,600,000 options were issued to the Chief Executive Officer, Ms Katina Law on 7 September 2012.

23. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

(a) Details of Specified Directors and Key Management Personnel during the year ended 30 June 2013

(i) Specified Directors

L Colless Chairman & Non Executive Director

K Law Executive Director P Munachen Non Executive Director

H Kennedy Non Executive Director (appointed 6 March 2013)

G Zytkow Non Executive Director

E Myers Alternate Director, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary
L Coetzee Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (1 May 2012 to 12 July 2012)

Resigned 12 July 2012

23. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (cont.)

(ii) Key Management Personnel

Mark Gray Chief Executive Officer (resigned 25 November 2011)
There were no other key management personnel within East Africa Resources Limited and or its controlled entities at 30 June 2013.

(b) Compensation Practices

The remuneration policy of the parent entity as it applies to key management personnel is disclosed in the Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report.

(c) Key Management Personnel Compensation

	Year	Fees & Salary	Super -annuation	Other	Share- based payments	Total
Director L Colless		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
- Non-executive Chairman	2013 2012	-	-	41,667 50,000	-	41,667 50,000
K Law - Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer						
(appointed 7 September 2012)	2013 2012	-	<u>-</u>	243,090	69,600 -	312,690 -
P Munachen – Non-executive	2013 2012	-	-	41,667 50,000	-	41,667 50,000
H Kennedy – Non-executive	2012	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
(appointed 6 March 2013)	2013	-	-	8,333	-	8,333
	2012	-	-	-	-	-
G Zytkow – Non-executive	2013	-		41,667		41,667
,	2012	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
L Coetzee – Executive						
(resigned 12 July 2012)	2013	-	-	6,666	-	6,666
EM AU I D' I /	2012	-	-	133,331	-	133,331
E Myers – Alternate Director/ Chief Financial Officer	2013					
GIIIEI FIIIAIIGIAI OIIIGEI	2013	-		•		-
Key Management Personn						
M Gray	2013	-	-	-	-	-
,	2012	-	-	192,000	-	192,000
Totals	2013 2012	-	-	383,090 475,331	69,600	452,690 475,331

Note 1. During the year the Company, on behalf of the Group, paid accounting, secretarial and administration fees to Resource Services International (Aust) Pty Ltd of \$123,663 (2012: \$122,340). Messrs Munachen & Myers are directors and shareholders of that company.

Note 2. During the year, the Group paid \$85,800 for management fees in respect of the Group's Tanzanian interests to Mzuri Exploration Resources Limited, a company associated with Mr Coetzee. (2012 \$73,072).

Note 3. In March 2013, as a cash conserving measure, the Non-executive directors resolved to waive half their fees on an ongoing basis. In addition, an amount of \$8,333 for each of the Non-executive directors is included in the table above but has not been paid.

23. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (cont.)

(d) Options Granted As Compensation

The Company granted options to Ms K Law for no consideration as part of her remuneration:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Shares
29 November 2017 29 November 2017 29 November 2017	\$0.0334 \$0.1000 \$0.1500	1,200,000 1,200,000 <u>1,200,000</u> 3,600,000

(e) Shares Issued on Exercise of Compensation Options

No options were exercised during the year that were received as compensation in prior periods.

(f) Shareholdings of Specified Directors and Key Management Personnel

	Balance at beginning of period	Acquisitions	Issued on exercise of Options	Sales Net chang oth	_	Balance at end of period
Directors						
L Colless	84,000	1,228,154	-	-	-	1,312,154
K Law	-	1,307,677	-	-	-	1,307,677
P Munachen ¹	1,566,200	4,304,616	-	-	-	5,870,816
H Kennedy	-	48,345,308	-	-	-	48,345,308
G Zytkow	165,045	-	-	-	-	165,045
E Myers ¹	269,939	863,975	-	-	-	1,133,914
	2,085,184	56,049,730	-			58,134,914

¹ Messrs Munachen & Myers have an interest in 631,294 shares held by a jointly owned company.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other Transactions and Balances with Specified Directors and Specified Executives Services

The following transactions with Directors and Director-related entities occurred during the year on normal commercial terms and conditions:

- (i) During the year, the parent entity paid \$6,666 in management fees to Tsitato Trading Limited, a company owned and controlled by Mr L Coetzee. (2012: \$133,331)
- (ii) During the year, the entity paid \$85,800 for management and accounting fees in respect of the entity's Tanzanian interests to Mzuri Exploration Resources Limited, a company in which Mr Coetzee has a beneficial interest. (2012: \$73,072)
- (iii) During the year, the parent entity paid \$243,090 in management fees to Karich Consulting Pty Ltd, a company owned by Ms K Law. (2012: Nil).
- (iv) During the year, the parent entity paid fees totalling \$33,334 to Mr G Zytkow (2012: \$50,000). At 30 June 2013 \$8,333 remains unpaid.
- (v) At 30 June 2013, fees totalling \$8,333 remain unpaid to Mr H Kennedy.
- (vi) During the year, the parent entity paid financial service fees for Mr L Colless totalling \$33,334 (2012: \$50,000) to Mineral Administration Services Pty Limited, a company in which Mr L Colless is a director and shareholder. At 30 June 2013 \$8,333 remains unpaid.
- (vii) During the year the parent entity paid accounting, secretarial and administration fees to Resource Services International (Aust) Pty Ltd of \$123,663 (2012: \$122,340). Messrs Munachen & Myers are directors and shareholders of that company.
- (viii) During the year the parent entity paid fees totalling \$33,334 to Corralline Pty Ltd (2012: \$50,000) a company associated with Mr P L Munachen. At 30 June 2013 \$8,333 remains unpaid.

The above information disclosed is shown as follows:

	Director/ Executive Concerned	Consoli	dated Entity
		2013	2012
Transaction Type		\$	\$
Management services	L Coetzee	6,666	133,331
Tanzanian management	L Coetzee	85,800	73,072
Management services	M Gray	-	192,000
Management services	K Law	243,090	-
Consulting services	H Kennedy	8,333	-
Consulting services	L Colless	41,667	50,000
Consulting Services	G Zytkow	41,667	50,000
Consulting services	P Munachen	41,667	50,000
Secretarial & accounting fees	P Munachen & E Myers	123,663	122,340

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There were no contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements of the parent entity and the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2013 other than:

(a) Disputed invoices

The Company received invoices from the Ministry of Energy and Minerals (Tanzania) in September 2013 for USD\$115,377. The invoices relate to licenses which were offered to the Company in 2012. The offers were accepted by the Company's agent without the knowledge or approval of the Company. The Company disputes its liability for these invoices.

26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Capital Raising

On 17 May 2013 East Africa Resources announced a non-renounceable one for one entitlement issue to raise \$785,719. The entitlement issue closed on 17 June 2013. As a result of the entitlement issue 64,519,871 ordinary shares were issued on 25 June 2013 and \$451,639 was raised. Subsequent to year end, the company has issued the shortfall of the entitlement issue, being 47,725,649 ordinary shares and has raised an additional \$334,080.

Other than the matters discussed above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of the affairs of the Group in future financial years.

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED DIRECTORS' DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes, and the Remuneration Report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the consolidated entity as at 30 June 2013 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable
- (c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the Directors' Report comply with Accounting Standards AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

K Law

Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

Perth, Western Australia,

27 September 2013

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED AUDIT REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report 2013

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of East Africa Resources Limited ("the Company") which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2013 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report. The Directors are also responsible for the remuneration disclosures contained in the directors' report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate to the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used in and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical requirements and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED AUDIT REPORT

Audit Opinion

In our opinion the financial report of East Africa Resources Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- a) (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the consolidated financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report contained included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Audit Opinion

Rottsay

In our opinion the remuneration report of East Africa Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Rothsay

Graham Swan

Coff Sw-

Partner Dated 27 September 2013

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

ASX BEST PRACTICE RECOMMENDATIONS

The ASX Corporate Governance Council released the second edition of the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (Revised Principles) in August 2007. The table below identifies the ASX Best Practice Recommendations and whether or not the Company has complied with the recommendations during the reporting period.

	IMENDATIONS : Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	COMPLIANCE	REFERENCE
1.1	Companies should establish the functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.	Comply	
1.2	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.	Not in compliance	Note 6
1.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 1.	Comply	
Principle 2	: Structure the Board to add value		
2.1	A majority of the Board should be independent directors.	Not in compliance	Note 1
2.2	The chair should be an independent director.	Comply	
2.3	The roles of the chair and the chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.	Comply	
2.4	The Board should establish a nomination committee.	Not in compliance	Note 2
2.5	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors.	Not in compliance	Note 6
2.6	Companies should provide the information in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 2.	Comply	
Principle 3	: Promote ethical and responsible decision-making		
3.1	Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code so as to: the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the company's integrity; the practices necessary to take into account their legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of their shareholders; and the responsibility of and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.	Comply	
3.2	Companies should establish a policy concerning trading in company securities by directors, senior executives and employees and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy.	Comply	
3.3	Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the Board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.	Comply	
3.4	Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the Board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.	Comply	

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

ASX REC	OMMENDATIONS	COMPLIANCE REF	ERENCE
Principle	4: Safeguard integrity in financial statements		
4.1	The Board should establish an audit committee.	Comply	
4.2	 The audit committee should be structured so that it: consists of only non-executive directors; consists of a majority of independent directors; is chaired by an independent chair, who is not chair of the Board; and has at least three members. 	Not in compliance	Note 3
4.3	The audit committee should have a formal charter.	Not in compliance	Note 3
4.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 4.	Comply	
Principle	5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance and ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.	Comply	
5.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 5.	Comply	
Principle	6: Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1	Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communications with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.	Comply	
6.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 6.	Comply	
Principle	7: Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.	Comply	
7.2	The Board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control systems to manage the company's material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.	Not in compliance	Note 5
7.3	The Board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial statement risks.	Comply	
7.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 7.	Substantially comply and in the process of further developing risk management procedures	3

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

AOV DECOMMENDATIONS	COMPLIANCE	DEFEDENCE
ASX RECOMMENDATIONS	COMPLIANCE	REFERENCE

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

8.1	The Board should establish a remuneration committee.	Not in compliance	Note 4
8.2	Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.	Comply	
8.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 8.	Comply	

Note 1:

During the year, only Mr Colless was considered to be independent. Messrs Kennedy and Munachen fail to meet the levels set for being an independent director because of their respective substantial shareholdings in the Company. Mr Zytkow fails to meet the test for independence as he has previously been employed in an executive capacity.

Note 2:

The Board of Directors of the Company does not have a formally-appointed nomination committee. The Board is of the opinion that due to the nature and size of the Company, the functions performed by a nomination committee can be adequately handled by the full Board.

Note 3:

The Board of Directors of the Company does not have a formally-appointed audit committee. The Board is of the opinion that due to the nature and size of the Company, the functions performed by an audit committee can be adequately handled by the full Board.

Note 4:

The Board of Directors of the Company does not have a formally-appointed remuneration committee. The Board is of the opinion that due to the nature and size of the Company, the functions performed by a remuneration committee can be adequately handled by the full Board.

Note 5:

The Board has not received a formal documented report from management on the effectiveness of their management of the Company's material business risks other than verbal updates at Board meetings.

Explanation for Departure:

Although a formal risk management system has not been implemented, the Board has encouraged an increased focus on risk management during the year. Frequent discussions and reviews of the various risks that the East Africa group may be exposed to are regularly carried out. The Company is committed to further developing and strengthening the Company's risk management policies.

Note 6:

Confirmation whether Performance Evaluation of the Board and its members have taken place and how conducted.

During the reporting period an evaluation of the Board, its members and company executives was not carried out. The Board and management's suitability, overall structure and composition to carry out the Company's objectives is however, discussed and reviewed on an as-required basis during regular meetings of the Board.

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information included in accordance with the Listing Rules of the Australian Securities Exchange.

1. SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION – EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 8 October 2013.

(a) Distribution of Shareholdings as at 30 September 2013

	Fully paid		
Size of Shareholding	Ordinary Shareholders	Number of Shares	%
1 - 1,000	801	236,259	0.11
1,001 - 5,000	299	776,524	0.35
5,001 - 10,000	119	954,650	0.43
10,001 - 100,000	257	10,737,293	4.78
100,001 and over	174	211,786,314	94.33
Total Shareholders	1,650	224,491,040	100.00

Of the above total, there are 1,324 Ordinary Shareholders who hold less than a marketable parcel.

(b) Voting rights

There are no restrictions on voting rights attached to the ordinary shares. On a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll, every member present or by proxy shall have one vote for every share held.

(c) Substantial shareholders

The Company's register of substantial shareholders shows the following:

Shareholder	Number of shares
Sundowner International Limited	48.345.308

(d) Shareholders

The 20 largest shareholders hold 56.30% of the total issued ordinary shares in the Company as at 8 October 2013.

2. OUOTATION

Listed securities in East Africa Resources Limited are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange and trade under the symbol EAF.

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

As at the date of the Directors' Report, the Company did not have an audit committee of the Board of Directors. The Company is not of a size, nor are the affairs of a complexity, sufficient to warrant the existence of a separate audit committee. All matters, which could be delegated to such a committee, are dealt with by the full Board.

4. RESTRICTED SECURITIES

At 8 October 2013 there were no securities subject to ASX imposed or voluntary restrictions.

5. ON MARKET BUY-BACK

There is currently no on-market buy-back.

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

6. TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 8 OCTOBER 2013

	Shareholder	Number of shares	% of issued shares
1.	SUNDOWNER INTERNATIONAL LTD	29,458,598	13.12
2.	SUNDOWNER INTERNATIONAL LTD	18,886,710	8.41
3.	ZERO NOMINEES PTY LTD	8,964,267	3.99
4.	YARRANABEE HOLDINGS PTY LTD <yarranabee a<="" investment="" td=""><td>/C> 8,500,000</td><td>3.79</td></yarranabee>	/C> 8,500,000	3.79
5.	PROMAN CONSULTING ENGINEERS PTY LTD <brans a="" c<="" family="" td=""><td>G> 7,000,000</td><td>3.12</td></brans>	G> 7,000,000	3.12
6.	MRS JACLYN STOJANOVSKI + MR CHRIS RETZOS		
	+ MRS SUSIE RETZOS <retzos a="" c="" executive="" f="" s=""></retzos>	7,000,000	3.12
7.	BEELONG PTY LTD <johnson a="" c="" fund="" super=""></johnson>	5,000,000	2.23
8.	PERSHING AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LTD <argonaut accou<="" td=""><td>NT> 4,994,936</td><td>2.23</td></argonaut>	NT> 4,994,936	2.23
9.	MR TARECQ ELIAS ALDAOUD	4,000,000	1.78
10.	KALA NOMINEES PTY LTD	3,899,400	1.74
11.	WESTDAY ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	3,500,000	1.56
12.	KIRZY PTY LTD <springdale a="" c=""></springdale>	3,000,000	1.34
13.	KSLCORP PTY LTD	3,000,000	1.34
14.	MR CHRIS RETZOS	3,000,000	1.34
15.	MR DENIS JOHN REYNOLDS	3,000,000	1.34
16.	MRS CAMILLE DIANNE BROOKS	2,899,996	1.29
17.	ARK SECURITIES & INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <the <="" a="" ark="" family="" td=""><td>C> 2,850,000</td><td>1.27</td></the>	C> 2,850,000	1.27
18.	T E & J PASIAS PTY LTD	2,545,000	1.13
19.	BROOKS INVESTMENTS (WA) PTY LTD	2,500,000	1.11
20.	SINO WEST ASSETS LIMITED	2,400,000	1.07
	Top 20 Shareholders	126,398,907	56.30

EAST AFRICA RESOURCES LIMITED MINERAL TENEMENT SCHEDULE

East Africa Resources holds interests in the following Tenements all of which are located in Tanzania at 19 September 2013.

Licence number	Area	Area Km²	
Madaba-Mkuju (100% ownership)			
PL 5493/2008	Namatogoro – Nachingwea	90.9	
PL 5496/2008	Namatogoro – Nachingwea	99.43	
PL 5507/2008	Luwimbi – Nachingwea	19.99	
PL 5720/2009	Ligombe River – Songea	94.64	
PL 5752/2009	Lipiriri – Nachingwea	80.65	
PL 5786/2009	Luguruka – Songea	63.53	
PL 5804/2009	Luguruka – Songea	63.2	
PL 6362/2010	Madaba – Liwale	169.03	
PL 6726/2012	Madaba – Liwale	198.64	
PL 7062/2012	Madaba – Liwale	131.29	
PL 7659/2012	Madaba – Liwale	109.24	
PL 8075/2012	Mpingo/Namamba River – Nachingwea	299.38	
PL 8108/2012	Madaba – Liwale	296.60	
Eastern Rift (100% ownership)			
PL 5466/2008	Mto Wa Mbu – Monduli	94.30	
PL 5494/2008	Oldonyo — Ngorongoro	95.48	
PL 5648/2009	Kikilo – Kondoa	76.66	
PL 5651/2009	Magugu – Mbulu	100.33	
PL 5654/2009	Mto Wa Mbu – Monduli	81.27	
PL 5655/2009	Mbulu — Mbulu	99.16	
PL 5904/2009	Masange – Kondoa	29.02	
PL 6974/2011	Babati – Babati	178.06	
PL 7058/2012	Mbulu — Mbulu	163.49	
PL 7078/2011	Ngorongoro — Ngorongoro	296.17	
PL 7125/2011	Babati – Kondoa	296.00	
PL 7309/2011	Mbulu – Mbulu	295.05	
PL 8237/2012	Masange – Kondoa	299.84	
Mkuju South (72% ownership)			
PL 7657/2012	Mgombasi-Songea	296.04	
PL 7959/2012	Ligombe River -Sonfea	268.66	



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