

# Australian Wine Fund

## Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

# **RFM Australian Wine Fund**

**ARSN 099 573 485**

## **Directory**

Directors

David Bryant  
Michael Carroll  
Guy Paynter

Company Secretary

Stuart Waight

Auditors

Boyce Assurance Services Pty Limited  
36 Bombala Street  
COOMA NSW 2630

Registered Office

Level 2, 2 King St  
DEAKIN ACT 2600

Responsible Entity

Rural Funds Management Limited  
ABN 65 077 492 838  
Level 2, 2 King Street  
DEAKIN ACT 2600  
Telephone: 02 6203 9700  
Facsimile: 02 6281 5077

Custodian

Australian Executor Trustee Limited  
ABN 84 007 869 794  
Level 22  
207 Kent Street  
SYDNEY NSW 2000

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

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# **RFM Australian Wine Fund**

ARSN 099 573 485

## **Directors of the Responsible Entity's Report**

### **For the Year ended 30 June 2013**

The Directors of Rural Funds Management Limited ("RFM"), Responsible Entity of RFM Australian Wine Fund ("AWF" or the "Trust"), present their report on the Trust and its controlled entity ("Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

#### **Directors**

The names of the Directors in office at any time during, or since the end of, the year are:

David Bryant

Michael Carroll

Guy Paynter

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

#### **Principal activities and significant changes in nature of activities**

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were the leasing of vineyards to Treasury Wine Estates (TWE) and the production, harvest and sale of wine grapes.

On 15 February 2013 AWF entered into a 10 year lease agreement with TWE for all of its assets effective from 1 July 2012 except Hahn which is a 9 year lease commencing on 1 July 2013. Under the terms of the lease TWE will pay a 9% lease rental quarterly in arrears on an agreed capital value of \$33.3 million in the first year. Indexation will be taken into consideration thereafter as agreed.

Under the TWE lease AWF no longer incurs production costs. The Group will invest in capital expenditure as required which will be charged back to TWE as capital improvement rent until the next rent review.

#### **Trust information**

AWF is a registered Australian managed investment trust, and was constituted in 2002. RFM, the Responsible Entity of the Trust, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is Level 2, 2 King Street, Deakin, ACT 2600.

AWF was formerly called the RFM Ultra Premium Vineyard Fund ("UPVF"). The name was changed on 3 March 2011 subsequent to the merger of UPVF and the Agricultural Income Trust Fund 1 ("AIT") which completed on 28 February 2011. The AIT continues to exist as an entity, however all AIT units are wholly owned by the AWF. RFM is the Trustee of AIT.

#### **Review of results and operations**

##### **Operating results**

The consolidated profit after income tax attributable to unitholders for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 amounted to \$4,760,313 (2012: \$3,151,556).

The vineyards were independently valued in June 2013 by Gaetjens Pickett Valuers and values increased by \$2,700,000 (2013: \$36.0m v 2012: \$33.3m) over the June 2012 valuations. The Directors believe the valuation reflects stability in the marketplace for premium quality vineyards.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Directors of the Responsible Entity's Report

For the Year ended 30 June 2013

### Review of results and operations (continued)

#### Distributions

There have been no distributions paid or declared during the year ended 30 June 2013.

#### Performance

The following table sets out investors' returns over the past five years.

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Distribution return	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.00%	1.71%
Growth return	20.51%	9.31%	-40.71%	-0.58%	-48.10%
Total return	20.51%	9.31%	-40.71%	-0.58%	-46.39%
Grossed Up Distribution	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.71%
Grossed Up Total Return	20.51%	9.31%	-40.71%	-0.58%	-46.39%

The growth return is calculated as the return derived by a unitholder due to changes in AWF's unit price over the period. The distribution return is the return derived by a unitholder due to distributions paid by the Trust. The total return is calculated as the investment performance of the Trust assuming the reinvestment of all distributions back into the Trust.

#### Indirect cost ratio

The Indirect Cost Ratio (ICR) is the ratio of the Group's management costs over the Group's average net assets attributable for the year, expressed as a percentage.

Management costs include management fees and reimbursement of other expenses in relation to the Group, but do not include transactional and operational costs such as brokerage. Management costs are not paid directly by the unitholders of the Trust.

The ICR for the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2013 is 3.46% (2012: 2.89%).

#### Fees paid to and interest held by the Responsible Entity and Associates

The following fees were paid to RFM and its associates out of Trust property during the financial year:

- Management fee for the financial year paid and payable to RFM \$334,725 (2012: \$287,363)
- Asset management fee for the financial year paid to RFM \$140,310 (2012: \$191,345)
- Expenses incurred by RFM and reimbursed by the Trust in accordance with the Trust's constitution \$1,042,953 (2012: \$732,732)

The interests in the Trust held by RFM and its associates at the end of the year are disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Directors of the Responsible Entity's Report

For the Year ended 30 June 2013

### Unit prices

The ex-distribution exit prices and the highest and lowest exit prices for the AWF for the past five years are shown below. All exit prices are exclusive of exit fees.

The Trust has taken advantage of Class Order 04/1575 that enables the assets and liability values of the Trust for unit pricing purposes to be calculated under previous Australian GAAP and the Constitution has been amended accordingly.

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
As at 30 June	0.4224	0.3184	0.3256	0.5492	0.5524
Year to 30 June					
High	0.4224	0.3246	0.5426	0.5743	0.9510
Low	0.3533	0.3184	0.3256	0.5325	0.5524

### Units on issue

70,647,901 units of AWF were on issue at 30 June 2013 (2012: 70,572,756). During the year 75,145 (2012: 89,114) units were issued by the Trust and no units (2012: nil) were redeemed.

### Trust assets

At 30 June 2013 the consolidated group held assets to a total value of \$44,731,399 (2012: \$40,475,645). The basis for valuation of the assets is disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

### After balance date events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

### Likely developments and expected results

During the year, RFM has been focused on securing a stable return for the Trust and providing a liquidity mechanism for investors. The stable return has been achieved through the signing of the TWE lease. A liquidity mechanism has also been identified through the proposed merger of AWF with RFM RiverBank and RFM Chicken Income Fund. It is anticipated that an Explanatory Memorandum and vote documentation will be sent to unitholders in October 2013 for a proposal to merge AWF with RFM RiverBank and RFM Chicken Income Fund. Under the proposal, the new combined entity is expected to be listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The restructure is expected to enable unitholders to unlock value in their investment by providing liquidity and the ability to exit their investment at a time they choose. It is also expected to lower the risk profile of the investment, increase diversification and provide the merged fund greater access to capital markets. The unitholder vote is currently scheduled to be held in November 2013.

### Environmental regulation and performance

The operations of the Group are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory. There have been no known significant breaches of any other environmental requirements applicable to the Group.

# **RFM Australian Wine Fund**

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## **Directors of the Responsible Entity's Report**

**For the Year ended 30 June 2013**

### **Indemnification of Responsible Entity and Custodian**

In accordance with the constitution of AWF, the Trust indemnifies the Directors, Company Secretary and all other officers of the Responsible Entity and Custodian, when acting in those capacities, against costs and expenses in defending certain proceedings.

AWF has not otherwise, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer of the Responsible Entity or of any related body corporate against a liability incurred as such by an officer.

### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

An independence declaration has been provided to the Directors by the auditor of the AWF, Boyce Assurance Services Pty Limited, and can be found on page 46 of the Financial Report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:



David Bryant  
Director

Dated: 30 September 2013

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Independent Audit Report to the unitholders of RFM Australian Wine Fund

### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of RFM Australian Wine Fund, which comprises the consolidated Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated Statement of comprehensive income, consolidated Statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholder and consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the responsible entity of the consolidated entity.

### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Trust are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

In Note 1, the Directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Independent Audit Report to the unitholders of RFM Australian Wine Fund

### Matters relating to the electronic presentation of the audited financial report

The audit report relates to the financial report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2013 included on the website of Rural Funds Management Limited. The Directors of the Responsible Entity of the Group are responsible for the integrity of the website and we have not been engaged to report on its integrity. This audit report refers only to the financial report identified above and does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to or from the financial report. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on the Responsible Entity's website.

### Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001 has been provided to the Directors of the Responsible Entity of RFM Australian Wine Fund on the date of this auditor's report.

### Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of RFM Australian Wine Fund and its controlled entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Trust's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.



Katherine M Kelly  
Boyce Assurance Services Pty Limited

Cooma

Dated: 30 September 2013

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# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Directors of the Responsible Entity's Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of the Responsible Entity of RFM Australian Wine Fund

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) The financial statements and notes of the Trust and of the Consolidated Entity are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including;
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Trust and Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, Corporations Regulations 2001 and the Trust's constitution; and
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the board



David Bryant  
Director

Dated: 30 September 2013

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	3	3,487,367	7,532,953
Other income	4	3,055,949	96,121
Direct cropping expenses		(2,280,484)	(1,992,425)
Employee costs		(591,248)	(823,820)
Depreciation and impairments	5	(402,962)	(587,316)
Increase in the value of biological assets	12	2,636,838	2,168,414
Management fees	25(a)	(475,035)	(478,708)
Property rates, rentals and water charges		(84,939)	(689,782)
Repairs and maintenance		(143,393)	(94,869)
Accounting, legal and compliance costs		(227,095)	(192,671)
Insurance		(175,599)	(70,022)
Professional fees		(295,279)	(339,283)
Other expenses		(493,546)	(202,749)
Finance costs	5	(1,278,121)	(1,183,479)
<b>Profit/(loss) before income tax</b>		<b>2,732,453</b>	<b>3,142,364</b>
Income tax benefit	7	2,027,860	9,192
<b>Profit/(loss) after income tax</b>		<b>4,760,313</b>	<b>3,151,556</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss</b>			
Revaluation decrement	23	(142,725)	(259,172)
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	23	42,818	(2,437)
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>(99,907)</b>	<b>(261,609)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive gain/(loss) for the period, representing net change attributable to unitholders</b>		<b>4,660,406</b>	<b>2,889,947</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As At 30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	666,403	2,667,196
Financial assets	9	4,057,204	-
Trade and other receivables	10	1,119,842	2,948,058
Inventories	11	33,814	157,754
Biological assets	12	-	405,083
Other current assets	13	48,031	242,437
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>5,925,294</b>	6,420,528
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets	9	2,425,195	1,689,768
Property, plant and equipment	14	-	19,664,155
Investment property	15	18,539,824	-
Deferred tax assets	20(b)	2,070,677	-
Intangible assets	16	500,029	81,529
Biological assets	12	15,270,380	12,619,665
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>38,806,105</b>	34,055,117
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>44,731,399</b>	40,475,645
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	17	86,993	267,656
Interest bearing liabilities	18	-	842,063
Short-term provisions	19	-	75,983
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>86,993</b>	1,185,702
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest bearing liabilities	18	14,000,000	13,541,889
Derivative financial liabilities	9(a)	348,041	124,992
Long-term provisions	19	-	15,895
<b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>14,348,041</b>	13,682,776
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)</b>		<b>14,435,034</b>	14,868,478
<b>NET ASSETS attributable to unitholders</b>		<b>30,296,365</b>	25,607,167
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>44,731,399</b>	40,475,645

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

2013

	Issued units	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Net assets attributable to unitholders
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance at 1 July 2012</b>	<b>31,392,359</b>	<b>1,150,583</b>	<b>(6,935,775)</b>	<b>25,607,167</b>
Profit/(loss) after tax attributable to unitholders	-	-	4,760,313	4,760,313
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	(99,907)	-	(99,907)
Units issued during the year	28,792	-	-	28,792
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>28,792</b>	<b>(99,907)</b>	<b>4,760,313</b>	<b>4,689,198</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2013</b>	<b>31,421,151</b>	<b>1,050,676</b>	<b>(2,175,462)</b>	<b>30,296,365</b>

2012

	Issued units	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Net assets attributable to unitholders
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2011	31,347,643	1,412,192	(10,087,331)	22,672,504
Profit/(loss) after tax attributable to unitholders	-	-	3,151,556	3,151,556
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	(261,609)	-	(261,609)
Equity issue costs (net of tax)	15,763	-	-	15,763
Units issued during the year	28,953	-	-	28,953
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>44,716</b>	<b>(261,609)</b>	<b>3,151,556</b>	<b>2,934,663</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2012</b>	<b>31,392,359</b>	<b>1,150,583</b>	<b>(6,935,775)</b>	<b>25,607,167</b>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

	Note	30 June 2013 \$	30 June 2012 \$
<b>CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Receipts from customers		10,810,399	6,745,130
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,194,711)	(5,229,441)
Interest received		138,849	33,838
Interest paid		(1,055,070)	(996,825)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	28	<b>2,699,467</b>	552,702
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	14(a)	(67,870)	(415,530)
Purchase of intangibles	16	(418,500)	-
Proceeds from sale of non current assets		6,800	93,759
Purchase of term deposit		(3,900,000)	-
Repayment received on investment loan		34,468	-
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(4,345,102)</b>	(321,771)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Proceeds from issue of units		28,794	37,890
Refund of costs in relation to unit issues		-	22,519
Proceeds from borrowings		-	315,901
Repayment of borrowings		(383,952)	(119,629)
<b>Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities</b>		<b>(355,158)</b>	256,681
Net increase (decreases) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,000,793)	487,612
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,667,196	2,179,584
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	8(a)	<b>666,403</b>	2,667,196

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with:

1. The Trust's constitution and the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.
2. Australian Accounting Standards, interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The Trust is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report covers RFM Australian Wine Fund ("AWF" or the "Trust") as an individual parent entity and AWF and its controlled entity as an economic entity. AWF is a trust, established and domiciled in Australia.

The financial report of AWF for the year ended 30 June 2013 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity on 30 September 2013.

AWF is a registered Australian managed investment trust, and was constituted in 2002. Rural Funds Management Ltd ("RFM"), the Responsible Entity of the Trust is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is Level 2, 2 King Street, Deakin, ACT 2600.

The nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group are described in the Directors of the Responsible Entity's Report.

#### (b) Statement of compliance

The financial report of AWF complies with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### (c) Reporting basis and conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets, biological assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

#### (d) Basis of consolidation

##### (i) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by RFM Australian Wine Fund at the end of the reporting period. A controlled entity is any entity over which RFM Australian Wine Fund has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Control will generally exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, more than half of the voting power of an entity. In assessing the power to govern, the existence and effect of holdings of actual and potential voting rights are also considered.

##### (ii) Controlled entities

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, the financial performance of those entities is included only for the period that they were controlled. A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 29 to the financial statements.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (d) Basis of consolidation (continued)

##### (iii) Entities entering/leaving group

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of all controlled entities have been incorporated into the consolidated financial statements as well as their results for the year then ended. Where controlled entities have entered (left) the Group during the year, their operating results have been included (excluded) from the date control was obtained (ceased).

##### (iv) Inter-company balances

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the Group have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries conform to those used by the Trust for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (f) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are recognised and carried at original amount, less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of an amount is no longer probable. Financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments or debts more than 180 days are considered objective evidence of impairment.

Amounts are generally received over a period of 6 months in accordance with grape sale contracts.

#### (g) Inventories

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The Group's inventory is constantly monitored for obsolescence.



# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (h) Biological assets

Grape vines are measured at their fair value. The fair value of vineyards, including land, grapevines, and other vineyard infrastructure, is determined by an independent valuer, using the present value of expected net cash flows from the vineyards, discounted using a pre-tax market determined rate. The fair value of land and other vineyard infrastructure is deducted from the fair value of vineyards, to determine the fair value of grape vines.

Changes in fair value of grape vines are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the year they arise.

Key assumptions have been outlined in Note 2.

#### (i) Investments in available for sale securities

Available-for-sale investments are those non-derivative financial assets, principally equity securities that are designated as available-for-sale. After initial recognition available-for-sale securities are measured at fair value with gains or losses being recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognised or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The fair values of investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets are determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date. For investments with no active market, fair values are determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include: using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making as much use of available and supportable market data as possible and keeping judgmental inputs to a minimum.

#### (j) Investment property

Investment property comprises land, building and integral infrastructure including irrigation and trellising. Investment property has been transferred from property, plant and equipment as a result of the change in use on commencement of the leases to TWE. All investment property is carried at fair value, based on valuations from independent qualified valuers experienced in valuing vineyards.

#### (k) Property, plant and equipment

##### (i) General information

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

##### (ii) Property

Freehold land is shown at its fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings and improvements.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (k) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

##### (ii) Property (continued)

Revaluations of land and buildings:

Any revaluation increment is credited to the asset revaluation reserve included in equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrement for the same asset previously recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, in which case the increment is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Any revaluation decrement is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it offsets a previous revaluation increment for the same asset, in which case the decrement is debited directly to the asset revaluation reserve to the extent of the credit balance existing in the revaluation reserve for that asset.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the assets.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Upon disposal or derecognition, any revaluation reserve relating to the particular asset being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

##### (iii) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

##### (iv) Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

##### (v) Depreciation rates

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

<b>Class of Fixed Asset</b>	<b>Depreciation Rate</b>
Buildings	2.5-5%
Plant and equipment	10-33%
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	10-20%
Trellising	2.5%
Irrigation system	5%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (l) Intangibles

Water licences are initially brought to account at cost. The assets are considered to have an infinite life and so no amortisation is applied. Where an active market can be established for the water licences they will be revalued or reviewed for impairment at the end of each financial year. The useful life of the water licences is reviewed each reporting period to determine whether infinite life assessments continue to be applicable. In recent periods the market for water licences has become less active and as a result industry practice is increasingly to adopt the cost or impairment model of the accounting standard. Consequently, therefore the accounting policy adopts the cost or impairment approach to separable and tradeable water rights.

#### (m) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of comprehensive income except where it reverses a previous revaluation increment that has been applied to the asset revaluation reserve.

#### (n) Financial instruments

##### (i) Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

##### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

##### (iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

##### (iv) Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

#### (o) Derivative financial instruments

The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated by reference to current interest rates and is based on bank valuations.

Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held for trading, with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value taken directly to net profit or loss for the year.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (p) Derecognition of financial instruments

The derecognition of a financial instrument takes place when the Group no longer controls the contractual rights that comprise the financial instrument, which is normally the case when the instrument is sold, or the cash flows attributable to the instrument are passed through to an independent third party.

#### (q) Trade and other payables

Liabilities for creditors are carried at amortised cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

Payables include outstanding settlements on distributions payable, the carrying period is dictated by market conditions and is generally less than 60 days.

#### (r) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

#### (s) Unitholders' funds

Under *AASB132:Financial instruments: Disclosure and Presentation*, unitholders' funds must be regarded as liabilities where a Trust's constitution contains a perpetuity clause requiring the trust to be terminated at a particular date.

#### (t) Terms and conditions on units

Each unit issued confers upon the unitholder an equal interest in the Trust, and is of equal value. A unit does not confer any interest in any particular asset or investment of the Trust. Unitholders have various rights under the Constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, including the right to:

- have their units redeemed;
- receive income distributions;
- attend and vote at meetings of unitholders; and
- participate in the termination and winding up of the Trust.

The rights, obligations and restrictions attached to each unit are identical in all respects.

#### (u) Revenue

Revenue from the leasing of property, plant and equipment and biological assets is recognised on an accruals basis in accordance with lease agreements.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers when risk and reward of ownership transfers.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (u) Revenue (continued)

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

#### (v) Finance costs

Finance costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other finance costs are recognised in income in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (w) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the consolidated statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

#### (x) Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the adjusted profit for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the Statement of comprehensive income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on management judgement, the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the consolidated group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

AWF and AIT have formed a tax consolidated Group. AWF is the head entity and recognises, in addition to its transactions, the deferred tax assets and liabilities of all entities in the Group in the first instance. Under the Tax Sharing Deed each entity recognises their own current tax expense and deferred tax amounts on the basis that they were stand alone entities.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (y) Distributions

In accordance with the Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity of the Trust has the discretion to distribute both income and capital.

#### (z) New accounting standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Group has decided against early adoption of these standards. The following table summarises those future requirements, and their impact on the Group:

Standard Name	Effective date for entity	Requirements	Impact
AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement.  AASB 2011-8 - Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 [AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 2010-7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132]	30 June 2014	AASB 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across Accounting Standards but does not change when fair value is required or permitted.  There are a number of additional disclosure requirements.	Fair value estimates currently made by the entity will be revised and potential changes to reported values may be required.  The entity has not yet determined the magnitude of any changes which may be needed.  Some additional disclosures will be needed.
AASB 2011 – 4 - Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards to Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements [AASB 124]	30 June 2014	Remove individual key management personnel disclosure requirements (i.e. components of remuneration) for disclosing entities.	The entity is not a disclosing entity and therefore this will have no impact. OR Since the entity is a disclosing entity, the KMP remuneration note in the financial statements will not include individual components of remuneration.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 2 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements and estimates on historical experience and on other various factors it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details for the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

#### Valuations

Valuations of the vineyard properties have been provided by an independent valuer, Gaetjens Pickett Valuers. The valuation is provided on a "value-in-use" assumption as compared to sales of similar assets in the market. A discounted cash flow of the future economic benefits generated by each property is calculated in order to verify the valuation. The valuer then uses judgement to allocate the value over land, water assets and the vineyard including the vines and the infrastructure.

A judgement is made on how to allocate vineyard revaluation increments or decrements to either the biological assets or property plant and equipment. Information is provided by external valuation regarding the vineyard value per hectare which covers the vines and vineyard infrastructure. It is assumed that the value of the vineyard infrastructure, being the trellis, irrigation, shedding and other plant and equipment is at written down value. Therefore the remainder of the vineyard value per hectare is applied to the biological asset.

#### Valuation of Barossa infrastructure Limited (BIL) shares

The shares in BIL have been valued using the number of mega litres of water that the Group is entitled to under the BIL scheme as supported by an external valuation on an in use basis, as noted above. This basis has been used due to a lack of evidence of trading in BIL shares.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Debts

A provision has been made against an outstanding receivable as at 30 June 2013, all of which relates to 2012 harvest revenue. An amount of \$361,308 has been classified as doubtful and an allowance for that amount made against trade debtors accordingly.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 3 Revenue

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Sale of grapes	422,786	7,499,115
Wine sales	142,332	-
Lease income	2,781,000	-
Rental revenue	2,400	-
Interest received	138,849	33,838
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,487,367</b>	<b>7,532,953</b>

### 4 Other income

Reimbursement of expenses	2,810,863	-
Other income	42,181	2,362
Profit/(loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment	202,905	93,759
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,055,949</b>	<b>96,121</b>

### 5 Profit from ordinary activities

#### Expenses

##### Finance Costs:

External	1,055,070	954,915
Movement in value of interest rate swap derivative	223,051	228,564
<b>Total finance costs</b>	<b>1,278,121</b>	<b>1,183,479</b>

##### Depreciation and impairments:

Depreciation - property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	281,468	459,364
Impairment - property, plant and equipment	23,138	5,112
Impairment - intangibles	-	84
Doubtful debt expense	98,356	122,756
<b>Total depreciation and impairments</b>	<b>402,962</b>	<b>587,316</b>

### 6 Auditor's remuneration

- Auditing or reviewing the financial report	59,298	78,047
- Taxation and other services	6,743	21,594
<b>Total</b>	<b>66,041</b>	<b>99,641</b>



# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 7 Income tax expense

(a) The major components of tax expense comprise:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current tax	271,483	317,315
Originating and reversing temporary differences	538,443	559,027
Adjustments to tax bases in respect to tax consolidation	(1,720,463)	-
Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets to reduce current tax expense	(271,483)	(317,315)
Adjustments in respect of deferred income tax of previous years	3,075	67,177
Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets now recognised	(848,915)	(635,396)
<b>Income tax benefit reported in the income statement</b>	<b>(2,027,860)</b>	<b>(9,192)</b>

(b) Amounts charged or credited directly to equity

Revaluations	(42,658)	2,437
Equity raising costs	-	6,755
<b>Total</b>	<b>(42,658)</b>	<b>9,192</b>

(c) Numerical reconciliation between aggregate tax expense recognised in the income statement and tax expense calculated per the statutory income tax rate

A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit before income tax multiplied by the trusts applicable income tax rate is as follows:

Accounting profit / (loss) before tax	2,732,453	3,142,364
At the statutory income tax rate of 30% (2012: 30%)	819,736	942,709
Impairment of assets tax effected at 15%	-	(66,367)
Adjustments in respect of income tax of previous years	3,075	67,177
Imputation credits received	(9,810)	-
Adjustment to tax bases in respect to consolidation	(1,720,463)	-
Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets now recognised	(1,120,398)	(952,711)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(2,027,860)</b>	<b>(9,192)</b>

(d) Franking credits

There are no franking credits accumulated available for future distributions.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 8 Cash and cash equivalents

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Cash at bank	<b>666,403</b>	2,667,196
	<b>666,403</b>	2,667,196

#### (a) Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	<b>666,403</b>	2,667,196
	<b>666,403</b>	2,667,196

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

ARSN 099 573 485

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 9 Financial assets/liabilities

#### (a) Held for trading derivative financial liabilities

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>NON-CURRENT</b>		
Derivative financial liabilities	348,041	124,992
	<b>348,041</b>	<b>124,992</b>

Gains and losses arising from changes in net fair value of interest rate swaps are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Terms and conditions are detailed at Note 21.

#### (b) Available for sale financial assets

##### NON-CURRENT

Unlisted shares in Barossa Infrastructure Ltd - at fair value	1,689,768	1,689,768
	<b>1,689,768</b>	<b>1,689,768</b>

The shares in Barossa Infrastructure Limited have been derived from the valuation provided by Gaetjens Pickett Valuers at 30 June 2013. The valuation is provided on a "value-in-use" assumption as compared to sales of similar assets in the market. A discounted cash flow of the future economic benefits generated by each property is calculated in order to verify the valuation. The valuer then uses judgement to allocate the value over land, water assets and the vineyard including the vines and the infrastructure. The value of water assets for the Geier and Hahn properties is assigned to the value of the Barossa Infrastructure Limited shares that provide the right to high-security water.

#### (c) Other financial assets

##### Other financial assets designated at fair value

##### CURRENT

Term deposit	3,900,000	-
Loan to Murdock Viticulture	157,204	-
	<b>4,057,204</b>	<b>-</b>

##### NON CURRENT

Loan to Murdock Viticulture	735,427	-
	<b>735,427</b>	<b>-</b>

Interest on the loan to Murdock Viticulture is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. The loan accrues interest daily at 12% per annum and is repayable in monthly instalments over 5 years ending in April 2018.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 10 Trade and other receivables

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>CURRENT</b>		
Trade debtors	1,313,043	3,193,352
Provision for impairment	(361,308)	(262,952)
	<b>951,735</b>	2,930,400
Other receivables	168,107	17,658
	<b>1,119,842</b>	2,948,058

Trade debtors are non-interest bearing and reflect the outstanding balance of the harvest grape proceeds as per the various grape sales contracts with wineries. The majority of contracts require payments in three equal instalments of which the last payment is due at the end of September in each year.

A provision for impairment of receivables of \$361,308 has been made at 30 June 2013. The amount is in regard to the 2012 harvest and is currently in dispute. It is too early in proceedings to predict the final outcome of the matter.

### 11 Inventories

#### CURRENT

##### At Cost

Bulk wine on hand	33,814	-
Chemical stock on hand	-	45,434
Grapes on hand retained for winemaking	-	112,320
	<b>33,814</b>	157,754

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 12 Biological assets

	Vines Kleinig	Vines Rosebank	Vines Dohnt	Grapes on vine	Vines Adelaide Hills	Vines Geier	Vines Hahn	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Cost</b>								
Opening balance 1 July 2012	4,887,359	538,602	493,503	405,083	1,553,171	4,321,753	825,277	13,024,748
Additions/purchases	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,877	13,877
Revaluation/(devaluation)	1,794,545	27,000	(49,007)	-	(99,984)	948,360	15,924	2,636,838
<b>Movements in vines</b>								
Decreases due to sales	-	-	-	(405,083)	-	-	-	(405,083)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2013</b>	<b>6,681,904</b>	<b>565,602</b>	<b>444,496</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,453,187</b>	<b>5,270,113</b>	<b>855,078</b>	<b>15,270,380</b>
Opening balance 1 July 2011	3,239,325	381,174	566,226	416,042	1,252,066	4,204,268	808,192	10,867,293
Additions/purchases	-	-	-	405,083	-	-	-	405,083
Revaluation/(devaluation)	1,648,034	157,428	(72,723)	-	301,105	117,485	17,085	2,168,414
<b>Movements in vines</b>								
Increase/(Decrease) due to biological transformation	-	-	-	(112,320)	-	-	-	(112,320)
Decreases due to sales	-	-	-	(303,722)	-	-	-	(303,722)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2012</b>	<b>4,887,359</b>	<b>538,602</b>	<b>493,503</b>	<b>405,083</b>	<b>1,553,171</b>	<b>4,321,753</b>	<b>825,277</b>	<b>13,024,748</b>

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 12 Biological assets (continued)

#### Analysis of biological assets

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current	-	405,083
Non-current	15,270,380	12,619,665
	<b>15,270,380</b>	<b>13,024,748</b>

Biological assets consist of grape vines located in South Australia and Victoria with an average remaining life in excess of 15 years (2012: >15 years). The group grows vines for the purpose of leasing them to wineries. On 15 February 2013 AWF entered into a 10 year lease agreement with Treasury Wine Estates (TWE) for all of its assets with an effective start date of 1 July 2012, except Hahn which is a 9 year lease commencing on 1 July 2013. Under the terms of the lease TWE will pay a 9% lease rental quarterly in arrears on an agreed capital value of \$33.3 million in the first year. Indexation will be taken into consideration thereafter as agreed.

Under the lease AWF no longer incurs production costs. The Group will invest in capital expenditure as required which will be charged back to TWE as capital improvement rent until the next rent review.

At 30 June 2013, the Group owned vines on 667.78 hectares of land (2012: 667.78 hectares).

### 13 Other assets

#### CURRENT

Prepayments	48,031	242,437
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>48,031</b>	<b>242,437</b>

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 14 Property plant and equipment

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>LAND, BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS</b>		
<b>Freehold land at independent valuation</b>		
Kleinig	-	3,865,828
Rosebank	-	1,050,241
Dohnt	-	430,228
Adelaide Hills	-	1,479,568
Geier	-	4,506,865
Hahn	-	917,830
Buildings	-	469,797
<b>Total land and buildings</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,720,357</b>
At cost	-	1,229,210
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(415,030)
<b>Total improvements</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>814,180</b>
<b>Total land, buildings and improvements</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>13,534,537</b>
<b>PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
<b>Trellis, irrigation system and shedding</b>		
At cost	-	8,519,928
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(3,145,427)
<b>Total trellis, irrigation system and shedding</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,374,501</b>
<b>Plant and equipment</b>		
At cost	-	1,233,747
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(699,973)
<b>Total plant and equipment</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>533,774</b>
<b>Motor vehicles</b>		
At cost	-	376,733
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(155,390)
<b>Total motor vehicles</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>221,343</b>
<b>Total property, plant and equipment</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,664,155</b>

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 14 Property plant and equipment (continued)

#### (a) Movements in carrying amounts

	Land and buildings	Improvements and infrastructure	Trellis, irrigation & shedding	Plant and equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Current Year</b>						
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 12,720,357	\$ 814,180	\$ 5,374,501	\$ 533,774	\$ 221,343	19,664,155
Disposals	-	-	-	(545,815)	(199,057)	(744,872)
Additions	-	-	-	67,870	-	67,870
Devaluation adjustments in equity	(143,707)	982	-	-	-	(142,725)
Devaluation adjustments in income	(15,782)	(7,354)	-	-	-	(23,136)
Depreciation	(13,584)	(23,303)	(166,466)	(55,829)	(22,286)	(281,468)
Transfer out to investment property	(12,547,284)	(784,505)	(5,208,035)	-	-	(18,539,824)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2013</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Prior Year</b>						
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 13,214,116	\$ 860,112	\$ 5,704,594	\$ 290,862	\$ 126,092	20,195,776
Additions	-	-	-	291,973	123,557	415,530
Devaluation adjustments in equity	(482,675)	-	-	-	-	(482,675)
Devaluation adjustments in income	(5,112)	-	-	-	-	(5,112)
Depreciation	(5,972)	(45,932)	(330,093)	(49,061)	(28,306)	(459,364)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2012</b>	<b>\$ 12,720,357</b>	<b>\$ 814,180</b>	<b>\$ 5,374,501</b>	<b>\$ 533,774</b>	<b>\$ 221,343</b>	<b>19,664,155</b>



# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 15 Investment Property

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>LAND, BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENTS</b>		
<b>Freehold land at independent valuation</b>		
Kleinig	3,720,716	-
Rosebank	1,050,221	-
Dohnt	430,228	-
Adelaide Hills	1,546,695	-
Geier	4,427,580	-
Hahn	902,047	-
Buildings	469,797	-
<b>Total land and buildings</b>	<b>12,547,284</b>	<b>-</b>
At fair value	784,504	-
<b>Total land, buildings and improvements</b>	<b>13,331,788</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Trellis, irrigation system and shedding</b>		
At fair value	5,208,036	-
<b>Total investment property</b>	<b>18,539,824</b>	<b>-</b>

Investment property includes land, buildings and integrated infrastructure in South Australia and Victoria. The Group changed the use of these assets during 2013 to leasing to wineries. On 15 February 2013 AWF entered into a 10 year lease agreement with Treasury Wine Estates (TWE) for all of its assets with an effective start date of 1 July 2012, except Hahn which is a 9 year lease commencing on 1 July 2013. Under the terms of the lease TWE will pay a 9% lease rental quarterly in arrears on an agreed capital value of \$33.3 million in the first year. Indexation will be taken into consideration thereafter as agreed.

Investment property has been valued at fair value based on values determined by Gaetjens Picketts Valuers in June 2013 on an encumbered basis. For the basis and assumptions of the valuation refer to Biological Assets Note 12. The carrying value of land if it had been carried under the cost model would be \$11,456,670.

### 16 Intangible assets

Water licences - at lower of cost and valuation	500,029	81,529
<b>Total</b>	<b>500,029</b>	<b>81,529</b>

The intangible asset includes: a 130ML water licence with Grampians Wimmera Mallee Water Authority which is currently utilised for irrigating the Rosebank vineyard at Grampians, Victoria; and a 270ML water licence purchased with South Australian Water Authority for irrigating the Kleinig vineyard at Barossa Valley, SA as a part of the TWE lease, effective from 1 July 2012.

An external valuation was obtained from Gaetjens Picketts Valuer in June 2013 on an encumbered basis which supported maintaining the asset at cost.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 17 Trade and other payables

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>CURRENT</b>		
Unsecured liabilities		
Trade payables	4,246	165,410
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	82,747	102,246
	<b>86,993</b>	<b>267,656</b>

Trade payables are payable on 30-90 days terms and are not interest bearing.

### 18 Interest bearing liabilities

#### CURRENT

##### Secured liabilities

Equipment finance loans	-	142,063
Bills of exchange	-	700,000
	-	842,063

#### NON-CURRENT

##### Secured liabilities

Equipment finance loans	-	241,889
Bank loans	14,000,000	13,300,000
	<b>14,000,000</b>	<b>13,541,889</b>

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 18 Interest bearing liabilities (continued)

#### (a) Total current and non-current secured liabilities

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Equipment finance loans	-	383,952
Bills of Exchange	<b>14,000,000</b>	14,000,000
	<b>14,000,000</b>	14,383,952

The bills of exchange are secured by:

- A fixed and floating charge over the assets and undertakings of Rural Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity for AWF;
- Guarantee and Indemnity from Rural Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity for the AIT, supported by:
  - A fixed and floating charge over the assets and undertakings of Rural Funds Management Limited as Responsible Entity for AIT;
- Guarantee and Indemnity from Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for the AWF, supported by:
  - A registered first mortgage from Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for the AWF over Kleinig, Rosebank and Dohnt vineyards; and
  - A fixed and floating charge over the assets and undertakings of Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for AWF;
- Guarantee and Indemnity from Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for the AIT, supported by:
  - A registered first mortgage from Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for the AIT over Geier, Hahn, Mundy and Murphy vineyards; and
  - A fixed and floating charge over the assets and undertakings of Australian Executor Trustees Limited as Custodian for AIT;
- A registered charge over any water right, licence, allocation or entitlement situation on or benefiting the vineyards held as security.

The bills of exchange are accepted and discounted at the National Australia Bank's floating rate plus a facility fee of 2%.

The covenants within the bank borrowings require the maintaining of a maximum gearing ratio of 45% up to 30 June 2013 and thereafter to be 40%.

The loan facility expires on 31 May 2026.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 18 Interest bearing liabilities (continued)

(b) The carrying amounts of non-current assets pledged as security are:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Floating charge over assets including investments at market value	36,000,000	33,300,000
	<b>36,000,000</b>	<b>33,300,000</b>

### 19 Provisions

#### CURRENT

Employee entitlements	-	75,983
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<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>75,983</b>
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#### NON-CURRENT

Employee entitlements	-	15,895
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<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>15,895</b>
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### 20 Deferred tax

#### (a) Deferred tax liabilities

Biological assets	3,008,270	3,669,827
Fair-valued land and buildings (including depreciation)	274,961	479,224
Accelerated depreciation - property, plant and equipment	1,028,555	1,360,123
Investments	127,590	165,483

<b>Gross deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>4,439,376</b>	<b>5,674,657</b>
---------------------------------------	------------------	------------------

Set-off of deferred tax assets	(4,439,376)	(5,674,657)
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<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
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# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 20 Deferred tax (continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax assets

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Accruals	14,663	22,457
Provisions	-	27,563
Doubtful debts	108,392	78,885
Equity raising costs	26,971	41,132
Borrowing costs	5,348	7,131
Black hole expenses	36,281	-
Derivatives	104,412	37,497
Unused income tax losses	8,051,384	8,322,867
<b>Gross deferred tax assets</b>	<b>8,347,451</b>	<b>8,537,532</b>
Set-off of deferred tax liabilities	(4,439,376)	(5,674,657)
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	(1,837,396)	(2,862,875)
<b>Net deferred tax assets</b>	<b>2,070,679</b>	<b>-</b>

#### (c) Deferred tax assets not brought to account

The Group has Australian tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised on the statement of financial position of \$6,124,654 (2012: \$9,542,917) which are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable income and capital gains tax subject to continuing to meet relevant statutory tests.

These Trusts were formerly considered to be non-fixed Trusts and are able to satisfy the non fixed trust loss requirements. On 1 July 2012 the Trusts formed a tax consolidated group and are taxed as a company from this date. In future, losses will be recouped in accordance with company loss rules under the tax consolidated regime. An assessment of the expected recoupment of losses in the Group has been made. Based on this assessment an amount of \$6,124,654 (2012:\$9,542,917) losses has not been brought to account but is available for offset against future taxable income and capital gains subject to continuing to meet relevant statutory tests.

All income tax liabilities will be borne by AWF in the first instance. However, in accordance with the Tax Sharing Deed signed by AWF and AIT, AIT will bear the amount that would be payable if the Trust's were taxed on a stand alone basis.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 21 Financial instruments

#### Financial risk management policies

Risks arising from holding financial instruments are inherent in the Group's activities, and are managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Financial instruments of the Group comprise derivatives, cash and cash equivalents, interest bearing liabilities and other financial instruments such as trade debtors and creditors, which arise directly from its operations.

The Responsible Entity is responsible for identifying and controlling the risks that arise from these financial instruments.

The risks are measured using a method that reflects the expected impact on the results and net assets attributable to unitholders of the Group from reasonably possible changes in the relevant risk variables. Information about these risk exposures at the reporting date, measured on this basis, is disclosed below.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Group uses derivatives by way of interest rate swaps to manage exposures resulting from changes in interest rates.

Concentrations of risk arise where a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

In order to avoid excessive concentration of risk, the Group monitors its exposure to ensure concentrations of risk remain within acceptable levels and either reduces exposure or uses derivative instruments to manage the excessive risk concentrations when they arise.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is managed by ensuring that the Group has a combination of fixed and floating rate debt, along with the use of interest rate swap contracts. AWF does not speculate in the trading of derivative instruments. The Responsible Entity is responsible for determining the appropriate exposure to variable interest rate risk to further reduce the risk associated with variable interest rates. At 30 June 2013, no loans included in the Group's debt are fixed, excluding the impact of interest rate swap contracts. If interest rate swaps are taken into consideration then 86% of the Group's debt would be considered fixed.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 21 Financial instruments (continued)

At balance date the Group had the following mix of financial assets and liabilities exposed to cash flow risk on variable interest rates:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash	666,403	2,667,196
Term deposits	4,057,204	-
Bills of exchange	(14,000,000)	(14,000,000)
	<b>(9,276,393)</b>	<b>(11,332,804)</b>

#### (b) Liquidity risk and capital management

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate unutilised borrowing facilities are maintained. The Group had a bank loan covenant of a loan-to-valuation ratio which was not to exceed 45% of the fair market value of the owned properties. The loan covenants as detailed in Note 18(a) require the gearing ratio to be reduced to 40% by 30 June 2013. As at 30 June 2013, the gearing ratio was 38.9%.

The Responsible Entity of the Trust defines capital as unitholders' funds plus net assets attributable to unitholders. The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the activities of the Group as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to reduce the cost of capital.

Under the terms of its Constitution, the Trust has the ability to manage liquidity risk by delaying redemptions to unitholders, if necessary, and reducing distributions until the funds are available to pay them.

#### (c) Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

In respect of the parent entity, credit risk also incorporates the exposure of the Group to the liabilities of all members of the closed group under the deed of cross guarantee.

Credit risk is managed on a group basis and reviewed regularly by the finance committee. It arises from exposures to customers as well as through certain derivative financial instruments and deposits with financial institutions.

As disclosed in Note 27, the Trust has significant customers and has credit risk to these customers at year end. While the Group has no historic experience of significant losses associated with these customers, one customer is noted as being regularly outside its trading terms. Along with consideration of other amounts outstanding outside trading terms a provision of \$361,308 has been made.

#### (d) Sensitivity analysis

The Group has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 21 Financial instruments (continued)

#### (e) Interest rate swaps held for trading

Interest rate swap transactions are entered into by the consolidated Group to exchange variable and fixed interest payment obligations to protect long-term borrowings from the risk of increasing interest rates. The Group has both variable and fixed interest rate debt and enters into swap contracts to receive interest at the variable rate and pay interest at fixed rates.

The notional principal amounts of the swap contracts approximates 86% of the consolidated Group's borrowing facility. The settlement dates of the swap contracts correspond with the interest payment dates of the borrowings. The swap contracts require settlement of the net interest receivable or payable and are brought to account as an adjustment to finance costs.

At balance date, the details of the interest rate swap contracts are:

	Effective Average Interest Rate Payable		Notional Principal	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	%	%	\$	\$
Settlement				
Less than 1 year	4.56	-	6,000,000	-
2 to 5 years	4.55	4.56	6,000,000	12,000,000
			<b>12,000,000</b>	<b>12,000,000</b>

The net loss recognised on the swap derivative instruments for the year ended 30 June 2013 was \$230,050 (2012: \$228,534).



# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 21 Financial instruments (continued)

#### (f) Sensitivity analysis - interest rate risk

At 30 June 2013, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate on borrowings net of the effect of interest rate swaps, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
<b>Change in profit</b>		
- Increase in interest rate by 1%	25,664	6,672
- Decrease in interest rate by 1%	(25,664)	(6,672)
<b>Change in equity</b>		
- Increase in interest rate by 1%	25,664	6,672
- Decrease in interest rate by 1%	(25,664)	(6,672)

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 21 Financial instruments (continued)

#### (g) Maturity analysis

Maturity analysis of financial liabilities based on contractual maturity. The table below reflects all contractually fixed pay-offs, repayments and interest resulting from recognised financial liabilities as of 30 June 2013.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, except for IR Swaps where the cash flows have been estimated using interest rates applicable at the reporting date.

In regard to the redemption of net assets attributable to unitholders the terms of the Constitution require a redemption offer to be made on a periodic basis and at an amount set at the discretion of the Responsible Entity. Any redemption offer has to be made in accordance with the Corporations Law. A Member can only withdraw when there is a current redemption offer open for acceptance.

	Less than 6 months		6 months to 1 year		1-2 years		3-5 years		over 5 years		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	666,403	2,667,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	666,403	2,667,196
Term deposits	3,900,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,900,000	-
Investment loans	71,514	-	76,767	-	167,086	-	577,264	-	-	-	892,631	-
Trade and other receivables	1,119,842	2,948,058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,119,842	2,948,058
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>5,757,759</b>	<b>5,615,254</b>	<b>76,767</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>167,086</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>577,264</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,578,876</b>	<b>5,615,254</b>
Financial liabilities:												
Bills of exchange	427,000	330,400	427,000	330,400	1,708,000	1,321,600	1,708,000	1,321,600	20,832,000	19,286,400	25,102,000	22,590,400
Trade and other payables	86,993	267,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86,993	267,657
Asset purchase liabilities	-	71,032	-	71,032	-	193,889	-	48,000	-	-	-	383,953
Interest rate swaps	-	-	38,931	-	-	124,992	278,951	-	-	-	317,882	124,992
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>513,993</b>	<b>669,089</b>	<b>465,931</b>	<b>401,432</b>	<b>1,708,000</b>	<b>1,640,481</b>	<b>1,986,951</b>	<b>1,369,600</b>	<b>20,832,000</b>	<b>19,286,400</b>	<b>25,506,875</b>	<b>23,367,002</b>

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 22 Issued units

	2013	2012
	No.	No.
Units on issue at the beginning of the financial year	70,572,756	70,483,642
Units issued during the financial year	75,145	89,114
<b>Units on issue at the end of the financial year</b>	<b>70,647,901</b>	<b>70,572,756</b>

The terms and conditions attached to units in the Trust can be found in Note 1(t).

At balance sheet date, the unit redemption price was \$0.4224 (2012: \$0.3184) representing \$29,841,673 (2012: \$22,470,366).

### 23 Asset revaluation reserve

	2013	2012
Note	\$	\$
Opening balance	1,150,583	1,412,192
<b>Current year revaluations/(devaluations)</b>		
Devaluations in property, plant and equipment	14 (142,725)	(482,675)
Increment in investments	-	223,503
<b>Total current year revaluations/(devaluations)</b>	<b>(142,725)</b>	<b>(259,172)</b>
Income tax applicable	7(b) 42,818	(2,437)
	<b>(99,907)</b>	<b>(261,609)</b>
<b>Asset revaluation reserve</b>	<b>1,050,676</b>	<b>1,150,583</b>

### 24 Key management personnel compensation

#### (a) Details of key management personnel - directors

The Directors of RFM are considered to be Key Management Personnel of the Trust. The Directors of the Responsible Entity in office during the year and up to the date of the report are:

David Bryant

Guy Paynter

Michael Carroll

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 24 Key management personnel compensation (continued)

#### (b) Other key management personnel

In addition to the Directors noted above, RFM, the Responsible Entity of the Trust is considered to be Key Management Personnel with the authority for the strategic direction and management of the Trust.

The constitution of AWF is a legally binding document between the unit holders of the Trust and RFM as Responsible Entity. Under the constitution, RFM is entitled to the following remuneration:

Application Fee – 3% of the value of each application for units in the Trust.

Management Fee – 0.8% per annum of the value of group assets. Net monthly value is defined as gross assets less any investments in RFM managed entities. Up to one third of this fee is paid to licensed security dealers as a service fee. This service fee is up to 0.75% of the issued value of subscribed units.

Asset Management Fee - 5% of annual operating expenses of the farming property calculated on a monthly basis applicable.

Performance Bonus – 11% of the amount by which return on equity in a year exceeds an amount equal to 10% per annum of the total application price of units on issue. In 2013 the net profit before tax of the Group exceeded 10% of the opening application price. On this basis RFM was entitled to charge the Group a performance fee. However, as the performance excess arose due to asset revaluations, reinstating previous market devaluations, RFM will not be charging any performance fees for 2013.

Expenses – all expenses incurred by the RFM in relation to the proper performance of its duties in respect of the Group are payable or reimbursable out of the Group assets to the extent that such reimbursement is not prohibited by Corporations Law.

RFM may retire as the Responsible Entity of the Trust as permitted by law. However, RFM must retire as the Responsible Entity of the trust when required by law. When retired or removed, RFM will be released from all obligations and remuneration in relation to the Group arising after the time of retirement or being removed.

#### (c) Compensation of key management personnel

No amount is paid by the Group directly to the Directors of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" is paid by the Group to the Directors as Key Management Personnel.

Fees paid to RFM, the Responsible Entity, are disclosed in Note 25.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 25 Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Responsible Entity (Rural Funds Management Limited)

Transactions between the Trust and the Responsible Entity and any associates of the Responsible Entity:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Interest income from Murdock Viticulture	27,399	-
<b>Total income from related entities</b>	<b>27,399</b>	<b>-</b>
Management fee	334,725	287,363
Asset management fee	140,310	191,345
<b>Total management fees - RFM</b>	<b>475,035</b>	<b>478,708</b>
Expenses reimbursed to RFM	1,042,953	732,732
<b>Total payments to related parties</b>	<b>1,545,387</b>	<b>1,211,440</b>
<b>Investment loan</b>		
Murdock Viticulture	892,631	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>892,631</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Creditors</b>		
RFM	-	30,384
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30,384</b>

Murdock Viticulture is a vineyard manager 28% owned by RFM.

#### (b) Custodian fees

The custodian fee is a fixed annual fee paid to the custodian Australian Executor Trustees Limited.

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
AETL	38,950	32,954

#### (c) Entities with influence over the trust

	Units Held	%
RFM	1,482,943	2.10

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 26 Likely developments and expected results

In October 2013, it is expected that an Explanatory Memorandum and vote documentation will be sent out to the unitholders for a proposal to merge AWF with RFM Chicken Income Fund and RFM RiverBank. Under the proposal the new combined entity is expected to be listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The restructure is expected to enable unitholders to unlock value in their investment by providing liquidity and the ability to exit their investment at a time they choose. It is also expected to lower the risk profile of the investment, increase diversification, and provide the merged fund greater access to capital markets. The unitholders vote is currently anticipated to be held in November 2013.

The Trust is expected to continue leasing activities and reduce debt levels.

### 27 Economic dependence

AWF has entered into a leasing agreement with Treasury Wine Estates for all its vineyards from July 2012 except for Hahn vineyard, which commences from July 2013. 100% of the Group's lease revenue comes from contracts with Treasury Wine Estates. Therefore the Group may be economically dependent on Treasury Wine Estates, depending on market circumstances.

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 28 Cash flow information

#### Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit/(loss) after Income Tax

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) for the year	4,760,313	3,151,556
<b>Non-cash flows in profit</b>		
Depreciation	281,467	459,364
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(202,905)	(93,759)
Increment in biological assets	(2,636,838)	(2,168,414)
Asset impairment	23,138	5,196
Unrealised loss on interest rate swaps	223,050	228,564
Debtor impairment	98,356	59,627
Income tax benefit offset by corresponding deferred tax liability in asset revaluation reserve	-	(9,192)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and term receivables	1,729,860	(723,819)
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	194,406	(25,219)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	123,940	(98,265)
(Increase)/decrease in short term biological assets	405,083	10,959
(Increase)/decrease in trade payables and accruals	(180,663)	(236,437)
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax asset	(2,027,861)	-
(Increase)/decrease in provisions	(91,879)	(7,459)
<b>Net cashflow provided from operating activities</b>	<b>2,699,467</b>	<b>552,702</b>

The Group has a bill facility amounting to \$14,000,000 (2012: \$14,000,000). At 30 June 2013 \$14,000,000 of the bill facility was used (2012: \$14,000,000).

The facility expires on 31 May 2026.

The Group has an asset purchase facility amounting to \$500,000 (2012: \$500,000). At 30 June 2013 the asset purchase facility was unused (2012: used \$383,952).

# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2013

### 29 Controlled entities

	Percentage Owned (%) 2013	Percentage Owned (%) 2012
<b>Subsidiaries of parent entity:</b>		
Agricultural Income Trust Fund 1	100	100

### 30 Parent entity

The following information has been extracted from the books and records of the parent entity and has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

	2013 \$	2012 \$
<b>Consolidated Statement of Financial Position</b>		
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets	5,356,486	11,342,720
Non-current assets	37,480,054	28,963,361
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>42,836,540</b>	<b>40,306,081</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current liabilities	100,523	1,183,752
Non-current liabilities	14,317,884	13,514,711
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>14,418,407</b>	<b>14,698,463</b>
<b>Equity</b>		
Issued units	31,421,156	31,392,364
Accumulated losses	(6,271,440)	(7,270,388)
Asset revaluation reserve	3,268,417	1,485,192
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders</b>	<b>28,418,133</b>	<b>25,607,168</b>
<b>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</b>		
Total profit for the year after income tax	998,948	2,849,359
Other comprehensive income after income tax	101,578	73,000
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>1,100,526</b>	<b>2,922,359</b>



# RFM Australian Wine Fund

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## Auditor's Independence Declaration

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2013 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Katherine M Kelly  
Director  
Boyce Assurance Services Pty Limited

Cooma

Dated: 30 September 2013

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Knowledge. Insight. Experience.

### Responsible Entity

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