

RANGE

Range Resources
Limited (ASX: RRS;
AIM: RRL) is an oil &
gas exploration and
production company,
with its core focus
on producing assets
onshore Trinidad.



Rory Scott Russell
Chief Executive Officer

It is clear that the year to 30 June 2014 has been particularly challenging for Range but I am firmly of the view that developments over the last six months have put us back on a solid footing.

Since I became Chief Executive, we have working tirelessly with the rest of the Board and senior management team to stabilise the situation we inherited and we can be pleased with what we have achieved so far.

Corporate

The Board and senior management restructure completed

with an experienced operational team now in place

Signing of the farm-in agreement

with Niko Resources on the Guayaguayare licences in Trinidad

Operational

Total gross oil production for the year in Trinidad

was 208,979 bbls (average of 573 barrels of oil per day)

Over 9% increase in 2P reserves

in Trinidad from 20.2MMbbo to 22.1MMbbo, as a result of the Company's ongoing development drilling programme and consequent update to development schemes in Trinidad

Financial

Completion of US\$12 million equity financing

and corporate debt repayment deal, with total debt reduced from US\$10.5 million to nil at year end

Highlights

during financial year and post year-end

St Mary's block in Trinidad awarded

as part of the Trinidad Onshore Bid Round 2013

Loan settlement agreement signed

with International Petroleum

Integrated Master Services Agreement signed

with oilfield services provider LandOcean

New Positive Fiscal Incentives

for oil development projects approved by Government of Trinidad

Refocus of Colombia strategy

to carried position on three exploration assets, and exit from high-commitment PUT-6 and PUT-7 blocks

In line with the Company's strategy of focusing on onshore assets,

the Company decided not to pursue any formal agreements relating to potential offshore blocks in Puntland

Completion of 7 development wells,

163 work-over wells and 339 well swabs in Trinidad

Planning advanced for the spud

of the first of two onshore exploration wells, in Trinidad which is expected to spud by Q1 2015

A production rig was successfully mobilised

to Beach Marcelle to reactivate wells as part of a multi-well programme.

Preparations are ongoing

for the waterflood programmes in Trinidad

Operations continued

without any significant Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE) incidents

Balance sheet values reassessed

based on revised corporate strategy. Non-cash, asset write-downs on various assets totalling US\$24.5 million. Georgia asset transferred to being held for sale (along with Texas asset) reflecting strategic decision to exit from these countries

Profitable performance

from core Trinidad business

US\$15 million loan facility finalised

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Over 9% increase in 2P reserves

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The Company aims to create sustainable shareholder value

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Governance



The Company is committed to operating in a socially responsible way with the highest standards of Business Ethics, Environmental Awareness and Health & Safety

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Despite significant overall loss recorded, Trinidad business was profitable

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Cornerstone equity investor secured

Chairman's Statement



The new strategy of production growth in Trinidad is crucial for the future

Dear Shareholder

This has been a transformational year for Range. The new strategy of production growth in Trinidad is crucial for the future as the Board and management team work to turn around the company into what it should be – a business with healthy cashflows, reserves and production, in a stable and supportive country, with exploration upside. Turning the business around is neither an easy nor a swift task. The important thing is to build the foundations thoroughly, as we are doing, and to maintain our focus.

Having overseen the Company through this transition period, I have decided to step down from the Board of the Company effective from the conclusion of the Company's next Annual General Meeting.

I am confident that I am stepping down with Range well-positioned for a period of strong growth and value creation. The restructured Board and management team have extensive knowledge and experience in both the oil and gas and financial sectors. This experience, along with their clearly defined strategy, will enable the Company to deliver efficiently on its goals.



Trinidad operations

Graham Lyon, who joined the Board in February 2014 as a Non-Executive Director, will assume the role of Non-Executive Chairman of the Board with effect from the conclusion of the AGM. Graham is an outstanding candidate for the role of Non-Executive Chairman and his extensive skills and experience make him the ideal person to lead the business through its next phase of evolution. I have no doubt that under his leadership the business will go from strength to strength, and we will be able to demonstrate that we have created a stable platform from which to support our growth aspirations and deliver shareholder value.

Range now has the opportunity to become a leading independent oil and gas exploration and production company through its extensive acreage in Trinidad. Trinidad is a particularly favourable country to operate in, and the recently

ratified fiscal incentives are expected to have a significant positive impact on our cashflows and returns.

I would like to take this opportunity to really thank all our shareholders for the continued support and patience during this transitional period. Your Board remains enthusiastic in the opportunities before us and confident in the Company's ability to bring those opportunities to fruition. With the significant progress made to date, I can now say with conviction that Range has been stabilised and the Company has the right team, strategy and assets to be able to deliver.

Sould

Sir Sam Jonah Non-Executive Chairman

The Company is on a much more solid footing

2014 has been particularly challenging for Range but developments over the last six months have put the Company on to a much more solid footing.

Chief Executive Officer's Statement



A Transformational Year

This is the first Annual Report that I have the honour of contributing to following my appointment as Chief Executive Officer on 3 February 2014.

I would like to take this opportunity to reflect on the progress made since I came on board and share my thoughts and observations as we look forward to the next twelve months and beyond.

Since becoming Chief Executive, we have been working tirelessly with the rest of the Board and new senior management team to stabilise the situation and while there is still work to be done, we can be pleased with what we have achieved so far.

The first step in rebuilding the Company was the appointment of a new management team and organisational restructure to ensure a fresh start, and to address the need for the right skills and expertise in the Company. New hires from Board level through to the technical and operational level means that Range now has the appropriate team in place to deliver our plans. I cannot overemphasise how important these changes are as we look to rapidly grow the Company and I am particularly excited that we have been able to attract these high quality individuals to Range - clear testimony to their belief in the Company's assets and shared desire to create material value for Shareholders.

The next significant milestone was securing US\$12 million in equity financing from a new investor, allowing us to refinance the complicated and expensive short-term debt from numerous providers. The investor, Abraham Ltd, subscribed to Range shares at a premium to the market

price at the time, demonstrating their confidence in the new team, as well as the underlying quality of assets and newly focused strategy at Range.

Further notable achievements centre on our core assets in Trinidad. We reported an increase of over 9% in 2P reserves as a result of our ongoing development drilling work, which more than replaces production since the last independent reserves report and again highlights the potential of our acreage. We also signed an Integrated Master Services Agreement with LandOcean, an extremely capable international oilfield services provider and I am delighted with the support they are providing to our technical teams both in Trinidad and London.

It is critical that Range operates our assets safely and responsibly and I would particularly like to highlight our Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE) performance in Trinidad. The new management team has implemented comprehensive new set of HSSE policies and monitoring procedures to significantly improve our performance. During the year, we have seen a substantial improvement in all key HSSE indicators including Lost Time Incident frequency and environmental incidents.

CEO visiting
Trinidad operations



N.

However, there is no denying that the production figures reported for the year are disappointing and below where we were hoping to be at the time of reporting these results. This was largely due to a historic lack of investment in drilling rigs which has prevented our drilling operations from running at full capacity. Although our fleet has benefited from some maintenance improvements, our rigs will require further investment before they are capable of carrying out our ongoing drilling plans and running at a capacity that will enable us to achieve our production targets. That said, we were able to complete seven development wells during the year, six of which were drilled and completed since February 2014, including the South Quarry QU 452 well which encountered encouraging results and has resulted in additional development targets. Whilst the slower than expected progress in Trinidad means we are unlikely to meet our previously stated target of an exit rate of 1,000 barrels of oil a day by the end of 2014, we are confident that the preparation work we have done to date, the ongoing improvements to our rig fleet and the improved understanding of our acreage that we have obtained through our relationship with LandOcean, will enable us to meet the production forecasts during the first half of 2015. I am particularly excited about the upcoming onshore exploration well on the Guayaguayare licence that is due to spud by Q1 2015. It will be the deepest well to be drilled by Range to date and will test two sandstone targets in the highly prospective Gros Morne formation. We are also busy progressing activity across our acreage including a multiwell reactivation programme at Beach Marcelle and the much anticipated waterflood programmes.

The Company has made good progress

on its strategy of disposing of non-core assets

The Company has made good progress on its strategy of disposing of non-core assets. Since the new management team was appointed, we have reduced our stake in the Guatemalan project through a partial sale of our shareholding in Citation Resources, and have refocused our Colombia strategy to a carried position on three exploration assets in the highly prospective Magdalena and Putumayo basins, and exited from high-commitment PUT-6 and PUT-7 blocks. Additionally, given the Company's focus on onshore assets and Trinidad in particular, we will not be pursuing any formal agreements relating to potential offshore blocks in Puntland, while maintaining our nonoperated stake in onshore blocks. We have also reached a commercially satisfactory outcome to the International Petroleum loan (subject to the sale of the Russian assets) and continue to see good progress with the disposal processes underway for Texas and Georgia.

It is my intention to continue to transform Range in a pragmatic way for the long-term benefit of all Shareholders. So far, a large amount of time and effort has gone into cleaning up the business at a corporate level and refocusing the Company's strategy. The year ahead will see the Company maintaining focus

on creating value from our assets in Trinidad and rationalising the remaining non-core assets in the portfolio. Range has evolved significantly since my appointment and I am confident that the future is bright for the Company and our Shareholders.

Finally, I wish to thank all our Shareholders and employees for their continued support during this transitional period and in the future, as we move into the next phase of our evolution.

Rory Scott Russell

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer's Statement



As the new CFO of Range, I am pleased to report on behalf of the Board the beginning of financial transformation of the Group during the period.

Firstly I'd like to highlight, that despite the significant overall loss recorded for the year, our core Trinidad business was profitable with EBITDA for the year of approximately US\$2.1 million. This comes despite a lack of investment into that business during the year and highlights the underlying strength of our Trinidad business and the potential that exists to grow.

It is also pleasing to note that Trinidad generated positive net operating cashflows during the year. Regarding the group overall, the net operating cashflows, before financing costs, also only showed a modest outflow of around US\$1 million. Therefore despite the significant loss reported today the underlying financial performance of the Group was sound.

Given our strategy of focusing on Trinidad it was important to review the overall carrying value in the balance sheet of the non-core assets: the noncash loss from discontinued operations and asset write-downs accounts for almost 60% of the total loss. We have taken a careful, and detailed review of the balance sheet this year which resulted in a change to the treatment in the balance sheet of those assets that we have identified as 'exit' in our strategy; specifically Georgia and Texas which are now shown as held-for-sale assets within discontinued operations.

We have also undertaken a thorough review of the fair market value of all the assets on balance sheet. This has led to non-cash provisions and write-offs being raised for several assets, which is the largest single component of the loss reported. Whilst the overall total is substantial we believe that these reductions in the balance sheet values are necessary and appropriate at this time as we seek to rationalise the portfolio and realise value from non-core assets. The Company has considered a number of factors in establishing the fair market value for the assets and we believe this is a conservative and balanced approach.

Most importantly, no revaluation has taken place of our core Trinidad assets. These are the heart of the business and the Board is comfortable with the balance sheet value we are reflecting for these assets.

I would also like to highlight the G&A cost of the business. This is unacceptably high for the past year at US\$14 million. Cost control is a key focus for management and we would expect to see significant reduction in G&A going forward. I believe we have made a good start to this over the last few months with significant savings already seen but more work will be done on this during the year.

At the half-year reporting period in December 2013, Range had numerous different financing arrangements in place. These were complicated, very short-term deals with the majority maturing within that period. It was a



Beach Marcelle Tanks

key priority of the new management to deal with this position and as previously announced we repaid all the outstanding loans during the year as a result of the equity placement arranged with our new Hong Kong-based strategic investor.

As announced on 30 September, we have signed a new loan agreement for up to US\$15 million with a US-based funder, Lind Asset Management LLC. This is a first step in our new financing structure and it provides Range with flexible, medium-term financing from one single party, which we will put to work in growing production in our core Trinidad assets. Prior to entering into the Lind agreement, we undertook a detailed review of all the financing options that are available to Range at this time and we firmly believe that this facility is the most appropriate, and attractive option for us.

We believe this is an important milestone for the Company. It allows us to progress our near to medium-term ambitions in Trinidad and once we demonstrate progress in this regard, we believe we will be in a strong position to obtain longer-term finance which remains an important target for the Company as we grow and develop our reserve base in Trinidad.

Trinidad generated positive net operating cashflows during the year

Nick Beattie

Chief Financial Officer

Strategic Report



Our Vision

The Company aims to create sustainable shareholder value by growing oil production and developing discovered resources from its assets in Trinidad, while rationalising the remaining assets within the portfolio, and retaining high upside non-operated oil exploration in Puntland and Colombia.

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Business Model

The Company aims to create sustainable shareholder value by growing oil production, developing discovered resources and from its core assets in Trinidad, while rationalising the remaining assets within the portfolio, and retaining high upside non-operated oil exploration positions in Colombia and Puntland. In order to achieve this, the Company is pursuing the following strategies:

Rationalise portfolio and maintain regional focus

The Company currently has core assets in Trinidad and a series of equity positions in prospective onshore licences in a number of global locations. The Company will seek to rationalise the portfolio to focus on Trinidad and a small number of prospective yet promising opportunities. The focus will be to redeploy capital to maximise current production and to pursue growth opportunities that enhance cash generation and returns to the shareholders while balancing the Group's risk profile.

The Company's strategic focus is firmly on its unique position in Trinidad, as the largest private onshore acreage holder with 17 years of onshore operating experience, coupled with its

wholly owned drilling subsidiary. The Company has extensive knowledge of Trinidad's local operating and economic environment. This is combined with extensive and focused technical knowledge, a deep understanding of the subsurface and the ability to benefit from the Company's network of contacts and relationships across the region. The Company believes its local knowledge, relationships and full operational integration, provide a sustainable competitive advantage, increasing its chances of profitably exploiting its current portfolio and capturing new opportunities.

Creating Value

Developing discovered resources and retaining high exploration upside

Trinidad

Value creation from exsiting core licences



Retain high – upside non-operated positions

- Colombia
- Puntland

Pursue growth opportunities

Trinidad



Realising Value

Rationalising the remaining non-core assets

- Texas
- Georgia
- Guatemala (under review)



Production growth on existing Trinidad acreage

The Company aims to grow production in Trinidad through a combination of in-fill and step-out development drilling, implementation of modern oilfield practices, secondary recovery (waterflood) projects and low risk appraisal of deeper production horizons using its captive drilling and well services business.

Value creation from existing core licences

The Company has been successful in adding low risk onshore oil exploration acreage to its portfolio in Trinidad. Through exploring and appraising prospects and discoveries around core production and development assets in country, the Company will seek to benefit from exploiting technical, operational and financial synergies. In addition, the use of existing infrastructure to reduce capital expenditure and operating costs will enhance financial returns from the development of these assets.

Adding Value

- Extensive knowledge of the local and operating environment in Trinidad
- Focused technical knowledge
- Deep understanding of the subsurface
- Extensive network of contacts and relationships

Outcomes

- Maximise current production
- Enhance cash generation and returns to shareholders
- Pursue growth opportunities
- Balanced risk profile





Outlook and Strategy

The Strategy – Grow Production, Selective Exploration

Range's Asset Portfolio is a Foundation for Growth

Texas

Status: Exit

- · Non-core production asset
- · Sale process proceeding

Guatemala

Status: Review

- Drilling of Atzam-4 completed and producing
- Drilling of Atzam-5 completed and under production test
- · Strategy under review

Colombia

Status: Hold

- 10% carried interest in three blocks
- The operator is currently working toward fulfilling the Phase 1 work programme commitments (2D seismic)

Trinidad

Status: Grow

- Core of the portfolio
- 22.1 MMbo certified 2P reserves
- Exploration upside
- Largest private onshore acreage
- 17 years of in-country experience
- Oilfield services business

Georgia

Status: Exit

- · Non-core exploration asset
- Large onshore PSA
- 500 MMbo and 18 tcf gas in place

· Sale process proceeding

Puntland

Status: Hold

- Highly prospective onshore oil exploration blocks
- Only JV to have drilled wells in Somalia for 25 years
- Experienced operator

Range is the largest private onshore acreage holder in Trinidad

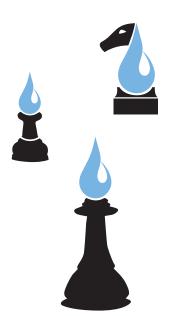
Outlook and Strategy continued



Drilling Crew

The Company aims to create sustainable shareholder value by growing oil production, developing discovered resources and exploring for new resources in Trinidad, while rationalising the remaining assets within the portfolio.

In order to achieve this, the Company is pursuing the following business strategy:



1. Maintain focus on Trinidad

Pursuing a clear strategy to benefit from the Company's unique position in Trinidad; Range is the largest private onshore acreage holder, with extensive onshore operating experience, in-depth knowledge of the local operating and economic environment, together with its wholly owned drilling subsidiary.

Range's extensive network of relationships with national and regional governments, national oil companies, key service providers and customers is a significant competitive advantage, and will increase the Company's chances of profitably exploiting its current portfolio and capturing new opportunities.

2. Value creation

Range will utilise its extensive technical and subsurface knowledge as well as existing infrastructure in Trinidad to reduce capital and operating expenditure to enhance the financial returns from the exploration, appraisal and development of its core assets;

The Company plans to continue to successfully add low risk onshore oil exploration acreage to its portfolio in Trinidad.



Trinidad Focus



Senior Management Team

3. Production growth

Range aims to grow production in Trinidad safely and responsibly through a combination of infill and step-out development drilling, implementation of modern oilfield practices, secondary recovery (waterflood) projects and low risk exploration of deeper production horizons using its captive drilling and well services business.

4. Rationalise the portfolio

The Company will seek to complete the rationalisation process of the current portfolio, to include a fewer number of prospective yet promising opportunities and redeploy capital to focus on efforts in Trinidad.

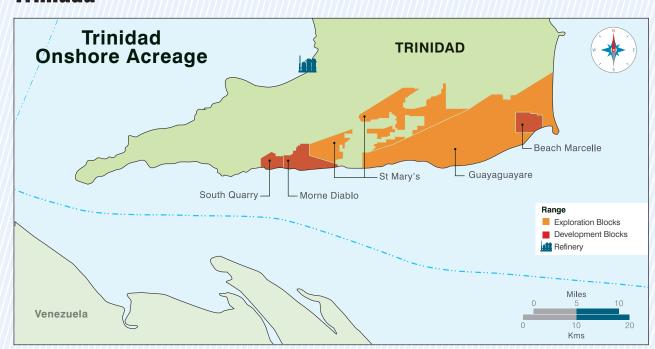


Operations in Trinidad

Operations

Range is the largest private onshore acreage holder in Trinidad and has an extensive network of partners across the country's oil & gas industry.

Trinidad





CEO visiting Trinidad operations

Overview

The Company holds a 100% interest in three onshore production licences – Morne Diablo, South Quarry and Beach Marcelle. The Company aims to grow production in Trinidad through a combination of in-fill and step-out development drilling, implementation of modern oilfield practices, secondary recovery (waterflood) projects and by exploiting its extensive exploration acreage.

The Company wholly owns a Trinidadbased oilfield services and drilling company, which has six drilling rigs and six workover / swabbing rigs. These rigs are currently utilised for the support of the upstream operations on the Company's assets, thereby providing cost efficiencies, operational flexibility and eliminating dependence on external service contractors.

Range commissioned an independent reserves report as at 1 January 2014 for the Company's Beach Marcelle, Morne Diablo and South Quarry licences in Trinidad. The report was compiled by Forrest A Garb & Associates Inc and showed an increase in the Company's total 2P reserves of more than 9% from the previously reported 20.2 MMbbo (1 October, 2012) to 22.1 MMbbo. These reserve increases were a result of the Company's ongoing development drilling programme and consequent update to development schemes during the period.

15

163 well work-overs

Production growth in Trinidad driven by three projects:

1. Development Programme

- Low risk, low cost, shallow drilling in well known reservoirs with quick development from spud to production.
- Historical under investment has hindered rig upgrade, maintenance and efficient drilling operations.

During the year, the Company completed seven development wells, of which six were drilled and completed since February 2014, including South Quarry QU 452 well, which encountered excellent results and was subsequently put on production. The well is the first development well to be drilled in the South Quarry licence area since 2007 and confirms the extension of the shallow Middle Cruse reservoir. Further planned development drilling in this area could lead to an increase in the Company's proved reserves. Additionally, during the year the Company completed 163 well workovers and 339 well swabs.

One of the Company's production rigs commenced a multi-well programme on the Beach Marcelle to reactivate and work-over wells in the field. It is the first rig to be used for production work in the Beach Marcelle field since November 2011. The rig will also be used to evaluate fluid levels to aid dynamic reservoir modelling and the condition of existing wells with a view of incorporating them into the planned waterflood either as water injectors or reactivated producers. Additionally,



Drilling operations in Trinidad

7

Development wells completed

during the year, of which six were drilled and completed since February 2014.

the Company plans to mobilise a second rig to Beach Marcelle at the end of 2014 to initiate an infill drilling programme, and the testing of undrilled fault blocks.

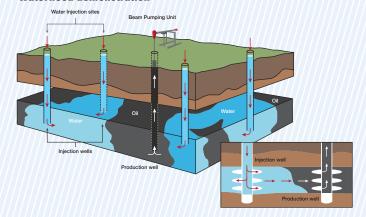
Operations continued

Trinidad continued

2. Waterflood Programmes

- Majority of production growth to come from waterflood programme centred on Beach Marcelle.
- Waterflood is a common and technically proven secondary oil recovery technique.
- Successful pilot programme was completed in the Shallow Forest reservoir at Morne Diablo.
- Existing wells and infrastructure at Beach Marcelle will be utilised.

Waterflood demonstration



Beach Marcelle

Texaco completed the first phase of a successful waterflood project in the 1960's on one of the field's four main structural fault blocks. The Company's waterflood project will focus on the other three remaining fault blocks and will use the same peripheral waterflood approach used by Texaco but will inject larger volumes of cleaner water to improve secondary recovery efficiency with all the necessary environmental permits for this work already in place.

Range is able to learn from the earlier Texaco project to refine the approach:

- Range will use modern technology to optimise the process.
- Blocks will be developed sequentially with production and injection data from each stage being applied in turn to help optimise subsequent stages.
- A programme of well re-entry has started on the field using a workover rig to establish reservoir pressures to refine dynamic reservoir models and the viability of re-utilising the existing well stock in the waterflood programme.

Morne Diablo

The earlier successful pilot waterflood scheme on the Shallow Forest reservoir has given the Company confidence to plan an expansion of the existing pilot waterflood from 100 acres to 741 acres, at depths of between 150 ft. and 500 ft.

The planned work programme is focused on duplicating the existing pilot infrastructure to create three new water injection stations whilst utilising the existing internal pipelines and storage facilities to handle the forecast increase in production. The waterflood will be conducted in a phased manner with the conversion of the furthest downdip producers to water injection wells to create a peripheral line flood.

Integrated Master Services Agreement ("IMSA") with LandOcean

The Company signed an Integrated Master Services Agreement ("IMSA") with LandOcean Energy Services Co Ltd ("LandOcean") (SHE: 300157), whereby LandOcean will act as a preferred services contractor for Range for oilfield services including geoscience, engineering, procurement and construction. This partnership provides Range with an extremely capable and technically sophisticated preferred services provider.

LandOcean have mobilised a top class team to deliver various technical studies to assist Range with engineering and design work for the waterflood and secondary recovery projects.



Majority of production growth to come from waterflood programme centred on Beach Marcelle

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3. Large prospective exploration acreage

- Exploration of the deeper potential on the existing Morne Diablo, South Quarry, and Beach Marcelle blocks.
- Guayaguayare licences added through farm-in with JV partner Niko Resources.
- St Mary's block won by Range in a competitive state tender.

St Mary's block won by Range

Farm-in agreement with Niko Resources

During the first half of the year, Range formally executed a farm-in agreement with Niko Resources Ltd. ("Niko") (TSX: NKO), regarding the Guayaguayare Block in Trinidad. Under the terms of the farm-in agreement, Range obtained operatorship, and an interest of 40% on the deep rights (>5,000 ft.) and 32.5% on the shallow rights (<5,000 ft.) in return for drilling two onshore exploration wells. Range will also drill one offshore well and one onshore appraisal well contingent on exploration success, sharing costs with Niko on a 50/50 basis. The Company and Niko are finalising proposed plans for the first onshore well, subject to final approval by the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs.

Successful bid for St Mary's block

In February 2014, the Company was awarded the St. Mary's block by the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs as part of the 2013 Trinidad Onshore Bid Round. The St. Mary's block comprises 44,731 acres spread over 4 sub-blocks contiguous to Range's Morne Diablo and Guayaguayare licences.

Negotiation of the Exploration & Production Licence with the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs, and a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) with the JV partner Petrotrin (20% equity), is nearing completion in preparation for contract signature.



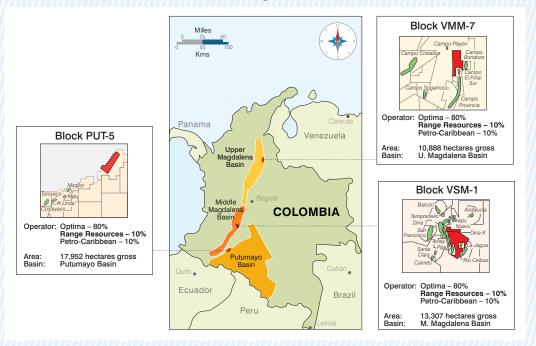
CEO meeting with operational team in Trinidad

Operations continued

Other Exploration Assets

Colombia

Refocus of strategy to fully-carried positions enable Range to maintain, at a minimal cost, a presence in Colombia for future growth.



Overview

Range holds a 10% fully carried interest in three blocks in Colombia; PUT-5, VMM-7, and VSM-1. The blocks are operated by Optima Oil Corp ("Optima") (80% interest), a private company registered in Panama. These interests provide Range with continued interest in exploration assets in Colombia, but at no cost to Range up until the production phase. The three blocks are found in the mature basins of the Putumayo and Magdalena Valley with hydrocarbon accumulations in the vicinity of each block.

Current Status of Operations

The initial exploration term expires in December 2015 during which time 2D seismic and one exploration well will need to be drilled on each block. Optima is currently working towards fulfilling the Phase 1 work programme commitments.

Refocus of strategy to fully-carried positions

Other Exploration Assets continued

Puntland

Overview

In Puntland, the Company holds a 20% interest in a joint venture in two licences in the prospective Dharoor and Nugaal Valleys. The operator and 60% interest holder, Horn Petroleum Corporation ("Horn Petroleum"; TSXV: HRN) has previously drilled two exploration wells, the first exploration wells in Puntland in over 25 years. The joint venture has entered into the next exploration phase across the two licences which may include the drilling of one well in each block before October 2015.

Current Status of Operations

During the year, Horn Petroleum continued to assess the operating environment in the Dharoor and Nugaal exploration areas from

logistical, community and security perspectives to progress planned exploration activities.

Additionally, Range is undergoing a re-evaluation of the prospectivity of the Puntland acreage and the implications of the recent drilling results from Shabeel-1 and Shabeel North-1 wells to enable the Company to independently assess the operator's future exploration plans.

Horn Petroleum has identified a suitable location to drill an exploration well in the Nugaal Valley block. However, given continued operational and political issues a decision to move ahead with drilling will not be taken until adequate resolution is achieved.

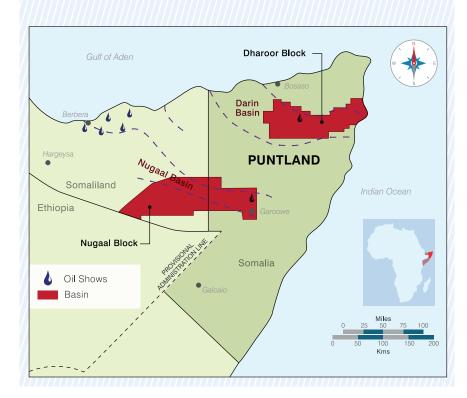
Other Assets

Guatemala

During the year, the Operator successfully drilled two wells, Atzam 4 and Atzam 5, at the Atzam project. The Atzam 4 well was drilled to a target depth of 4,054 ft. and put on production, continuing to produce at a steady rate of 150–170 bopd with no water influx since the well was completed. The Atzam 5 well was drilled to a total depth of 4,025 ft. with production tests ongoing.

Range has a direct and indirect interest of approximately 23% in the Guatemalan project.

In line with the Company's stated strategy of non-core asset rationalisation, the Company is reviewing its interest in the Guatemalan project.



Texas and Georgia

The Company is intending to fully dispose of its interest in these non-core projects.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Risk Factors

Range continually monitors the effectiveness of the Company's risk management, internal compliance and control systems.

The Board in July 2014 established an audit and risk committee. The Company is currently in the process of establishing a risk management framework which will incorporate economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and how it intends to manage the risks.

The charter for the audit and risk committee is available on Range's website.

The role of the Board audit and risk committee is to assist the Board in monitoring and reviewing any matters of significance affecting financial reporting and compliance, by:

- overseeing the Company's risk management systems, practices and procedures to ensure effective risk identification and management and compliance with internal guidelines and external requirements;
- assisting in identifying and managing potential or apparent business, economic, environmental and social sustainability risks (if appropriate);
- reviewing the Company's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and
- reviewing report by management on the efficiency and effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures.



Strategic Risks	
Access to funding	
HR	
Operating Risks	
Reserves and Resources	
Exploration and development activities	_
HSSE	_
External Risks	
Commodity price change	

Exchange rate fluctuations

Political, economic, and regulatory risks

Description	Mitigation
Range's ability to explore for and develop oil and gas reserves is dependent on its ability to generate and otherwise access capital to fund these activities.	The Board reviews and approves the allocation of cash resources via the annual budget. The Board also considers longer term cash forecasts to ensure sufficient funds to meet its goals. Range will continue to assess long-term funding needs and manage capital efficiently.
Key personnel and positions are required in order to implement the Company's strategy. The risk occurs when the appropriate personnel are difficult to recruit and retain.	The Company identifies the key positions and personnel and ensures that the incentive package offered reflects the key needs of the business.
Estimating oil and gas reserves involves subjective judgements and determinations based on geological, technical, contractual and economic information. Reserves or resources that are not evaluated and categorised appropriately can lead to an over / under evaluation of the asset.	Range employs appropriate external and internal experts to determine its oil and gas reserves and resources. Reserves reviews and audits are conducted as necessary.
There is a significant element of technical risk in exploring for and developing oil and gas fields. Exploration activities are inherently uncertain in their outcome. Failure to discover hydrocarbons in commercially viable quantities could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. Exploration, development and production of oil and gas involve risks which may impact the health and safety of personnel, the community and the environment. Failure to manage these risks could result in injury or loss of life, damage or destruction of property, and damage to the environment.	The Company aims to continuously improve the quality of its operations through rigorous reviews. Technical work processes are used to ensure each opportunity has been thoroughly evaluated before investment decisions are made. Range is focused on lowering its exploration risk by applying disciplined capital allocation processes and investing in technologies such as seismic. Range is committed to maintaining robust HSSE policies, and cultivating an organisational culture committed to superior HSSE performance. The Company maintains strict reporting requirements in respect of any incidents, hazards or near misses. Training, procedures and competency are performed throughout the organisation. Appropriate insurances are in place.
The Company's revenues, profitability, cash flows and rate of growth are significantly impacted by prevailing oil prices. Crude prices are affected by numerous and complex worldwide factors beyond Range's control.	Range does not currently hedge its oil price exposure. Price hedging arrangements would be implemented if deemed appropriate for financial planning and to mitigate commodity price risks.
The Company is exposed to financial market volatility and fluctuation in various foreign exchange rates.	Range does not currently hedge its US Dollar exposure. Given the proportion of development capital expenditure and operating costs incurred in currencies other than the US Dollar, the Company routinely reviews potential hedges and will execute hedges if necessary to mitigate foreign exchange rate risk.
A substantial amount of Range's properties and operations are located in Trinidad and Tobago and the Group's results of operations and financial condition are affected by policy, taxation and other political or economic developments in or affecting Trinidad and Tobago.	Range continuously monitors the political, economic, and regulatory environments in which it operates and actively cooperates with the government of Trinidad and Tobago on strategies that might impact the Company.

Reserves Statement



Siparia field office in Trinidad

Range's 2P reserves as at 30 June 2014 are assessed to be 22.0 million barrels of oil (MMbbl). This represents an increase of 1.1 MMbbl from 30 June 2013, driven by the Company's ongoing development drilling programme and consequent update to development schemes in Trinidad during the period.

Petroleum Reserves at 30 June 2014 (MMbbl)

	Trinidad Southern Basin (Morne Diablo, South Quarry, Beach Marcelle)	
Category	Proved (1P)	Proved & Probable (2P)
Developed	0.5	0.5
Undeveloped	18.4	21.5
Total	18.9	22.0

Year-on-year movement in Petroleum Reserves (MMbbl)

	Trinidad Southern Basin (Morne Diablo, South Quarry, Beach Marcelle)	
Category	Proved (1P)	Proved & Probable (2P)
Reserves at 30 June 2013	17.7	20.9
FY14 production	(0.2)	(0.2)
Reserves added through ongoing development drilling and update to development schemes	1.4	1.3
Reserves at 30 June 2014	18.9	22.0





22.0 million barrels 2P reserves represents an

increase of 1.1 MMbbl from 30 June 2013

Notes to the Reserves Statement

- 1. Range estimates and reports its petroleum reserves and resources in accordance with the definitions and guidelines of the SPE Petroleum Resources Management System (SPE-PRMS).
- 2. All estimates of petroleum reserves reported by Range are reviewed by a qualified petroleum reserves and resources evaluator.
- 3. Range regularly reviews and updates its oil reserves position and reports the updated estimates.
- 4. Range's Morne Diablo and South Quarry fields are operated under farm-out agreements, with rights to production net of Trinidad government royalties, overriding royalties, and production taxes.
- 5. Range's Beach Marcelle field is operated under the terms of an Incremental Production Service Contract, entitling Range to a defined portion of the future revenue stream. No oil and gas reserves are owned by Range.

Qualified Petroleum Reserves and Resources evaluator

This report contains information on petroleum reserves which is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation reviewed by Dr Douglas Field who holds a position of Vice President of Engineering with the Company. Dr Field is a petroleum and reservoir engineer who is a suitably qualified person with over 30 years' experience in assessing hydrocarbon reserves, and holds a PhD in Organic Chemistry. Dr Field has reviewed the release and consents to the inclusion of the technical information.



Beach Marcelle field

Corporate Social Responsibility

Range is committed to operating in a socially responsible way with the highest standards of Business Ethics, Environmental Awareness and Health & Safety by:

- ensuring the health and safety of our employees and contractors;
- preserving and protecting the environment; and
- cultivating a harmonious relationship with our local communities and other key stakeholders.



Range employee presented with Safety Award



Health and Safety

Range is committed to "Operational Excellence", a core value that drives achievement of our sustainable growth and financial performance. The Company's vision of "Zero Harm" is that "no one gets hurt and nothing gets harmed" and as a result HSSE performance is a critical element of our Operational Excellence goal. Range is, therefore, committed to maintaining robust HSSE policies, and cultivating an organisational culture committed to superior HSSE performance.

It is, therefore, the Policy of the Company, and far as is reasonably practicable, to:

- implement and maintain HSSE management systems to prevent accidents, occupational injuries, illnesses and environmental incidence;
- meet or exceed compliance with all applicable HSSE laws and regulations;
- ensure the provision and maintenance of a safe work environment, safe equipment and work procedures;
- foster a culture where all employees and contractors are held accountable for following all Company Policies and Procedures;

- provide appropriate training, re-training and supervision to maintain the competence levels of all employees to safely perform their duties;
- promote the development of a positive Health and Safety culture;
- ensure timely investigation and reporting of all HSSE related incidents; and
- conduct regular reviews of the Company's Policies and Procedures.

Environment

Concern for the environment is of utmost importance to Range where our policy is to minimise our potential environmental impact by striving to:

- protect the natural environment;
- implement a cost effective waste and emissions management programme to prevent and control pollution;
- manage, monitor and communicate our environmental performance; and
- integrate environmental considerations into all our business processes and strive for continuous improvement.

Commitment to the local communities

is evidenced by the Company's ongoing support for the Morne Diable Funk-a-delic steel orchestra in Trinidad

Ethics and Principles

Range employees share a responsibility for ensuring that we conduct our relationships with all our stakeholders with the highest standards of integrity, and professionalism. All employees and contractors are, therefore, required to:

- conduct business in an open, honest, and ethical manner and maintain the highest standards of integrity; and
- through corporate governance measure, audit and publicly report our performance on Corporate Social Responsibility programmes.

Anti-bribery & Corruption ("ABC")

Range has a zero tolerance approach with respect to its Anti-bribery and Corruption policy, procedures and implementation and complies with all applicable laws and regulations of the countries in which it operates. It is the responsibility of all Range employees to ensure that none of Range's businesses engage in practices which infringe legal or regulatory requirements or which fall below the highest standards of ethical business conduct.

Any Range employee engaging in business practices which infringe legal or regulatory requirements or fall below the highest standards of ethical business conduct may be subject to disciplinary action which may lead to dismissal and may face personal criminal or civil liability.

It is the responsibility of all Range employees to ensure that they report any infringement or suspected infringement of legal or regulatory requirements or the highest standards of ethical business conduct to the management of the Company.

Social Responsibility & Community Programmes

Range's aim has been to follow a collaborative approach to our local communities' initiatives by:

- striving to develop mutually beneficial relationships with our local communities through capacity building, employment and other economic opportunities; and
- supporting innovative programmes in local health, education, environment, and cultural activities.

Current Community Programmes

Range's commitment to the local communities is evidenced by the Company's ongoing support for the Morne Diablo Funk-a-delic steel orchestra in Trinidad. First formed in 2004, the steel orchestra band consists of around 40 local children between the ages of 6 and 18. Providing the children with an outlet for team building and community participation, the programme provides music lessons twice a week, where they learn how to play the steel pan, Trinidad and Tobago's national musical instrument and how to read music. It has performed at a number of opening ceremonies including a recent event hosted by the government of Trinidad and Tobago.

Funk-a-delic steel orchestra



Governance

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Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors are responsible for the overall strategy, governance and performance of Range Resources Limited and its controlled entities.

Principles of Best Practice Recommendations

The Board has adopted corporate governance policies and practices consistent with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations (ASX Principles and Recommendations 3rd Edition) where considered appropriate for the Group of Range Resources Limited size and nature.

The corporate governance practices disclosed by Range Resources Limited in the corporate governance statement are in place throughout the reporting year.

	Best Practice Recommendation	Comment
1.	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight	
1.1	Disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management and those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Satisfied. Refer to the Board Charter in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
1.2	Undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director and provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Satisfied. Refer to Remuneration and Nomination Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
1.3	Establish a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Satisfied. Refer to Directors' Report.
1.4	The company secretary should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair; on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Satisfied. Refer to the Board Charter in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
1.5	Establish a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them. Disclose the gender diversity policy or a summary and disclose at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the	Satisfied. Refer to Diversity Policy in the Corporate Governance Section on the Company's website. The Board has not currently set any measurable objectives for achieving
	board or relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them, and either;	gender diversity.
	 The respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined 'senior executive' for these purposes); or 	
	2. If the entity is a 'relevant employer under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent 'Gender Equality Indicators, as defined in and published under the Act.	
1.6	Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors and disclose, in relation to each reporting period whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing a Board evaluation programme.
1.7	Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives, and disclose, in relation to each reporting period whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing a senior executive performance evaluation programme.
2.	Structure the board to add value	
2.1	The board should:	Satisfied. Refer to Remuneration and
	a) have a nomination committee which has at least three members a majority of whom are independent directors and is chaired by an independent director and disclose the charter of the committee, the members of the committee and as at the end of each reporting period the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	Nomination Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
	b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	
2.2	Have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or it's looking to achieve in its membership.	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing a Board skills matrix.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

Principles of Best Practice Recommendations continued

	Best Practice Recommendation	Comment
2.	Structure the board to add value continued	
2.3	Disclose the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors, if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion, and the length of service of each director.	Satisfied. Refer to Directors' Report.
2.4	A majority of the board should be independent directors.	Satisfied. Refer to Independence definition in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
2.5	The chair of the board should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Satisfied.
2.6	Should establish a programme for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain their skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing an induction programme.
3.	Act ethically and responsibly	
3.1	Establish a code of conduct for the directors, senior executives and employees and disclose that code or a summary of it.	Satisfied. Refer to the Code of Conduct in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
4.	Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting	
4.1	The board should establish an audit committee which; a) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and majority of whom are independent directors, and	Satisfied. The Board has established an audit and risk committee made up of two Non-Executive Directors and the CFO.
	b) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,	Refer to the Audit and Risk Committee
	and disclose:	in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
	1) the charter of the committee;	on the company's website.
	2) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and	
	in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	
	c) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose the fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate governance reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	
4.2	The board before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operation effectively.	Satisfied.
4.3	The Company should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Satisfied. Refer to Shareholder Communications Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
5.	Make timely and balanced disclosure	
5.1	Establish a written policy for compliance with the Continuous Disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and disclose the policy or a summary of it.	Satisfied. Refer to Continuous disclosure policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
6.	Respect the rights of security holders	
6.1	The Company should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Satisfied. Refer to Shareholder Communications Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
6.2	Design and implement an investor relations programme to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Satisfied. Refer to Shareholder Communications Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.

	Best Practice Recommendation	Comment
6.	Respect the rights of security holders continued	
6.3	The Company should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Satisfied. Refer to Shareholder Communications Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
6.4	Give its security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Satisfied. Refer to Shareholder Communications Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
7.	Recognise and manage risk	
7.1	The board should;	Satisfied. The Board has established an
7.2	 a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: the charter of the committee; the members of the committee; and as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	audit and risk committee made up of two Non-Executive Directors and the CFO. Refer to Audit and Risk Committee in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website. Not satisfied. The Company is currently
	a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: andb) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	in the process of establishing a risk management framework.
7.3	The Company should disclose;	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing an internal audit function.
	a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or	
	b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	
7.4	To disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Not satisfied. The Company is currently in the process of establishing a risk management framework which will incorporate economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and how it intends to manage the risks.
8.	Remunerate fairly and responsibly	
8.1	The board should;	Satisfied. Refer to Remuneration and Nomination Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
	a) have a remuneration committee which:	
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: the charter of the committee; the members of the committee; and as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	
8.2	Separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Satisfied. Refer to Remuneration and Nomination Policy in the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.
8.3	A company which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should; a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and b) disclose that policy or summary of it.	N/A – the Company does not currently have an equity-based remuneration scheme.
	b) disclose that policy or summary of it.	

Board of Directors



Sir Samuel Esson JonahNon-Executive Chairman

Oualifications

DSc (Hons), MSc

Experience

Sir Samuel Jonah is Non-Executive Chairman of Range Resources Limited. He is Executive Chairman of Jonah Capital (Pty) Limited, an investment holding company in South Africa and serves on the boards of various public and private companies, including Vodafone Plc. He is also Chairman of Metropolitan Insurance Company Limited. He is an adviser to the Presidents of Nigeria and Togo and previously served as advisor to the Presidents of South Africa and Ghana.

Sir Sam Jonah was a non-executive director of the Standard Bank of South Africa from 2006-2012. He previously worked for Ashanti Goldfields Company Limited, becoming Chief Executive Officer in 1986, and was formerly Executive

President of AngloGold Ashanti Limited, a director of Lonmin Plc and a member of the Advisory Council of the President of the African Development Bank.

An Honorary Knighthood was conferred on him by Her Majesty the Queen in 2003 and in 2006 he was awarded Ghana's highest national award, the Companion of the Order of the Star.



Mr Rory George Scott Russell

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer (appointed 3 February 2014)

Qualifications

BSc (Hons)

Experience

Mr Rory Scott Russell has over ten years of international experience in upstream positions at Shell. Most recently he was Finance Manager for Exploration in Europe and Russia based in London. In this role he oversaw all financial aspects of the business, corporate governance and control, treasury management and sat on regional investment committees covering the North Sea, onshore Netherlands and Germany, Italy, Russia and Kazakhstan. He was involved in country entries and

project start-ups in Greenland, Albania, Spain, Ukraine and Russia. Prior to this he was Finance and Commercial Manager for exploration in Russia based in The Hague and Moscow and has also worked in the strategic planning unit for Shell's global upstream business, based in The Hague.



Mr Graham Victor Lyon

Non-Executive Director (appointed 3 February 2014)

Qualifications

BSc (Hons)

Experience

Mr Graham Lyon has over 30 years of experience in the oil and gas industry, working for a wide range of listed and private companies. He started his career with Chevron before moving to Shell as sub surface team leader and as project petroleum engineer. Graham then spent

14 years with Deminex in a series of technical leadership roles in the UK, Germany and Egypt, and its successor, Veba Oil and Gas, including Regional Manager for the Caspian and Middle East, thereafter he was heavily involved with the sale of the company to Petro-Canada. Graham remained with Petro-Canada for a further 7 years holding roles culminating in Vice President Strategy and Business Development, International and Offshore.

Within the last 5 years Graham has held the position of President and Chief Executive Officer of Mena Hydrocarbons Inc, a TSX-V listed energy company, with assets in Egypt and Syria and is currently a Non-Executive Director at Hawkley Oil and Gas Ltd an ASX listed energy company, and a Director at Tarbagatay Munay LLP a private Kazakhstani oil and gas company and Soncer Ltd.



Dr Christian Eduard Wilhelm Johann BukovicsNon-Executive Director (appointed 3 February 2014)

Oualifications

PhD

Experience

Dr Christian Bukovics has 33 years' experience in exploration and has held executive positions at Shell. Until end of 2012, Christian was Vice President for exploration in Russia and the Former Soviet Union and a member of the global

exploration leadership team. Prior to this he held the exploration manager position for the European Atlantic Margin, was General Manager for Shell businesses in Iran and Kazakhstan and Vice President for the Commercial division of Shell Global Exploration. Over his career Christian participated in and managed the discovery of over three billion barrel equivalents of oil and gas, pioneered the application of

new technology (notably 3D seismic) in Shell and spearheaded entries into new territories with over fifty thousand square kilometers of acreage acquired. He is a member of Petroleum Exploration Society of Great Britain (PESGB) and of the European Association of Geoscientists and Engineers (EAGE). In addition to his Board position, Christian is a partner in an exploration-focused venture fund.



Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones Non-Executive Director

Qualifications

BA (Hons), MA (Oxon)

Experience

Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones is currently Managing Director (and co-founder) of Lloyd Edwards-Jones S.A.S, a financial boutique firm specialising in selling
European equities to institutional clients
and introducing resource companies to
an extensive institutional client base in
the UK, Europe and Asia/Middle East.
Mr Edwards-Jones has previously held
senior positions with Bank Julius Baer Paris

(European equities), and UK/Continental European equity sales at Credit Lyonnais Securities. In addition, Mr Edwards-Jones has significant experience in worldwide institutional capital raisings for large resource projects in Africa.



Mr Ian Peter Olson
Non-Executive Director (appointed 18 August 2014)

Qualifications

B.Com, CA, AICD

Experience

Mr Ian Olson is a Chartered Accountant with over 25 years of experience whose areas of expertise include corporate finance, audit and assurance across a broad range of industries including energy. Mr Olson is a Non-Executive Chairman of two ASX listed companies and consults to KPMG's M&A practice in Australia. Previously Managing Partner of PKF Chartered Accountants in Perth, Western

Australia, Ian also spent numerous years working with global investment banks in London and New York. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and the Australian Institute of Company Directors.



Mr David Noel Riekie
Non-Executive Director (appointed 27 June 2014)

Qualifications

B.Ec., CA, AICD, Dip Acc

Experience

Mr David Riekie has 20 years of corporate experience through a variety of executive and advisory roles in the Industrial and Resource sectors of Australia. He is a

Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and with more than 14 years' experience as an Executive Director of a corporate advisory and consulting enterprise, has specialised in capital raising initiatives and development strategies for both ASX listed and unlisted entities. Mr Riekie is a former director of ASX listed

entities including Hawkley Oil and Gas Limited and was a founding Director of Otto Energy. Mr Riekie holds Bachelor of Economics and Diploma of Accounting and as a Chartered Accountant with Price Waterhouse, operated in jurisdictions including Australia, New Zealand and UK over a period of 10 years.

Executive Committee



Mr Nick Beattie
Chief Financial Officer (appointed 28 May 2014)

QualificationsBA (Hons), FCIBS, AMCT

Experience

Mr Nick Beattie has over twenty years of experience in finance working with a range of international banks. Most recently he was a Managing Director in the BNP Paribas Upstream Oil and Gas team in London where he was responsible for

leading the bank relationships with UK focused independent E&P companies. Nick has approximately ten years' experience specifically financing the E&P sector and whilst at BNP Paribas, he structured and led numerous reserve based loans, development financings and other debt facilities. Prior to working with BNP Paribas, Nick worked as a Director within the Oil and Gas finance team at Fortis Bank covering

Europe, Middle East and Africa and in a variety of roles with National Australia Bank Group. Nick is an Associate Member of the Association of Corporate Treasurers and a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Bankers in Scotland.



Mr William DuncanChief Operating Officer (appointed 3 May 2014)

Qualifications BSc, MSc

Experience

Mr William Duncan is a Geoscientist with over 30 years' international exploration and production experience. Most recently he was VP of Exploration and Development for Suncor Energy in Calgary where he was responsible for leading all exploration and commercial activities in Canada, UK, Norway, Libya and Syria, as well as building technical capabilities in a team of 250 professionals. Prior to this he was PetroCanada's Regional Manager for Northern Latin America leading Petro-Canada's asset portfolio and growth in Venezuela and Trinidad, where he managed the negotiation of PSCs, the drilling of eight offshore wells in Trinidad and participation in LNG production.



Dr Douglas FieldVice President of Engineering (appointed 3 May 2014)

Qualifications

PhD

Experience

Dr Douglas Field is a petroleum and reservoir engineer with over 30 years'

international exploration and production experience. Since 2003, he has held a number of engineering and business development positions at Tullow Oil plc, including Group Engineering Manager between 2003 and 2007 where he was responsible for Tullow's petroleum,

reservoir, well services, production and facilities engineers, and Business Unit Manager for Tullow's activities in North and North West Africa from 2007–2012.

Company Secretaries

Ms Rebecca Louise Sandford

Joint Company Secretary (appointed 22 April 2014)

Qualifications

B.Bus, AGIA

Experience

Ms Rebecca Sandford's experience includes acquisitions, takeovers, capital

raisings, listing of companies on ASX, due diligence reviews and compliances. Rebecca has acted as the company secretary of a number of ASX listed companies. Rebecca is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia.

Ms Amy Just

Joint Company Secretary (appointed 21 July 2014)

Qualifications

B.Bus, CA, AGIA

Experience

Ms Amy Just's experience includes corporate advisory, company secretarial and financial management services. Amy has ten years of experience as a Chartered Accountant and is member of the Governance Institute of Australia. Amy has acted as the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of numerous domestic and international oil & gas and mineral exploration companies, and has significant ASX compliance, statutory reporting, and corporate governance experience.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Range Resources Limited ("Range" or "the Company") and the entities it controls (together, the "Group") present the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was oil and gas development and production in Trinidad. The Company holds further interests in oil and gas projects in Georgia, Texas, Guatemala, Puntland and Colombia. The Company's strategy is to create sustainable shareholder value by growing oil production and developing discovered resources from its assets in Trinidad, while rationalising non-core assets within the portfolio.

Dividends

No dividends have been declared, provided for or paid in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2014 (2013: Nil).

Review of Operations

2014 has been a year of substantial change and progress for Range. Following the appointment of a new management team in February 2014, the management has undertaken a thorough review of assets, operations, balance sheet and financing and has adopted a new strategy focused on the Company's Trinidad assets. Key performance highlights since the change in management and strategy include:

- Refinanced debt the Company previously had a range of debt arrangements in place which have all been repaid;
- Completed review of the balance sheet in line with our communicated strategy of focusing on Trinidad, provisions and write-offs against certain non-core assets are required, and other assets have been transferred to being held for sale. The Board has taken a conservative and balanced approach to asset valuation;
- Operations as detailed below, the year overall has been operationally stable which is encouraging given the low levels of cash investment into production during the year. With the refocused strategy excellent progress is being made with our focus on growing the Trinidad operations into a long-term profitable position;
- HSSE safety is a key priority for the Company and new policies have been implemented during the year; and
- Cashflow despite the challenges of the year, the cashflow from operating activities (pre-financing costs), shows only a modest outflow for the year.

The Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the financial year shows a net loss attributable to owners of US\$102,541,990 (2013: net loss of US\$20,304,261).

Production

The Company's oil and gas production for the period is as follows:

- Trinidad net to Range: 208,979 bbls (average 573 bopd)
- Texas net to Range: 100.8 MMcf and 3,800 bbls (average 58 boepd)
- Guatemala net to Range: 9,057 bbls (average 25 bopd)
- Total average production: 656 boepd

Production in Trinidad during the year was broadly stable however, due to the historic lack of investment into maintaining and upgrading the drilling rig fleet, a limited number of rigs have been operating throughout the year preventing the Company from running its drilling operations at full capacity.

Corporate

Key corporate events during the year:

New Board and Management team

A comprehensive restructure of the Company's management and leadership team commenced in February 2014. Range appointed Mr Rory Scott Russell as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Mr Nick Beattie as Chief Financial Officer, Mr William Duncan as Chief Operating Officer and Dr Douglas Field as Vice President of Engineering. In Trinidad, the Company appointed Mr Terry Motley, as in-country Operations Manager.

The Company also announced the appointment of four new Non-Executive Directors, Mr Graham Lyon, Dr Christian Bukovics, Mr David Riekie and Mr Ian Olson. Full information on Directors can be found on pages 39 to 41 of this report.

Together these appointments bring a wealth of technical, operational and financial experience and were essential appointments to fully support the Company's future growth and development.

Mr Peter Landau and Mr Anthony Eastman resigned from the Board of Directors in June 2014.

Further details on the new management team are as follows:

Chief Executive Officer - Rory Scott Russell

Mr Rory Scott Russell has over 10 years' of international experience in upstream positions at Shell. Most recently he was Finance Manager for Exploration in Europe and Russia based in London. In this role he oversaw all financial aspects of the business, corporate governance and control, treasury management and sat on regional investment committees covering the North Sea, onshore Netherlands and Germany, Italy, Russia and Kazakhstan.

Chief Financial Officer - Nick Beattie

Mr Nick Beattie has over twenty years of experience in finance working with a range of international banks. Most recently Nick was a Managing Director in the BNP Paribas Upstream Oil & Gas team in London where he was responsible for leading the bank relationships with UK-based independent E&P companies. He has approximately 10 years' experience specifically financing the E&P sector and whilst at BNP Paribas, Nick structured and led numerous reserve-based loans, development financings and other debt facilities.

Chief Operating Officer - William Duncan

Mr William Duncan is a Geoscientist with over 30 years' international exploration and production experience. Most recently he was VP of Exploration and Development for Suncor Energy in Calgary where he was responsible for leading all exploration and commercial activities in Canada, UK, Norway, Libya and Syria, as well as building technical capabilities in a team of 250 professionals. Prior to this he was Petro-Canada's Regional Manager for Northern Latin America leading Petro-Canada's asset portfolio and growth in Venezuela and Trinidad, where he managed the negotiation of PSCs, the drilling of eight offshore wells in Trinidad and participation in LNG production.

Vice President of Engineering – Dr Douglas Field

Dr Douglas Field is a petroleum and reservoir engineer with over 30 years' international exploration and production experience. Since 2003, he has held a number of engineering and business development positions at Tullow Oil plc, including Group Engineering Manager between 2003 and 2007 where he was responsible for Tullow's petroleum, reservoir, well services, production and facilities engineers, and Business Unit Manager for Tullow's activities in North and North West Africa from 2007–2012.

Trinidad Head of Operations – Terry Motley

Mr Terry Motley has over 40 years' of experience in the petroleum industry, of which 18 years were with major operator Occidental Petroleum, and 10 years as a consultant with independent operator DNO Yemen AS. He has a wealth of experience in supervising and initiating major field redevelopment and secondary recovery programmes. He holds a B.Sc. in Biochemistry from Jacksonville University, US.

The Company appointed Ms. Rebecca Sandford and Ms. Amy Just as Joint Company Secretary.

Integrated Master Services Agreement with LandOcean Energy Services Co Ltd

In May 2014, the Company signed an Integrated Master Services Agreement ("IMSA") with LandOcean Energy Services Co Ltd ("LandOcean") (SHE: 300157), whereby LandOcean will act as a preferred services contractor (subject to all tendering and procurement rules) for Range for oilfield services including geoscience, engineering, procurement and construction. Services provided under the IMSA will be agreed in individual purchase orders as the need for services arises. This partnership provides Range with an extremely capable and technically sophisticated preferred services provider. In addition, LandOcean have also provided Range an option to take up to US\$50 million in financing. This financing is principally available to finance LandOcean's services but can be used for other purposes if agreed by both parties. The funding is available in tranches with the first tranche being up to US\$20 million.

Directors' Report continued

Review of Operations continued

New Positive Fiscal Incentives approved in Trinidad

The Government of Trinidad and Tobago has approved and adopted the budget incentives for oil and gas companies introduced by the Minister of Finance and Economy of Trinidad and Tobago in the 2014 Budget Statement. These new budget incentives, which especially reward companies with accelerated development and exploration programmes, including Range, will have a significant positive impact on the Company's cashflow and returns from its ongoing production growth. The changes to the fiscal terms were applied retrospectively from 1 January 2014.

Financing

In May 2014, Range completed a US\$12 million equity placement with Abraham Ltd, a Hong Kong-based private institutional investor. Under the terms of the Subscription Agreement, the investor subscribed US\$12 million in cash and was issued with approximately 712 million Fully Paid Ordinary Shares of the Company at a price of £0.01 per Share, representing a premium of approximately 49% to the mid-market share price on AIM at the close of business on 14 May 2014.

Range utilised the funds raised from the placement to repay the Company's outstanding debt. As a result, the total outstanding Company debt reduced from US\$10.5 million (as reported on 30 April 2014) to nil at year end.

This transaction was a transformational step for Range, allowing the Company to repay complicated, short-term debt facilities that were provided by numerous different funders whilst also providing working capital. Abraham Ltd subscribed at a significant premium to the market price at the time, which demonstrates their confidence in the new team, new strategy and the quality of the underlying assets of the Company.

Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE)

During the year, Range has instigated a detailed and rigorous programme to significantly improve its HSSE performance in line with the Company's overall operational effectiveness improvement plans.

The Company has issued a Corporate and Social Responsibility Programme and the Board undertakes regular reviews of HSSE performance. The management has instigated a HSSE reporting and review process as part of its operational management.

The chart below demonstrates the significant improvement in performance during the year. The Company is now achieving a Lost Time Incident frequency rate which is similar to that reported by the American Petroleum Institute for the onshore US Oil & Gas Industry.

18 70,000 16 60 000 14 50,000 lotal employee 12 Incidence Rate 40,000 10 8 30.000 6 20,000 10.000 Feb Jan 13 Feb Mai Apr May Jun Aug Oct Nov Dec Jan 14 May Jun Anı

Loss Time Incident

Near Miss

First Aid
Fryironmental Spills

HSSE Activity - 12 month rolling average

As part of the Company's commitment to continuous improvement Range is currently awaiting an audit of Trinidad management systems to become certified under the Trinidad Energy Chamber's STOW Initiative (Safe TO Work).

No. of employee hours

Equipment – Incidents/Accidents

Operations

Strategically focused on developing its assets in Trinidad, the Company aims to maximise shareholder value by increasing oil production, developing discovered resources and adding low-risk exploration oil acreage to its portfolio in Trinidad. The Company is in the process of divesting its non-core assets and focusing capital deployment on its Trinidad asset portfolio.

Trinidad

The Company holds a 100% interest in three onshore production licences – Morne Diablo, South Quarry and Beach Marcelle. The Company aims to grow production in Trinidad through a combination of in-fill and step-out development drilling, implementation of modern oilfield practices, secondary recovery (waterflood) projects and by exploiting its extensive exploration acreage.

The Company wholly owns a Trinidad-based oilfield services and drilling company, which has six drilling rigs and six workover / swabbing rigs. These rigs are currently utilised for the support of the upstream operations on the Company's assets, thereby providing cost efficiencies, operational flexibility and eliminating dependence on external service contractors.

Range commissioned an independent reserves report as at 1 January 2014 for the Company's Beach Marcelle, Morne Diablo and South Quarry licences in Trinidad. The report was compiled by Forrest A Garb & Associates Inc and showed an increase in the Company's total 2P reserves of more than 9% from the previously reported 20.2 MMbbo (1 October, 2012) to 22.1 MMbbo. These reserve increases were a result of the Company's ongoing development drilling programme and consequent update to development schemes during the period.

Development Programme

During the year, the Company completed seven development wells, of which six were drilled and completed since February 2014, including South Quarry QU 452 well, which encountered excellent results and was subsequently put on production. The well is the first development well to be drilled in the South Quarry licence area since 2007 and confirms the extension of the shallow Middle Cruse reservoir. Further planned development drilling in this area could lead to an increase in the Company's proved reserves. Additionally, during the year the Company completed 163 well work-overs and 339 well swabs.

Subsequent to year-end, one of the Company's production rigs was mobilised to the Beach Marcelle field and commenced a multi-well programme to reactivate and work-over wells in the field. It is the first rig to be used for production work in the Beach Marcelle field since November 2011. The rig will also be used to evaluate fluid levels to aid dynamic reservoir modelling and the condition of existing wells with a view of incorporating them into the planned waterflood either as water injectors or reactivated producers. Additionally, the Company plans to mobilise a second rig to Beach Marcelle at the end of 2014 to initiate an infill drilling programme, and the testing of undrilled fault blocks.

Waterflood Programmes

Beach Marcelle

Texaco completed the first phase of a successful waterflood project in the 1960's on one of the field's four main structural fault blocks before the field was transferred to Petrotrin. The Company's waterflood project will focus on the other three remaining fault blocks and will use the same peripheral waterflood approach used by Texaco but will inject larger volumes of cleaner water to improve secondary recovery efficiency with all the necessary environmental permits for this work already in place.

To help refine the waterflood dynamic model and the capability for re-use of some of the existing wells, a programme of well re-entry has started on the field using a work-over rig (as mentioned above).

Morne Diablo

The earlier successful pilot waterflood scheme on the Shallow Forest reservoir has given the Company confidence to plan an expansion of the existing pilot waterflood from 100 acres to 741 acres, at depths of between 150 ft. and 500 ft.

The planned work programme is focussed on duplicating the existing pilot infrastructure to create three new water injection stations whilst utilising the existing internal pipelines and storage facilities to handle the forecast increase in production. The waterflood will be conducted in a phased manner with the conversion of the furthest downdip producers to water injection wells to create a peripheral line flood. This is expected to commence in Q1 2015, subject to environmental approvals being received.

Directors' Report continued

Operations continued

Trinidad continued

Exploration Programmes

Farm-in agreement with Niko Resources

During the first half of the year, Range formally executed a farm-in agreement with Niko Resources Ltd. ("Niko") (TSX: NKO), regarding the Guayaguayare Block in Trinidad. Under the terms of the farm-in agreement, Range obtained operatorship, and an interest of 40% on the deep rights (>5,000 ft.) and 32.5% on the shallow rights (<5,000 ft.) in return for drilling two onshore exploration wells. Range will also drill one offshore well and one onshore appraisal well contingent on exploration success, sharing costs with Niko on a 50/50 basis. The Company and Niko are finalising proposed plans for the first onshore well, which is expected to spud by Q1 2015, subject to final approval by the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs.

Successful bid for St Mary's block

In February 2014, the Company was awarded the St. Mary's block by the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs as part of the 2013 Trinidad Onshore Bid Round. The St. Mary's block comprises 44,731 acres spread over 4 sub-blocks contiguous to Range's Morne Diablo and Guayaguayare licences.

Negotiation of the Exploration & Production Licence with the Ministry of Energy and Energy Affairs, and a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) with the JV partner Petrotrin (20% equity), is nearing completion in preparation for contract signature shortly.

Puntland

Onshore: in Puntland, the Company holds a 20% interest in a joint venture in two licences in the prospective Dharoor and Nugaal Valleys. The operator and 60% interest holder, Horn Petroleum Corporation ("Horn Petroleum"; TSXV: HRN) has previously drilled two exploration wells, the first exploration wells in Puntland in over 25 years. The joint venture has entered into the next exploration phase across the two licences which may include the drilling of one well in each block before October 2015.

During the year, Horn Petroleum continued to assess the operating environment in the Dharoor and Nugaal exploration areas from logistical, community and security perspectives to progress planned exploration activities.

Additionally, Range is undergoing a re-evaluation of the prospectivity of the Puntland acreage and the implications of the recent drilling results from Shabeel-1 and Shabeel North-1 wells to enable the Company to independently assess the operator's future exploration plans.

Horn Petroleum has identified a suitable location to drill an exploration well in the Nugaal Valley block. However, given continued operational and political issues a decision to move ahead with drilling will not be taken until adequate resolution is achieved.

Offshore: in line with the Company's stated strategy of focusing on onshore assets, the Company no longer intends to pursue any formal agreements relating to potential offshore blocks.

Geornia

In Georgia, the Company holds a 40% equity interest in Strait Oil & Gas ("Strait") which holds and operates the PSCs in two onshore blocks VIa and VIb (c.7000km2). Georgia is a non-core asset for the Company and as part of the announced strategy, the Company is intending to fully dispose of its interest in Strait.

In 2010, a 410 km 2D seismic programme was completed. The first well Mukhiani-1 was drilled in 2011 on one of the structures identified on Block VIa. Following the completion of an additional 200km 2D seismic programme a full review was completed of both the conventional and unconventional hydrocarbon potential on the two blocks. Strait is currently focused on developing the potential for production of Coal Bed Methane.

During the year, Strait continued to advance discussions and negotiations with respect to potential transactions associated with the joint venture and its PSCs in Georgia. Subsequent to year end, Strait also signed a one year extension of the PSC for Block VIb with the State Agency for Regulation of Oil and Gas and plans are well advanced for the drilling of the next exploration well on the Block.

Guatemala

In line with the Company's stated strategy of non-core asset rationalisation, the Company is reviewing its interest in the Guatemalan project.

During the previous year, the Company acquired interests in an onshore licence in Guatemala through a 19.9% stake in Citation Resources Ltd ("Citation") (ASX: CTR) and a 20% direct interest in Latin American Resources Ltd ("LAR"), a private oil and gas company. LAR owns and operates the Atzam / Tortugas project (Block 1-2005) which is located in the South Peten Basin.

During the year, LAR successfully drilled two wells, Atzam 4 and Atzam 5, at the Atzam project. The Atzam 4 well was drilled to a target depth of 4,054 ft. and put on production, continuing to produce at a steady rate of 150–170 bopd with no water influx since the well was completed. The Atzam 5 well was drilled to a total depth of 4,025 ft. with production tests ongoing.

Subsequent to year end, and in line with Range's divestment strategy, the Company's equity interest in Citation reduced to 4.8%. Following this change (at 30 June 2014), Range has a direct and indirect interest of approximately 23% in the Guatemalan project.

North Chapman Ranch, Nueces County, Texas, USA

The Company holds a 25% interest in the Smith-1 well and a 20% interest in subsequent wells in the North Chapman Ranch Project. Following the commercial discovery on the Smith-1 well in December 2009, a multi-well programme was initiated that has seen four appraisal / development wells drilled across the licence area.

During the year, the operator, Western Gulf Oil & Gas drilled and completed the Albrecht-2 well to determine the south-eastern extent of the Howell Hight sandstone reservoirs. Although the well encountered the Howell Hight at the predicted depth, it did not flow at a commercial rate after completion. Following the lack of success with the Albrecht-2, the operator has conducted a thorough technical review which has led them to recommend refocusing activities back to the northern part of the field in the Russell-Bevly-1 / Smith-1 area.

East Texas Cotton Valley, Red River County, Texas, USA

The Company holds a 21.75% interest in the East Texas Cotton Valley Project in Red River County, Texas. The operator, Crest Resources continues to evaluate development options for the shallow oil reservoir in the East Texas Cotton Valley field. Following the marginal success of the Ross 3H horizontal well, additional work is required to determine the scope of water encroachment from the nearby field. In the meantime, the operator is working to re-lease the primary acreage tracts.

The Company continues to market both assets, in order to divest these non core projects.

Colombia

In line with Range's new strategy announced earlier this year, the Company made a strategic decision not to proceed with the farmin option for block PUT-7 in the Putumayo basin. This was principally due to the high cost of potential work commitments associated with the block.

Range holds a 10% fully carried interest in three blocks in Colombia; PUT-5, VMM-7, and VSM-1. The blocks are operated by Optima Oil Corp ("Optima") (80% interest), a private company registered in Panama. These interests provide Range with continued interest in exploration assets in Colombia, but at no cost to Range up until the production phase. The three blocks are found in the mature basins of the Putumayo and Magdalena Valley with hydrocarbon accumulations in the vicinity of each block.

The initial exploration term expires in December 2015 during which time 2D seismic and one exploration well will need to be drilled on each block. Optima is currently working towards fulfilling the Phase 1 work programme commitments.

Directors' Report continued

Financial Position

The net assets of the Group have decreased by US\$63,271,322 from US\$172,566,585 at 30 June 2013 to US\$109,295,263 at 30 June 2014. This decrease is primarily due to:

- asset write-downs and expenses in respect of Georgia and Texas discontinued operations totalling US\$36,854,510 (note 5);
- various other asset write-downs totalling US\$24,627,968 (note 4c); and
- finance charges totalling US\$21,797,779 (note 4b).

The Directors believe the Group is in a strong and stable financial position to expand and grow its current operations based on financing arrangements in place, cash generation from production and the divestment of non-core assets.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

The following significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company occurred during the financial year:

- the restructure of the Board and Management team; and
- the implementation of a change in the Company's strategic direction to focus on the development and growth
 of its Trinidad assets while rationalising the current portfolio of some of its non-core assets outside of Trinidad.

Further details on the above matters can be found in the Review of Operations.

Events Subsequent to Reporting Date

PUT-6. Colombia

Subsequent to year end, and in line with Range's strategy, the Company decided not to proceed with a farm-in option for block PUT-6 in the Putumayo basin, given the high cost of work commitments associated with the block.

In 2012, Range provided US\$3.48 million cash to secure the issuance of a performance bond in support of the minimum work commitments for the block. This cash is held by a bank in Colombia as collateral for the bond issued in favour of the Colombian regulator (ANH). Given that Range will no longer pursue an interest in PUT-6 licence this cash has been written-off along with the investment made to date in Colombia.

Whilst it is disappointing to write-off the restricted cash held to support the performance bond, this should be considered in light of the substantial commitments significantly in excess of this amount which would have been incurred should Range have elected to earn the farm-in option through funding the required work programme for the block.

Loan settlement agreement with International Petroleum

During the year, the Company announced that the proposed merger with International Petroleum Ltd ("IOP") (NSX: IOP) would not be proceeding. As part of a proposed merger in 2013, Range advanced US\$8 million to IOP under a US\$15 million loan agreement. The loan was due to have been repaid with interest on 30 April 2014. Due to IOP's financial constraints, it was unable to repay the loan.

Subsequent to year-end, the Board of Range has signed a settlement agreement with IOP with respect to repayment of Range's loan by IOP and has agreed to extend the loan repayment date to 30 November 2014 to allow IOP to conclude the sale of its Russian assets.

Upon conclusion of that sale, and according to the settlement agreement, IOP will make a cash repayment of US\$500,000 to Range and all other outstanding monies will convert into ordinary shares of IOP. Following conversion, Range is expected to hold approximately 9% of the enlarged share capital of IOP. In addition, IOP will issue 5 million options to Range exercisable at AU\$0.06 within 24 months from issue date.

The Company's primary objective during negotiations with IOP was to recover as much value from this difficult transaction as possible. With this outcome the new management team believes that this has been achieved.

Lind Asset Management Financing

As announced on 30 September 2014, Range has entered into a financing arrangement of up to US\$15 million with Lind Asset Management LLC. This financing will be used primarily to invest in the Company's rig fleet, accelerate development drilling of Range's Trinidad portfolio and for general working capital purposes of the Company.

The Loan is for a maximum term of 24 months and will be available in 2 tranches. The first tranche (Tranche 1) totalling US\$10 million will be available at closing, with the second tranche (Tranche 2) totalling US\$5 million available at the Company's option, 6 months later. Each tranche is repayable over an 18 month period in either cash or shares (at the Company's option).

This financing will be an important factor in the growth of the Company's production in the short to medium-term.

Likely Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

The Company will seek to rationalise the portfolio and redeploy capital to maximise current production from its core assets in Trinidad and pursue growth opportunities that enhance cash generation and returns to the shareholders. Please refer to the Review of Operations for full details on likely developments and future prospects of the Group.

Environmental Regulation

The Group's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

The Directors have considered compliance with the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 which requires entities to report annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use. The Directors have assessed that there are no current reporting requirements, but may be required to do so in the future.

Directors

The names of the Directors in office and at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Sir Samuel Jonah	Non-Executive Chairman	
Mr Rory Scott Russell	CEO & Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones	Non-Executive Director	
Dr Christian Bukovics	Non-Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr Graham Lyon	Non-Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr David Riekie	Non-Executive Director	appointed 27 Jun 2014
Mr Ian Macliver	Non-Executive Director	appointed 27 Jun 2014, resigned 14 Aug 14
Mr Ian Olson	Non-Executive Director	appointed 18 Aug 2014
Mr Peter Landau	Non-Executive Director	resigned 13 Jun 2014
Mr Anthony Eastman	Executive Director	resigned 13 Jun 2014

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Company Secretary

The following persons held the position of Company secretary during the financial year:

Ms Rebecca Sandford appointed 22 Apr 2014
Ms Amy Just appointed 21 Jul 2014

Ms Sara Kelly appointed 22 Apr 2014, resigned 21 Jul 2014

Mr Anthony Eastman resigned 22 Apr 2014
Ms Jane Flegg resigned 22 Apr 2014

Ms Sandford and Ms Just held the position of Company Secretary at the date of this report.

Directors' Report continued

Information on Directors

Sir Samuel Esson Jonah

Qualifications Experience Non-Executive Chairman

DSc (Hons), MSc

Sir Samuel Jonah is Non-Executive Chairman of Range Resources Limited. He is Executive Chairman of Jonah Capital (Pty) Limited, an investment holding company in South Africa and serves on the boards of various public and private companies, including Vodafone Plc. He is also Chairman of Metropolitan Insurance Company Limited. He is an adviser to the Presidents of Nigeria and Togo and previously served as advisor to the Presidents of South Africa and Ghana.

Sir Sam Jonah was a non-executive director of the Standard Bank of South Africa from 2006-2012. He previously worked for Ashanti Goldfields Company Limited, becoming Chief Executive Officer in 1986, and was formerly Executive President of AngloGold Ashanti Limited, a director of Lonmin Plc and a member of the Advisory Council of the President of the African Development Bank.

An Honorary Knighthood was conferred on him by Her Majesty the Queen in 2003 and in 2006 he was awarded Ghana's highest national award, the Companion of the Order of the Star.

Interest in shares and options

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

21,597,833 ordinary shares

Vodafone Plc (from 1 April 2009)

Mr Rory George Scott Russell

Qualifications

Experience

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer (appointed 3 February 2014)

BSc (Hons)

Mr Rory Scott Russell has over ten years of international experience in upstream positions at Shell. Most recently he was Finance Manager for Exploration in Europe and Russia based in London. In this role he oversaw all financial aspects of the business, corporate governance and control, treasury management and sat on regional investment committees covering the North Sea, onshore Netherlands and Germany, Italy, Russia and Kazakhstan. He was involved in country entries and project start-ups in Greenland, Albania, Spain, Ukraine and Russia. Prior to this he was Finance and Commercial Manager for exploration in Russia based in The Hague and Moscow and has also worked in the strategic planning unit for Shell's global upstream business, based in The Hague.

Interest in shares and options

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Nil

None

43

Mr Graham Victor Lyon

Non-Executive Director (appointed 3 February 2014)

Qualifications

BSc (Hons)

Experience

Mr Graham Lyon has over 30 years of experience in the oil and gas industry, working for a wide range of listed and private companies. He started his career with Chevron before moving to Shell as sub surface team leader and as project petroleum engineer. Graham then spent 14 years with Deminex in a series of technical leadership roles in the UK, Germany and Egypt, and its successor, Veba Oil and Gas, including Regional Manager for the Caspian and Middle East, thereafter he was heavily involved with the sale of the company to Petro-Canada. Graham remained with Petro-Canada for a further 7 years holding roles culminating in Vice President Strategy and Business Development, International and Offshore. Within the last 5 years Graham has held the position of President and Chief Executive Officer of Mena Hydrocarbons Inc, a TSX-V listed energy company, with assets in Egypt and Syria and is currently a Non-Executive Director at Hawkley Oil and Gas Ltd an ASX listed energy company, and a Director at Tarbagatay Munay LLP a private Kazakhstani oil and gas company and Soncer Ltd.

Interest in shares and options

Nil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Mena Hydrocarbons Inc (from 31 January 2011) Hawkley Oil and Gas Ltd (from 30 August 2012)

Dr Christian Eduard Wilhelm Johann Bukovics

Non-Executive Director (appointed 3 February 2014)

Qualifications

PhD

Experience

Dr Christian Bukovics has 33 years' experience in exploration and has held executive positions at Shell. Until end of 2012, Christian was Vice President for exploration in Russia and the Former Soviet Union and a member of the global exploration leadership team. Prior to this he held the exploration manager position for the European Atlantic Margin, was General Manager for Shell businesses in Iran and Kazakhstan and Vice President for the Commercial division of Shell Global Exploration. Over his career Christian participated in and managed the discovery of over three billion barrel equivalents of oil and gas, pioneered the application of new technology (notably 3D seismic) in Shell and spearheaded entries into new territories with over fifty thousand square kilometers of acreage acquired. He is a member of Petroleum Exploration Society of Great Britain (PESGB) and of the European Association of Geoscientists and Engineers (EAGE). In addition to his Board position, Christian is a partner in an exploration-focused venture fund.

Interest in shares and options

280,000 ordinary shares

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

None

Directors' Report continued

Information on Directors continued

Mr David Noel Riekie

B.Ec., CA, AICD, Dip Acc

Qualifications Experience

Mr David Riekie has 20 years of corporate experience through a variety of executive and advisory roles in the Industrial and Resource sectors of Australia. He is a Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and with more than 14 years' experience as an Executive Director of a corporate advisory and consulting enterprise, has specialised in capital raising initiatives and development strategies for both ASX listed and unlisted entities. Mr Riekie is a former director of ASX listed entities including Hawkley Oil and Gas Limited and was a founding Director of Otto Energy. Mr Riekie holds Bachelor of Economics and Diploma of Accounting and as a Chartered Accountant with Price Waterhouse, operated in jurisdictions including Australia, New Zealand and UK over a period of 10 years.

Interest in shares and options

NIII

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

AVZ Minerals Ltd (from 21 Aug 2008 to 3 Aug 2012) Hawkley Oil and Gas Ltd (from 22 Jun 2010 to 17 Sep 2013)

Mr Ian Peter Olson

Non-Executive Director (appointed 18 August 2014)

Non-Executive Director (appointed 27 June 2014)

Qualifications

B.Com, CA, AICD

Experience

Mr Ian Olson is a Chartered Accountant with over 25 years of experience whose areas of expertise include corporate finance, audit and assurance across a broad range of industries including energy. Mr Olson is a Non-Executive Chairman of two ASX listed companies and consults to KPMG's M&A practice in Australia. Previously Managing Partner of PKF Chartered Accountants in Perth, Western Australia, Ian also spent numerous years working with global investment banks in London and New York. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Interest in shares and options

Nil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Gage Roads Brewing Co Ltd (from November 2007)
Diploma Group Ltd (from October 2007)

RuralAus Investments Ltd (from 2005 to 26 February 2013)

Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones

Non-Executive Director BA (Hons), MA (Oxon)

Qualifications Experience

Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones is currently Managing Director (and co-founder) of Lloyd Edwards-Jones S.A.S, a financial boutique firm specialising in selling European equities to institutional clients and introducing resource companies to an extensive institutional client base in the UK, Europe and Asia/Middle East. Mr Edwards-Jones has previously held senior positions with Bank Julius Baer Paris (European equities),

has previously held senior positions with Bank Julius Baer Paris (European equities), and UK/Continental European equity sales at Credit Lyonnais Securities. In addition, Mr Edwards-Jones has significant experience in worldwide institutional capital raisings

for large resource projects in Africa.

Interest in shares and options

3,531,522 ordinary shares and 750,000 partly paid shares (paid up to 30 cents)

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Noricum Gold Limited (from 18 June 2010)

45

Mr Ian Alexander Macliver

Non-Executive Director (appointed 27 June 2014, resigned 14 August 2014)

Qualifications

B.Com, CA, FINSIA, AICD

Experience

Mr Ian Macliver has extensive experience as a senior executive and director of both resource and industrial companies with particular responsibility for capital raising and other corporate initiatives. He is a Senior Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia and a Fellow of both the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and The Australian Institute of Company Directors. Mr Macliver is Principal of a specialist corporate advisory firm in Perth, Western Australia and is a director of various listed and unlisted companies. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Western Australia.

Interest in shares and options

Niil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Stratatel Ltd (from July 2000)
Otto Energy Ltd (from January 2004)
Select Exploration Ltd (from September 2010)
Western Areas Ltd (from October 2011)

Mount Gibson Iron Ltd (from 2001 to November 2011)

Mr Peter Neil Landau

Executive Director (resigned 3 February 2014)

Non-Executive Director (appointed 3 February 2014, resigned 13 June 2014)

Qualifications

LB. B.Com

Experience

Mr Peter Landau is the founding director of Okap Ventures Pty Ltd and Komodo Capital Pty Ltd., internationally focused project management, corporate advisory and venture capital firms based in Western Australia and London. Mr Landau is a corporate lawyer and corporate advisor and has over 15 years' experience in providing general corporate, capital raising, transaction and strategic advice to numerous ASX and AIM listed and unlisted companies. Mr Landau has project managed a significant oil and gas and mining exploration and development transactions around the world including capital raising, M & A, joint ventures and finance structures.

Interest in shares and options

13,956,522 ordinary shares and 1,500,000 partly paid shares

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

Nkwe Platinum Ltd (from 14 September 2006)

Continental Coal Ltd (from 10 Dec 2002 to 14 May 2013; re-appointed 13 February 2014)

Black Mountain Resources Ltd (from 23 August 2011) AusAmerican Mining Limited (from 1 August 2013) Citation Resources Ltd (from 7 February 2014)

Paynes Find Gold Ltd (from 11 January 2012 to 4 October 2013) Eclipse Metals Ltd (from 19 March 2013 to 7 October 2013)

Mr Anthony Neville Chisholm Eastman

Executive Director (resigned 13 June 2014) Joint Company Secretary (resigned 22 April 2014)

Qualifications

B.Com, CA

Experience

Mr Anthony Eastman is a Chartered Accountant with a number of years' experience in financial management and corporate advisory services. He has previously worked with Ernst & Young and CalEnergy Gas Ltd, a subsidiary of the Berkshire Hathaway Group of Companies in both Australia and the United Kingdom.

Interest in shares and options

4,356,521 ordinary shares

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

None

Directors' Report continued

Information on Company Secretaries

Ms Rebecca Louise Sandford Joint Company Secretary (appointed 22 April 2014)

Qualifications B.Bus, AGIA

Experience Ms Rebecca Sandford's experience includes acquisitions, takeovers, capital raisings,

listing of companies on ASX, due diligence reviews and compliances. Rebecca has acted as the company secretary of a number of ASX listed companies. Rebecca is a

member of the Governance Institute of Australia.

Interest in shares and options

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years None

Ms Amy Just Joint Company Secretary (appointed 21 July 2014)

Qualifications B. Bus, CA, AGIA

Experience Ms Amy Just's experience includes corporate advisory, company secretarial and

> financial management services. Amy has ten years of experience as a Chartered Accountant and is member of the Governance Institute of Australia. Amy has acted as the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of numerous domestic and international oil & gas and mineral exploration companies, and has significant ASX

compliance, statutory reporting, and corporate governance experience.

Interest in shares and options Nil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

None

Ms Sara Claire Kelly Joint Company Secretary (appointed 22 April 2014, resigned 21 July 2014)

Qualifications B.Com. LLB

Experience Ms Sara Kelly is an experienced Company Secretary and Corporate Lawyer with

> over 8 years' experience. Sara has comprehensive knowledge of and experience in administering regulatory frameworks and processes in a listed company environment and practised as a corporate lawyer specialising in acquisitions, takeovers, capital raisings and listing of companies on ASX and AIM. Sara has acted as the company

secretary of a number of ASX listed companies.

Interest in shares and options Nil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years None

Joint Company Secretary (resigned 22 April 2014) **Ms Jane Flegg**

Ms Jane Flegg has over 20 years of experience in finance and administration. **Experience**

> During the past decade she has been a Corporate Advisor to several ASX and AIM listed mining and oil and gas companies, specialising in corporate and financial

management, compliance and company secretarial advice.

Interest in shares and options Nil

Directorships held in other listed entities during the past three years

None

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Information on other Key Management Personnel

Mr Nick Beattle Chief Financial Officer (appointed 28 May 2014)

Qualifications BA (Hons), FCIBS, AMCT

Experience Mr Nick Beattie has over twenty years of experience in finance working with a range

of international banks. Most recently he was a Managing Director in the BNP Paribas Upstream Oil and Gas team in London where he was responsible for leading the bank relationships with UK focused independent E&P companies. Nick has approximately ten years' experience specifically financing the E&P sector and whilst at BNP Paribas, he structured and led numerous reserve based loans, development financings and other debt facilities. Prior to working with BNP Paribas, Nick worked as a Director within the Oil and Gas finance team at Fortis Bank covering Europe, Middle East and Africa and in a variety of roles with National Australia Bank Group. Nick is an Associate Member of the Association of Corporate Treasurers and a Fellow of the Chartered

Institute of Bankers in Scotland.

Interest in shares and options Nil

Remuneration Report (audited)

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of Range Resources Limited.

(a) Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of Range Resources Limited has been designed to align Director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board of Range Resources Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and Directors to run and manage the Group, as well as create alignment of goals between Directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for Board members and senior executives of the Company is as follows:

The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive Directors and other senior executives, was developed and approved by the Board.

Non-executive Directors, executive Directors and senior executives receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any FBT charges related to employee benefits including motor vehicles, as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

Executive Directors can be employed by the Company on a consultancy basis, on Board approval, with remuneration and terms stipulated in individual consultancy agreements.

The Board exercises its discretion in determining remuneration performance of executives. Given the size and nature of the entity, the Board does not deem it to be realistic to measure performance against defined criteria. As such remuneration and performance have historically not been linked.

All remuneration paid to Directors and executives is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Shares given to Directors and executives are valued as the difference between the market price of those shares and the amount paid by the Director or executive. Unlisted options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies taking into consideration time, commitment and level of responsibility. As approved by shareholders in 30 November 2011, the aggregate Non-Executive remuneration per annum is currently A\$350,000 (US\$329,676). The Remuneration and Nomination Committee determines payments to the Non-Executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually. Independent external advice is sought when required. Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. The Directors are not required to hold any shares in the Company under the Constitution of the Company; however, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company.

Options may be issued to Directors and executives as part of remuneration. Options issued to Directors have historically not been based on performance criteria, but are issued to Directors and executives to increase goal congruence between executives, Directors and shareholders.

Under the Company's share trading policy, all employees and Directors of the Company and its related companies are prohibited from trading in the Company's shares or other securities if they are in possession of inside information.

The Board believes that it has implemented suitable practices and procedures that are appropriate for an organisation of this size and maturity.

(i) Remuneration committee

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the Group did not have a separately established nomination or remuneration committee. Considering the number of Directors, the Board was of the view that these functions could be efficiently performed with full Board participation. In line with the enhanced corporate governance processes implemented by the new management a Remuneration Committee has been established post year-end.

(ii) Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth and Directors and Executives Remuneration

No relationship exists between shareholder wealth, Director and executive remuneration and Company performance.

(iii) Use of remuneration consultants

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the Group did not contract the service of a remuneration consultant. Considering the number of Directors, the Board are of the view that these functions could be efficiently performed with full Board participation.

(iv) Voting and comments made at the Company's 2013 Annual General Meeting

Range Resources Ltd received 75% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2013 financial year. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

(b) Key Management Personnel

Name	Position held	Appointment/Resignation Date
Directors		
Sir Samuel Jonah	Non-Executive Chairman	
Mr Rory Scott Russell	CEO & Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones	Non-Executive Director	
Dr Christian Bukovics	Non-Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr Graham Lyon	Non-Executive Director	appointed 3 Feb 2014
Mr David Riekie	Non-Executive Director	appointed 27 Jun 2014
Mr Ian Macliver	Non-Executive Director	appointed 27 Jun 2014, resigned 14 Aug 14
Mr Ian Olson	Non-Executive Director	appointed 18 Aug 2014
Mr Peter Landau	Non-Executive Director	resigned 13 Jun 2014
Mr Anthony Eastman	Executive Director	resigned 13 Jun 2014
Officers		
Mr Nick Beattie	Chief Financial Officer	appointed 28 May 2014
Ms Jane Flegg	Company Secretary	resigned 22 April 2014

Remuneration Report (audited) continued

(c) Details of Remuneration

The remuneration for the Key Management Personnel of the Group during the year was as follows:

		Short-Term Employee Benefits				
2014	Cash Salary and Fees US\$	Cash Bonus (iii) US\$	Annual Leave Benefits US\$	Termination Benefits US\$		
Directors & officers						
Sir Sam Jonah	91,473	-		_		
Mr Scott Russell	104,603	84,042	11,461	_		
Mr Beattie	28,530	33,235	2,063	_		
Mr Edwards-Jones	91,473	-	-	_		
Mr Lyon	105,536	-	-	_		
Dr Bukovics	38,822	-	4,202	_		
Mr Macliver	-	-	-	_		
Mr Riekie	-	-	-	_		
Mr Landau (i)	329,268	-	-	_		
Mr Eastman	223,151	_	-	_		
Ms Flegg (ii)	_	_	-	_		
	1,012,856	117,277	17,726	_		

O: . =		
Short-Term	Employee	Benefits

	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Cash Salary		Annual Leave	
	and Fees	Cash Bonus	Benefits	
2013	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Directors & officers				
Sir Sam Jonah	102,087	-	_	
Mr Landau	494,248	-	_	
Mr Edwards-Jones	102,087	-	_	
Mr Eastman	204,175	-	_	
Ms Flegg (ii)	_	-	_	
	902,597	_	_	

⁽i) Fees paid to Mr Landau comprise \$289,268 received in his capacity as an executive Director and \$40,000 received in his capacity as a Non-Executive Director.

⁽ii) Ms Flegg is an employee of Okap Ventures Pty Ltd (a Related Party) and is paid a salary through Okap's consulting agreement with Range Resources Limited. This consulting agreement was terminated after the year end.

⁽iii) Cash bonuses paid to Mr Scott Russell and Mr Beattie were in respect of sign on bonuses in accordance with their respective employment contracts and were not linked to Company or Group performance.

Post Employment Benefits	Share-based Payments			
Super-annuation/ Pensions US\$	Options US\$	Total US\$	% Share-based US\$	Performance Related US\$
-	-	91,473	-	-
35,414	-	235,520	-	-
11,069	-	74,897	_	_
_	_	91,473	-	_
_	-	105,536	-	_
1,816	-	44,840	-	_
_	-	-	-	_
_	-	-	-	_
_	_	329,268	_	_
_	-	223,151	_	-
_	_	_	_	_
48,299	-	1,196,158	_	-

Post Employment Benefits	Share-based Payments			
Super-annuation/ Pensions Options Total US\$ US\$ US\$			% Share-based US\$	Performance Related US\$
_	_	102,087	_	-
_	_	494,248	_	_
_	_	102,087	_	
_	_	204,175	_	_
_	_	_	_	_
_	_	902,597	_	_

Remuneration Report (audited) continued

(d) Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Key Management Personnel

(i) Share-based payments

There were no share-based payments made during the year to Key Management Personnel.

(ii) Options issued as part of remuneration

There were no options issued during the current and prior year to the Directors or Key Management Personnel. At the shareholder meeting on 14 March 2014 approval was obtained to issue options to several Directors, however these options were not issued and the Company has no obligation to issue any options to Directors at this time.

(iii) Shares provided on exercise of remuneration options

No options issue in prior years affects remuneration in the current or future financial years.

(iv) Fully paid share holdings

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year or at time of resignation by Key Management Personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, are set out below.

Shareholdings

2014	Balance at the start of the year	Granted as compensation	Other changes (iii)	Balance at the end of the year	Balance held indirectly
Sir Sam Jonah	21,597,833	_	_	21,597,833	21,597,833
Mr Scott Russell	_	-	_	_	-
Mr Beattie	-	-	_	_	_
Mr Edwards-Jones	3,531,522	-	_	3,531,522	3,531,522
Mr Lyon	-	-	_	_	_
Dr Bukovics	-	-	280,000	280,000	_
Mr Macliver	-	-	_	_	_
Mr Riekie	-	-	_	_	-
Mr Landau (i)	13,956,522	-	(13,956,522)	_	-
Mr Eastman (ii)	4,356,521	-	(4,356,521)	_	_
Ms Flegg	_	-	_	_	_
Total	43,442,398	_	(18,033,043)	25,409,355	25,129,355

⁽i) Resigned on 13 June 2014

⁽ii) Resigned on 13 June 2014

⁽iii) Balance at appointment/(resignation) date

(v) Partly paid shareholdings (Note 26c)

The numbers of shares in the Company held during the financial year or at time of resignation by Key Management Personnel of the Company, including their personally related parties, are set out below.

Partly paid shareholdings

2014	Balance at the start of the year	Granted as compensation	Other changes (ii)	Balance at the end of the year	Balance held indirectly
Sir Sam Jonah	-	_	-	_	-
Mr Rory Scott Russell	-	_	_	-	_
Mr Nick Beattie	-	_	_	-	_
Mr Edwards-Jones	750,000	_	_	750,000	750,000
Mr Graham Lyon	-	_	_	-	_
Dr Christian Bukovics	-	_	_	-	_
Mr Ian Macliver	-	_	_	-	_
Mr David Riekie	-	_	_	-	_
Mr Landau (i)	1,500,000	_	(1,500,000)	-	_
Mr Eastman	-	_	_	_	_
Ms Flegg		_	_	_	
Total	2,250,000	_	(1,500,000)	750,000	750,000

⁽i) Resigned on 13 June 2014

(e) Loans to Key Management Personnel

There were no loans made to Directors of Range Resources Limited and other Key Management Personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties during the 2013 or 2014 financial years.

(f) Transactions with Key Management Personnel

The following transactions occurred during the year with Key Management Personnel or their related parties:

	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Consulting fees paid to Soncer Limited, a company owned by Mr Graham Lyon, for the provision of corporate advisory and capital raising services	67,321	-
Consulting fees paid or payable to Okap Ventures Pty Ltd, a company in which Mr Landau is a Director, for the provision of corporate advisory, capital raising, company secretarial, investor/public relations and associated services including provision of all financial and administrative staff and office space in West Perth and London. Balances at year end to related parties:	780,718	857,108
Anthony Eastman	221,063	_
Sir Sam Jonah	260,000	_
Marcus Edwards-Jones	35,500	_
Okap Ventures Pty Ltd payable (i)	79,585	1,644
Doull Holdings Pty Ltd payable (in respect of Pete Landau Director Fees) (i)	181,612	139,920

⁽i) These were related parties throughout the financial year until 3 June 2014

⁽ii) Balance at appointment/(resignation) date

Remuneration Report (audited) continued

(g) Employment Contracts of Directors and Other Key Management Personnel

On appointment, Executive Directors and Other Key Management Personnel enter into an employment contract with the Company (or another company within the Group). This contract sets out their duties, remuneration and other terms of employment. These contracts may be terminated by either the Company or the employee as detailed below.

All Non-Executive Directors are eligible to receive consulting fees for services provided to the Company over and above the services expected from a Non-Executive Director.

Sir Sam Jonah as Non-Executive Chairman

Contract term - 3 years from 1 July 2012

Base payment - AU\$100,000 per annum

Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement

Notice period - 6 months

Termination benefits – payment for the balance of the term of the contract for termination without cause

Mr Rory Scott Russell as Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Contract start date - 3 February 2014

Base payment - GB£150,000 per annum, reviewed annually

Pension - 10% of base

Bonus – eligible to receive bonuses are at the discretion of the Board

Notice period – first 12 months – 3 months, thereafter 6 months

Termination benefits – payment in lieu of notice at Company option for termination without cause

Mr Nick Beattie as Chief Financial Officer

Contract start date - 23 May 2014

Base payment - GB£135,000 per annum, reviewed annually

Pension - 10% of base

Bonus - eligible to receive bonuses are at the discretion of the Board

Notice period - 3-6 months

Termination benefits – 6 months' salary

Mr Marcus Edwards-Jones as Non-Executive Director

Contract term - 3 years from 15 August 2012

Base payment - AU\$100,000 per annum

Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement

Notice period – 6 months

Termination benefits – payment for the balance of the term of the contract for termination without cause

Mr Graham Lyon as Non-Executive Director

Contract term – 3 years from 1 February 2014

Base payment - GB£55,000 per annum

Notice period - 3 months

Termination benefits – payment for the balance of the term of the contract

Consulting services – Mr Lyon may provide additional consulting services over and above services rendered to the Company as a Non-Executive Director from time to time as required at a rate of GB£2,000 per day.

Dr Christian Bukovics as Non-Executive Director

Contract term - 3 years from 3 February 2014

Base payment - GB£55,000 per annum

Notice period - 3 months

Termination benefits – payment for the balance of the term of the contract for termination without cause

Mr David Riekie as Non-Executive Director

Contract start date - 27 June 2014

Base payment - AU\$72,000 per annum

Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement

Termination benefits - none

Consulting services – Mr Riekie may provide additional consulting services over and above services rendered to the Company as a Non-Executive Director from time to time as required at a rate of AU\$1,400 per day.

Mr Ian Macliver as Non-Executive Director (resigned 14 August 2014)

Contract start date –27 June 2014
Base payment – AU\$72,000 per annum
Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement
Termination benefits – none

Mr Peter Landau as Executive Director (resigned 13 June 2014)

Contract term – 3 years from 1 July 2012 Base payment – AU\$480,000 per annum Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement Notice period – 3 months

Termination benefits – salary for 6 months from the date of termination for termination without cause A formal contract was not entered into in respect of Mr Landau's Non-Executive Director role.

Mr Anthony Eastman as Executive Director (resigned 13 June 2014)

Contract term – 3 years from 1 July 2013 Base payment – GB£125,000 per annum Superannuation – no superannuation entitlement Notice period – 6 months

Termination benefits – salary for the balance of the term of the contract for termination without cause

During the financial year 7 meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

	Board Meetings		
Director	Attended	Eligible to Attend	
Samuel Jonah	7	7	
Marcus Edwards-Jones	7	7	
Peter Landau (resigned 13 June 2014)	6	6	
Anthony Eastman (resigned 13 June 2014)	6	6	
Rory Scott Russell (appointed 3 Feb 2014)	3	3	
Graham Lyon (appointed 3 Feb 2014)	3	3	
Christian Bukovics (appointed 3 Feb 2014)	2	3	
lan Macliver (appointed 27 Jun 2014, resigned 14 Aug 2014)	_	_	
David Riekie (appointed 27 Jun 2014)	_	_	

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

In accordance with the constitution, except where prohibited by the Corporations Act 2001, every Director, principal executive officer or secretary of the Company shall be indemnified out of the property of the Company against any liability incurred by him/her in his/her capacity as Director, principal executive officer or secretary of the Company or any related corporation in respect of any act or omission whatsoever and howsoever occurring or in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal.

During the financial year, the Company has paid premiums to insure the Directors against certain liabilities arising out of the conduct of acting as an officer of the Company. Under the terms and conditions of the insurance contract, the nature of liabilities insured against and the premium paid cannot be disclosed.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Meetings of Directors

OptionsAt the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Range Resources Limited under option are as follows:

Grant Date	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number Under Option
08/07/2010	30/06/2015	£0.04	855,166
20/09/2011	30/04/2016	£0.17	7,058,824
21/03/2012	31/01/2017	£0.075	5,180,000
18/06/2012	31/03/2015	£0.125	9,000,000
19/10/2012	19/10/2015	£0.0615	15,708,801
19/11/2012	30/11/2015	£0.05075	32,275,862
21/03/2013	31/01/2016	\$0.05	80,508,341
30/01/2013	31/01/2016	\$0.10	5,000,000
11/02/2013	10/02/2016	\$0.06	5,000,000
30/04/2013	30/04/2016	£0.04	146,533,850
09/08/2013	30/04/2016	£0.037	5,000,000
05/08/2013	25/07/2016	£0.021	476,190
05/08/2013	29/07/2016	£0.021	952,381
25/09/2013	31/08/2016	£0.021	6,714,284
25/09/2013	31/08/2016	£0.02	9,000,000
25/09/2013	30/09/2016	£0.019	3,947,368
25/09/2013	30/09/2016	£0.018	8,666,670
28/10/2013	31/10/2016	£0.018	694,445
28/10/2013	31/10/2016	£0.017	2,205,885
28/10/2013	31/10/2016	£0.016	1,250,000
28/10/2013	31/10/2016	£0.015	17,333,336
25/11/2013	30/11/2016	£0.015	3,000,001
25/11/2013	30/11/2016	£0.015	5,153,846
11/12/2013	11/12/2016	\$0.0321	2,000,000
28/01/2014	31/12/2016	£0.012	2,000,000
28/01/2014	31/12/2016	£0.011	5,000,000
03/02/2014	31/01/2017	£0.011	23,636,364
14/07/2014	14/07/2018	£0.01	161,472,247
14/07/2014	14/07/2018	£0.02	118,729,593
09/09/2014	09/09/2017	£0.03	7,500,000
09/09/2014	31/01/2018	\$0.05	1,000,000
			692,853,454

During the year ended 30 June 2014, 70,833,334 (2013: Nil) ordinary shares of Range Resources Limited were issued on the exercise of options.

The holders of these options do not have any rights under the options to participate in any share issues of the Company.

Corporate Governance

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the Directors of Range Resources Limited support and have adhered to the principles of Corporate Governance.

Non-Audit Services

The total value of non-audit services provided by a related practice of BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd in respect to the Company's tax compliance is US\$47,998 (2013: US\$43,977).

The Board of Directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Board to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The auditor's independence declaration, as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, for the year ended 30 June 2014 has been received and can be found on the following page.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Sir Sam Jonah

Chairman

30 September 2014



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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

By Glyn O'Brien to the Directors of Range Resources Limited

As lead auditor of Range Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Range Resources Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Glyn O'Brien

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, 30 September 2014

GUS O'SPICE

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Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Consolidated		dated
	Note	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Revenue from continuing operations	3	21,185,745	26,073,811
Operating expenses		(9,549,610)	(6,304,313)
Royalties		(7,353,237)	(6,990,430)
Depreciation, depletion and amortisation		(7,909,945)	(8,307,574)
Cost of sales	4a	(24,812,792)	(21,602,317)
Gross profit/(loss)		(3,627,047)	4,471,494
Other income and expenses from continuing operations			
Other income	3	1,221,108	484,539
Finance costs	4b	(21,797,779)	(4,027,704)
General and administration expenses	4b	(14,485,854)	(13,404,402)
Assets written-off	4c	(24,267,968)	_
Exploration expenditure	4d	(1,163,920)	(5,839,253)
Share of net loss of investments in associates	19	(659,400)	_
Loss before income tax expense from continuing operations		(64,780,860)	(18,315,326)
Income tax expense	6	(906,620)	(2,628,763)
Loss after income tax from continuing operations		(65,687,480)	(20,944,089)
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	5a	(36,854,510)	639,828
Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of Range Resources Limited		(102,541,990)	(20,304,261)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Revaluation of available for sale financial assets	27d	325,263	(1,105,172)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	27c	(411,110)	(681,064)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax		(85,847)	(1,786,236)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to equity holders of Range Resources Limited		(102,627,837)	(22,090,497)
or hange nesources Limited		(102,027,037)	(22,090,497)
Loss per share from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company:			
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	8a	(1.85)	(0.86)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8b	n/a	n/a
Loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company:			
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	8a	(2.89)	(0.95)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	8b	n/a	n/a

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2014

		Consolidated	
	Note	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	2,977,410	1,732,231
Restricted deposits	17	_	3,480,000
Trade and other receivables	10	5,338,769	14,297,007
Other current assets	11	728,544	3,818,816
		9,044,723	23,328,054
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	12	11,000,000	8,769,792
Total current assets		20,044,723	32,097,846
Non-current assets			
Deferred tax asset	6	462,325	216,920
Available for sale financial assets	13	876,347	822,751
Goodwill	15	46,198,974	46,198,974
Property, plant and equipment	16	11,254,269	12,300,418
Exploration & evaluation expenditure	17	523,605	9,453,636
Producing assets	18	82,517,820	85,422,826
Investments in associates	19	2,779,476	37,295,453
Other non-current assets	20	1,500,000	15,324,218
Total non-current assets		146,112,816	207,035,196
Total assets		166,157,539	239,133,042
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	8,705,005	7,170,178
Current tax liabilities		310,335	1,806,030
Borrowings	22a	_	11,026,440
Option liability	22b	2,189,913	
Provisions	23	696,244	654,873
Total current liabilities	20	11,901,497	20,657,521
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	24	44,376,033	44,995,633
Employee service benefits	25a	584,746	482,092
Other non-current liabilities	25b	-	431,211
Total non-current liabilities	200	44,960,779	45,908,936
Total liabilities		56,862,276	66,566,457
Net assets		109,295,263	172,566,585
Equity			
Contributed equity	26	352,599,569	314,199,634
Reserves	27	27,862,006	26,991,273
Accumulated losses	21	(271,166,312)	(168,624,322
Total equity		109,295,263	172,566,585

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2014

		Consolidated		
	Note	Contributed Equity US\$	Accumulated Losses US\$	
Balance at 1 July 2012		283,645,540	(148,320,061)	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		_	_	
Loss attributable to members of the Company		_	(20,304,261)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(20,304,261)	
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Issue of share capital	26	30,905,011	_	
Exercise of options	26	_	_	
Cost of share-based payments		_	_	
Issue costs	26	(350,917)	_	
Balance at 30 June 2013		314,199,634	(168,624,322)	
		US\$	US\$	
Balance at 1 July 2013		314,199,634	(168,624,322)	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		_	_	
Loss attributable to members of the Company		_	(102,541,990)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year		_	(102,541,990)	
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Issue of share capital	26	32,467,157	_	
Unissued share capital	26	6,000,000	_	
Exercise of options	26	652,778	_	
Cost of share-based payments		_	_	
Issue costs	26	(720,000)	_	
Balance at 30 June 2014		352,599,569	(271,166,312)	

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Consolidated

Total Equity US\$	Option Premium Reserve US\$	Share-based Payment Reserve US\$	Available for Sale Investment Revaluation Reserve US\$	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve US\$
163,988,199	9,815,752	13,970,253	779,909	4,096,806
(1,786,236)	-	_	(1,105,172)	(681,064)
(20,304,261)	_	_	_	_
(22,090,497)	_	_	(1,105,172)	(681,064)
30,905,011	_	_	-	-
_	_	-	_	_
114,789	_	114,789	_	_
(350,917)	_	_	_	_
172,566,585	9,815,752	14,085,042	(325,263)	3,415,742
US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
172,566,585	9,815,752	14,085,042	(325,263)	3,415,742
(85,847)	_	_	325,263	(411,110)
(102,541,990)	_	_	_	_
(102,627,837)	_	_	325,263	(411,110)
32,467,157	-	-	-	-
6,000,000	-	-	-	_
1,467,539	814,761	-	-	-
141,819	-	141,819	-	_
(720,000)	_	-	-	_
	10,630,513	14,226,861		

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Consolidated	
Note	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Cash flows from operating activities	337	
Receipts from customers	21,786,510	24,662,614
Payments to suppliers and employees	(19,638,193)	(25,042,225)
Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure	(1,163,920)	(5,839,253)
Income taxes paid	(2,236,840)	(4,736,902)
Interest received	10,293	183,714
Interest & other finance costs	(4,979,631)	(1,678,438)
Net cash outflow from operating activities 31	(6,221,781)	(12,450,490)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment for property, plant & equipment	(857,934)	(1,661,699)
Payment for available for sale financial assets	_	(200,000)
Proceeds from sale of available for sale financial assets	_	2,091,522
Payment for producing assets	(3,146,149)	(8,396,480)
Payment to investments in associates	(2,715,517)	(6,962,418)
Payments for exploration and evaluation assets	(683,887)	(2,202,930)
Payments for assets held-for-sale	-	(912,687)
Payment to restricted deposits	-	(3,480,000)
Loans to external parties	(700,000)	(9,001,871)
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(8,103,487)	(30,726,563)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity	16,002,037	21,504,846
Payment of equity issue costs	(720,000)	(350,917)
Proceeds from borrowings	16,407,790	21,499,815
Repayment of borrowings	(16,119,380)	(8,323,022)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	15,570,447	34,330,722
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,245,179	(8,846,331)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	1,732,231	10,578,562
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year 9	2,977,410	1,732,231

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001. Range Resources Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements cover the Group consisting of Range Resources Limited and its controlled entities. Separate financial statements of Range Resources Limited are no longer presented as a result of a change to the Corporations Act 2001. Financial information for Range Resources Limited as an individual entity is disclosed in Note 34. Range Resources Limited is a listed public Company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Group in the preparation of the financial statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

Reporting basis and conventions

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

Compliance with IFRS

The financial statements of Range Resources Limited also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2014.

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "Functional Currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollars (USD), which is Range Resources Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As disclosed in the financial statements, the Group incurred losses of US\$101,916,838 for the year ending 30 June 2014. The Group also had net cash outflows from operating and investing activities for the year totalling US\$14,325,268, and a net current liability position (excluding assets held for sale) of \$2,856,774.

The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Group to operate its oil & gas properties profitably and raise additional funding for future activities. The Directors consider that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to raise additional funding as necessary to advance Trinidad operations and meet working capital requirements.

The Company will seek to rationalise the portfolio of non-core assets and redeploy capital to maximise current production from its core assets in Trinidad and pursue growth opportunities that enhance cash generation and returns to shareholders.

As announced on 30 September 2014, the Group has finalised an up to US\$15 million loan facility with Lind Partners. The Loan is for a maximum term of 24 months and will be available in 2 tranches. The first tranche (Tranche 1) totalling US\$10 million will be available at closing with the second tranche (Tranche 2) totalling US\$5 million available at the Company's option, 6 months later. Each tranche is repayable over an 18 month period in either cash or shares (at the Company's option).

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary if the Group does not continue as a going concern.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting period. There has been no material impact on the financial statements upon the adoption of the new and revised standards other than additional disclosures required under AASB 12 and AASB 13.

The impact of standards and interpretations that have been published but are not mandatory for 30 June 2014 reporting periods and have not been early adopted are disclosed within note 38. There were no standards that were early adopted as of 30 June 2014.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Group.

(a) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Range Resources Limited ("Parent Entity" or "Company") as at 30 June 2014 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Range Resources Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to as the "Group".

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its investment with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Group during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased. A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 14 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a June financial year-end.

All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the Group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the Company.

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20–50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

(b) Income tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the reporting date within each jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in profit or loss except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Plant and equipment are measured on the historical cost basis less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the Group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Oil and gas assets

These properties represents the accumulation of all exploration, evaluation and development expenditure, pre-production development costs and ongoing costs of continuing the develop reserves for production incurred by or on behalf of the entity in relation to areas of interests.

Where further development expenditure is incurred in respect of a property after the commencement of production, such expenditure is carried forward as part of the cost of that property only when expected future economic benefits are to be received, otherwise such expenditure is classified as part of the cost of production.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including capitalised lease assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate		
Plant & equipment	11.25%-33%		
Production equipment	10–20%		
Motor vehicles, furniture & fixtures	25-33%		
Leasehold improvements	10-12.50%		

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows which will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to accumulated losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Significant accounting policies continued

(d) Exploration and evaluation expenditure and the recognition of assets

Generally, exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

The recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

The carrying values of expenditures carried forward are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date when the facts, events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Accumulated expenditures are written off to profit or loss to the extent to which they are considered to be impaired.

Range Resources Limited is applying AASB 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources which is equivalent to IFRS 6. The carrying value of exploration and evaluation expenditure is historical cost less impairment.

It's the Group's policy to capitalise exploration expenditure for all areas of interest apart from those in Somalia. Exploration costs incurred in respect of the Group's Somalian interests are expensed as incurred.

(e) Producing assets

Upon the commencement of commercial production from each identifiable area of interest, the exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred up to that point is impairment tested and then reclassified to producing assets.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised on a units of production method based on the ratio of actual production to remaining proved reserves (P1) as estimated by independent petroleum engineers over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The carrying amount of development assets is reviewed annually by Directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows which will be received from the asset's employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to accumulated losses.

The Group records the present value of the estimated cost of legal and constructive obligations to restore operating locations in the period in which the obligation arises. The nature of restoration activities includes the removal of facilities, abandonment of wells and restoration of affected areas. A restoration provision is recognised and updated at different stages of the development and construction of a facility and then reviewed on an annual basis. When the liability is initially recorded, the estimated cost is capitalised by increasing the carrying amount of the related exploration and evaluation/development assets.

Over time, the liability is increased for the change in the present value based on a pre-tax discount rate appropriate to the risk inherent in the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recorded as an accretion charge within finance costs. The carrying amount capitalised in oil and gas properties is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset.

Costs incurred that relate to an existing condition caused by past operation and do not have a future economic benefit are expensed.

(f) Financial instruments

The Group's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below.

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available-for-sale investments. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include non-derivative financial assets designated in this category not included in any of the other categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are taken directly to the available for sale investment revaluation reserve in equity. Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long-term.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities held at cost less impairment, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in the available for sale investment revaluation reserve in equity. Changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a security below its cost is considered an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and included in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through profit or loss.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and reward of ownership.

When the securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in profit or loss as gains and losses for investment securities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Significant accounting policies continued

(g) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each entity within the Group is determined using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in equity to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in equity; otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in profit or loss.

(h) Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(j) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of trade receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due, according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss within other expenses. When a trade receivable, for which an impairment allowance had been recognised, becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group.

Revenue from the sale of oil and gas and related products is recognised when the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership and the amounts can be measured reliably. In the case of oil, this usually occurs at the time of lifting.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

(I) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(m) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(n) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date.

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash follows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

(o) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate is carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's net investment in the associate.

The Group's share of the associate post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in the associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any unsecured long-term receivables and loans, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The reporting dates of the associate and the Group are identical and the associate's accounting policies conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Significant accounting policies continued

(p) Prepayments for investments

Prepayments for acquisitions of financial assets are recorded at the fair value of consideration to acquire the assets.

On satisfaction of all terms of the acquisition contract have been satisfied the prepayment is transferred and accounted for as an investment

(g) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(r) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at reporting date.

(s) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(t) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(u) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the managing Director.

(v) Impairment of assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which they are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(w) Intangible assets (goodwill)

Goodwill is measured as described in note 1(v). Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segments (note 30).

(x) Share-based payments

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, which includes any market performance conditions and the impact of any non-vesting conditions but excludes the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions.

(y) Employee benefits

Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in current liabilities in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in current and non-current liabilities, depending on the unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. The liability is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

(z) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A distinction is made between finance leases, which effectively transfer from the lessor to the lessee substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of leased assets, and operating leases, under which the lessor effectively retains substantially all such risks and benefits.

Finance leases are capitalised. A lease asset and liability are established at the fair value of the leased assets, or if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component of the lease liability and the finance costs, so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leased assets acquired under a finance lease are depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Operating lease payments, net of any incentives received from the lessor, are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(aa) Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Where there is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, the loans or borrowings are classified as non-current.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES CONTINUED

Significant accounting policies continued

(bb) Compound Financial Instruments

Compound financial instruments issued by the Group comprise convertible notes that can be converted to ordinary shares at the option of the holder, when the number of shares to be issued is fixed.

The liability component of a compound financial instrument is recognised initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The equity component is recognised initially at the difference between the fair value of the compound financial instrument as a whole and the fair value of the liability component. Any directly attributable transaction costs are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to their initial carrying amounts.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the liability component of a compound financial instrument is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component of a compound financial instrument is not remeasured subsequent to initial recognition.

Interest related to the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss. On conversion the financial liability is reclassified to equity and no gain or loss is recognised.

Convertible notes that can be converted to share capital at the option of the holder and where the number of shares is variable, contains an embedded derivative liability. The embedded derivative liability is calculated (at fair value) first and the residual value is assigned to the debt host contract. The embedded derivative is subsequently measured at fair values and movements are reflected in the profit and loss.

Certain convertible notes issued by the Group which include embedded derivatives (option to convert to variable number of shares in the Group are recognised as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. On initial recognition, the fair value of the convertible note will equate to the proceeds received and subsequently the liability is measured at fair value at each reporting period until settlement. The fair value movements are recognised on the profit and loss as finance costs.

(cc) Finance costs

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(dd) Non-current assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. For non-current assets to be classified as held for sale, they must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and their sale must be highly probable.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the non-current assets to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of a non-current asset, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of assets held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position, in current assets. The liabilities of disposal groups classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position, in current liabilities.

(ee) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which:

- · represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations;
- · is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical are of operations; and
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative year.

NOTE 2: CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group. Areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where estimations and assumptions are significant to the financial statements are disclosed here.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure for each area of interest is carried forward as an asset provided certain conditions listed in Note 1(d) are met. Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. These calculations and reviews require the use of assumptions and judgement. The related carrying amounts are disclosed in Note 17.

Producing asset expenditure

The classification of exploration and evaluation expenditure to producing assets is based on the time of first commercial production. Producing asset expenditure for each area of interest is carried forward as an asset provided certain conditions listed in Note 1(e) are met and depreciated on a unit of production basis on P1 reserves. P1 reserves have been determined by an independent expert.

Development assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of a development asset may exceed its recoverable amount. These timings, calculations and reviews require the use of assumptions and judgement. The related carrying amounts are disclosed in Note 18.

Investment in associate - LAR

In January 2013, Range acquired a stake in Citation Resources Limited (ASX: CTR) which held a 70% interest in Latin American Resources ("LAR"). Subsequently, Range acquired a direct 20% interest in LAR. As at 30 June 2014, Range had a 6.33% interest in CTR and CTR had a 60% interest in LAR. Combined with the direct shareholding this gives Range an effective 24% interest in LAR, giving Range significance influence over the group. At 30 June 2014 the carrying value of the Group's 20% interest in LAR has been impaired down to US\$2,779,476 which represents the Group's share of 20% of LAR net assets – refer Note 19. The impairment recognised in relation to LAR at 30 June 2014 was US\$1,410,138, which is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within assets written-off.

Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables

During the year, and given uncertainty over the counterparty's ability to repay, a provision for impairment of US\$2,489,443 was recognised in relation to miscellaneous other receivables totalling US\$3,179,394.

Provision for impairment of other non-current receivable

The Company recognised an impairment of US\$7,354,469 with respect to the loan which had been advanced to International Petroleum Limited, reducing the carrying value of the loan to US\$1,500,000 at 30 June 2014 as set out in note 20.

Impairment of goodwill

The group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 1(w). The recoverable amounts of CGU have been determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of assumptions. Please refer to note 15 for the potential impact of changes to the assumptions.

Deferred tax liability

Upon acquisition of SOCA Petroleum Ltd, in accordance with the requirement of AASB 112 Income Taxes, a deferred tax liability of US\$46,979,878 was recognised in relation to the difference between the carrying amount for accounting purposes of deferred development assets and their actual cost base for tax purposes. The carrying value of this deferred tax liability has reduced to US\$44,376,033 at 30 June 2014. In the event that the manner by which the carrying value of these assets is recovered differs from that which is assumed for the purpose of this estimation, the associated tax charges may be significantly less than this amount.

Impairment of assets held-for-sale

An impairment loss in respect of asset held-for-sale is generally measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale and subsequent gains and losses on re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held-for-sale, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

In 2013, Range indicated that it is in the process of disposing its Texas assets. During 2014, as part of the Company's strategy to rationalise non-core assets, the Company committed to a plan to dispose its shares in UK Company Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited ("Strait").

At 30 June 2014, impairment losses of US\$7,962,849 and US\$29,281,987 have been recognised in respect of Texas and Strait, respectively.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 3: REVENUE

	Cons	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$		
From continuing operations			
- revenue from sale of hydrocarbons	21,185,745	26,073,811	
Other income			
– interest income ⁽ⁱ⁾	1,217,890	_	
- other income	3,218	484,539	
	22,406,853	26,558,350	

⁽i) relates primarily to the loan facility and interest revenue as per final settlement agreement between Citation Resources Ltd and the Group.

NOTE 4: EXPENSES

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Loss before income tax includes the following specific expenses:	33,	357
(a) Cost of sales		
- Costs of production	4,705,948	3,209,199
- Royalties	7,353,237	6,990,430
- Staff costs	4,843,662	3,095,114
- Oil and gas properties depreciation, depletion and amortisation	1,687,468	2,102,591
- Amortisation in relation to fair value uplift of oil properties on business combination	6,222,477	6,204,983
	24,812,792	21,602,317
(b) Expenses		
Finance costs		
- Fair value losses for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	13,323,578	1,890,497
- Interest paid on financial liabilities at fair value	2,867,462	2,137,207
- Corporate advisory fee	2,077,382	_
- Loss on equity swap	3,494,570	_
- Bank fees	34,787	
Total finance costs	21,797,779	4,027,704

	Consoli	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
(b) Expenses continued			
General and administration expenses			
- Consultants	3,421,400	4,058,231	
- Other expenses	1,597,262	1,522,611	
- Share based payments	1,673,558	2,907,084	
– Foreign exchange loss	1,468,581	135,462	
- Directors' and officers' fees and benefits	1,115,524	902,597	
- Travel expenditure	1,113,233	863,263	
– Legal fees	1,293,946	133,553	
- Corporate management services	780,718	866,617	
- Insurance	568,931	602,097	
- Marketing and public relations	461,902	581,339	
- Share registry expenses	371,815	313,766	
– AIM listing costs	283,722	181,138	
- Audit fees	225,040	213,951	
- Depreciation	62,224	63,938	
- Taxation advice	47,998	58,755	
Total general and administration expenses	14,485,854	13,404,402	
Asset values written-down			
Asset values written-down			
- Impairment of restricted deposits (i)	3,480,000	_	
- Impairment of current receivables	2,489,443	_	
- Impairment of non-current receivables	6,549,517	_	
- Impairment of investment in associate	1,410,138	_	
- Impairment of Colombian exploration expenditure (i)	9,613,918	_	
- Impairment of investment in available for sale financial assets	724,952	_	
Total assets written-down	24,267,968	_	
Exploration Expenditure			
Puntland	1,163,920	5,839,253	
Total exploration expenses	1,163,920	5,839,253	

⁽i) The Company decided to relinquish its investment obligations on the PUT-7 block in the Putumayo Basin in Colombia and also decided to relinquish its right to earn an interest on the PUT-6 block. All capitalised costs previously booked as exploration and evaluation asset (note 17) have been written off through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Additionally, the cash which had been placed on deposit to support the issuance of a performance bond of US\$3,480,000 has been written off at 30 June 2014 given that the Company will no longer have any interest in the relevant block.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 5: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In 2013, the Company indicated that it is in the process of disposing of the Company's North Chapman Ranch and East Texas Cotton Valley assets hence the transfer from producing assets to assets classified as held-for-sale in that accounting period.

During 2014, the Company committed to a plan to dispose its shares in the unlisted UK Company Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited, representing 40% of the shares on issue of Strait to place greater focus on the Group's core producing assets in Trinidad.

Impairment losses of US\$37 million for write-downs of the disposal group to the lower of its carrying amount and its recoverable amount have been included in loss on discontinued operations (see note 5a). The impairment losses have been applied to reduce the carrying amount of the assets held-for-sale within the disposal group. There is no cumulative income or expenses included in other comprehensive income relating to the disposal group.

	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
(a) Results of discontinued operations		
Revenue	553,965	1,184,880
Cost of sales	(97,652)	(230,543)
Asset write off	(37,244,836)	_
Other expenses	(610,285)	(358,740)
Results from operating activities	(37,398,808)	595,597
Income tax (expense)/benefit	544,298	44,231
Results from operating activities, after tax	(36,854,510)	639,828

The loss from the discontinued operations of US\$36,854,510 (2013: profit of US\$639,828) is attributable entirely to the owners of the Company.

(b) Cash flows (used in) discontinued operations		
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,069,088)	(6,966,327)
Net cash flow for the year	(2,069,088)	(6,966,327)

NOTE 6: INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Consolid	dated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
(a) Income tax expense		
Current tax	1,753,045	3,143,882
Deferred tax	(865,005)	(266,972)
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(525,718)	(292,379)
	362,322	2,584,531
Income tax expense/(benefit) is attributable to:		
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	906,618	2,628,763
Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	(544,298)	(44,232)
Aggregate income tax expense	362,322	2,584,531
(b) The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:	(102,179,666)	(17,719,730)
Prime facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2013: 30%)		
- Group	(30,653,900)	(5,315,919)
	(30,653,900)	(5,315,919)
Add:		
Tax effect of:		
- Other taxes	2,065,308	37,319
 Expenses not deductible for tax 	29,066,976	7,008,471
 Income not assessable for tax 	(4,061,284)	(4,991,360)
 Tax losses not brought to account 	494,731	3,803,906
 Benefit of tax losses not previously recognised 	2,128,535	172,043
 Deferred tax assets not brought to account 	2,835,615	2,693,637
- Differences in tax rates	(987,941)	(531,187)
- Prior year adjustment	(525,718)	(292,379)
Unrecognised Deferred tax asset	362,322	2,584,531
- Capital losses	295,658	228,106
- Revenue losses	8,797,175	8,296,991
- Other	1,068,076	353,438
	10,160,909	8,878,535
(c) Recognised deferred tax assets		
- temporary differences	462,325	216,920
	462,325	216,920
Recognised deferred tax liabilities		,
- Accelerated depreciation	(9,365,463)	(7,314,215)
– DTL arising on business combination		
	(35,010,570)	(37,681,418)

Deferred tax assets not brought to account, the benefits of which will only be realised if the conditions for deductibility set out in Note 1(b) occur.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 7: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	Conso	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Remuneration of the auditor of the Parent Entity for:			
- auditing or reviewing the financial report by BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd	144,894	122,505	
 non-audit services provided by a related entity of BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd in respect to Parent Entity's tax compliance. 	47,998	43,977	
Total remuneration for the Parent Entity	192,892	166,482	
Remuneration of the auditors of the subsidiaries:			
- auditing or reviewing the financial report by BDO Barbados	15,697	16,039	
 auditing or reviewing the financial report by BDO Trinidad 	64,449	75,407	
- auditing or reviewing the financial report by BDO USA	-	61,025	
Total remuneration for the subsidiaries	80,146	152,471	

NOTE 8: EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Consol	Consolidated	
	2014 US cents	2013 US cents	
(a) Basic loss per share			
(Loss) per share from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(1.85)	(0.86)	
(Loss) per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(2.89)	(0.95)	
(b) Diluted loss per share			
(Loss) per share from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	n/a	n/a	
(Loss) per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	n/a	n/a	
(c) Reconciliation of loss used in calculating earnings per share			
Basic/Diluted loss per share			
(Loss) from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(65,687,480)	(20,944,089)	
(Loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(102,541,990)	(20,304,261)	
	2014 No.	2013 No.	
(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic EPS	3,553,499,382	2,127,550,748	

Effect of dilutive securities

Options on issue at reporting date could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future. The effect in the current year is to reduce the loss per share hence they are considered anti-dilutive. Accordingly the diluted loss per share has not been disclosed.

NOTE 9: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Cash at bank and on hand	2,977,410	1,732,231

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk is provided in Note 35.

NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Cons	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Current			
Other receivables			
- trade receivables (i)	1,258,117	1,304,917	
– accrued revenue (ii)	102,825	8,171,284	
- goods and services tax	3,287,876	1,115,227	
– other debtors (iii)	3,179,394	3,705,579	
- less: provision for impairment	(2,489,443)	_	
	5,338,769	14,297,007	

Fair value approximates the carrying value of trade and other receivables at 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2013.

- (i) Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days. They are presented as current assets unless collection is not expected for more than 12 months after the reporting date. Trade receivables are neither past due nor impaired.
- (ii) Accrued revenues relate to the Petrotrin overriding royalty refundable in the Trinidad subsidiaries.
- (iii) Other debtors are comprised primarily of advances to unrelated third parties. Given the uncertainty over the likelihood of repayment these advances have been included within the provision for impairment raised at 30 June 2014.

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk is provided in Note 35.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 11: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Cons	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$		
Current			
Prepayments	728,544	1,475,066	
Equity swap asset (i), (ii)	-	2,343,750	
	728,544	3,818,816	

- (i) During the prior year, the Company entered into an equity swap agreement with Yorkville Advisors. Under the agreement, Range issued 75,000,000 shares for £3,000,000 (US\$4,687,500) to be settled in monthly instalments up to February 2014. The receivable is based on the market price of Range shares at each settlement date. The £3m is set at a benchmark price of £0.044; should Range's share price be less, the receivable will reduce. This has been fully settled at 30 June 2014.
- (ii) During the 2014 year, the Company entered into a second equity swap with Yorkville Advisors. Under the agreement, Range issued 72,000,000 shares for £1,100,000 (US\$1,865,950) to be settled in monthly instalments up to April 2014. The monthly instalment is based on the market price of Range shares at each settlement date. The £1,100,000 is set at a benchmark price of £0.017.

Both equity swaps were settled during the year resulting in a total loss of US\$3,494,570 being recognised in profit or loss. The loss arose on the difference between the market price of Range shares on the date of settlement and the benchmark price.

NOTE 12: ASSETS HELD-FOR-SALE

Assets classified as held for sale are as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited	10,000,000	_
Texas	1,000,000	8,769,792
Total	11,000,000	8,769,792
Movements in assets classified as held for sale are as follows:		
Opening net book amount	8,769,792	6,323,453
Transfer from producing assets (note 18)	-	1,482,476
Transfer from investment in associate (note 19)	39,281,987	_
Additions	193,057	963,863
Impairment loss relating to discontinued operation	(37,244,836)	_
Closing net book amount	11,000,000	8,769,792

In 2013, the Company indicated that it is in the process of disposing of the Company's North Chapman Ranch and East Texas Cotton Valley assets hence the transfer from producing assets to assets classified as held-for-sale. During the year, the Company also committed to a plan to dispose its shares in the unlisted UK Company Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited, representing 40% shares on issue of Strait to place greater focus on the Group's core producing assets in Trinidad.

Impairment losses of US\$37 million for write-downs of the disposal group to the lower of its carrying amount and its recoverable amount have been included in 'loss on discontinued operations' (see note 5). The impairment losses have been applied to reduce the carrying amount of the assets held-for-sale within the disposal group. There is no cumulative income or expenses included in other comprehensive income relating to the disposal group.

NOTE 13: FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Listed investments, at fair value		
– Interest in other corporations	876,347	822,751
Total available-for-sale financial assets	876,347	822,751
Movement in Financial Assets Available-for-Sale		
Opening balance	822,751	3,299,034
Shares received on settlement of loan receivable (note 20)	3,762,367	_
Acquisitions	1,207,598	762,842
Shares disposed of to settle liabilities	(3,720,555)	(2,156,008)
Foreign exchange variance	59,021	(38,129)
Impairment recognised in profit and loss	(724,952)	60,184
Fair value movement recognised in equity	(529,883)	(1,105,172)
Closing balance	876,347	822,751

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise investments in the ordinary share capital of various entities. There are no fixed returns or fixed maturity date attached to these investments.

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk is provided in Note 35.

NOTE 14: CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with accounting policy described in Note 1(a).

	Country of	Percentage	Owned (%)
Controlled Entities Consolidated	Incorporation	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Subsidiaries of Range Resources Limited:	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
Westblade Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Donnybrook Gold Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Range Australia Resources (US) Ltd	USA	100	100
Range Resources Barbados Limited	Barbados	100	100
SOCA Petroleum Limited	Barbados	100	100
Range Resources Drilling Services Limited	Trinidad	100	100
West Indies Exploration Company Limited	Trinidad	100	100
Range Resources Trinidad Limited	Trinidad	100	100
Los Bajos Oil Limited	Trinidad	100	100
Range Resources Barbados GY Limited	Barbados	100	_
Range Resources GY Shallow Limited	Trinidad	100	_
Range Resources GY Deep Limited	Trinidad	100	_
Range Resources Cayman Limited	Cayman Islands	100	100
Range Resources Upstream Services Limited	United Kingdom	100	_

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 15: GOODWILL

Goodwill is measured as described in note 1(v). Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The Group reported goodwill of US\$46,198,974, which was derived from the acquisition of SOCA Petroleum Limited through the parent's subsidiary Range Resources (Barbados) Ltd.

	God	odwill
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
At 1 July 2013		
Cost	46,198,974	46,198,974
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	
Net book amount	46,198,974	46,198,974
Year ended 30 June 2014		
Opening net book amount	46,198,974	46,198,974
Additions-acquisition	-	_
Amortisation charge	-	
Closing net book amount	46,198,974	46,198,974

(a) Impairment tests for goodwill

During the year ending 30 June 2014, the Group determined that there is no impairment of any of its cash-generating units or group of cash-generating units containing goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite useful lives.

Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to a single cash-generating unit (CGU), identified according to operating segments, being Trinidad.

(b) Key assumptions used for value-in use calculations

The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations are:

- Recoverable reserves and resources
- Commodity price of US\$96.90 per barrel
- Operating costs at 8% of revenue
- Pre-tax discount rate of 22% (post tax 10%)

Economical recoverable reserves and resources and represents management's expectations at the time of completing the impairment testing and based on the reserves and resources statements and exploration and evaluation work undertaken by appropriately qualified persons. A summary of the Company's Trinidad reserves and resources are published on the Company's website.

The commodity price for oil was based on a flat US\$96.90 West Texas Index (WTI) price being the price used by the Company's independent petroleum consultants in assessing the economical recoverable reserves and resources of the Company's Trinidad interests which have not differed materially as at the date of the impairment review and are within the range of analyst forecast as at the date of the impairment review.

Operating cost assumptions were based on the same assumptions as used by the Company's independent petroleum consultants in assessing the economical recoverable reserves and resources of the Company's Trinidad interests which have not differed materially as at the date of the impairment review.

The recoverable amount of the Trinidad operation has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses discounted cash flow (using a discount rate of 10% and assuming a flat US\$96.90 barrel for oil price) projections based on economic summary projection formulated by Forrest A. Garb & Associates, Inc. ("FGA"). FGA is an international petroleum engineering and geologic consulting firm staffed by experienced engineers and geologists. Collectively FGA staff has more than a century of world wide experience.

(c) Sensitivity to change of assumptions

No individual movement of 20% against any one key assumption would cause the carrying value of the cash generating unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

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NOTE 16: PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

			Consolidated		
	Production Equipment and access roads US\$	Gathering Station and Field Office US\$	Leasehold Improvement US\$	Motor Vehicle, Furniture, Fixtures & Fittings US\$	Total US\$
Year ended 30 June 2013					
Opening net book amount	11,383,916	173,873	490,648	748,331	12,796,768
Foreign currency movement	(208,250)	_	(13,783)	(15,353)	(237,386)
Additions	1,243,164	7,874	12,269	398,392	1,661,699
Disposals	(130,770)	_	_	(55,578)	(186,348)
Depreciation charge	(1,390,370)	(22,722)	(55,725)	(265,498)	(1,734,315)
Closing net book amount	10,897,690	159,025	433,409	810,294	12,300,418
At 30 June 2013					
Cost or fair value	20,222,642	424,876	1,061,478	1,950,320	23,659,316
Accumulated depreciation	(9,324,952)	(265,851)	(628,069)	(1,140,026)	(11,358,898)
Net book amount	10,897,690	159,025	433,409	810,294	12,300,418
Year ended 30 June 2014					
Opening net book amount	10,897,690	159,025	433,409	810,294	12,300,418
Foreign currency movement	4,372	-	546	2,603	7,521
Additions	746,400	-	-	111,534	857,934
Disposals	-	-	-	(2,708)	(2,708)
Depreciation charge	(1,543,103)	(19,756)	(49,139)	(296,898)	(1,908,896)
Closing net book amount	10,105,359	139,269	384,816	624,825	11,254,269
At 30 June 2014					
Cost or fair value	20,969,042	424,876	1,061,478	2,032,909	24,488,305
Accumulated depreciation	(10,863,683)	(285,607)	(676,662)	(1,408,084)	(13,234,036)
Net book amount	10,105,359	139,269	384,816	624,825	11,254,269

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 17: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	Conso	lidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Opening net book amount	9,453,636	7,250,706
Additions	683,887	2,202,930
Assets written off (note 4d)	(9,613,918)	_
Closing net book amount	523,605	9,453,636

At 30 June 2014, the US\$523,605 capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure relates to the interests of the Group in Trinidad's Guayaguayare Block. At 30 June 2013, the US\$9,453,636 capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure relates to the Group's Colombian interests.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

The recoverability of the carrying amount of exploration assets is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective mining permits.

During the year, the Company decided not to participate on the current terms in the exploration programme and to therefore relinquish its right to earn an interest in the PUT-7 block in the Putumayo Basin in Colombia. A similar decision was taken for PUT-6 block. Capitalised costs amounting to US\$9,613,918 have therefore been written off through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Additionally, the cash which had been placed on deposit to support the issuance of a performance bond of US\$3,480,000 has been written off at 30 June 2014 given that the Company will no longer have any interest in the relevant block.

Capitalised costs amounting to US\$683,887 (2013: US\$2,202,930) has been included in the statement of cash flows from investing activities.

NOTE 18: PRODUCING ASSETS

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
At 30 June		
Cost or fair value	110,748,605	107,602,456
Accumulated amortisation	(28,230,785)	(22,179,630)
Net book value	82,517,820	85,422,826
Opening net book amount	85,422,826	82,732,320
Texas assets transferred to held for sale (note 12)	_	(1,482,476)
Foreign currency movement	11,633	(395,102)
Additions	3,146,149	8,396,480
Amortisation charge	(6,062,788)	(3,828,396)
Closing net book amount	82,517,820	85,422,826

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NOTE 19: INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

	Cons	olidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Opening balance	37,295,453	30,333,035
Transfer from other non-current assets (note 20)	2,897,785	-
Transfer investment in unlisted UK company Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited to held for sale (note 12)	(39,281,987)	_
Consideration for equity interest	1,293,214	6,962,418
Further investments	2,644,549	_
Loss on impairment	(1,410,138)	-
Share of net loss using equity method	(659,400)	
Closing net book amount	2,779,476	37,295,453

During the year, the Company has committed to a plan to dispose of its equity interest in the unlisted UK Company Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited. US\$39,281,987 was therefore re-classified as asset held for sale (refer to note 12).

During the year, the Company acquired a direct 20% equity stake in Latin American Resources ("LAR"). Due to the 20% ownership interest, Range has significant influence over the group. Consequently, Range has recorded the contribution to the investment during the current year at cost and recognised a loss for the current financial year of US\$659,400. An impairment of US\$1,410,138 has also been recognised to write-down the value of investment to its recoverable amount over its carrying value.

(a) Interests in associates

The table below sets out material interests in associates at 30 June 2014. Unless otherwise stated, the proportionate ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held.

	Place of business/	Ownership held by the				Quo fair va	
Name of entity	Country of incorporation	2014 %	2013 %	Nature of relationship	Measurement method	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Latin American Resources	Guatemala	20	_	Associate	Equity method	N/A*	_
Strait Oil and Gas (UK) Limited	Georgia / United Kingdom	40 ⁽ⁱ⁾	40	Held for sale asset (2014) Associate (2013)	Equity method	N/A	N/A

^{*}Private company - no share price available

⁽i) Classified as held for sale during the year at which point ceased to be accounted for as an associate. Since the initial investment in July 2009, Range has not received audited financial statements from Strait Oil and Gas (UK) Ltd, and consequently recorded the contribution to the investment during these years. Range has not equity accounted any amount in respect of Strait's performance since July 2009. Therefore, the equity accounted result of Strait in 2014 was nil (2013: nil).

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NOTE 19: INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES CONTINUED

(b) Summarised financial information for associates

The table below sets out summarised financial information for material interests in associates. The amounts reflect information included in the financial statements of Latin American Resources.

Summarised statement of financial position

	2014 US\$
Current assets	6,216,380
Non-current assets	9,794,000
Current liabilities	(2,019,000)
Non-current liabilities	(94,000)
Net assets	13,897,380
Reconciliation of net assets to equity accounted amounts	
Closing net assets	13,897,380
Group's share %	20%
Group's share \$	2,779,476
Goodwill	_
Carrying amount	2,779,476

Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	2014 US\$
Revenue	2,299,000
Profit from continuing operations	(4,957,000)
Profit from discontinued operations	(639,000)
Profit for the period	(3,297,000)
Other comprehensive income	_
Total comprehensive loss	(3,297,000)
Dividends received from associates	_

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NOTE 20: OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Non-current receivables (a)	1,500,000	8,584,773
Non-current deposits (b)	_	6,739,445
Total non-current assets	1,500,000	15,324,218
(a) Non-current receivables		
Opening balance	8,584,773	4,839,713
Transfer to other current receivable	(1,214,389)	(2,368,429)
Advances made during the year	700,000	7,350,000
Foreign currency movement	(20,867)	_
Payments received during the year	_	(1,236,511)
Impairment	(6,549,517)	_
Closing balance	1,500,000	8,584,773

During the prior year, the Company announced its proposal to undertake a strategic merger with International Petroleum Limited (NSX: IOP) and during that year the Company provided a loan to IOP of US\$8,029,110. The loan accrued interest at a rate of 8% per annum and was repayable by 30 April 2014. IOP was unable to meet the loan repayment when due. Post-year end, the Company reached an agreement with IOP to extend the loan repayment date to 30 November 2014 to allow IOP to complete the sale of its Russian assets and upon conclusion of the sale, IOP will make a US\$500,000 cash repayment, with the remaining outstanding monies being converted to ordinary shares in IOP. Range will also receive 5 million options to acquire shares in IOP (exercisable at AU\$0.06, expiry 24 months from the issue date). Following completion of the sale of IOP Russian assets and the debt conversion to equity, Range will own approximately 9% of the enlarged share capital of IOP.

IOP remains suspended from trading on NSX and given the uncertainty over the valuation of the shares once trading resumes, the loan has been written down to US\$1,500,000 being the US\$500,000 cash receivable as per the agreement plus US\$1,000,000 which is equivalent to the Company's 9% shareholding interest in IOP's forecast net cash position following the sale of the Russian assets.

	Conso	lidated
(b) Non-current deposits	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Opening balance	6,739,445	_
Transfer from trade and other receivable – other debtors	_	2,695,487
Transfer to available for sale financial assets (note 13)	(3,762,367)	(562,842)
Transfer to investment in associate – LAR (note 19)	(2,897,785)	_
Advances made during the year	249,550	4,606,800
Foreign currency movement	(328,843)	
Closing balance	_	6,739,445

Non-current deposits comprise advances made to Citation Resources Limited (ASX: CTR). During the period, the parties agreed to settle the loan through conversion to equity. Following the conversion the Company obtained a 19.99% interest in CTR and a 20% interest in LAR. The interest in CTR subsequently reduced during the year to 6.33% at 30 June 2014.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 21: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$		
Trade payables	4,233,904	3,859,368		
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	4,471,101	3,310,810		
	8,705,005	7,170,178		

Risk exposure

Trade payables are non-interest bearing.

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk is provided in Note 35.

NOTE 22: BORROWINGS AT FAIR VALUE

		Consolidated	
(a) Borrowings at Fair Value	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Opening balance	11,026,440	_	
Proceeds from borrowings	16,407,790	20,176,794	
Effective interest	13,323,578	_	
Amount classified as equity	(2,123,709)	(1,350,354)	
Cash repayment	(16,119,380)	(7,800,000)	
Conversion to equity	(17,727,995)	_	
Settled through transfer of assets	(2,470,353)	_	
Settled through issue of options	(3,146,491)	_	
Foreign currency movement	830,120		
Closing net book amount	_	11,026,440	

In the prior period, the Group issued US\$10,400,000 in secured notes to Crede Capital Group. The outstanding borrowing was fully settled in October 2013 and the remaining obligation to issue 7,500,000 options was satisfied after the current period end and the security has been released.

Also in the prior period, the Group entered in a US\$15 million Loan Agreement backed by a Standby Equity Distribution Agreement ("SEDA") with YA Global Master SPV Ltd, an investment fund managed by Yorkville Advisors. US\$6.9 million was drawn during the current period with nil outstanding at year end.

During the year the Group entered into various financing arrangements, as follows:

- Equity swap arrangement with Yorkville Advisors Range issued 72 million shares for £1.1 million at a benchmark price of £0.017 to be settled in 6 equal monthly instalments. Nil outstanding at year end.
- £4.1 million (US\$6.2 million) unsecured convertible note agreements with Hudson Bay, Cranshire, Empery and Hartz. The term of the loan was for 18 months at coupon rate of 10%, a discount to the face value of 10% and convertible at a 90% VWAP conversion price. The entire balance was settled through the issue of equity during the year. Under the terms of these agreements, the lender was granted options equal to 50% of the number of shares issued on each conversion date. These options have an exercise price equal to the conversion price and an expiry term of 3 years. Nil outstanding at year end.

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- Platinum Partners provided 2 loans for £2.2 million and US\$3.3 million respectively each for a 6 month term. In consideration for providing the loans the Company issued 13,636,364 options exercisable at £0.011 on or before 31 January 2017, 100million collateral shares in the Company and additionally provided security over 100million shares held by the Company in Citation Resources Limited (ASX: CTR). The loan was fully repaid during the year and as part of the repayment arrangements the Company agreed that the lender was not required to return the collateral shares or the CTR security, which therefore allowed a reduced cash payment of the outstanding amount of the loan. Nil outstanding at year end.
- US\$600,000 3-month loan from a US based institutional investor which was convertible at the lenders option at 85% VWAP conversion price. Nil outstanding at year end.
- Unsecured loan of US\$2.2 million from a syndicate of Australian investors which was convertible upon the mutual agreement
 of the Company and lenders at a 85% VWAP conversion price. In consideration for providing the loans the Company issued
 23,779,254 options to the syndicate. Nil outstanding at year end.
- US\$1 million, 12 month loan from a Cayman Islands based company which was convertible at the lenders option at the lower of 1.35p/share or 90% VWAP conversion price. In consideration for providing the loans the Company issued 7,500,000 options to the lender. Nil outstanding at year end.

	Consolidated	
(b) Option Liability	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Option liability at fair value through profit or loss	2,189,913	_
	2,189,913	_

During the year 240,694,827 options with a fair value of \$3,004,295 were issued as a result of conversion of notes under the above financing arrangements. 70,833,334 options with a face value of \$814,382 were exercised prior to year end.

NOTE 23: PROVISION FOR REHABILITATION

The Group records the present value of the estimated cost of legal and constructive obligations to restore operating locations in the period in which the obligation arises. The nature of restoration activities includes removal of facilities, abandonment of wells and restoration of affected areas.

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Provision for rehabilitation	696,224	654,873
Movement in the provision for rehabilitation during the financial year are set out below:		
Non-current		
Carrying amount at the start of the year	654,873	602,378
Additional provision recognised	41,351	69,788
Foreign currency movement	_	(17,293)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	696,224	654,873

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NOTE 24: DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

	Fair Value Uplift on Business Combination US\$	Accelerated Depreciation US\$	Total US\$
Movements			
Year ended 30 June 2013			
Opening balance	40,479,423	4,380,431	44,859,854
Foreign currency movement	(158,478)	_	(158,478)
Charged/(credited)			
– to profit or loss	(2,239,777)	2,534,034	294,257
Closing net book amount	38,081,168	6,914,465	44,995,633
Year ended 30 June 2014			
Opening balance	38,081,168	6,914,465	44,995,633
Foreign currency movement	1,041	_	1,041
Charged/(credited)			
– to profit or loss	(3,071,637)	2,450,996	(620,641)
Closing net book amount	35,010,572	9,365,461	44,376,033

As a result of business combination, at the date of acquisition a deferred tax liability has been recognised in relation to the difference between the carrying amount of the deferred exploration and development costs for accounting purposes and the cost base of the asset for tax purposes in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standard AASB 112 Income Taxes. The Group does not have a tax payable in relation to the deferred tax liability at 30 June 2014 and it is anticipated that the deferred taxation liability will be reduced in the future as the deferred exploration and development costs are amortised in future periods.

NOTE 25: OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Consc	olidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
(a) Employee service benefits	584,746	482,092
(b) Other non-current liabilities		
 sundry payables and accrued expenses 	_	431,211

Risk exposure

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and price risk is provided in Note 35.

NOTE 26: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
4,521,201,870 (2013: 2,898,084,648) fully paid ordinary shares	364,567,692	331,447,756	
386,188,780 (2013: Nil) unissued fully paid ordinary shares	6,000,000	_	
4,925,000 partly paid shares (2013: 4,925,000)	1,362,344	1,362,344	
Share issue costs	(19,330,467)	(18,610,466)	
	352,599,569	314,199,634	

	Consolidated			
(a) Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	2014 No.	2014 US\$	2013 No.	2013 US\$
At the beginning of reporting period	2,898,084,648	331,447,756	2,357,477,605	300,542,735
Shares issued during year	1,623,117,222	33,119,936	540,607,043	30,905,021
Total contributed equity	4,521,201,870	364,567,692	2,898,084,648	331,447,756

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting of the Company, in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(b) Unissued Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	2014 No.	2013 No.
Opening balance (i)	30,000,000	30,000,000
Shares to be issued subsequent to reporting date (ii)	356,188,780	_
Total contributed equity	386,188,780	30,000,000

- (i) Under the terms of an agreement between shareholders in Strait, the Company is required to issue 30,000,000 shares to other investors in Strait upon the completion of the next well in the Georgia drilling programme or upon disposal of Range's shareholding in Strait.
- (ii) During the year, the Company entered into a US\$12 million financing facility with a Hong Kong based private institutional investor, Abraham Ltd. Under the terms of the subscription agreement, Abraham was to subscribe for shares in the Company in two US\$6 million tranches, with the first tranche issued during the year, whilst the second tranche was to be issued following shareholder approval. Shareholder approval for the issue of shares for the US\$6 million second tranche was sought and obtained at the General Meeting of the Company on 11th July 2014.

	Conso	lidated
(c) Partly Paid Ordinary Shares	2014 No.	2013 No.
At the beginning of reporting period – AU\$0.30	4,925,000	4,925,000
Total contributed equity	4,925,000	4,925,000

During the year ended 30 June 2007, Partly Paid shares were allotted and issued to Directors at an issue price of AU\$0.60 each and were deemed to have been paid up to AU\$0.30 each, leaving AU\$0.30 payable by the holder within 13 months of the date of issue as follows:

Michael Povey 1,500,000
Peter Landau 1,500,000
Marcus Edwards-Jones 750,000

The primary purpose of the partly paid shares was to provide a cost effective consideration of work to be done by the Directors for the Company and for recognition of Directors efforts in negotiating and securing the acquisition of the Puntland Project. The terms of the partly paid shares are ambiguous, given they state that the holder is able to elect, at their sole and absolute discretion, to pay up the shares. It was never the intention of the Board to issue partly paid shares that would require the Directors (without any discretionary election) to pay up any unpaid portion of the shares.

Accordingly, on 10 February 2008, and following uncertainty as to the ability to exercise the partly paid shares, those Directors entitled to consider the matter (and not having a material personal interest) being Messrs Sam Jonah and Liban Bogor, resolved in accordance with clause 32.9 of the Company's constitution that the shares be forfeited and that payment will not be enforced with regards to the unpaid balance of capital. The Company has commenced the process of cancelling these shares.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 26: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY CONTINUED

(d) Movements in fully paid ordinary share capital

2014	Details	Number of shares	Issue Price US\$	US\$
1 July 2013	Opening balance	2,898,084,648		331,447,756
	Issue of shares through conversion of notes (refer note 22)	907,296,105	0.020	17,727,995
	Placement	53,125,000	0.037	1,963,500
	Issue of shares to YA Global through equity swap (refer note 11)	72,000,000	0.025	1,794,238
	Equity tranche under YA Global agreement	8,119,059	0.027	219,012
	YA advance	31,000,954	0.036	1,107,013
	Equity tranche under convertible notes	81,460,298	0.026	2,123,709
	Issue of shares to Abraham Ltd for US\$12m financing as per subscription agreement	356,188,780	0.017	6,000,000
	Issue of shares through exercise of options	70,833,334	0.009	652,778
	Shares issued in lieu of corporate advisory fees (refer note 32)	43,093,692	0.036	1,531,691
30 June 2014	Balance	4,521,201,870		364,567,692

2013	Details	Number of shares	Issue Price US\$	US\$ Restated
1 July 2012	Opening balance	2,357,477,606		300,542,735
	Loan investment fee - Crede (refer note 22)	53,110,613	0.061	3,235,752
	Loan repayment	16,000,000	0.059	940,273
	Issue of shares to YA Global master fund pursuant to equity swap (refer note 11)	75,000,000	0.063	4,687,500
	Issue of shares to YA Global master fund pursuant to loan repayment (refer note 22)	32,918,348	0.052	1,715,583
	Issue of shares to YA Global Master fund pursuant to financing agreement (refer note 22)	25,513,319	0.067	1,697,509
	Placement	255,428,371	0.057	14,662,526
	Issue of share to YA Global Master fund for funds advanced	20,883,661	0.056	1,173,584
	Shares issued in lieu of corporate advisory and capital raising fees (refer note 32)	61,752,730	0.045	2,792,294
30 June 2013	Balance	2,898,084,648		331,447,756

(e) Options

	Conso	lidated
	2014 No.	2013 No.
At the beginning of reporting period	266,612,503	22,093,990
Options issued during year	257,423,915	244,518,513
Options expired	_	_
Options exercised during year	(70,833,334)	_
Total options	453,203,084	266,612,503

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Range Resources Limited under option are as follows:

Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number Under Option	Listed/Unlisted
30/06/2015	£0.04	855,166	unlisted
30/04/2016	£0.17	7,058,824	unlisted
31/01/2017	£0.075	5,180,000	unlisted
31/03/2015	£0.125	9,000,000	unlisted
19/10/2015	£0.0615	15,708,801	unlisted
30/11/2015	£0.05075	32,275,862	unlisted
31/01/2016	A\$0.05	80,508,341	listed
31/01/2016	A\$0.10	5,000,000	unlisted
10/02/2016	A\$0.06	5,000,000	unlisted
30/04/2016	£0.04	146,533,850	unlisted
11/07/2016	£0.037	5,000,000	unlisted
25/07/2016	£0.021	476,190	unlisted
29/07/2016	£0.021	952,381	unlisted
31/08/2016	£0.021	6,714,284	unlisted
31/08/2016	£0.020	9,000,000	unlisted
30/09/2016	£0.019	3,947,369	unlisted
30/09/2016	£0.018	8,666,670	unlisted
31/10/2016	£0.018	694,445	unlisted
31/10/2016	£0.017	2,205,885	unlisted
31/10/2016	£0.016	1,250,000	unlisted
31/10/2016	£0.015	17,333,336	unlisted
30/11/2016	£0.015	3,000,001	unlisted
30/11/2016	£0.014	1,428,571	unlisted
30/11/2016	£0.013	9,769,232	unlisted
11/12/2016	£0.015	2,000,000	unlisted
31/12/2016	£0.012	4,083,334	unlisted
31/12/2016	£0.011	20,545,457	unlisted
31/01/2017	£0.011	34,772,728	unlisted
28/02/2017	£0.010	1,450,690	unlisted
1/03/2017	£0.012	7,500,000	unlisted
31/03/2017	£0.008	3,125,000	unlisted
31/05/2017	£0.006	2,166,667	unlisted
		453,203,084	

The holders of these options do not have any rights under the options to participate in any share issues of the Company.

During the year ended 30 June 2014, 70,833,334 (2013: Nil) ordinary shares of Range Resources Limited were issued on the exercise of options.

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NOTE 27: RESERVES

	Cons	olidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
(a) Share-based payment reserve		
Balance 1 July	14,085,042	13,970,253
Options issued to consultants and employees (refer note 32)	141,819	114,789
Balance 30 June	14,226,861	14,085,042

The share based payment reserve records items recognised as expenses on the fair valuation of shares and options issued as remuneration to employees, Directors and consultants.

(b) Option premium reserve		
Balance 1 July	9,815,752	9,815,752
Fair value movement of exercised options that were classified as a derivative liability	814,761	
Balance 30 June	10,630,513	9,815,752

The option premium reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options.

(c) Foreign currency translation reserve		
Balance 1 July	3,415,742	4,096,806
Currency translation differences arising during the year	(411,110)	(681,064)
Balance 30 June	3,004,632	3,415,742

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation balances of foreign subsidiaries.

(d) Available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve		
Balance 1 July	(325,263)	779,909
Reclassification to profit or loss	855,146	_
Increase/(Decrease) in value of investments	(529,883)	(1,105,172)
Balance 30 June	-	(325,263)
Total Reserves	27,862,006	26,991,273

The available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve is used to record increases in the fair value of available-for-sale financial instruments and decreases to the extent that such decreases do not relate to an impairment of the asset when the movement is taken to the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.

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NOTE 28: COMMITMENTS

(a) Expenditure commitments

	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Not later than 1 year	137,500	75,000	
	137,500	75,000	

(b) Remuneration commitments

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Commitments for the payment of salaries and other remuneration under long-term employment contracts in existence at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:		
Within one year	-	880,000
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	880,000
	-	1,760,000

NOTE 29: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Puntland

The Company completed the acquisition of the remaining 49.9% of the Puntland Rights from Consort Private Limited ("Consort") in May 2007. Under the terms of the Agreement, Range must pay US\$20 million to Consort upon completion of the first 4 hydrocarbon wells drilled in Puntland.

Consort is also entitled to receive a 2.5% net royalty on any Puntland projects derived in respect of Range's interest.

US\$200,000 is also payable upon a commercial discovery on each licence area as a result of the wells drilled in Puntland giving a total contingent liability of US\$400,000.

Trinidad

Two of the Trinidad subsidiaries of Range, Range Resources Trinidad Limited ("RRTL") and Range Resources Drilling Services Limited have been named as a defendant in 1 High Court Action in Trinidad and RRTL has been named as a defendant in 2 High Court Actions in Trinidad relating to previous contracts with drilling companies from a number of years ago. To date, no judgement has been handed down hence the Company is not it a position to determine the likely financial impact and potential amounts payable should these actions be successful. The Company believes that any outcome against the Company will not have a significant detrimental impact on the Company.

Certain Trinidad subsidiaries of Range have obtained performance bonds from insurance companies in favour of Petrotrin to cover work obligations under various licences. These bonds total approximately US\$1.1 million and are guaranteed by the Company.

The Directors are not aware of any further contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at 30 June 2014.

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NOTE 30: SEGMENT REPORTING

Management have determined that the operating segments are consistent with prior periods, with management allocating resources to segments on a geographical basis. During the financial period, the Group operated in six operational segments being Somalia, Georgia, Texas, Colombia, Guatemala and Trinidad.

(a) Segment information provided to the strategic steering committee

	Cont	tinuing Operation	S	
2014	Somalia US\$	Trinidad US\$	Colombia US\$	
Segment revenue				
Revenue from continuing operations	_	21,185,745	_	
Revenue from discontinued operations	_	_	_	
Other income	_	3,218	_	
Total revenue	-	21,188,963	_	
Segment result				
Segment expenses	(1,163,920)	(27,817,491)	(14,413,918)	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(1,163,920)	(6,628,528)	(14,413,918)	
Income tax	_	(906,620)	_	
Profit/(loss) after income tax	(1,163,920)	(7,535,148)	(14,413,918)	
Segment assets				
Segment assets	_	147,238,949	-	
Total assets	_	147,238,949	-	
Segment liabilities				
Segment liabilities	_	51,383,185	125,000	
Total liabilities	-	51,383,185	125,000	
Other segment information				
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment,				
capitalised exploration expenditure and development assets	1,163,920	4,544,619	160,283	
Total acquisitions	1,163,920	4,544,619	160,283	
Depreciation and amortisation of segment assets	_	7,909,945	_	
Total depreciation and amortisation	_	7,909,945	_	

^{*}note 5

Continuing Operations			Disc	Discontinued Operations		
Guatem U	All Othe ala Segments S\$ US	s Total	Georgia* US\$	Texas* US\$	Total US\$	Consolidated US\$
	-	- 21,185,745	-	_	_	21,185,745
			-	553,965	553,965	553,965
	- 1,221,108	3 1,224,326	-	_	_	1,224,326
	- 1,221,108	3 22,410,071	_	553,965	553,965	22,964,036
(2,171,8	329) (41,623,775	5) (87,190,933)	(29,281,987)	(8,670,784)	(37,952,771)	(125,143,704)
(2,171,8	329) (40,402,66	7) (64,780,862)	(29,281,987)	(8,116,819)	(37,398,806)	(102,179,668)
		- (906,620)	-	544,298	544,298	(362,322)
(2,171,8	(40,402,66°	7) (65,687,482)	(29,281,987)	(7,572,521)	(36,854,508)	(102,541,990)
2,779,4	5,058,33°	7 155,076,762	10,000,000	1,080,777	11,080,777	166,157,539
2,779,	5,058,33	7 155,076,762	10,000,000	1,080,777	11,080,777	166,157,539
	- 5,273,313	3 56,781,499	_	80,777	80,777	56,862,276
	- 5,273,313	3 56,781,499	-	80,777	80,777	56,862,276
4,951,3	305	- 10,820,012	1,986,533	193,057	2,179,590	12,999,717
4,951,3	305	- 10,820,012	1,986,533	193,057	2,179,590	12,999,717
	- 62,22	7,972,169	_	_	-	7,972,169
	- 62,22	7,972,169	_	_		7,972,169

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NOTE 30: SEGMENT REPORTING CONTINUED

(a) Segment information provided to the strategic steering committee continued

	Con	tinuing Operations	s	
2013	Somalia US\$	Trinidad US\$	Colombia US\$	
Segment revenue				
Revenue from continuing operations	_	26,073,811	_	
Revenue from discontinued operations	_		_	
Other income	_	40,148	_	
Total revenue	-	26,113,959	_	
Segment result				
Segment expenses	(5,839,253)	(23,798,375)	_	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(5,839,253)	2,315,584	_	
Income tax	_	(2,628,763)	_	
Profit/(loss) after income tax	(5,839,253)	(313,179)	_	
Segment assets				
Segment assets	_	153,072,863	9,453,636	
Total assets	_	153,072,863	9,453,636	
Segment liabilities				
Segment liabilities	_	54,362,386	_	
Total liabilities	_	54,362,386	_	
Other segment information				
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment, capitalised exploration expenditure and development assets	5,839,253	8,620,707	2,202,930	
Total acquisitions	5,839,253	8,620,707	2,202,930	
Depreciation and amortisation of segment assets	_	8,243,636	_	
Total depreciation and amortisation	_	8,243,636	_	

^{*}note 5

Continuing Operations			Disco	Discontinued Operations		
Guatemala US\$	All Other Segments US\$	Total US\$	Georgia* US\$	Texas* US\$	Total US\$	Consolidated US\$
		00.070.044				00.070.044
_		26,073,811	_	_	_	26,073,811
_	_	_	_	1,184,880	1,184,880	1,184,880
	444,391	484,539				484,539
_	444,391	26,558,350	_	1,184,880	1,184,880	27,743,230
_	(15,236,049)	(44,873,677)	_	(589,283)	(589,283)	(45,462,960)
_	(14,791,658)	(18,315,327)	_	595,597	595,597	(17,719,730)
_	_	(2,628,763)	_	44,232	44,232	(2,584,531)
-	(14,791,658)	(20,944,090)	-	639,829	639,829	(20,304,261)
_	29,922,249	192,448,748	37,295,453	9,388,841	9,388,841	239,133,042
-	29,922,249	192,448,748	37,295,453	9,388,841	9,388,841	239,133,042
_	11,307,041	65,669,427	_	897,030	897,030	66,566,457
-	11,307,041		-	897,030	897,030	66,566,457
	12,201,730	28,864,620	6,962,418	963,863	7,926,281	36,790,901
_	12,201,730	28,864,620	6,962,418	963,863	7,926,281	36,790,901
_	63,938	8,307,574	_	_	_	8,307,574
_	63,938	8,307,574	_	_	_	8,307,574

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NOTE 30: SEGMENT REPORTING CONTINUED

(b) Other segment information

	Conso	lidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Segment other revenue – all other segments		
Other income	1,221,108	444,391
	1,221,108	444,391
Segment result – all other segments		
Directors fees	1,115,524	902,597
Consultancy fees	3,421,400	3,269,723
Public relations	461,902	581,339
Share-based payments	1,673,558	2,907,084
Finance costs	21,797,779	4,027,704
Asset write offs	9,138,960	_
Administration and other expenses	4,014,652	3,547,602
	41,623,775	15,236,049

Accounting Policies

AASB 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker is the managing Director and through this role the Board of Directors.

Following the adoption of AASB 8, the identification of the Group's reporting segments remain consistent with prior periods, with management allocating resources to segments on a geographical basis.

Information regarding these segments is presented above. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those of the Group. Segment information is prepared in conformity with the accounting policies of the entity as disclosed in Note 1.

Segment revenues and expenses are those directly attributable to the segments and include any joint revenue and expenses where a reasonable basis of allocation exists. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist principally of cash, receivables, plant and equipment, exploration expenditure capitalised and development assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortisation. While most such assets can be directly attributed to individual segments, the carrying amount of certain assets used jointly by two or more segments is allocated to the segments on a reasonable basis. Segment disclosures do not include deferred income taxes.

Revenue from discontinued operations from Texas of US\$553,965 (2013: US\$1,184,880) is derived from several customers who each account for greater than 10% of this amount. Revenue from Trinidad of US\$21,185,745 (2013: US\$26,073,811) is derived from the subsidiary's sole customer, which is Petrotrin.

Intersegment Transfers

Segment revenues, expenses and results do not include any transfers between segments.

NOTE 31: CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consol	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax			
Loss after income tax	(102,541,990)	(20,304,261)	
Non-cash flows in profit			
Depreciation	7,972,169	8,371,512	
Share based payment- consultants and employees	1,673,558	2,907,084	
Finance costs	16,818,148	1,890,497	
Interest on non-current receivable paid in shares	(1,207,598)	_	
Impairment of other receivables	21,778,525	_	
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(840,637)	2,111,223	
Impairments recognised on held for sale assets	37,244,836	_	
Share of net loss of associate	659,400	_	
Net loss on sale of available for sale financial assets	855,146	_	
Other non-cash items	-	2,998,393	
Decrease/(increase) in other operating assets	3,090,272	_	
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	-	(2,892,522)	
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	8,958,238	(9,662,893)	
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax asset	(245,405)	_	
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	1,534,827	2,130,477	
Increase/(decrease) in income tax payable	(1,495,695)	_	
Increase/(decrease) in deferred tax liabilities	(619,600)	_	
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	144,025	_	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operations	(6,221,781)	(12,450,490)	

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$		
Non-cash investing and financing activities				
Repayment of borrowings:				
Through issue of shares	17,727,598	940,273		
Through the issue of options	3,146,491	_		
Acquisition of available for sale financial assets	1,207,598	_		
Non-cash consideration for investment in associate	1,293,214	_		

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NOTE 32: SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The following share-based payment arrangements occurred during the financial year ended at 30 June 2014.

Quantity	Security	US\$ Value	Purpose
43,093,692	Fully paid ordinary shares	1,531,691	Issued in lieu of corporate advisory fees
16,729,087	Listed options	141,869	Issued in lieu of corporate advisory fee

The following share-based payment arrangements occurred during the financial year ended at 30 June 2013.

Quantity	Security	US\$ Value	Purpose
61,752,730	Fully paid ordinary shares	2,792,294	Issued in lieu of corporate advisory, financing and capital raising fees
5,000,000	Unlisted options	60,653	Issued in lieu of capital raising fees
5,000,000	Unlisted options	54,136	Issue of employee options

Listed options issued as share based payments during the year ended 30 June 2014 were valued based upon the market price at grant date. There were no unlisted options issued in the 30 June 2014 year.

The fair value at grant date of unlisted options is independently determined using a Black Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Employee option plan

There were no options issued to Directors and employees during the year (2013: 5,000,000).

Expenses recognised in the profit & loss

During the year, share-based payments recognised in profit and loss amounts to US\$1,673,558 (2013: US\$2,907,083).

NOTE 33: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Parent entity

The ultimate Parent Entity and ultimate Australian Parent Entity within the Group is Range Resources Limited.

(b) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 14.

(c) Transactions with Key Management Personnel

	Consolidated	
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Consulting fees paid to Soncer Limited, a company owned by Mr Graham Lyon, for the provision of corporate advisory and capital raising services.	67,321	_
Consulting fees paid or payable to Okap Ventures Pty Ltd, a company in which Mr Landau is a Director, for the provision of corporate advisory, capital raising, company secretarial, investor/public relations and associated services including provision of all financial and administrative staff and office space in West Perth and London.	780,718	857,108
Balances at year end to related parties:		
Anthony Eastman	221,063	_
Sir Sam Jonah	260,000	_
Marcus Edwards-Jones	35,500	_
Okap Ventures Pty Ltd payable (1)	79,585	1,644
Doull Holdings Pty Ltd payable (in respect of Pete Landau Director Fees) (1)	181,612	139,920

⁽i) These were related parties throughout the financial year until 3 June 2014.

(d) Key management personnel compensation

	Consc	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$		
Short-term employee benefits	1,147,859	902,597		
Post employment benefits	48,299	_		
Total	1,196,158	902,597		

(e) Transactions with associates

Details of transactions with associates are set out in Note 14.

NOTE 34: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The following details information related to the Parent Entity Range Resources Limited, at 30 June 2014. The information presented here has been prepared in accordance using consistent accounting policies as presented in Note 1.

	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Current assets	3,740,814	8,195,346
Non-current assets	119,618,504	176,826,976
Total assets	123,359,318	185,022,322
Current liabilities	5,361,769	11,148,327
Total liabilities	5,361,769	11,148,327
Contributed equity	352,599,569	314,199,634
Accumulated losses	(262,296,104)	(167,191,696)
Reserves	27,694,084	26,866,057
Total equity	117,997,549	173,873,995
Loss for the year from continuing operations	(57,548,321)	(19,539,622)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	(37,556,087)	_
Total loss for the year	(95,104,408)	(19,539,622)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	325,263	(1,105,172)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(94,779,145)	(20,644,794)

The contingent liabilities of the parent are the same as those of the Group as disclosed in Note 29.

The contractual commitments of the parent are the same as those of the Group as disclosed in Note 28.

NOTE 35: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all consultants and agents understand their roles and obligations.

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NOTE 35: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's investments, receivables and cash held at financial institutions.

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due or impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates.

	Consolidated		
Cash at bank and short-term bank deposits (S&P ratings)	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
AA-	1,603,785	427,487	
A-	1,340,063	1,188,628	
BBB	33,562	116,116	
	2,977,410	1,732,231	

Cancalidated

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$		
Trade and other receivables (i)	5,338,769	9,413,746		
Non-current receivable (i)	1,500,000	15,324,218		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,977,410	1,732,231		
	9,816,179	26,470,195		

⁽i) Counterparties without an external credit rating

Loans and receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each debtor. No collateral was held in relation to these receivables.

Impairment losses

During the year, and given uncertainty over the counterparty's ability to receive repayment a provision for impairment of US\$2,489,443 was recognised in relation to miscellaneous other receivables totalling US\$3,179,394.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group uses activity-based costing to cost its activities, which assists in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments. Typically, the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 6 months; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The following are contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

Group 2014	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6–12 months	1–2 years	2–5 years	Over 5 years
Financial liabilities at amortised cost							
Trade and other payables	8,705,005	6,515,093	6,515,093	_	-	-	_
Borrowings	_	_	-	_			
	8,705,005	6,515,093	6,515,093	_	_	-	_

Group 2013	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1–2 years	2–5 years	Over 5 years
Financial liabilities at amortised cost							
Trade and other payables	7,209,179	7,209,179	7,209,179	-	-	-	_
Borrowings	11,026,440	12,376,795	11,542,860	833,935			
	18,235,619	19,585,974	18,752,039	833,935	_	_	_

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of available for sale assets. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Group and classified on the statement of financial position as available for sale. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

The Group holds equity investments which are publicly traded and included either on the ASX or the AIM.

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases equity investments held on these two indexes on the Group's post tax profit for the year and on equity. The analysis is based on the assumption that the share price had increased/decreased by 10% (2013: 10%) with all other variables held constant.

	Impact on p	ost-tax loss	Impact on Equity		
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	
Listed available-for-sale assets					
Ram Resources (formerly Contact Uranium)	(12,274)	_	(12,274)	8,310	
Tangiers Petroleum Ltd	_	_	_	(155,810)	
Africa Oil	_	_	_	(620,082)	
Red Emperor Resources	_	_	_	(337,590)	
Citation Resources Ltd	(78,610)	_	(78,610)	_	

Equity would increase as a result of gains on equity securities classified as available for sale, unless the assets were determined to be impaired there would be no impact on loss for the year.

A significant decrease would impact profit or loss as an impairment loss.

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US dollar, AU dollar, TT Dollar and British pound.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis and cash flow forecasting.

The Group's treasury risk management policy is to closely monitor exchange rate fluctuations. To date, the Group has not sought to hedge its exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates, however this policy will be reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date was as follows: (expressed in USD)

	Consol	lidated	Consolidated		
	2014 AUD	2013 AUD	2014 GBP	2013 GBP	
Amount receivable from other entities	1,647,657	3,519,852	-	2,343,750	
Cash	343,923	317,091	83,284	_	
Available for sale investments	784,397	622,751	-	_	
Amount payable to other entities	(1,042,719)	(823,520)	-	_	
Borrowings	_	(3,009,260)	-	(933,600)	
	1,733,257	626,914	83,284	1,410,150	

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NOTE 35: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED

Sensitivity

Based upon the amounts above, had the Australian dollar strengthened by 10% against the US dollar with all other variables held constant, the Group post-tax loss for the year on current amounts receivable/payable would have been US\$181,654 lower (2013: US\$203,706 lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of US denominated payables as detailed in the table above. On non-current receivables, the Group's post tax gain for the year would have been US\$181,654 higher (2013: US\$203,706 higher). A 10% weakening of the Australian dollar against the above currencies at 30 June would have had the equal but opposite effect, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

The Trinidad entities are minimally exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies, primarily with respect to the United States Dollar.

Interest rate risk

The group's main interest rate risk arises from non-current receivables and borrowings. Non-current receivables and borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the group to fair value interest rate if the loans are carried at fair value. During 2014 and 2013, the group loan receivables were denominated in Australian Dollars and US Dollars.

Profile

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's financial instruments which exposes the group to cash flow interest rate risks are:

	Weighted Average			Floating Fixed			Non-			
	Effective In	terest Rate	Intere	st Rate	Interest	Maturing	interest	bearing	Total	
	2014 %	2013 %	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	2014 US\$	2013 US\$	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Financial Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	2.50%	2.50%	2,977,410	1,732,231	-	_	-	_	2,977,410	1,732,231
Trade and other receivables	-	_	-	_	-	_	5,338,769	9,413,746	5,338,769	9,413,746
Available for sale financial assets	-	_	-	_	-	_	876,347	822,751	876,347	822,751
Non-current receivables	3.33%	3.33%	_	_	1,500,000	7,350,000	-	7,974,218	1,500,000	15,324,218
Total Financial Assets	2.31%	2.31%	2,977,410	1,732,231	1,500,000	7,350,000	6,215,116	18,210,715	10,692,526	27,292,946
Financial Liabilities:										
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	_	-	_	8,705,005	7,209,179	8,705,005	7,209,179
Borrowings	_	10.85%	_	-	_	11,026,440	_	_	_	11,026,440
Total Financial Liabilities	-	10.85%	-	_	-	11,026,440	8,705,005	7,209,179	8,705,005	18,235,619

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The sensitivity on interest rates for 2014 and 2013 assumes a change of 100 basis points in the interest rates at the reporting date and would have increased / (decreased) profit and loss by the amounts shown. Both analyses for each year assume that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Group	Weighted Average Interest Rate %	2014 +100 bps US\$	2014 -100 bps US\$	Weighted Average Interest Rate %	2013 +100 bps US\$	2013 -100 bps US\$
Variable rate instruments						
Financial assets (cash and cash equivalents)	2.50%	-	-	2.98%	18,371	(18,371)
Financial assets (loan and receivables)	3.33%	_	_	_	_	_

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	30 June : US\$		30 June 2013 US\$		
Group	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Available-for-sale financial assets	876,347	876,347	822,751	822,751	
Trade and other receivables	5,338,769	5,338,769	9,413,746	7,537,709	
Non-current receivable	1,500,000	1,500,000	15,324,218	15,119,214	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,977,410	2,977,410	1,732,231	1,732,231	
Trade and other payables	(8,705,005)	(8,705,005)	(7,209,179)	(7,209,179)	
Borrowings	_	_	(11,026,440)	(12,376,795)	
	1,987,521	1,987,521	9,057,327	5,625,931	

The basis for determining fair value is disclosed in Note 1(n) and Note 1(o).

Other price risk

The Group is not exposed to any other price risks.

Capital management

The entity's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The entity's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2013.

The capital structure of the group consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued capital, reserves and accumulated losses as disclosed in Notes 26 and 27 respectively. None of the entities within the group are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Gearing ratio

The Board reviews the capital structure on an annual basis. As a part of this review the Board considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

	Consol	lidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,977,410	1,732,231
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	(8,705,005)	(7,209,179)
Other liabilities	_	(11,026,440)
Net assets/(debt)	(5,727,595)	(16,503,388)
Equity	109,295,263	172,566,585
Net debt to equity ratio	5.24%	9.56%

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 35: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED Categories of financial instruments

	Conso	lidated
	2014 US\$	2013 US\$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,977,410	1,732,231
Trade and other receivables	5,338,769	9,413,746
Non-current receivable	1,500,000	15,324,218
Available-for-sale financial assets	876,347	822,751
	10,692,526	27,292,946
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	8,705,005	7,209,179
Borrowings	_	11,026,440
	8,705,005	18,235,619

The carrying amount reflected above represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for such loans and receivables.

NOTE 36: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (a) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2014 30 June 2013 on a recurring basis:

At 30 June 2014	Level 1 US\$	Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	Total
Assets				
Available for sale financial assets				
Equity securities	876,347	_	_	876,347
Total assets	876,347	_	_	876,347
Liabilities Option liability at fair value through profit or loss	_	2,189,913		2,189,913
Total liabilities		2,189,913		2,189,913

At 30 June 2013	Level 1 US\$	Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	Total
Assets				
Available for sale financial assets				
Equity securities	822,751	_	_	822,751
Total assets	822,751	_	_	822,751

The fair value of financial instruments in active markets such as available for sale securities is based on quoted market bids at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended 30 June 2014.

(b) Fair values of other financial instruments

The Group also has a number of financial instruments which are not measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position. These had the following fair values as at 30 June 2014:

	Carrying amount US\$	Fair value US\$
Non-current receivables	'	
Receivables	1,500,000	1,500,000
Non-current liabilities		
Other non-current liabilities	431,211	431,211

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of the current receivables, current payables, current borrowings, and current other financial liabilities is assumed to approximate their fair value.

NOTE 37: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Non-recurring fair value measurements

Assets classified as held for sale at 30 June 2014 were measured at fair value less costs to sell in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

Fair value less costs to sell has been determined based upon offers received from independent third parties to acquire the assets. Due to the way the third party offers are structured, the fair values of assets held for sale has been assessed as a Level 3 measurement as per the fair value hierarchy set out above.

Significant estimates made in determining the fair value of held for sale assets are as follows:

North Chapman Ranch & East Texas Cotton Valley assets

The Company has been marketing the North Chapman Ranch & East Texas Cotton Valley assets ("Texas assets") for disposal during the year. Based upon expressions of interest received and input from advisers the Group has decided to reduce the fair value of the held for sale asset to US\$1,000,000.

The Company believes that this is a fair value for the level of cash that may be received upon a sale completing. The Company believes that offers for the asset may additionally include future royalty or other production based revenues but given the uncertain nature of any potential sale no additional value has been ascribed to such potential interest at this stage.

Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited

The Group has made the decision to divest Strait as part of the revised strategy to focus on Trinidad and the Group is in the process of marketing its equity interest in Strait. The Group is optimistic that a buyer will be found for this asset. In the absence of a fully executed sale agreement at the report date the Group has chosen to write down the value of its interest in Strait to US\$10 million which is considered by the Company to be a fair market value for the level of cash consideration which may be received upon closing of a sale. This valuation is based upon expressions of interest received and negotiations which have taken place with potential purchasers.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs (level 3).

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended 30 June 2014.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 37: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

The following table presents the Group's non-financial instruments measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2014 on a non-recurring basis:

At 30 June 2014	Level 1 US\$	Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	Total
Assets				
Assets classified as held for sale				
North Chapman Ranch & East Texas Cotton Valley assets	_	_	1,000,000	1,000,000
Strait Oil & Gas (UK) Limited	_	_	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total assets	_	_	11,000,000	11,000,000

NOTE 38: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE PUT-6. Colombia

Subsequent to year end, and in line with Range's strategy, the Company decided not to proceed with a farm-in option for block PUT-6 in the Putumayo basin, given the high cost of work commitments associated with the block.

In 2012, Range provided US\$3.48 million cash to secure the issuance of a performance bond in support of the minimum work commitments for the block. This cash is held by a bank in Colombia as collateral for the bond issued in favour of the Colombian regulator (ANH). Given that Range will no longer pursue an interest in PUT-6 licence this cash has been written-off along with the investment made to date in Colombia.

Whilst it is disappointing to write-off the restricted cash held to support the performance bond, this should be considered in light of the substantial commitments significantly in excess of this amount which would have been incurred should Range have elected to earn the farm-in option through funding the required work programme for the block.

Loan settlement agreement with International Petroleum

During the year, the Company announced that the proposed merger with International Petroleum Ltd ("IOP") (NSX: IOP) would not be proceeding. As part of a proposed merger in 2013, Range advanced US\$8 million to IOP under a US\$15 million loan agreement. The loan was due to have been repaid with interest on 30 April 2014. Due to IOP's financial constraints, it was unable to repay the loan.

Subsequent to year-end, the Board of Range has signed a settlement agreement with IOP with respect to repayment of Range's loan by IOP and has agreed to extend the loan repayment date to 30 November 2014 to allow IOP to conclude the sale of its Russian assets.

Upon conclusion of that sale, and according to the settlement agreement, IOP will make a cash repayment of US\$500,000 to Range and all other outstanding monies will convert into ordinary shares of IOP. Following conversion, Range is expected to hold approximately 9% of the enlarged share capital of IOP. In addition, IOP will issue 5 million options to Range exercisable at AU\$0.06 within 24 months from issue date.

The Company's primary objective during negotiations with IOP was to recover as much value from this difficult transaction as possible. With this outcome the new management team believes that this has been achieved.

Lind Asset Management Financing

As announced on 30 September 2014, Range has entered into a financing arrangement of up to US\$15 million with Lind Asset Management LLC. This financing will be used primarily to invest in the Company's rig fleet, accelerate development drilling of Range's Trinidad portfolio and for general working capital purposes of the Company.

The Loan is for a maximum term of 24 months and will be available in 2 tranches. The first tranche (Tranche 1) totalling US\$10 million will be available at closing, with the second tranche (Tranche 2) totalling US\$5 million available at the Company's option, 6 months later. Each tranche is repayable over an 18 month period in either cash or shares (at the Company's option).

This financing will be an important factor in the growth of the Company's production in the short to medium-term.

NOTE 39: NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Australian Accounting Standards/Amendments Released But Not Yet Effective: 30 June 2014 Year End

The following new/amended accounting standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not mandatory for financial year ended 30 June 2014. They have not been adopted in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June. The group's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations are set out below. In all cases the entity intends to apply these standards from the date of application as indicated below.

AASB reference	Title and Affected Standard(s):	Nature of Change	Application date:	Impact on Initial Application
AASB 9 (issued December 2009 and amended December 2010)	Financial Instruments	Amends the requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets. The available-for-sale and held-to-maturity categories of financial assets in AASB 139 have been eliminated. Under AASB 9, there are three categories of financial assets:	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017	Adoption of AASB 9 is only mandatory for the year ending 30 June 2018. The entity has not yet made an assessment of the impact of these
		amortised cost;		amendments.
		• fair value through profit or loss; and		
		 fair value through other comprehensive income. 		
		The following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement into AASB 9:		
		 classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and 		
		 derecognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities. 		
		However, AASB 9 requires that gains or losses on financial liabilities measured at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income.		
AASB 2013-3 (issued June 2013)	Amendments to AASB 136 - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non- Financial Assets	Clarifies the disclosure requirements for cash-generating units (CGUs) with significant amounts of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives and also adds additional disclosures when recoverable amount is determined based on fair value less costs to sell.	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014	As this standard amends disclosure requirements only, there will be no impact on amounts recognised in the financial statements. The recoverable amount for CGUs with significant amounts of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite lives will only be required to be disclosed where an impairment loss has been recognised. However, there will be additional disclosures about the level of the fair value hierarchy where recoverable amount for a CGU is determined based on fair value less costs to sell.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

NOTE 40: COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office of the Company is:

945 Wellington Street West Perth WA 6005 Tel: +61 8 9322 7600 Fax: +61 8 9322 7602

The principal place of business is:

945 Wellington Street West Perth WA 6005 Tel: +61 8 9322 7600 Fax: +61 8 9322 7602

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity, accompanying notes, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. The Company has included in the notes to the financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- 3. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- The Directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

Sir Sam Jonah

Chairman

30 September 2014



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Independent Auditor's Report

to the members of Range Resources Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Range Resources Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the Directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the Directors of Range Resources Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Basis for qualified opinion

Attention is drawn to Range's investment in Strait Oil and Gas (UK) Limited, an asset classified as an asset held for sale, carried at US\$10,000,000 on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014. Prior to its classification as an asset held for sale, the investment was classified as an investment in associate and accounted for by the equity method. The investment in associate was carried at US\$39,281,987 and Range recorded its share of the net income/loss from Strait Oil and Gas (UK) Limited as nil in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. An impairment expense of US\$29,281,987 is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2014 to reduce the investment to its recoverable value of US\$10,000,000. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to verify the opening carrying value of the investment, the share of net income/loss brought to account and the impairment expense recognised because audited financial information was not available. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether some or all of the impairment loss should have been recognised in prior periods or the accuracy of the reported equity accounted amounts in prior and current periods.



Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph:

- (a) the financial report of Range Resources Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2014 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates that the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the future successful raising of necessary funding through debt or equity and/or sale of non-core assets. These conditions, along with other matters as set out in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the consolidated entity may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2014. The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Range Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Glyn O'Brien

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth 30 September 2014

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Tenement Interests

Range's portfolio of exploration, development and production assets at 30 June 2014:

Tenement Reference	Location	Working Interest	Operator
Morne Diablo	Trinidad	100%	Range
South Quarry	Trinidad	100%	Range
Beach Marcelle	Trinidad	100%	Range
Guayaguayare Shallow	Trinidad	32.5%	Range
Guayaguayare Deep	Trinidad	40%	Range
St Mary's Block	Trinidad	100%	Range
Block 1-2005, South Peten Basin	Guatemala	24%	Latin American Resources Ltd
North Chapman Ranch	Texas, USA	20–25%	Western Gulf Oil & Gas
East Cotton Valley	Texas, USA	22%	Crest Resources
Block Vla	Georgia	45%	Strait Oil & Gas
Block VIb	Georgia	45%	Strait Oil & Gas
Dharoor Block	Puntland	20%	Horn Petroleum Corp
Nugaal Block	Puntland	20%	Horn Petroleum Cord
PUT-5, Putumayo basin	Colombia	10%	Optima Oil Corp
VMM-7, Magdalena Valley	Colombia	10%	Optima Oil Corp
VSM-1, Magdalena Valley	Colombia	10%	Optima Oil Corp

Shareholder statistics

Additional information provided pursuant to ASX listing rule 4.10 and not shown elsewhere in this report:

(a) A distribution schedule of the number of holders in each class of equity securities as at 30 September 2014:

Ordinary Shares	No. of holders	No. of shares held	
1 – 1,000	1,081	381,954	
1,001 – 5,000	1,194	3,486,271	
5,001 – 10,000	666	5,374,962	
10,001 – 100,000	1,562	58,765,064	
100,001 - 9,999,999,999	627	4,926,529,570	
Total	5,130	4,994,537,821	

Listed Options (\$0.05, 31 January 2016)	No. of holders	No. of options held
1 – 1,000	1	876
1,001 – 5,000	-	_
5,001 - 10,000	19	190,000
10,001 - 100,000	4	235,957
100,001 – 9,999,999,999	29	80,081,508
Total	53	80,508,341

- (b) The number of holders holding less than a marketable parcel as at 30 September 2014 of fully paid shares was 3,400 holders and of listed options was 23 holders.
- (c) The names of the 20 largest holders of fully paid shares, the number of fully paid shares each holds and the percentage of capital each holds as at 30 September 2014:

Top 20 Holders of Fully Paid Shares

Rank	Name	No. of shares held	% held
1.	Computershare Clearing Pty Ltd	3,682,530,586	73.73
2.	Abraham Limited	712,377,560	14.26
3.	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	43,796,281	0.88
4.	J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	40,850,585	0.82
5.	Erine International Limited	21,597,833	0.43
6.	Mr David Scanlen	20,070,693	0.40
7.	Celtic Capital Pty Ltd	19,349,909	0.39
8.	Mr Pieter Hoekstra + Mrs Ruth Hoekstra	17,362,488	0.35
9.	Mr Phong Nguyen	11,000,000	0.22
10.	Bby Nominees Limited	10,822,944	0.22
11.	Pan Australian Nominees Pty Limited	9,018,900	0.18
12.	Mr Paul Frederick Bennett	8,035,476	0.16
13.	Hsbc Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	7,161,184	0.14
14.	All Door Services Pty Ltd	7,092,461	0.14
15.	Ziziphus Pty Ltd	6,485,161	0.13
16.	Fitel Nominees Limited	5,965,065	0.12
17.	Mr Mohamed Hersi	5,028,416	0.10
18.	G & D Finn Pty Ltd	5,000,870	0.10
19.	Immobiliare` Investments Pty Ltd	5,000,000	0.10
20.	Mrs Lingling Wei	4,828,061	0.10
	Total	4,643,374,473	92.97

Shareholder Statistics continued

(d) The names of the substantial holders of fully paid shares, the number of fully paid shares each holds and the percentage of capital each holds as at 30 September 2014:

Rank	Name	No. of shares held	% held
1.	Computershare Clearing Pty Ltd	3,682,530,586	73.73
2.	Abraham Limited	712,377,560	14.26

(e) The names of the 20 largest holders of listed option holders, the number of listed options each holds and the percentage of capital each holds as at 30 September 2014:

Top 20 Holders of Listed Options (\$0.05, 31 January 2016)

Rank	Name	No. of options held	% held
1.	Chimaera Capital Limited	16,229,087	20.16
2.	Mr Ivan Brown	13,542,500	16.82
3.	J & J Bandy Nominees Pty Ltd	10,599,096	13.17
4.	Satori International Pty Ltd	8,900,000	11.05
5.	Mr Bastian Michael Uber	4,150,000	5.15
6.	G & D Finn Pty Ltd	4,000,000	4.97
7.	Mrs Shelly Mary Therese Duncan	2,300,000	2.86
8.	Mr Ronan O'murchu	2,054,600	2.55
9.	Seventy Three Pty Ltd	2,000,000	2.48
10.	Mr Xavier Gene	1,785,000	2.22
11.	Mrs Vita Pelly	1,600,000	1.99
12.	Mr Scott Duncan	1,570,000	1.95
13.	Mr Sebastian Lamicela	1,312,247	1.63
14.	Mr Raymond Peter Cunneen	1,295,000	1.61
15.	Noble 888 Pty Ltd	1,091,306	1.36
16.	Mr Walter Graham	1,000,000	1.24
17.	Pathat Pty Ltd	1,000,000	1.24
18.	Mrs Sheryl Lee Ireson	990,000	1.23
19.	Mr Scott James Duncan + Mrs Shelly Mary Therese Duncan	950,000	1.18
20.	Gvpm Pty Ltd	700,000	0.87
	Total	77,068,836	95.73

(f) The names of the substantial holders of listed option holders, the number of listed options each holds and the percentage of capital each holds as at 30 September 2014:

Rank	Name	No. of options held	% held
1.	Chimaera Capital Limited	16,229,087	20.16
2.	Mr Ivan Brown	13,542,500	16.82
3.	J & J Bandy Nominees Pty Ltd	10,599,096	13.17
4.	Satori International Pty Ltd	8,900,000	11.05
5.	Mr Bastian Michael Uber	4,150,000	5.15

Votina riahts

Subject to the constitution and to any rights or restrictions attaching to any class of shares, every member is entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company. Subject to the constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, every member present in person or by proxy, representative or attorney at a general meeting has, on a show of hands, one vote, and on a poll, one vote for each fully paid share held by the member.

Corporate Directory

Directors

Sir Samuel Jonah

Non-Executive Chairman

Rory Scott Russell

Executive Director

Graham Lyon

Non-Executive Director

Christian Bukovics

Non-Executive Director

Marcus Edwards-Jones

Non-Executive Director

David Riekie

Non-Executive Director

lan Olson

Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary (Joint)

Rebecca Sandford

Amy Just

Registered Office and Principal Place of Business

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Australia

Telephone: +61 8 9322 7600 Facsimile: +61 8 9322 7602

UK Office

Suite 1A, Prince's House 38 Jermyn Street London SW1Y 6DN

Telephone: +44 20 7025 7040 Facsimile: +44 20 7287 8028

Website

www.rangeresources.co.uk

Country of Incorporation

Australia

Auditors

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

38 Station Street Subiaco WA 6008 Australia

Share Registry (Australia)

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd

Share Registry (United Kingdom)

Computershare Investor Services plc

Stock Exchange

Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ASX)

Alternative Investment Market of the London Stock Exchange (AIM)

ASX Code: RRS AIM Code: RRL



RANGE

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