

21 October 2015

ASX / TSX ANNOUNCEMENT

Company Presentation

Orocobre Limited (ASX:ORE) (TSX:ORL) advises that the attached presentation will be used by Company management for investor meetings at the Citi conference in Sydney which is behind held over Wednesday the 21st and Thursday the 22nd of October.

For more information please contact:

Australia and Asia

David Hall
Business Development Manager
Orocobre Limited
T: +61 7 3871 3985
M: +61 407 845 052
E: dhall@orocobre.com

North America

James Calaway
Chairman
Orocobre Limited
M: +1 (713) 818 1457
E: jcalaway@orocobre.com

About Orocobre Limited

Orocobre Limited is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange and Toronto Stock Exchange (ASX:ORE) (TSX:ORL), and is building a substantial Argentinian-based industrial chemicals and minerals company through the construction and operation of its portfolio of lithium, potash and boron projects and facilities in the Puna region of northern Argentina. The Company has built, in partnership with Toyota Tsusho Corporation and JEMSE, the first large-scale, greenfield brine based lithium project in approximately 20 years at the Salar de Olaroz with planned production of 17,500 tonnes per annum of low-cost battery grade lithium carbonate.

The Olaroz Lithium Facility has a low environmental footprint because of the following aspects of the process:

- The process is designed to have a high processing recovery of lithium. With its low unit costs, the process will result in low cut-off grades, which will maximise resource recovery.
- The process route is designed with a zero liquid discharge design. All waste products are stored in permanent impoundments (the lined evaporation ponds). At the end of the project life the ponds will be capped and returned to a similar profile following soil placement and planting of original vegetation types.
- Brine is extracted from wells with minimum impact on freshwater resources outside the salar. Because the lithium is in sedimentary aquifers with relatively low permeability, drawdowns are limited to the salar itself. This is different from halite hosted deposits such as Salar de Atacama, Salar de Hombre Muerto and Salar de Rincon where the halite bodies have very high near surface permeability and the drawdown cones can impact on water resources around the Salar affecting the local environment.
- Energy used to concentrate the lithium in the brine is solar energy. The carbon footprint is lower than other processes.
- The technology developed has a very low maximum fresh water consumption of <20 l/s, which is low by industry standards.
- Sales de Jujuy S.A. is also committed to the ten principles of the sustainable development framework as developed by The International Council on Mining and Metals. The company has an active and well-funded “Shared Value” program aimed at the long term development of the local people.

The Company continues to follow the community and shared value policy to successfully work with suppliers and the employment bureau to focus on the hiring of local people from the communities of Olaroz, Huancar, Puesto Sey, Pastos Chicos, Catua, Susques, Jama, El Toro, Coranzulí, San Juan and Abrapampa. The project implementation is through EPCM (Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management) with a high proportion of local involvement through construction and supply contracts and local employment. The community and shared value policy continues to be a key success factor, training local people under the supervision of high quality experienced professionals.

The Company also wholly-owns Borax Argentina, an important regional borate producer.

For further information, please visit www.orocobre.com

Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This news release contains “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information contained in this release may include, but is not limited to, the commencement of commercial production and ramp up at the Olaroz Lithium Facility and the timing thereof, the cost of construction relative to the estimated capital cost of the Olaroz Lithium Facility, the design production rate for lithium carbonate at the Olaroz Lithium Facility, the expected brine grade at the Olaroz Project, the expected operating costs at the Olaroz Lithium Facility and the comparison of such expected costs to expected global operating costs, and the ongoing working relationship between Orocobre and the Province of Jujuy.

Such forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to the risk of further changes in government regulations, policies or legislation; the possibility that required concessions may not be obtained, or may be obtained only on terms and conditions that are materially worse than anticipated; that further funding may be required, but unavailable, for the ongoing development of the Company’s projects; fluctuations or decreases in commodity prices and market demand for product; uncertainty in the estimation, economic viability, recoverability and processing of mineral resources; risks associated with weather patterns and impact on production rate; risks associated with commissioning and ramp up of the Olaroz Lithium Facility to full capacity; unexpected capital or operating cost increases; uncertainty of meeting anticipated program milestones at the Olaroz Lithium Facility; general risks associated with the further development of the Olaroz Lithium Facility; as well as those factors disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2015 filed at www.sedar.com.

The Company believes that the assumptions and expectations reflected in such forward-looking information are reasonable. Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: the timely receipt of required approvals and completion of agreements on reasonable terms and conditions; the ability of the Company to obtain financing as and when required and on reasonable terms and conditions; the prices of lithium and borates; market demand for product and the ability of the Company to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive of all factors and assumptions which may have been used. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.



Orocobre Limited

Investor Update
October 2015

OROCC



Cautionary Notes

This presentation has been prepared by the management of Orocobre Limited (the 'Company') in connection with meetings with institutional investors, for the benefit of brokers and analysts and not as specific advice to any particular party or person. The information is based on publicly available information, internally developed data and other sources. Where any opinion is expressed in this presentation, it is based on the assumptions and limitations mentioned herein and is an expression of present opinion only. No warranties or representations can be made as to the origin, validity, accuracy, completeness, currency or reliability of the information. The Company disclaims and excludes all liability (to the extent permitted by law) for losses, claims, damages, demands, costs and expenses of whatever nature arising in any way out of or in connection with the information, its accuracy, completeness or by reason of reliance by any person on any of it.

This presentation contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information is often characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "budget", "target", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate" and other similar words or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" occur. Forward-looking information may include, but is not limited to, the financing and profitability of the Olaroz Project, the completion of construction and the successful commissioning of the Olaroz Project, the capital expenditure incurred at the time of completion of construction and the timing thereof, the commencement of commercial production at the Olaroz Project and the timing thereof, the design production rate for lithium carbonate and potash at the Olaroz Project, the expected brine grade at the Olaroz Project, the expected operating costs at the Olaroz Project and the comparison of such expected costs to expected global operating costs, the ongoing working relationship between Orocobre and the Provinces of Jujuy and Salta, the future financial and operating performance of the Company, its affiliates and subsidiaries including Borax Argentina, the estimation and realization of mineral resources at the Company's projects, the viability, recoverability and processing of such resources, timing of future exploration at the Company's projects, timing and receipt of approvals, consents and permits under applicable legislation, trends in Argentina relating to the role of government in the economy (and particularly its role and participation in mining projects), adequacy of financial resources, forecasts relating to the lithium, boron and potash markets, production and other milestones for the Olaroz project, the Olaroz project's future financial and operating performance including production, rates of return, operating costs, capital costs and cash flows, potential operating synergies between the Salinas Grandes and Cauchari projects and the Olaroz project, the potential processing of brines from the Cauchari Project and the incremental capital cost of such processing, expansion, growth and optimisation of Borax Argentina's operations, the integration of Borax Argentina's operations with those of Orocobre and any synergies relating thereto and other matters related to the development of the Company's projects and the timing of the foregoing matters.

Forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to the risk of further changes in government regulations, policies or legislation; the conditions to drawdown of project finance are not satisfied and drawdown is delayed or does not occur, that further funding may be required, but unavailable, for the ongoing development of the Company's projects; fluctuations or decreases in commodity prices; uncertainty in the estimation, economic viability, recoverability and processing of mineral resources; risks associated with construction and development of the Olaroz Project; unexpected capital or operating cost increases; uncertainty of meeting anticipated program milestones at the Olaroz Project or the Company's other projects; general risks associated with the feasibility and development of the Olaroz Project and the Company's other projects; risks associated with investments in publicly listed companies, such as the Company; risks associated with general economic conditions; the risk that the historical estimates for Borax Argentina's properties that were prepared by Rio Tinto, Borax Argentina and/or their consultants (including the size and grade of such resources) are incorrect in any material respect; the inability to efficiently integrate the operations of Borax Argentina with those of Orocobre; as well as those factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2015 filed at www.sedar.com.

Forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable by the Company, may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: the Company's ability to carry on its exploration and development activities at its projects and to continue production at Borax Argentina's properties, the timely receipt of required approvals, the prices of lithium, potash and boron, the ability of the Company to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner and the ability of the Company to obtain financing as and when required and on reasonable terms. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive of all factors and assumptions which may have been used. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Investment Highlights

Flagship Olaroz lithium facility

- Flagship Olaroz lithium facility, with a Stage 1 design capacity of 17,500tpa, commenced production in 2015 .
- Production ramp up slower than expected due to a number of engineering/equipment issues which have been/are being addressed. This -bottlenecking” process is now well advanced and will be completed in January permitting the final stage of ramp up to design capacity . .
- The facility is producing product to specification suitable for technical and battery markets. Specifications were reached very rapidly with mean values achieved of 99.98%-99.99% Li_2CO_3 in May and June.
- Large brine inventory equivalent to approximately 40,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent has been built up.
- Strong market conditions – the right time to enter the market:
 - supply constraints (Olaroz is the only western world new supply)
 - market growth rate > 10% p.a and > 17% for battery grade
 - leading to price increases – FMC announced 15% increase in lithium products effective October 2015
- Olaroz profile is as a high margin/low cost and long life operation with significant expansion potential
- Stage 2 – expansion at Olaroz – strategic interest by funding partners and end users already received

Borax Argentina operations

- Turn around in place. Growth initiatives currently underway in borax products and minerals
- Boron a key component in a number of industrial uses, including glass, ceramics, fibreglass and fertilisers
- Owner of mining properties of a number of lithium exploration projects with a royalty stream (Cauchari, Diablillos and Sal de Vida)

Portfolio of Argentinian regional projects with attractive potential

- Proximity of Cauchari & Salinas Grandes brines to Olaroz provides expansion potential & execution flexibility

Long-term lithium and borates markets look very strong

- Annual lithium market demand growth of approximately 10% forecast
- Continued growth in electric transport and lithium battery use has the potential for large demand growth
- >GDP growth forecast in borates with CY14 being a record year for imports

Capital Markets Snapshot (ASX:ORE,TSX:ORL)

Capital Structure (as at 20 October 2015)

Shares outstanding	168.65 million
Options outstanding	2.259 million
Share price ASX/TSX	A\$2.09/C\$1.99
Market Capitalisation	A\$352m
52 week share price range (close):	
ASX	A\$1.48-A\$2.97
TSX	C\$1.39-C\$2.85

Share Price Chart



Shareholders

Executives and Directors	~11.1%
Perennial Investment Partners	~5.02%
Institutions	~55%

Investor Relations Contacts

David Hall <i>Business Development Manager</i>	Tel. +61 7 3871 3985 M: +61 407 845 052 dhall@orocobre.com
James Calaway <i>Chairman</i>	M: +1 (713) 818 1457 jcalaway@orocobre.com



Olaroz Lithium Operations

Olaroz Lithium Project Summary

Location	Salar de Olaroz, Argentina
Large resource	- Large measured and indicated resource of 6.4 Mt LCE, 19.3 Mt KCl & 1.85Mt B to only 197m depth - High lithium resource grade of 690mg/l Li, Low Mg/Li ratio of 2.4 ⁽¹⁾
Exploration Target	Exploration target of 1.6 and 7.5 million metric tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent between 197m and 323m depth in thick continuous sand sequences. Basin potentially 600m deep and additional targets to the north and the south of the exploration target area. It must be stressed that an exploration target is not a mineral resource. The potential quantity and grade of the exploration target is conceptual in nature, and there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource in the volume where the Exploration Target is outlined. It is uncertain if further exploration drilling will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource in this volume. It is anticipated that additional drilling would be conducted in financial year 2016, to further evaluate the exploration target and to assist longer term development planning ⁽²⁾
Production	- Stage 1 of 17,500tpa battery-grade lithium carbonate - Optional 20,000tpa KCL - Potential for boric acid production via solvent extraction
Excellent economics	- Site cash operating cost of ~US\$2,000/t of lithium carbonate ⁽³⁾ - Long term expected pricing of ~US\$5,000-\$8000/t - Brine offers material operating cost advantage vs hard rock
High specification battery-grade LCE	“Olaroz process” produces 100% high purity product - Pilot plant production for 4 years for product qualification. Industrial plant produced “on spec” product almost immediately
Life of mine and expansion	40 year mine life utilises only ~15% of existing resources - Sustainable long life project with expansion potential for lithium carbonate, potash and boron - Expansion for Li at 40% discount per tonne of capacity compared to original capital cost
Ownership	- Orocobre 66.5%, Toyota Tsusho Corporation (TTC) 25%, and JEMSE (provincial government) 8% - TTC also facilitated debt financing through Mizuho & JOGMEC and is acting as marketing agent

1.Refer to Resource Statements Appendix

2.Refer to Resource Statements Appendix

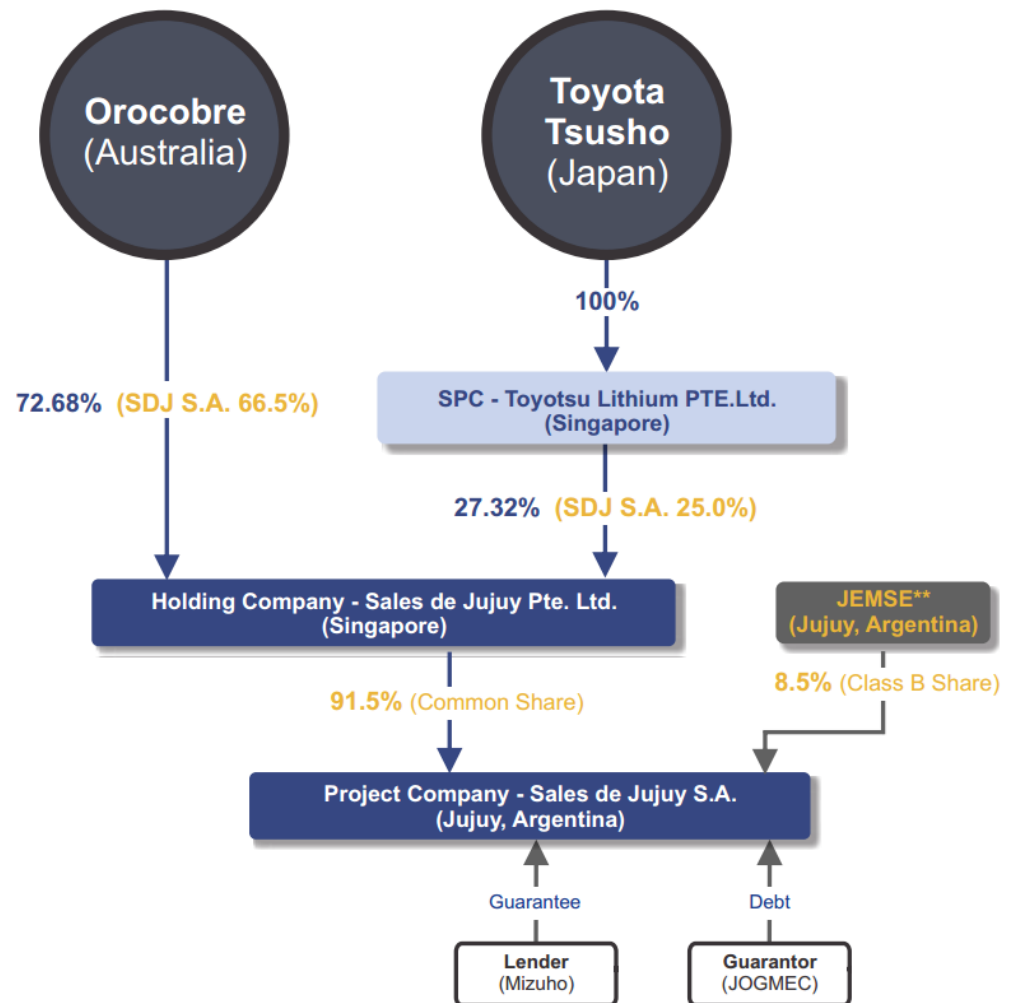
3.At full production (excluding any potash or boron credits)

Olaroz Lithium Project Corporate Structure

Description of Corporate Structure

- The Olaroz Project Joint Venture is operated through the operating Company named Sales de Jujuy S.A. (“SDJ”)
- The shareholders of SDJ are Sales de Jujuy Pte. Ltd. (“SDJ PTE”), a joint-venture vehicle for Orocobre and Toyota Tsusho Corporation (“Toyota”), and the Jujuy Provincial Government Mining Company (“JEMSE”)
- The effective Olaroz project equity interest is:
 - Orocobre: 66.5%
 - Toyota: 25.0%
 - JEMSE: 8.5%

Corporate Structure Diagram



Strong Partners - Toyota Tsusho, JOGMEC, Mizuho

Toyota Tsusho Partnership

- Toyota Tsusho Corporation ("TTC") is 22% owned by Toyota Motor Corporation and 11% owned by Toyota Industries, and is one of Japan's leading global trading houses
- Definitive Shareholders Agreement executed in October 2012 for a joint venture to develop the Olaroz Project
- The effective Olaroz Project equity interest by TTC is 25.0%
- Low cost financing package from Japan facilitated through TTC and arranged by Mizuho Corporate Bank ("Mizuho")
- Debt package covers 70% of CAPEX - guaranteed by the Japanese government's Japan Oil, Gas and Metals National Corporation ("JOGMEC")
- TTC has agency rights (on a commission basis) for lithium carbonate production from the first stage



Key Terms of Olaroz Financing

Project Capital Cost	• US\$229.1 million including \$22.1m contingency
Equity Financing	• Orocobre 66.5%, TTC 25%, JEMSE 8.5% (funded by Orocobre) • Total project equity of US\$82.8 million
Debt Financing	• Up to US\$191.9 million available based on US\$229.1 million CAPEX • ~4.5% fixed rate, term of 10 years after grace period • Dividends payable twice yearly after debt service
Guarantees / Commitments	• JOGMEC guarantee for 82.4% of drawn debt post completion • Additional guarantees from TTC

Olaroz – The Journey



Construction Begins



Empty Evaporation Pond



First Pumping of Brine – August 2013



Liming Plant

Olaroz – The Journey



Evaporation pond post magnesium removal/lime addition



Lithium Carbonate Plant – primary and purification circuits



Primary Lithium Carbonate



Micronizing Circuit

Fist Commercial Dispatch, April 2015



Awarded Argentinian Mining Company of the Year in 2012 & 2014



Olaroz Facility Operations – Ramp Up

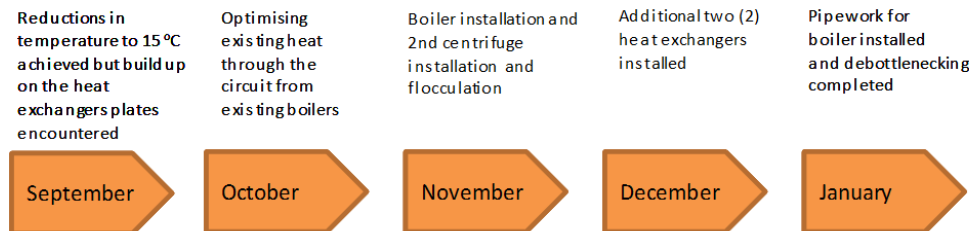
Final stage de-bottlenecking reached with ramp-up continuing.....

Production & Plant update

- In ramp up stage with production increasing significantly month on month, July 92t, August 143t, September 256t* (includes approximately 50 tonnes recovered from purification circuit)
- In the final stages of de-bottlenecking and ramp up after a slower than expected start-up and expected to be completed in January permitting final stage of ramp up.
- Breakeven point at ~650tpm* expected to occur in December
- Total of 32 customers including 19 battery market customer and 13 industrial market customers had been supplied samples or sales orders by end of July 2015
- Large inventory of over 40,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent in the pond system .
- Rectification of construction defects and removal of bottlenecks at the plant, as well as installation of additional boiler capacity, direct steam injection and acid washing systems has cost approximately US\$8 million



Finished lithium carbonate awaiting dispatch





Lithium Market

Lithium Sales and Market Overview

Sales Orders

- **Commercial Dispatches & Samples Provided** - Commercial sales of lithium carbonate continue to be dispatched from the facility to Europe, Asia and the USA. Samples have been provided to a wide range of customer including those located in the USA, Europe, South Korea, China & Japan
- **Production Committed** - All forecast production for CY15 is fully committed
- **Security of Supply** - Primary customer concern relates to obtaining long term security of supply, which Olaroz substantially fulfils

Market

- **Supply Tight** - Supply side is tight with no new entrants in the western world in the short term
- **Strong Demand** - The lithium market continues to demonstrate strong demand and tight supply, with market growth of ~10% CAGR
- **Price Increase** - Existing suppliers announced another market price increase for lithium products of 15% effective October 2015
 - Our market experience is that lithium carbonate prices are continuing to increase from a level of \$5,000-\$5,500/tonne last year to currently be in excess of US\$6,000/tonne



Lithium: Right Place, Right Time....

Limited sources of new supply:

- Limited number of economically extractable lithium resources
- Very concentrated global production : ~80% of world supply from Chile (SQM, Albemarle), Argentina (FMC) & Australia (Talisson)
- Majority of Talison supply goes straight to China
- In the short term, new supply will only come from Olaroz and Albemarle (subject to licence approvals)
- ***Orocobre has commissioned the first large scale lithium brine mine in 20 years***

Current producers face supply challenges:

- Declining volumes
- High cost hard rock lithium extraction
- 20KT Albemarle expansion remains on hold subject to environmental approvals (brine availability)

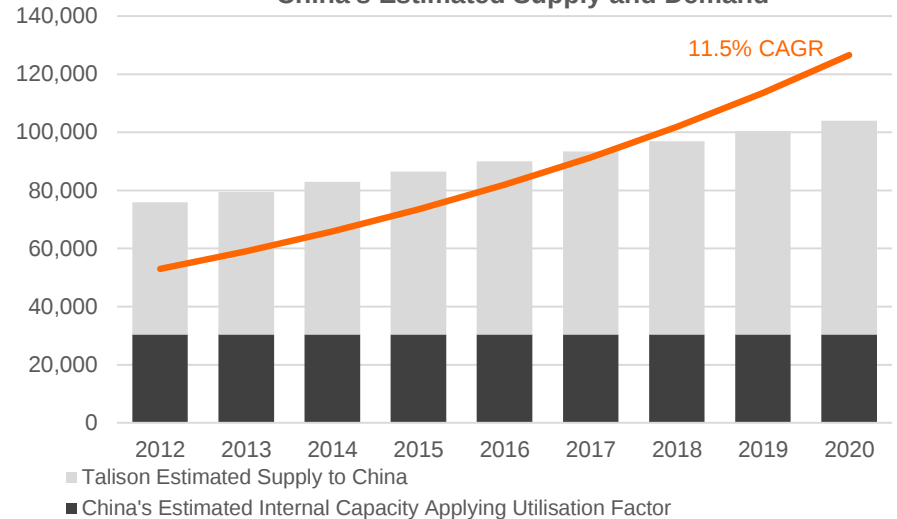
Demand expected to outstrip supply from 2017

- The market demand in 2015 is estimated at approximately 197,000tpa with an anticipated CAGR of ~10%
- But demand is forecast to outstrip supply from 2017 in China and 2016-17 for the rest of the world

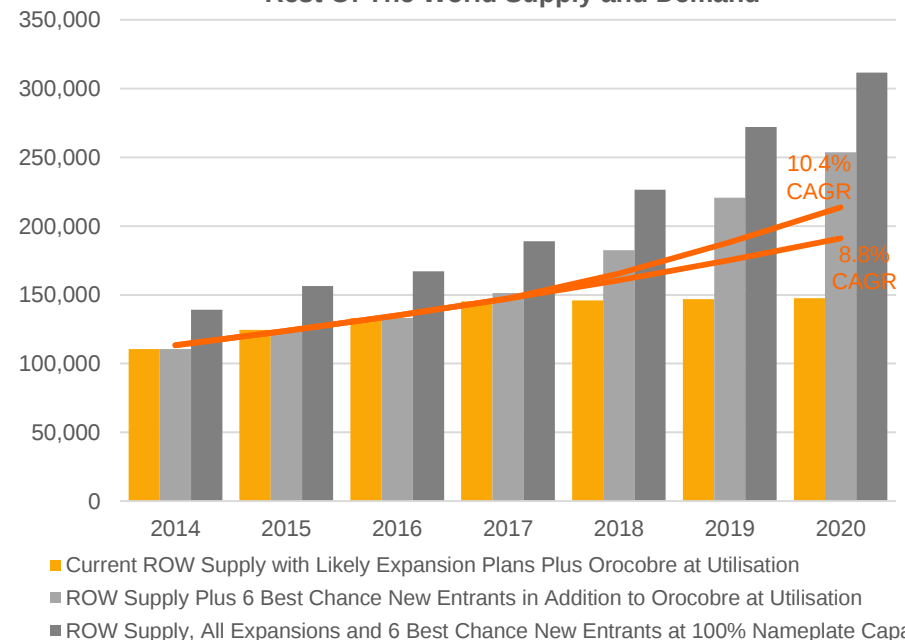
Orocobre has a large, low cost, expandable resource and a strategy to expand in line with market growth

Source: Company websites, analyst reports and Orocobre estimates.
Utilisation factors applied @ 85% for ROW and 60% for China

China's Estimated Supply and Demand



Rest Of The World Supply and Demand



Lithium: Right Place, Right Time....

Comments by key lithium producers on market growth, pricing and supply:

Rockwood: “....worldwide, the demand for lithium products will probably grow by 15% to 20%. The issue for Rockwood is going to be, can we actually supply it?” ¹

FMC: “The market for lithium grew about 7% in 2014 and growth is expected to continue over 10% annually through 2020 driven in large part by energy storage demand.” ²

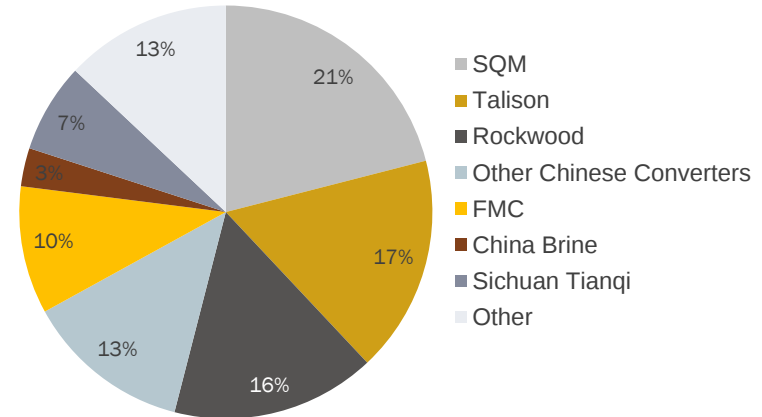
FMC: All products including lithium carbonate, lithium chloride, lithium hydroxide and all other products except Specialty Organics will increase by 15 percent. Specialty Organics products, which include all grades of butyllithium, will increase by \$3.50 per kilogram on a contained basis.” ³

SQM: Average prices in the business line were up over 7% compared to the first half of last year....This market continue to show robust demand growth.” ⁴

Multiple industrial applications:

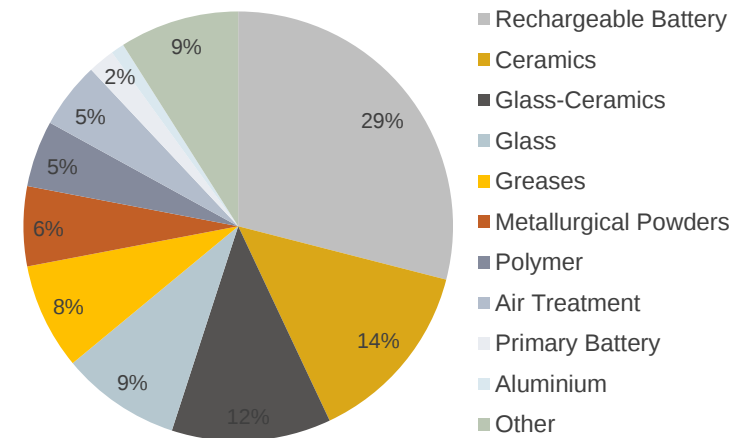
- Lithium is used in a number of industrial applications, including batteries, ceramics and glass
- Key drivers of growth include increasing demand for portable personal devices and electric vehicles
 - Use of battery-grade lithium in portable electronic devices has grown at ~20% per year since 2000

Current Lithium Supply by Company



Source: Roskill Information Services, 2013

Current Lithium Demand by Market

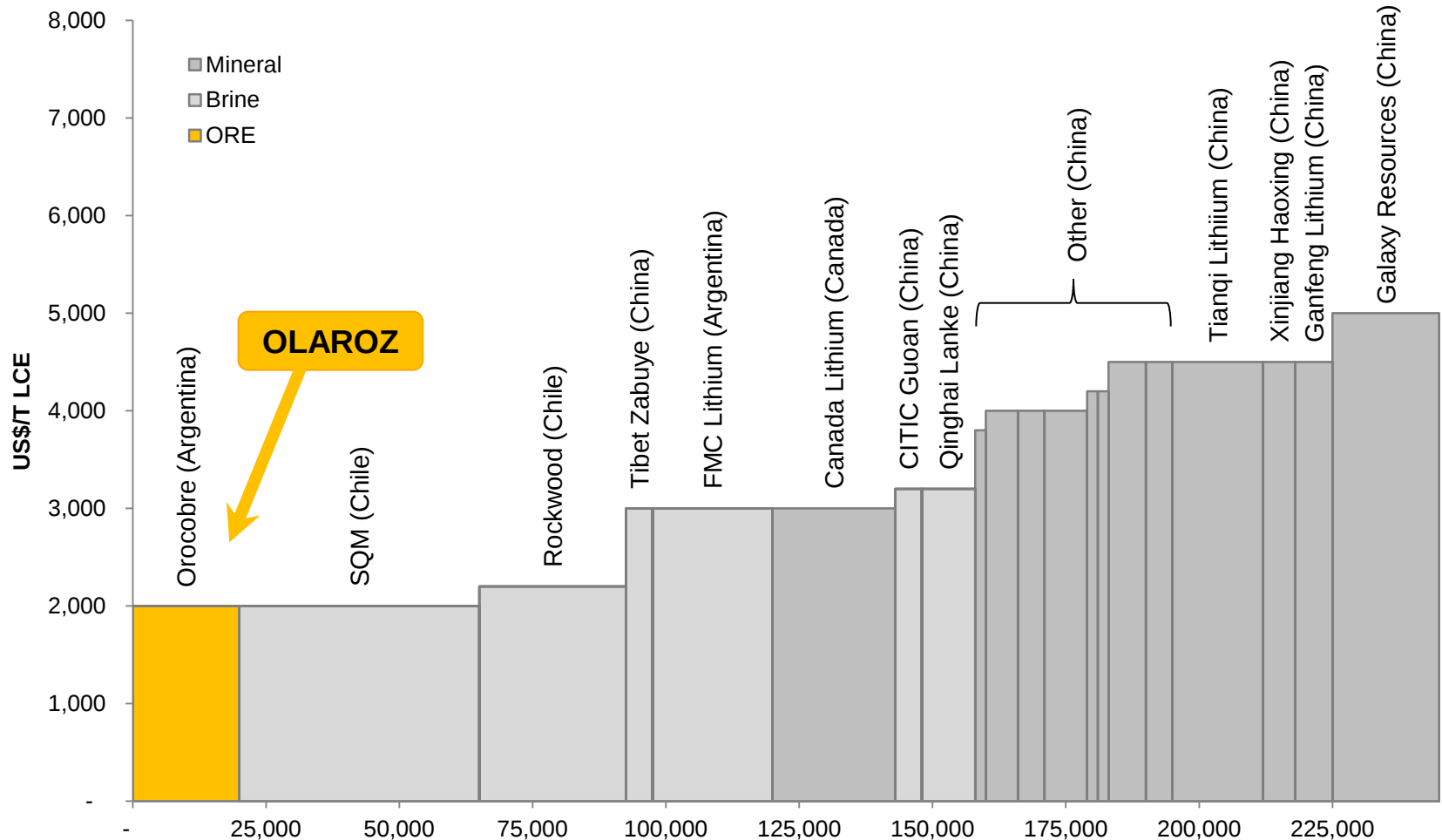


Source: Roskill Information Services 2014 estimates

1. Rockwood 03 March 2014 Conference Call
2. FMC Management Presents at Credit Suisse Basic Materials Brokers Conference, September 2015
3. FMC Corporation Announcement, September 2015
4. SQM Q2 2015 Results Conference Call, August 2015

Operating Cost Comparison with Existing Producers

The Olaroz Project is forecast to have a bottom quartile unit cost of production at nameplate capacity



Source: Roskill estimates 2013

Notes: Includes carbonate, hydroxide and chloride

Canada Lithium no longer in production. Galaxy operations no longer include mining and purchase concentrates

Battery Megafactories are coming....



LG Chem, a Korean battery manufacturer, is constructing a plant in Nanjing, China with annual production capacity of more than 100,000 electric vehicles. It will supply batteries to Chinese automakers



Tesla, in partnership with Panasonic, is building a 35GWh facility in Nevada, and expects to begin battery cell production in 2017 and reach full capacity by 2020 - producing more lithium ion batteries annually than were produced worldwide in 2013



Foxconn, a Taiwanese iPhone manufacturer, has also announced plans to invest \$814m in building a gigafactory China and to become a major player in the Chinese electric car market

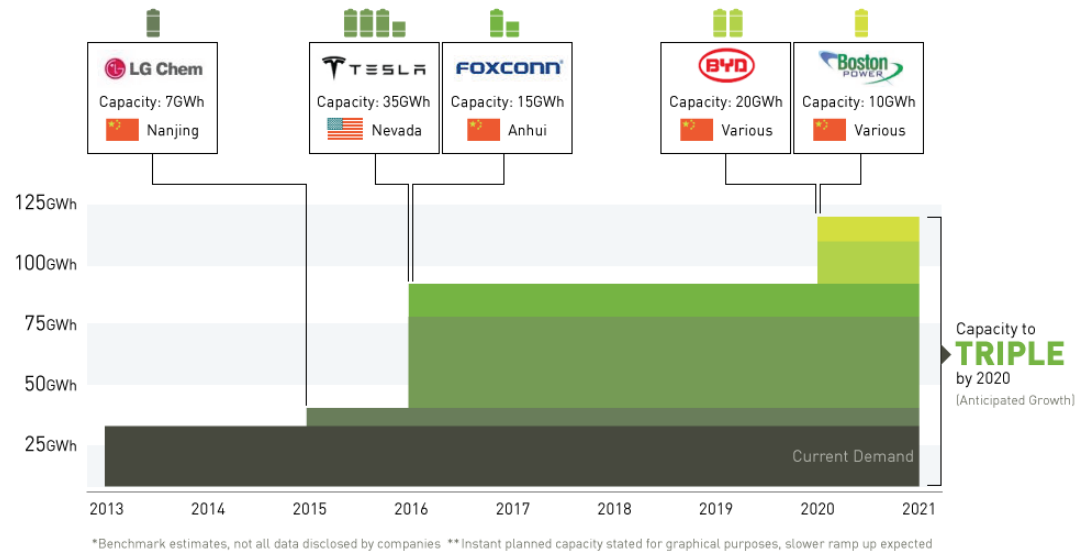


Boston Power is a developer and manufacturer of Li-ion batteries. It has R&D facilities in the US and China and manufacturing facilities in China. Boston Power recently received funding from local Chinese governments to substantially expand its existing battery manufacturing facilities in China

Chart of the Week

THE LITHIUM-ION BATTERY MEGAFACTORIES ARE COMING

Production capacity of lithium-ion batteries is anticipated to more than triple by 2020



Data by:



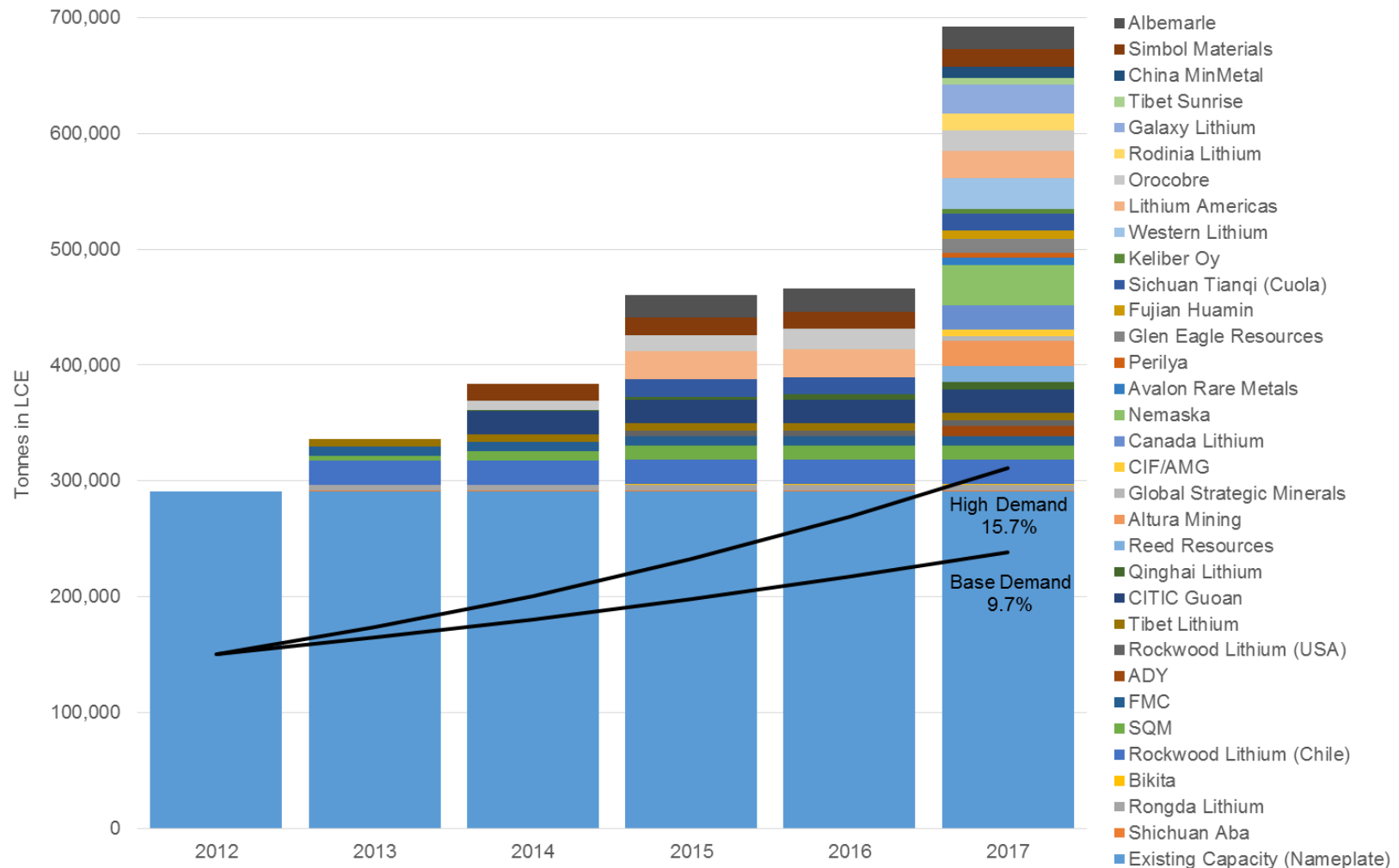
visualcapitalist.com



Build Your Dreams (BYD) is a Chinese automaker. BYD currently has about 6GWh of capacity, with plans to significantly increase capacity via factories in both China and Brazil



In 2013 Roskill Reported Potential Expansions and New Projects:

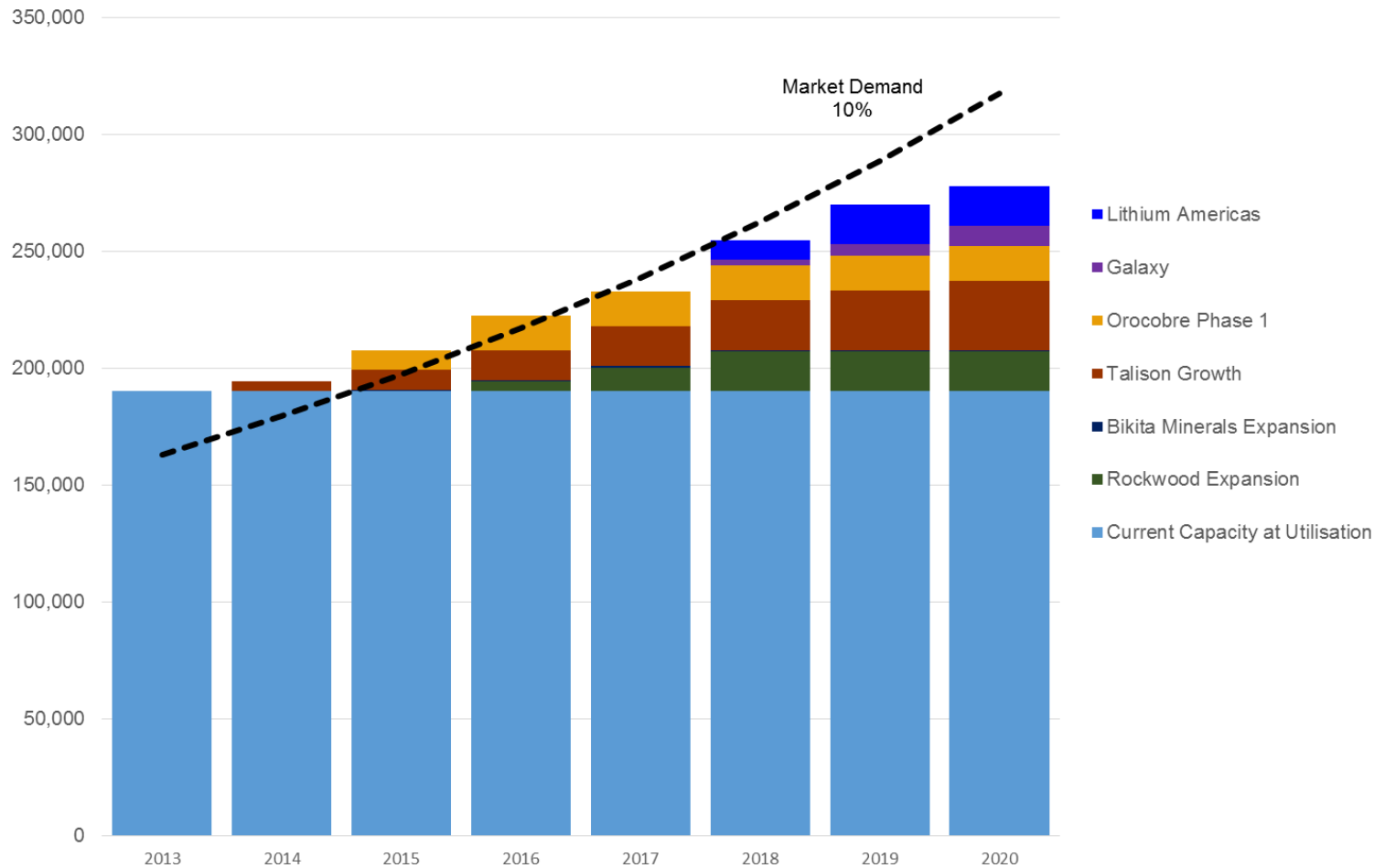


Source: Roskill Report 2013

Available production capacity for 2012 was approximately 291,050 LCE, where no date has been mentioned in tables the date 2017 has been applied for production. Data taken from: Table 16: Planned expansions as reported by existing lithium mineral producers to 2017, Table 17: Potential lithium mineral producers to 2017, Table 18: Planned expansions by existing lithium brine producers to 2017 and Table 19: Potential new lithium brine projects to 2017

The Reality - Two Years Later The Market Looks More Like:

Orocobre estimate: Capacity growth through expansion projects and new producers and utilisation rates



Notes: Rest of the world 80% utilisation, China 60% utilisation, Talison's capacity considered in line with Chinese converter plant limitations and Europe industrial market. Estimated Talison's 65,000tpa base as of 2013 increasing 4k mt per year.

Source: Company websites and Orocobre estimates



**Borax Argentina &
Other Operations**

Borax Argentina summary

- Acquired Borax Argentina in August 2012 from Rio Tinto for US\$8.5m (US\$5.5m paid upfront, then US\$1m for 3 years)
- Goal: to turn around performance and invest to grow business
Achievements so far:
 - A\$1.5m EBITDA in FY14, a \$4.6m improvement over FY13 with 6% sales growth
 - Reduced boric acid production cost by ~US\$200/mt
- However, headwinds in FY2015 due to softening economy in Brazil and slower ramp up after plant relocation.
- Proximity to Olaroz excellent – achieved aim of diversification to industrial mineral and chemicals company
- Annual production in excess of 40,000t of boron chemicals & mineral concentrates
- Three product streams: borax, boric acid and boron minerals
- Operations include three open pit mines and concentration plants in Tincalayu, Sijes & Porvenir
- Refinery operations at Campo Quijano have historically produced various boron chemical products
- Reliable supplier of high quality products with long-term relationships with key South American industrial and agricultural customers
- Substantial JORC compliant resources at Tincalayu and Porvenir and historical estimates on other deposits (RTM)
- Sijes is the next location to be upgraded from a historical estimate to a JORC compliant resource



Borax Argentina Products & Markets

with a variety
of market uses
GROWING
on average
4-6% pa

EVERYTHING

from what we **eat**

to where we **live**
RELIES ON
quality supply of
boron products

Borate Minerals

Global Market B2O3 equivalent -
803kt global trade in 2013



Ceramics
Agriculture

Borax

Global Market B2O3 equivalent -
1,578kt global trade in 2013

Glass
Fluxes
Ceramics
Fertilisers
Fibreglass



Boric Acid

Global Market B2O3 equivalent -
825kt global trade in 2013

Glass
Fluxes
Ceramics
Fertilisers
Wood preservatives



Borax Argentina – Current Production & Growth Initiatives

Product streams	Production per annum	Orocobre Initiatives to Grow Borax	Use	Pricing	Approx. Size of global market B2O3 equiv.	Key competitors
Borax	Plant capacity: >30,000tpa of borax decahydrate equivalent (currently 60% utilised)	Relocation of Bx10 refining plant from Campo Quijano to Tincalayu mine completed June 2014 Marginal cut-off of 2.8% B2O3 , appropriate for a possible expanded production rate of 100,000tpa borax decahydrate - Indicated and Inferred Resource of 17.8 million tonnes at 11% B2O3.	Glass, ceramics, technical grade fibreglass, insulation grade fibreglass, fluxes & fertilisers	Different for each product. Price range approx. US \$550-1100/t FOB	1,578k t global trade in 2013	Eti RTM SVM Russian Bor
Boric acid	Current plant capacity: 9,000tpa PFS completed on a 25,000tpa plant at Olacapato	Current plant capacity: 9,000tpa PFS completed on a 25,000tpa plant at Olacapato	Glass, ceramics, fertilisers and wood preservatives	Price range approx. US\$750/t to \$1,250/t CIF over the past 5 years (industrial grade)	825k t global trade in 2013	Eti RTM Russian Bor MSR INKABOR QUI BORAX
Borate minerals	25,000tpa processed borate minerals	Upgrading the Sijes hydroboracite deposit from historical estimates to JORC compliance Life of Mine Study planned for Tincalayu	Ceramics and agriculture	Price range approx. US \$200-\$600/t FOB dependent on quality/specification/ application	803k t global trade in 2013	Eti Russian Bor

Depth in additional mines and projects

Cauchari (Li, K, B) - Exploration

- Lithium-potash-boron property immediately south of Olaroz plant
- Inferred (shallow) Resource 470Kt LCE, 1.6Mt KCL & 122Kt B ⁽¹⁾
- Similar chemistry to Olaroz though lower grade and higher SO₄/Li and Mg/Li ratios
- Incremental production for Olaroz
- Deeper resource definition drilling and pumping tests planned for CY15

[For more information on Cauchari](#)

Salinas Grandes/Cangrejillos (K, Li, B) - Exploration

- Li-K project -Drilling shows excellent grades & chemistry
- Inferred Resource 240,000t LCE, 1.0Mt KCL & 12Kt B ⁽²⁾
- Synergies with nearby Olaroz

[For more information on Salinas Grandes](#)



1 Refer to Resource Statements Appendix

2 Refer to Resource Statements Appendix

Notes: The conversion rate used is 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate equates to 1 tonne of lithium metal and 1.91 tonnes of muriate of potash equates to 1 tonne of potassium metal.



Conclusion

Conclusions

- ✓ Final stage of de-bottlenecking and rectifying
- ✓ Large inventory of over 40,000 tonnes of LCE in the pond system
- ✓ Strong lithium market conditions – supply constraints and market growth rate leading to price increases
- ✓ Olaroz to be a high margin/low cost and long life operation with significant expansion potential
- ✓ Large Boron operations, with over 40,000tpa production of boron chemicals & mineral concentrates
- ✓ Borax Argentina turn around in place – growth initiatives currently underway in borax products and minerals
- ✓ Additional value/growth in Li, KCL and B in brines and minerals (Cauchari, Salinas Grandes, Borax Argentina)
- ✓ Long-term lithium, borates and potash markets look very strong



OROCOBRE



Additional Information

Board & Management



James Calaway
Non-Executive
Chairman

Mr Calaway and his family have played major roles in the development of both public and private companies in the United States, including companies engaged in oil and gas exploration and production and alternative energy development. Mr Calaway currently serves as Chairman of the Board of Distributed Power Partners, a leader in clustered distributed solar power development, and has served as a Director on several other U.S. corporate boards. Mr. Calaway is active in the Houston community recently serving as the Chairman of the Board of the Centre for Houston's Future, and the Chairman of the Houston independent School District Foundation, among others. Mr Calaway is a graduate of the University of Texas and the University of Oxford.



Richard Seville
Managing Director &
CEO

Mr. Seville is a mining geologist and geotechnical engineer with over 30 years' minerals sector experience covering exploration, mine development and mine operations. He has had significant corporate experience, having had many years in the role of Operations Director and/or CEO in ASX/AIM listed mining companies. Mr. Seville is a graduate of the Royal School of Mines, Imperial College and James Cook University North Queensland.



John Gibson Jr
Non-Executive Director

Mr. Gibson, is a recognised leader in the energy technology and services industry with more than 25 years of global energy experience. Mr. Gibson was until recently the Chief Executive Officer of Tervita Corporation and is currently a Director of Tervita, a major Canadian environmental and oil field services company. Prior to joining Tervita, Mr. Gibson served as Chief Executive Officer of an enterprise software solutions company serving oil and gas industry clients and has held senior positions with the Halliburton Group of Companies, most recently as President of Halliburton's Energy Services Group. He is a member of the University of Houston Energy Advisory Committee, and Houston Baptist University Board of Trustees.



Frederico Nicholson
Non-Executive Director

Mr. Nicholson was Vice President of the Argentine Industrial Union (UIA), the country's leading business advocacy group, for fourteen consecutive years (1999-2013) and currently serves as President of the Argentine North Regional Sugar Centre. Mr. Nicholson also occupies the position of First Vice President of CEADS (Consejo Empresario Argentino para el Desarrollo Sustentable) an Argentinian local division of WBCSD (World Business Council for Sustainable Development). Mr. Nicholson is also a member of the board for several other Argentina based companies.



Fernando Oris de Roa
Non-Executive Director

Mr Oris de Roa is a highly successful business leader with a history of developing and operating large enterprises in Argentina. Mr Oris de Roa began his 23 year career with large trading company Continental Grain in 1970, working in USA, Spain, Switzerland, Brazil and Argentina and rose through the ranks to be responsible for all of Latin America. As Chief Executive, he is credited with turning S.A. San Miguel into the largest and most profitable lemon products company in the world. Mr Oris de Roa was Chief Executive of Avex S.A. from 2004 to 2012. He was also a Director of Patagonia Gold Ltd.



Courtney Pratt
Non-Executive Director

Mr Pratt has enjoyed a 40-year career at the helm of some of Canada's top industrial businesses, particularly in the energy, minerals, and mining sectors. From 2004 to 2006, he was President and CEO of Stelco, a major Canadian steel producer, and served as Stelco's Chairman until the company's sale to the US Steel Corporation in 2007. Earlier, Mr Pratt was the President and CEO of Toronto Hydro, North America's largest municipally owned electricity distributor and also served as President and subsequently as Chairman of Noranda Inc. - in this capacity he served as a Director of a number of companies. Mr Pratt served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Toronto Region Research Alliance to March 2010. He is also Chairman of Knightsbridge Human Capital and a Director of Moosehead Breweries Limited, 407 International Inc. and CMA Holdings. Mr Pratt was awarded the Order of Canada in January 1999.



Robert Hubbard
Non-Executive Director

Mr Hubbard brings a wealth of experience and pertinent knowledge to the Orocobre Board, having served for over 20 years as a partner at PricewaterhouseCoopers. During his time as a PwC partner, he served as auditor for some of Australia's largest resource companies with activities throughout Australia, Papua New Guinea, West Africa and South America. His experience has covered a range of commodities including base metals, gold, oil and gas and thermal and metallurgical coal. Mr. Hubbard also serves as a non-executive Director in various community and commercial focussed organisations. He is currently Chairman of Opera Queensland and Multiple Sclerosis Australia and a Director of UQ Health Care Pty Ltd, MS Research Australia, MS International Federation and Council member of the University of the Sunshine Coast. Mr Hubbard is also a non-executive Director of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd. Mr. Hubbard is also a member of the board of ASX listed company Primary Health Care

Environment and Sustainability: A Low Environmental Footprint

Olaroz has a very low environmental footprint

- The process is designed to have a high processing recovery of lithium. With its low unit costs, the process will result in low cut-off grades which will maximise overall resource recovery.
- The process route is designed with a zero liquid discharge design. All waste products are stored in permanent impoundments, the lined evaporation ponds. At the end of the project life the ponds will be capped and returned to a similar profile following soil placement and planting of original vegetation types.
- Brine is extracted from wells with minimum impact on freshwater resources outside the salar. Because the lithium is in sedimentary aquifers with relatively low permeability, drawdowns are limited to the salar itself. This is different from halite hosted deposits such as Salar de Atacama, Salar de Hombre Muerto and Salar de Rincon where the halite bodies have very high near surface permeability and the drawdown cones can impact on water resources around the Salar affecting the local environment.
- Energy used to concentrate the lithium in the brine is solar energy. The carbon footprint is lower than other processes.
- The process uses a limited number of common, low environmental impact reagents
- The technology developed has a very low maximum fresh water consumption of <20 l/s, which is low by industry standards.

Sales de Jujuy S.A. is also committed to the ten principles of the sustainable development framework as developed by The International Council on Mining and Metals. The company has an active and well-funded “Shared Value” program aimed at the long term development of the local people

Panoramic view showing ponds, liming plant and lithium carbonate plant



Olaroz – Resource Estimate Summary

Combined Measured and Indicated Resource of 6.4 million tonnes of lithium carbonate, 19.3 million tonnes of potash (potassium chloride) and 1.85 million tonnes of boron

Resource Category	Area	Thickness	Mean specific yield	Brine volume	Concentration			Tonnes of Contained Metal		
					Lithium	Potassium	Boron	Lithium	Potassium	Boron
	sq. kms	metres	%	cubic kms	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	Million Tonnes	Million Tonnes	Million Tonnes
Measured Resource	93	54	8.4%	0.42	632	4930	927	0.27	2.08	0.39
Indicated Resource	93	143	10.0%	1.33	708	6030	1100	0.94	8.02	1.46
Measured and Indicated Resource	93	197	9.6%	1.75	690	5730	1050	1.21	10.10	1.85

The resource model and brine resource estimation on the Salar de Olaroz was undertaken by John Houston, an independent consultant employed by John Houston Consulting who is a Chartered Geologist and a Fellow of the Geological Society of London. John Houston has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Olaroz Project, dated 13 May 2011 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com. The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

This information was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported.

The conversion rate used is 1 tonne of lithium metal produces 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate and 1 tonne of potassium produces 1.91 tonnes of muriate of potash.

Olaroz – Resource Estimate Summary – Exploration Target

Exploration target between 1.6 and 7.5 million tonnes of lithium carbonate equivalent between 197m and 323m depth. Basin potentially 600m deep and additional targets to the north and the south of the exploration target area. It must be stressed that an exploration target is not a mineral resource. The potential quantity and grade of the exploration target is conceptual in nature, and there has been insufficient exploration to define a Mineral Resource in the volume where the Exploration Target is outlined. It is uncertain if further exploration drilling will result in the determination of a Mineral Resource in this volume.

It is anticipated that additional drilling would be conducted post achievement of nameplate production run rate, to further evaluate the exploration target and to assist longer term development planning.

Table 1:

Area km ²	Thickness m (to 323 m depth)	Mean specific yield %	Brine volume million m ³	Li mg/l	Contained Li million metric tonnes	Lithium carbonate million metric tonnes	K mg/l	Contained K million metric tonnes	Potash million metric tonnes	B mg/l	Boron million metric tonnes
UPPER ASSUMPTION ESTIMATE											
80	126	20%	2,000	700	1.4	7.5	5400	10.9	20.8	1,200	2.4
LOWER ASSUMPTION ESTIMATE											
80	126	6%	605	500	0.3	1.6	4000	2.4	4.6	900	0.5

The information in this table that relates to exploration target at the Olaroz project was prepared by Mr Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined in NI 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled "Olaroz Project Large Exploration Target Defined", dated 23 October 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

Salar de Cauchari Resource Estimate Summary

An inferred resource has been estimated in two adjoining areas of the salar, with a total 230 million cubic metres of brine at 380 mg/L lithium and 3,700 mg/L potassium. This is equivalent to 470,000 tonnes of lithium carbonate and 1.6 million tonnes of potash (potassium chloride) based on 5.32 tonnes of lithium carbonate being equivalent to 1 tonne of lithium and 1.91 tonnes of potash being equivalent to one tonne of potassium.

Inferred Resource Area	Brine body parameters				Average resource concentrations			Tonnes contained		
	Area km2	Average thickness m	Mean specific yield %	Brine volume Million m3	Lithium mg/l	Potassium mg/l	Boron mg/l	Lithium	Potassium	Boron
North 170 m deep	19.69	170	6.1%	204.5	399	3,833	547	81,497	783,829	111,901
South 50 m deep	11.35	50	4.6%	26.0	264	2,502	421	6,851	64,932	10,916
Combined	31.04			230.4	383	3,683	533	88,348	848,761	122,817
LCE/potash Equivalent								470,009	1,621,134	

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Project, dated 30 April 2010 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

This information was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since it was last reported.

Porvenir Resource Estimate Summary

A measured and indicated resource of 2.3 million tonnes at 20.4% B₂O₃ is estimated at the current 16% mining cut off grade. The resource extends to a maximum depth of 2.9m and is easily exploited by low cost strip mining. A measured and indicated resource of 6.9 million tonnes of 14.9% B₂O₃ is estimated at a 9% B₂O₃ mining cut off grade.

Classification	Cut-off grade	Tonnes	Grade% B ₂ O ₃	Tonnes B ₂ O ₃
Measured	9%	4,907,877	14.5	710,672
Indicated	9%	1,942,433	16.0	310,517
Measured & Indicated	9%	6,850,000	14.9	1,020,000
Classification	Cut-off grade	Tonnes	Grade% B ₂ O ₃	Tonnes B ₂ O ₃
Measured	16%	1,474,341	20.0	295,117
Indicated	16%	804,595	21.0	168,776
Measured & Indicated*	16%	2,278,937	20.4	463,992

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled Amended Announcement to Porvenir Historical Estimate Upgraded to JORC Compliant Resource, 29 April, 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resource at Porvenir, which is the subject of re-estimation. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company's ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.

Tincalayu Resource Estimate Summary

An Indicated and Inferred resource of 6.5 million tonnes at 13.9% B₂O₃ at the a marginal cut-off of 5.6% B₂O₃, which increases to 17.8 million tons of 11.0 % B₂O₃ , at a marginal cut-off grade of 2.8 % B₂O₃.

	Current production 30 Ktpa			Expanded Production 100 Ktpa		
	Cut-off	Tonnes (Mt)	Soluble B2O3 (%)	Cut-off	Tonnes (Mt)	Soluble B2O3 (%)
Global Resource (not limited to a pit shell) - with Marginal Cut-off						
Indicated	5.6	6.9	13.9	2.8	6.9	13.8
Inferred	5.6	9.9	10.2	2.8	13.8	8.5
Indicated + Inferred	5.6	16.8	11.7	2.8	20.7	10.3
Maximum DCF In-pit Resource - with Marginal Cut-off						
Indicated	5.6	5.1	14.7	2.8	6.8	13.8
Inferred	5.6	1.4	11.0	2.8	11.0	9.3
Indicated + Inferred	5.6	6.5	13.9	2.8	17.8	11.0

The resource estimate was prepared by Murray Brooker, an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled Tincalayu Historical Estimate Upgraded to JORC Compliant Resource, 18 November 2014 and is available to view on the Company website www.orocobre.com.

The Company is not aware of any information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement. A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resource at Tincalayu, which is the subject of re-estimation. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company's ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.

Historical Borax Argentina Resources

Mine/Project	Material	Historical Estimate	Tonnes	Grade% B2O3	Tonnes B2O3
Current Soft Rock mines					
Sijes - Hydroboracite	Hidroboracite	Measured	3,099,998	22.8	706,800
Sijes – Colemanite	Colemanite	Inferred	200,000	20.0	40,000
Total & average			3,299,998	22.6	746,800
Undeveloped Ulexite Deposits in Salt Lake Sediments					
Ratones	Ulexite	Indicated	364,663	18.0	65,639

The historical estimate at Diablillos is not being re-stated as the raised phreatic surface caused by 3rd party drilling may affect the ability to mine some of this mineralisation.

Footnotes: The historical estimates are in equivalent categories to those used by the JORC and CIM reporting codes. However, these estimates did not satisfy either current JORC or CIM/NI 43-101 requirements for the reporting of resources and were considered to be historical resources (see Orocobre ASX/TSX announcement August, 2012).

A qualified person did not do sufficient work to classify the historical estimates as current mineral resources or mineral reserves, and the Company did not treat the historical estimates as current mineral resources or mineral reserves. It is uncertain whether following evaluation and/or further exploration any of the historical estimates will ever be able to be reported as current estimates in accordance with the JORC code or NI 43-101.

There is no new information that impacts on these historical estimates. Note that material mined in 2012-2014 is not accounted for as depletion in the figures above, with approximately 35,000 tonnes at Sijes the estimated annual production of mineralised material at the time this information was originally released in 2012.

Relevant reports from which the above summary of historical estimates is drawn include the following:

Sijes:

- July 1998; Borax Argentina S.A.; Environmental and Operational Studies, Phase 1, Initial Geotechnical Appraisal; Knight Piesold Limited, England. Includes a Historical estimates Chapter;
- July 1998; Borax Argentina S.A.; Environmental and operational Studies, Phase 2; Geotechnical Appraisal; Knight Piesold Limited, England;
- May 1999; Borax Argentina S.A.; Hidroboracite Project, Raul Gutierrez Solis; August 1999, Borax Argentina S.A.; Sijes, Monte Amarillo 2 Mine. Historical Estimation, Mine Design & Planning Report. Knight Piesold Limited, England.

Ratones:

The project was acquired by Borax Argentina circa 1987. The previous owners had conducted an estimate of contained mineralised material. This has not been validated by Borax Argentina, who consider the status of this material to be of the indicated category.

Competent Person's and Qualified Person's Statement & Technical Information

The resource estimation of the Salar de Olaroz stated in this report was undertaken by John Houston an independent consultant employed by John Houston Consulting who is a Chartered Geologist and a Fellow of the Geological Society of London. John Houston has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101("NI 43-101").

The Feasibility Study on the Olaroz project was prepared by Mr. Houston (Consulting Processing Engineer) employed by John Houston Consulting and Peter Ehren (Consulting Processing Engineer) employed by Ehren-González Ltda Process and Environmental Consultancy, together with Sinclair Knight Merz and the Orocobre technical group. Mr. Houston and Mr. Gunn employed by Gunn Metals Pty Ltd prepared the technical report entitled "Technical Report – Salar de Olaroz Lithium-Potash Project, Argentina" dated May 30, 2011 (the "Olaroz Report") under NI 43-101 in respect of the Feasibility Study, and each of Messrs, Houston and Gunn was a Qualified Person under NI 43-101, and independent of the company, at the date such report was prepared. Mr Peter Ehren is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Chartered Professional and is a consulting mineral processing engineer with significant experience in lithium brine deposits. Mr Gunn is a Member of the Australian Insititute of Mining and Metallurgy and is consulting mineral processing engineer with approximately forty years experience.

The technical information relating to Salinas Grandes and Cauchari has been prepared by Murray Brooker in conjunction with Mr Peter Ehren regarding Salinas Grandes. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Murray has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2004 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. He is also a "Qualified Person" as defined in NI 43-101. Mr Peter Ehren is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Chartered Professional and is a consulting mineral processing engineer with significant experience in lithium brine deposits. He has acted as a consultant on the company's Olaroz and Cauchari lithium projects as well as consulting extensively for other clients. Mr Ehren is responsible for the mineral processing and metallurgical testing statements in section 15 of the Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project effective April 16th 2012. This report was reviewed and updated to include a statement of Peter Ehren's responsibilities on August 12th 2013 as a result of a review by the Ontario Securities Commission and refiled on www.sedar.com with an accompanying media release over the Canadian disclosure network on August 23rd 2013. Mr Ehren is also a "Qualified Person" as defined in NI43-101.

The information in this report that relates to mineralisation at Borax Argentina sites has been prepared by Mr Murray Brooker. Murray Brooker an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd. Murray Brooker is a geologist and hydrogeologist and is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. The other information in this report relating to the boric acid plant pre-feasibility study has been approved by Mr. Peter Ehren. Peter Ehren, was an independent consultant to Orocobre at the date of the announcement. Each of Mr. Brooker and Mr. Ehren has sufficient relevant experience to qualify as a competent person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves and as a "Qualified Person" as defined in NI 43-101. The information is extracted from the report entitled "Olaroz Project Large Exploration Target Defined", dated 23 October 2014.

The technical information relating to Salinas Grandes and Cauchari has been prepared by Murray Brooker, who was an independent consultant employed by Hydrominex Geoscience Pty Ltd, in conjunction with Mr Peter Ehren who was an independent consultant employed by Ehren-González Ltda Process and Environmental Consultancy. Mr Ehren is responsible for the mineral processing and metallurgical testing statements in section 15 of the Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project effective April 16th 2012. This report was reviewed and updated to include a statement of Peter Ehren's responsibilities on August 12th 2013 as a result of a review by the Ontario Securities Commission and refiled on www.sedar.com with an accompanying media release over the Canadian disclosure network on August 23rd 2013. Mr Ehren is also a "Qualified Person" as defined in NI43-101.

Competent Person's and Qualified Person's Statement & Technical Information

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the references above and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the resource estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company also confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified. The Company also confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified.

A previous announcement was made on the 21/08/12 regarding the superseded historical resources at Porvenir and Tincalayu. The company is not in possession of any new information or data relating to historical estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or the company's ability to verify the historical estimates as mineral resources, in accordance with the JORC Code. The supporting information provided in the initial market announcement of 21/08/12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.

Additional information relating to the Company's projects is available in the Olaroz Report; the "Technical Report – Salar de Cauchari Project, Argentina" dated April 30, 2010, which was prepared by John Houston, Consulting Hydrogeologist; and the "Technical Report on the Salinas Grandes Lithium Project" dated April 16, 2012, which was prepared by Mr. Brooker. These are available on SEDAR.com or the Company's website.

Additional information relating to the Company's projects is available on the Company's website: www.orocobre.com



Orocobre Limited

Investor Update
October 2015