

# SG Fleet Group

Integrated Mobility



## 1H21 Results

Investor Presentation

16 FEBRUARY 2021

# Important Notice and Disclaimer

## Important information

The information in this presentation is general in nature and does not purport to be complete. It has been prepared by SG Fleet Group Limited (the “Company”) with due care but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is provided in relation to the accuracy, reliability, fairness or completeness of the information, opinions or conclusions in this presentation. The Company has not verified any of the contents of this presentation. Statements in this presentation are made only as of the date of this presentation unless otherwise stated and the information in this presentation remains subject to change without notice. Neither the Company, nor any Limited Party (as defined below) is responsible for updating, nor undertakes to update, this presentation. Items depicted in photographs and diagrams are not assets of the Company, unless stated.

## Not financial product advice or offer

This presentation is for information purposes only and is not a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other offer document under Australian law or the law of any other jurisdiction. This presentation is not financial product or investment advice, a recommendation to acquire securities or accounting, legal or tax advice. It has been prepared without taking into account the objectives, financial or tax situation or needs of individuals. Readers should consider the appropriateness of the information having regard to their own objectives, financial and tax situation and needs and seek independent legal, taxation and other professional advice appropriate for their jurisdiction. This presentation is not and should not be considered as an offer or invitation of securities. In particular, this document does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities in the United States.

## Financial data

All dollar values are in Australian dollars (\$) or A\$) unless stated otherwise.

## Effect of rounding

A number of figures, amounts, percentages, estimates, calculations of value and fractions in this presentation are subject to the effect of rounding. Accordingly, the actual calculation of these figures may differ from the figures set out in this presentation.

## Past performance

Past performance and pro-forma financial information given in this presentation is given for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon as (and is not) an indication of the Company’s views on its future financial performance or condition. Past performance of the Company cannot be relied upon as an indicator of (and provides no guidance as to) future Company performance.

## Future performance

This presentation may contain certain ‘forward-looking statements’. Forward-looking statements include those containing words such as: ‘anticipate’, ‘believe’, ‘expect’, ‘project’, ‘forecast’, ‘estimate’, ‘likely’, ‘intend’, ‘should’, ‘could’, ‘may’, ‘target’, ‘plan’, ‘consider’, ‘foresee’, ‘aim’, ‘will’ and other similar expressions. Any forward-looking statements, opinions and estimates (including forecast financial information) provided in this presentation are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change without notice and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors which are beyond the control of the Company. This includes any statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward-looking statements may include indications, projections, forecasts and guidance on sales, earnings, dividends, distributions and other estimates.

Forward-looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as an indication or guarantee of future performance. Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements and any projections and assumptions on which those statements are based. These statements may assume the success of the Company’s business strategies.

The success of any of these strategies is subject to uncertainties and contingencies beyond the Company’s control, and no assurance can be given that any of the strategies will be effective or that the anticipated benefits from the strategies will be realised in the period for which the forward-looking statement may have been prepared or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and except as required by law or regulation, the Company assumes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements. To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Company and its related bodies corporate, officers, employees, agents and advisers (the “Limited Parties”):

- disclaim any obligations or undertakings to release any updates or revisions to the information to reflect any change in expectations or assumptions;
- do not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, reliability, fairness or completeness of such information, or likelihood of fulfilment of any forward-looking statement or any event or results expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement; and
- disclaim all responsibility and liability for these forward-looking statements (including, without limitation, liability for negligence).

# Overview

- NPAT \$25.4m
  - Exceeds previous \$22-\$24m guidance
  - Up 3.9% on pcg
- No JobKeeper payments received

- Recovery in orders in Novated business – continuing into 2H
- Lead numbers exceed pcg

- Strong performance from Corporate business in all geographies
- End-of-lease income significantly higher

- Fleet growth despite supply disruptions and early terminations in affected sectors
- Business growth benefits to be spread out over future periods

- Interim dividend 7.192cps
- Reinstatement of 65% payout ratio



# Operational Review - Australia



## Corporate

- Strong performance overall throughout period with COVID-19 impact varying by segment
  - Parcel delivery space particularly buoyant
- Exceptionally strong second-hand car values
- Challenges to order fulfilment
  - Taking full advantage of excellent dealer relationships
- Large sale & leaseback deals
- *Bookingintelligence* roll-outs continue
- Opportunities pipeline growing further

Delivery challenges to spread out positive impact of healthy business growth



## Novated

- Lower demand in Q1 – recovery in Q2 as orders returning to pre-COVID levels
- Total 1H deliveries lower than pcp – strong recovery in Q2 in context of supply constraints
- Leads currently exceeding pcp
- Material number of early terminations in airline and educational sectors
- TradeAdvantage service benefits from better penetration across businesses
- Digitalised marketing - focused on educational content
- NPS improves throughout COVID-19 period



**Steady improvement in business flows, helped by increasingly positive service ratings**

# Operational Review – United Kingdom



## Environment

- Multiple lockdowns impact economic activity
- Industry impact varies
- Mood improves as Brexit uncertainty dissipates
- Substantial stimulus program supports economic growth rebound
- Increased activity in multiple sectors in anticipation of return-to-normal



## Business Activity

- Strong performance vs. pcp – supported by exceptional RV environment
- Focus on business continuity - vehicle deliveries continue despite some supply challenges
- Demand from logistics providers
- Customer cash flow management drives sale & leaseback interest
- Product penetration strong with new and existing customers
- Novalease scheme wins add 40K+ eligible pool

**Business and market position growth in challenging environment**

# Operational Review – New Zealand



## Environment

- Economy resilient and recovering well from previous restrictions
- National vehicle registrations down 23% on 2019
- Stock constraints for higher volume models
- Government and corporate tender activity strong

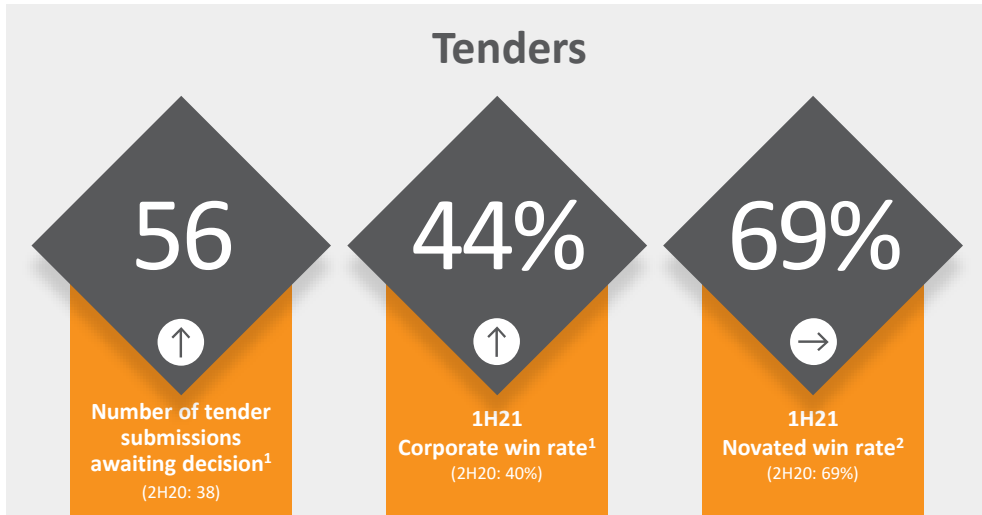


## Business Activity

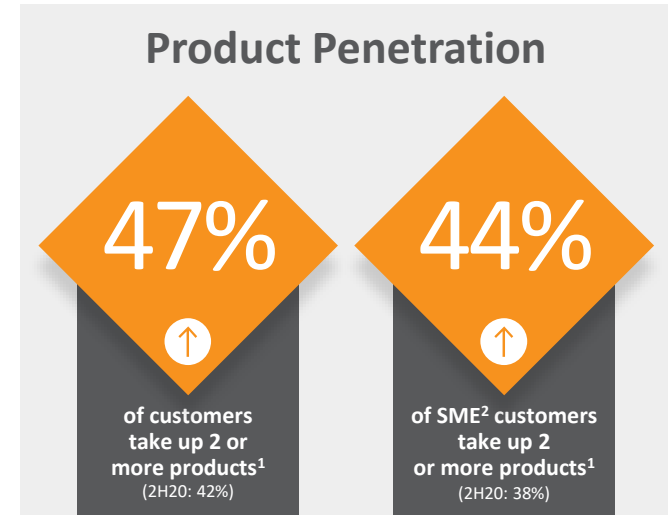
- Operating largely on BAU basis
- Cash flow imperatives drive customer behaviour:
  - Continued conversions of existing fleet managed customers to funded
  - Strong interest in sale & leasebacks
- Retention of marquee customer in highly contested RFP on longer-term contract

Limited COVID-19 impact on business

# Tenders and Products Penetration – Update



1. AU/NZ / 2: AU



1. Legal entity basis – Corporate business / 2: <500 units

- Tender pipeline increases further on 2H20
- Corporate win rate trend continues
- High Novated win rate maintained
- Win rates well in excess of current market share
- Significant number of contract renewals

- Product penetration up across customer book
- Smaller customers now following large account penetration trends



# Financial Results

---



# Financial Summary



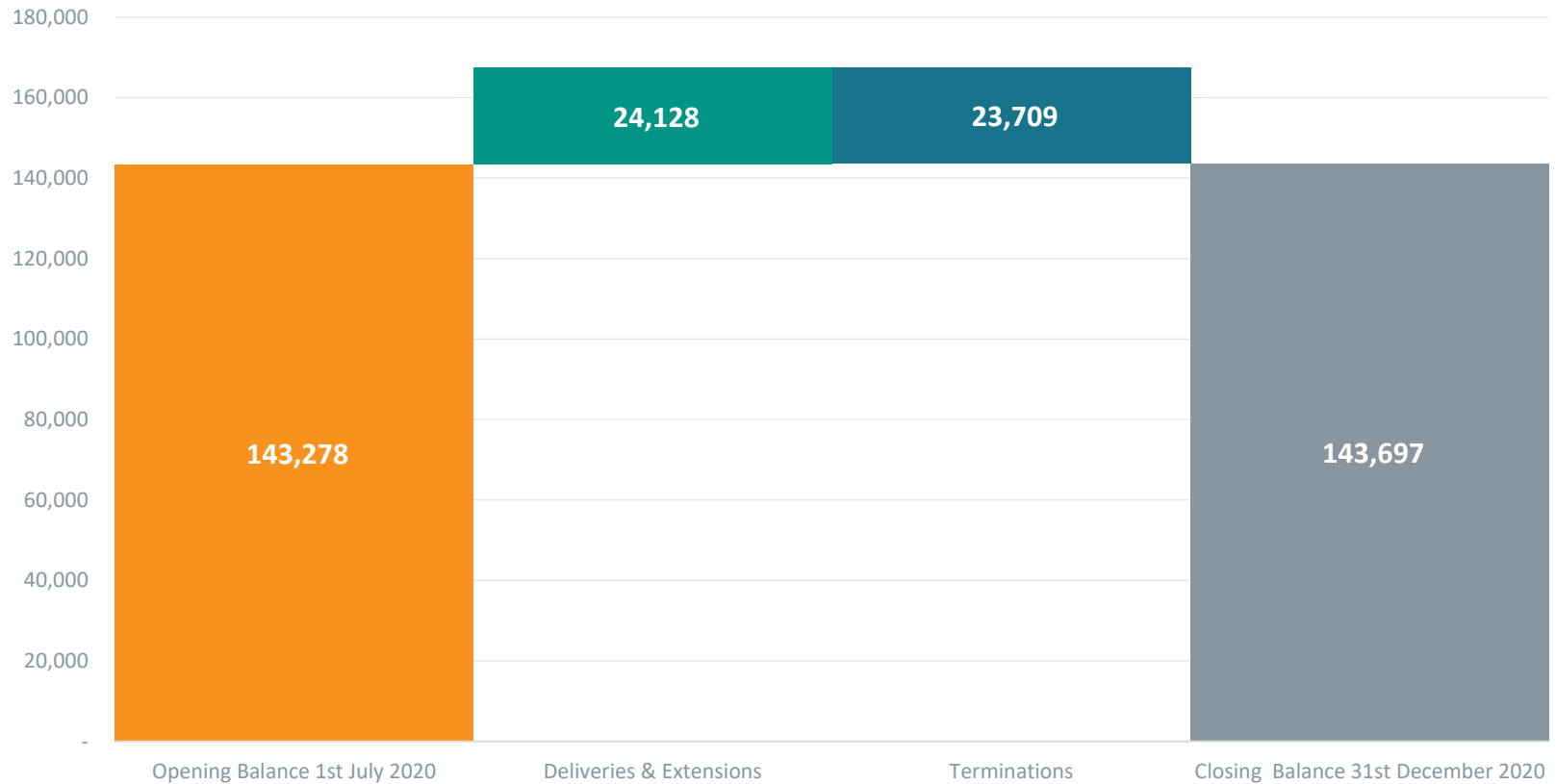
A\$m	1H2021	1H2020	Variance
Revenue	241.0	250.2	(3.7%)
Cost of Revenue	(142.8)	(153.3)	6.9%
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>98.2</b>	<b>96.9</b>	<b>1.3%</b>
Operating Expenses	(50.8)	(50.6)	(0.4%)
<b>Operating EBITDA</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(8.6)	(8.2)	(4.9%)
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>1.8%</b>
Interest on Corporate Debt	(2.8)	(2.8)	-
<b>Underlying Net Profit Before Income Tax</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
Tax	(10.6)	(10.8)	1.9%
<b>Underlying Net Profit After Tax<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
<b>Reported Net Profit After Tax</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
<b>Underlying Net Profit After Tax<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
Amortisation of Intangibles	3.6	3.5	2.9%
<b>Underlying NPATA<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>3.6%</b>
<b>Underlying EPS (cents)</b>	<b>9.71</b>	<b>9.35</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
<b>Reported EPS (cents)</b>	<b>9.71</b>	<b>9.35</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
<b>Underlying Cash EPS (cents)</b>	<b>11.06</b>	<b>10.68</b>	<b>3.6%</b>

- Strong performance in Corporate – parcel delivery space and large sale & leaseback
- New Novated deliveries down 17.1% vs. pcip:
  - Q1 – Orders begin to normalise
  - Q2 – Orders at pre-COVID levels but pipeline is materially higher due to supply constraints
- Significant early-terminations in Novated – airline and university sectors
- Exceptionally strong End-of-Lease income has offset softer Novated performance
- Underlying NPAT \$25.4m vs. guidance of \$22m to \$24m - November & December End-of-Lease income outperformed forecast

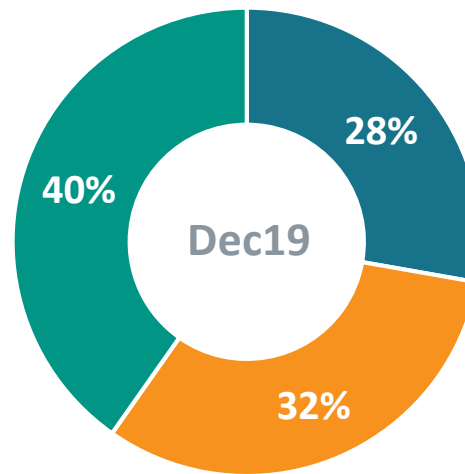
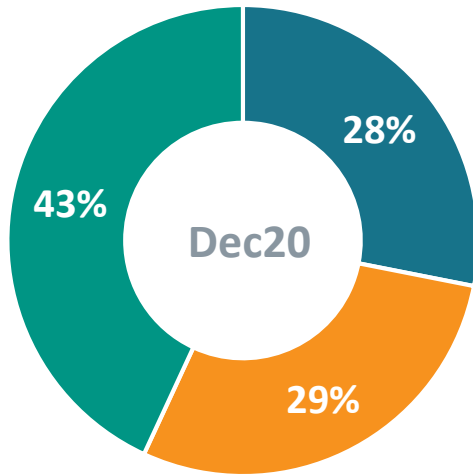
1: Underlying Net Profit After Tax = Net Profit After Tax before significant non-recurring items.

2: Underlying NPATA = Net Profit After Tax before acquisition-related expenses incurred during the reported period and excluding amortisation and impairment of intangible assets on an after tax basis.

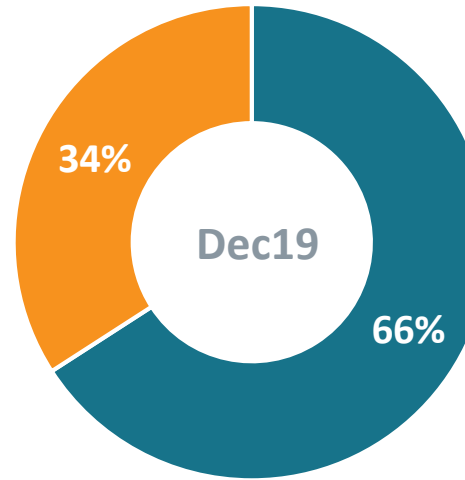
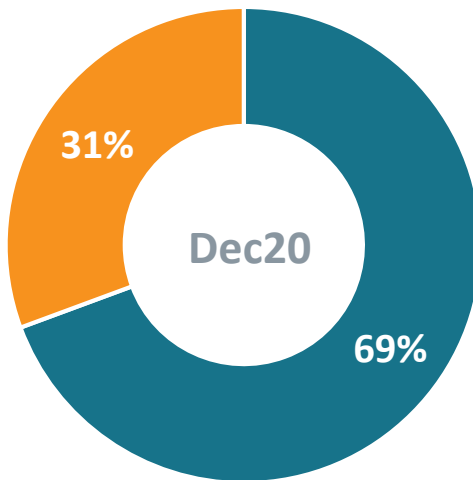
# Fleet Movement



# Fleet Movement



- Operating
- Finance
- Fleet Managed



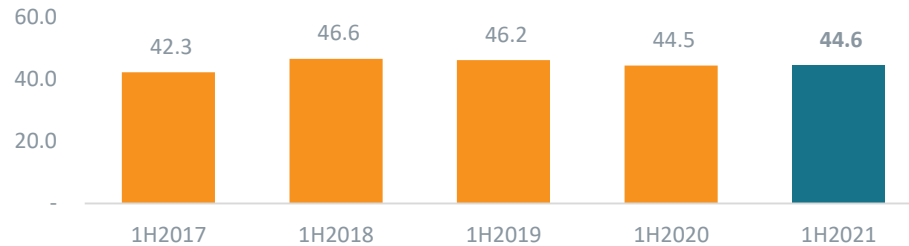
- Salary Packaging
- Corporate

Continuation of shift in product mix in favour of Corporate Leasing

# Revenue Analysis



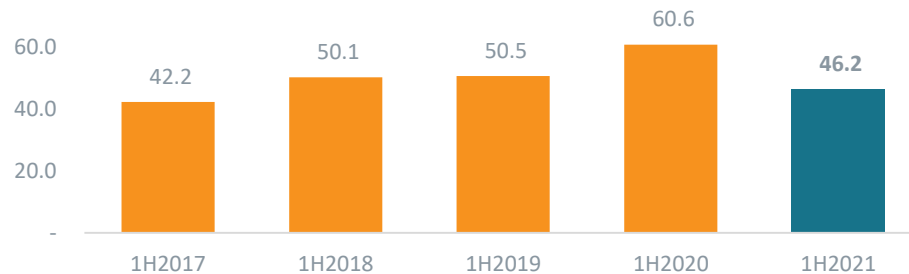
## Management & Maintenance Income



↑ 0.1%

- Management Fees increased due to 2.0% growth in average fleet under management vs. pcp
- Lower vehicle utilisation results in lower maintenance spend and consequently lower maintenance revenue recognised

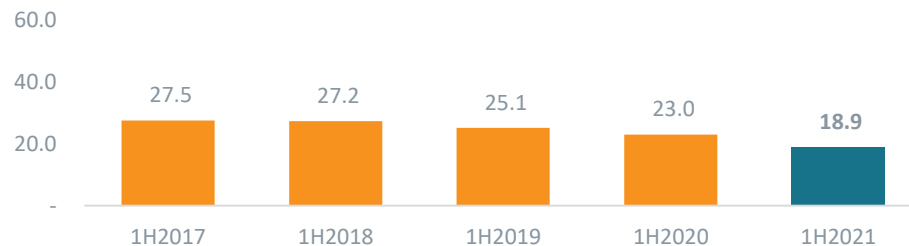
## Additional Products and Services



↓ 23.7%

- New Novated deliveries decreased 17.1% vs. pcp - impacting accessories, insurance, procurement rebates and TradeAdvantage volumes
- Q1 of pcp benefited from tail impact of insurance products exited

## Finance Commission



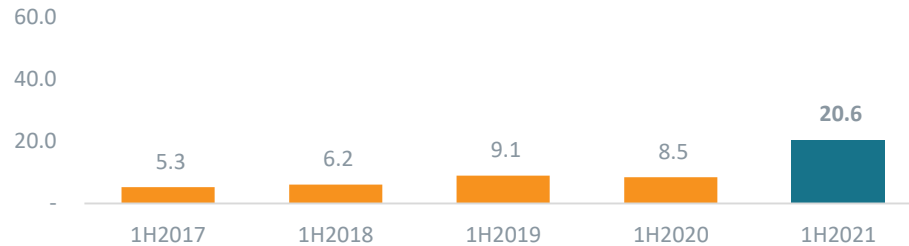
↓ 17.9%

- Impact of decrease in Novated deliveries
- Partially offset by strong growth in Corporate deliveries

# Revenue & Direct Costs Analysis



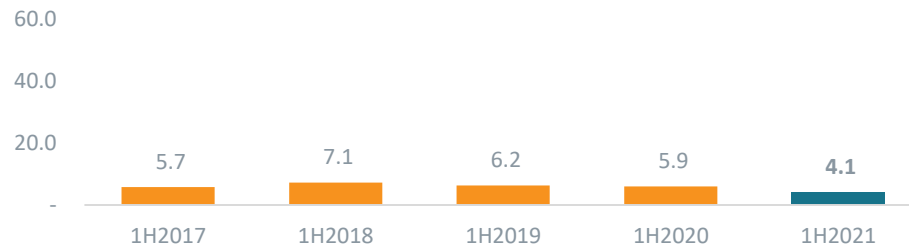
## Net End of Lease Income



↑ **143.3%**

- Exceptionally strong second-hand market due to strong demand and limited supply of second-hand vehicles
- Disposal volumes marginally below pcg
- TradeAdvantage reclassified to Additional Products and Services

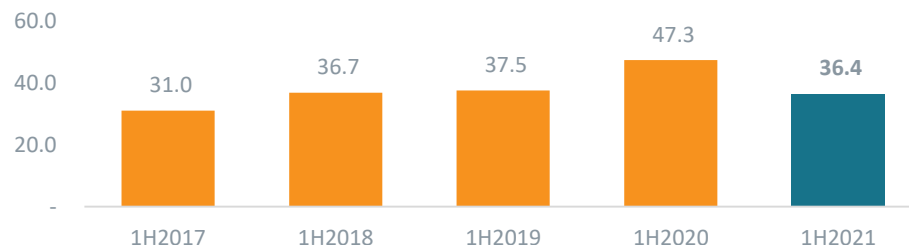
## Net Rental Income



↓ **31.6%**

- Lower short-term rental volumes due to COVID-19 and tighter margins
- Impacted by fewer vehicles in inertia

## Fleet Management Costs



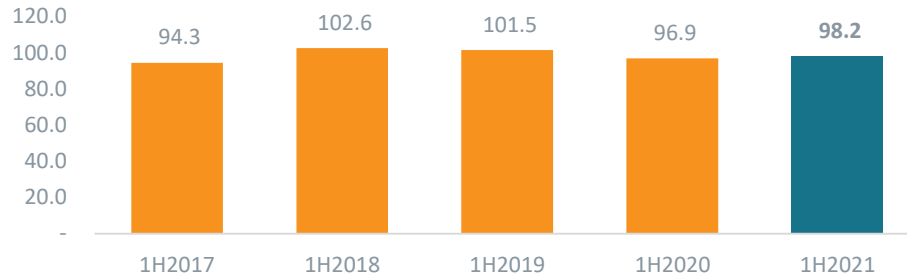
↓ **22.9%**

- Reduced vehicle utilisation due to COVID-19 resulted in lower maintenance expense
- Accessory cost of sale reduced in line with lower accessory sales due to lower novated volumes

# Net Revenue Analysis

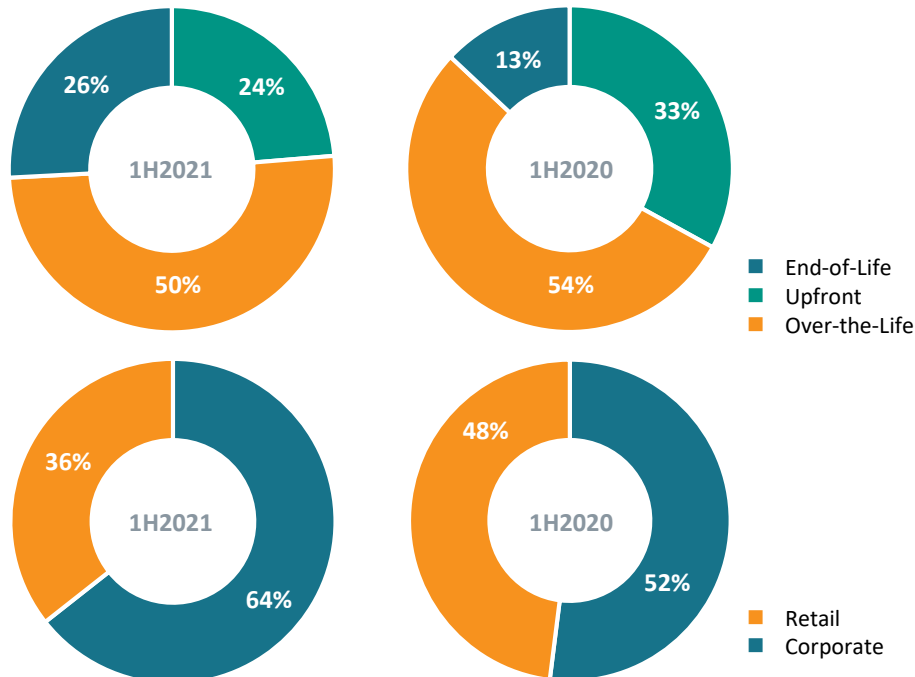


## Net Revenue



↑ 1.3%

- Net Revenue = Gross Revenue less direct costs (fleet management costs, vehicle cost of sales, short-term rental cost of sale and depreciation and interest on the lease portfolio)

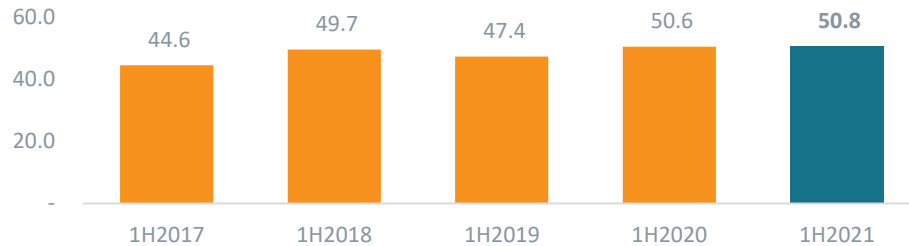


- Strong used market has increased the End-of-Life proportion of Net Revenue and materially shifted the proportion of Net Revenue earned from the Corporate sector

# Expense Analysis



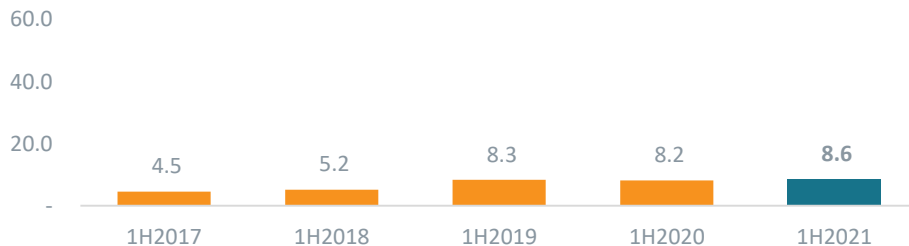
## Operating Expenses



↑ 0.4%

- Lower technology costs
- Reduced Travel & Entertainment
- Offset by higher legal costs (securitisation), corporate insurance

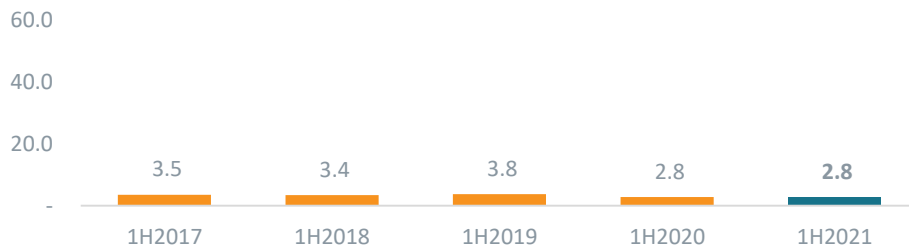
## Depreciation and Amortisation



↑ 4.9%

- Impact of growth in capex

## Corporate Interest Cost



↔ 0.0%

- Consistent with pcp



# Balance Sheet, Cashflow and Dividend



- Net corporate debt<sup>1</sup> – \$1.1m (\$43.2m pcp)
- Pro forma net leverage ratio<sup>2</sup>
  - Total leverage – 0.6x Statutory EBITDA (0.7x pcp)
  - Corporate leverage – 0.0x Statutory EBITDA (0.4x pcp)
- Cash conversion – 137% of Statutory EBITDA
- Securitisation live
- Interim dividend of 7.192 cents per share fully franked
- Pay-out ratio of 65% of Reported NPATA (51% 2H20)

1: Net corporate debt excludes lease portfolio borrowings

2: Leverage ratio calculated on Pro forma EBITDA excluding significant non-recurring transactions



# Operational Update & Outlook

---



# COVID-19-related Trends – Demand Impact

<p>Fear of infection and shift away from public or shared transport towards single-occupancy transport modes that support social distancing</p>	<p><b>Fleet management services – General:</b> use of closed pool of vehicles and personal vehicles (“grey fleet”) for tool-of-trade movements over reliance on public/shared transport</p> <p><b>Leasing – Novated:</b> renewed preference for owned/leased vehicles over public/shared</p> <p><b>Leasing – Mini-lease / Carly / Short-term hire (UK):</b> demand for short-term single vehicle or single occupancy vehicle arrangements to replace reliance on public transport, ride share, or multiple passengers</p>	<p>★★</p> <p>★★</p> <p>★★</p>
<p>Greater focus on vehicle and trip safety, including hygiene</p>	<p><b>fleetintelligence / bookingintelligence:</b> introduction of sanitisation datapoint</p> <p><b>Inspect365:</b> WH&amp;S focus on sanitisation and introduction of sanitisation checkpoint</p> <p><b>Fleet management services – Aftermarket:</b> demand for vehicle sanitisation kits</p> <p><b>DingGo:</b> contactless repair process and vehicle sanitisation</p>	<p>★</p> <p>★</p> <p>★</p> <p>★★</p>
<p>Expansion of eCommerce and last mile delivery implications</p>	<p><b>Fleet management / Corporate Leasing – General:</b> demand as consequence of expansion of delivery fleets</p> <p><b>Leasing – Mini-lease / Carly / Short-term hire (UK):</b> short-term fleet expansions to cover seasonal peak periods</p>	<p>★★★</p> <p>★★</p>
<p>Shift towards greater acceptability of people and vehicle movement tracking to manage emergencies</p>	<p><b>IVAM / telematics:</b> greater requirement for vehicle tracking</p> <p><b>bookingintelligence:</b> greater ability to identify asset user / driver in case of infection</p>	<p>★</p> <p>★</p>
<p>Economic impact on business activity levels and uncertain business outlook</p>	<p><b>Leasing – Mini-lease / Carly:</b> interest in short-term solutions complementary to existing product range</p>	<p>★★</p>
<p>Economic impact on corporate finances and resulting management of balance sheet, cashflow and costs</p>	<p><b>Leasing – General:</b> increased appeal of outsourcing, demand for sale and leaseback arrangements</p> <p><b>Fleet management services / Leasing – General:</b> greater cost focus and receptiveness to fleet efficiency advice and solutions</p>	<p>★★★</p> <p>★★★</p>

# Investments



- Consumer focus firmly on value and flexibility:
  - Cost-effectiveness
  - Ability to switch between vehicle brands and types
  - Ability to adjust to changing transport needs
- Firmly established as key player in new mobility environment
- Growth in demand - hampered by vehicle supply constraints

★ Corporate vehicle utilisation days up from 64% to 82%<sup>1</sup>

★ Subscription transaction value up 137%<sup>2</sup>

★ Total gross revenue growth 15%<sup>1</sup>

1: Q4 CY20 vs. Q3 CY20 / 2: Q4 CY20 vs. Q4 CY19



- First digital contactless repair solution in market
  - 61% uptake for fleet repairs
- National network expansion completed: over 400 repairers
- Technical integration with SG Fleet – instant access to DingGo for all corporate customers
- Reduced customer repair costs and higher driver satisfaction

★ Revenue growth 98%<sup>3</sup>

★ User growth 115% to 11,000+<sup>3</sup>

★ Fleet repairs growth 42% MoM<sup>3</sup>

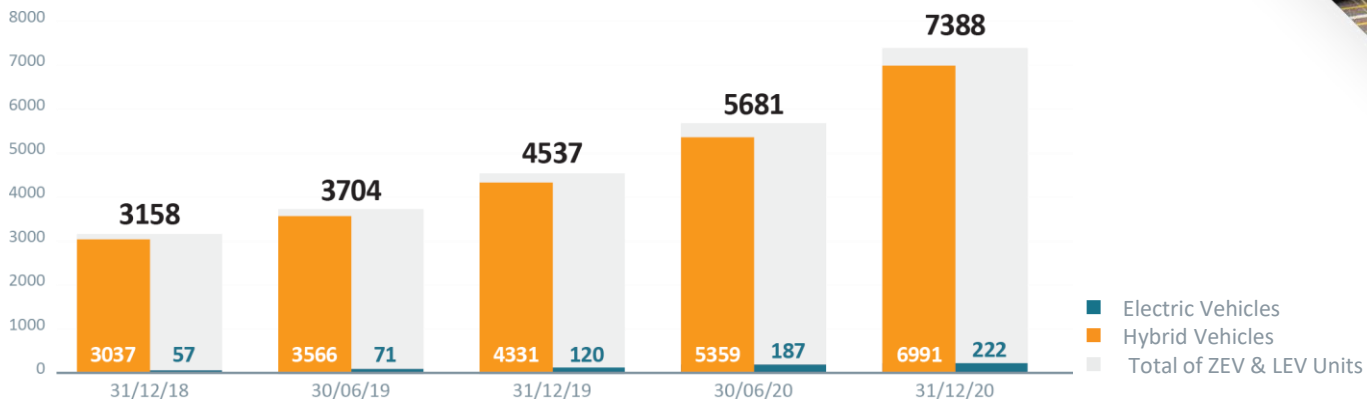
★ Customer rating 4.84/5.00

3: July-December 2020

# Low- and Zero-Emission Vehicles

- Government support gathers momentum internationally
  - Australian Government announces objective to drive uptake through fleet-focused strategy
- Growing range of solutions supporting introduction of low- and zero-emission vehicles
  - Hybrid and EV uptake growing within total fleet
- Exploring hydrogen options in cooperation with partners and government – first to register 20 Hyundai Nexo in Australia

Hybrid and EV uptake



# Summary

## Australia – Corporate



- Ongoing strong performance
- Exceptional residual value environment
- Delivery challenges to spread out positive impact of healthy business growth

## Australia – Novated



- Lower Q1 demand followed by strong Q2 recovery towards pre-COVID levels in context of supply constraints
- Leads exceeding pcg
- Improvement in service ratings

## Outlook



- Current RV environment likely to continue through Q3 and Q4
- Supply disruptions to have impact for some time
- Strong pipeline in Corporate and Novated
- Continued improvement in UK and NZ
- Operational process improvements to yield cost benefits in future periods
- Anticipate strong 2H subject to current trends continuing
- Typical 1H/2H split unlikely given strong 1H performance

## UK



- Business and market position growth despite challenging environment

## New Zealand



- Limited COVID-19 impact on business

## Customers



- Tender win rates and product penetration levels improve further
- Trends initiated by COVID-19 support product and services take-up

## Innovation



- Carly and DingGo investments performing well
- Product innovation drive unaffected by COVID-19
- LEV/ZEV interest accelerating

# Questions

---



# Annexure

---





# Annexure



A\$m	1H2021	1H2020	Variance
Management and Maintenance Income	44.6	44.5	0.1%
Additional Products and Services	46.2	60.6	(23.7%)
Finance Commission	18.9	23.0	(17.9%)
End Of Lease Income	112.2	100.6	11.6%
Rental Income	18.7	19.9	(5.7%)
Other Income	0.3	1.6	(81.4%)
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>241.0</b>	<b>250.2</b>	<b>(3.7%)</b>
Fleet Management Costs	(36.4)	(47.3)	22.9%
Short Term Hire Costs	(5.5)	(5.8)	6.9%
Cost of End of Lease Income	(91.7)	(92.2)	0.5%
Operating Lease Depreciation	(7.9)	(7.0)	(13.0%)
Direct Interest	(1.3)	(1.0)	(23.6%)
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>(142.8)</b>	<b>(153.3)</b>	<b>6.9%</b>
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>98.2</b>	<b>96.9</b>	<b>1.3%</b>
Net Revenue excluding End of Lease Income	77.6	88.4	(12.2%)
Net End of Lease Income	20.6	8.5	143.3%
Employee Benefits Expense	(39.9)	(39.8)	(0.0%)
Occupancy Costs	(1.2)	(1.1)	(8.3%)
IT and Communication Costs	(4.6)	(5.0)	7.6%
Other Expenses	(5.1)	(4.6)	(9.7%)
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>(50.8)</b>	<b>(50.6)</b>	<b>(0.4%)</b>
<b>Operating EBITDA</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(8.6)	(8.2)	(4.9%)
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>1.8%</b>
Interest on Corporate Debt	(2.8)	(2.8)	(0.0%)
<b>Underlying Net Profit Before Income Tax</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
Tax	(10.6)	(10.8)	1.9%
<b>Underlying Net Profit After Tax<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
<b>Reported Net Profit After Tax</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
Amortisation of Intangibles	3.6	3.5	2.9%
<b>Underlying NPATA<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>3.6%</b>

1: Underlying Net Profit After Tax = Net Profit After Tax before significant non-recurring items.

2: Underlying NPATA = Net Profit After Tax before acquisition-related expenses incurred during the reported period and excluding amortisation and impairment of intangible assets on an after tax basis.