

## 1. Company details

Name of entity: Virtus Health Limited ABN: 80 129 643 492

Reporting period: For the half-year ended 31 December 2021 Previous period: For the half-year ended 31 December 2020

#### 2. Results for announcement to the market

The Directors of Virtus Health Limited ('Virtus') announce the results for the half-year ended 31 December 2021 ('H1 FY2022'). Key highlights from the results are:

			\$'000
Revenues from ordinary activities	up	1.0% to	171,298
Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA)	down	35.7% to	37,933
Earnings Before Interest and Tax (EBIT)	down	45.0% to	25,849
Profit from ordinary activities after tax	down	49.6% to	15,260
Profit for the half-year attributable to the owners of Virtus Health Limited	down	49.5% to	15,126
Dividends			
		Amount per security Cents	Franked amount per security Cents
Final ordinary dividend paid for the year ended 30 June 2021 paid in Octo	ober 2021	12.00	12.00

An interim dividend of 12.00 cents per share fully franked will be paid on 14 April 2022 for shareholders on the register at 24 March 2022.

#### Comments

The profit for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax and non-controlling interest amounted to \$15,126,000 (31 December 2020: \$29,929,000).

A reconciliation of Segment EBITDA to statutory profit before tax for the financial half-year is as follows:



	Consolidated		
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000	
Segment EBITDA	53,178	67,227	
Share-based payment expense	(1,764)	(1,037)	
Information technology costs	(5,280)	(4,463)	
Other non-trading expenses	(5,550)	(4,360)	
Transaction costs	(2,651)	-	
Fair value adjustment to contingent consideration		1,599	
EBITDA (reported)	37,933	58,966	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	(12,084)	(11,953)	
EBIT	25,849	47,013	
Net finance costs	(4,344)	(4,620)	
Profit before income tax from continuing activities	21,505	42,393	

Key financial features of the results are:

- Revenue increased 1.0% to \$171.3m:
- EBITDA decreased 35.7% to \$37.9m; and
- Profit before income tax expense decreased 49.3% to \$21.5m

The significant decrease in EBITDA and profit before income tax expense as compared to the prior half year is primarily as a result of two major factors:

- There are a number of significant items that have impacted both the current half year and the prior half year results as detailed below
- If transaction costs in relation to the proposed Adora transaction (refer below for details) of \$2.5m are excluded, current half year operating expenses were approximately \$7.5m higher than in the prior half year. This increase in expenditure represents strategic investments in human capital and Infrastructure (including IT) that are being made for both the ability to sustainably serve current patient volumes as well as provide for the future growth of the business (explained in detail in the Operating and Financial Review below). The increased operating expenses also included increased costs associated with COVID-19 safety related precautions.

## Significant Items

A summary of significant income and expenditure items impacting reported EBITDA were as follows:

\$Millions	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
Fair Value adjustment to contingent consideration and put liabilities	-	1.6
Government assistance (COVID-19 related) Transaction costs	(2.6)	
Total	(2.6)	9.3

In the current period, significant items included in EBITDA and Profit before income tax related to transaction costs mostly in relation to the Adora transaction that did not proceed (see below for further details).

Prior period EBITDA and Profit before income tax included \$7.7m of COVID-19 related Government assistance that assisted the consolidated entity to navigate through the early part of the pandemic by minimising employee stand downs and permanent job losses. This also provided a stable platform to allow the group to meet the deferred pent up patient demand that had built up in the course of H1 FY2021. The other significant item reflected in profit before income tax in the prior year was a fair value gain of \$1.6m on the contingent consideration relating to the acquisition of Fertilitesklinikken Trianglen Aps.



#### Operating and Financial Review (OFR)

#### Australia

Virtus fresh cycle activity in Australia increased by 1.3% over pcp which was a high comparable period (having grown 18% over the pcp). This growth compares to an increase in Virtus' available Australian market (States in which Virtus provides services) growth of 3.4%. Key aspects of the volume movements compared to pcp were as follows:

- •Premium service volumes (approximately 80-85% of Virtus Australia) increased by 1.2% with growth in all regions, building on 28.4% growth in the pcp. New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania premium volumes exceeded market growth. Victoria recorded growth in premium cycles but was below market growth, impacted most by cancellations and deferrals in Q2; and
- •Increase in The Fertility Centre (TFC) volumes (approximately 15-20% of Virtus Australia) across all States was limited to an increase of 1.7% as they were severely disrupted by the prolonged lockdowns in New South Wales in Q1 FY2022 which impacted our patients in Southwestern Sydney (epicentre of the Delta outbreak). Victoria's TFC operations were also impacted by COVID-19 related capacity restrictions at The Women's Hospital in Q2 FY2022. Whilst TFC has been impacted to a greater extent than Premium services during the pandemic Virtus remains optimistic in the greater potential for post pandemic growth in this service given the expected accumulation of deferred demand.

Overall, EBITDA in the Australian segment decreased by \$12.5m compared to pcp. There were three main factors contributing to this decrease:

- •Australian Segment EBITDA in the pcp included \$7.7m of COVID-19 related Government assistance (JobKeeper Scheme).
- •Employee costs increased by \$2.8m in this period reflecting expansion of the workforce to sustain continued volume growth, as well, as investments in clinical and donor resources, business development and genetic clinicians to support future growth. The increase also included annual CPI and increases in enterprise agreement related salaried staff
- •Balance of \$2.0m is partially attributed to gross margin erosion resulting from higher number of COVID-19 related cancelled/deferred cycles and higher PPE for staff and patients to maintain robust COVID-19 response and safety plans. Remaining increase is attributed to increase in outgoings arising from additional cleaning costs in clinics and hospitals from increased throughput and COVID-19 safety related precautions.

#### International

Overall, EBITDA in the international segment decreased by approximately \$1.5m compared to pcp.

- •Ireland experienced a weaker EBITDA in the first half despite a slight cycle volume increase of 0.8%. EBITDA in local currency decreased by €0.2m primarily related to pre-conception genetic screening (PGS) roll out delays impacting revenue per cycle. Volume growth was restricted by the constraints on the Ireland egg donation program and this also impacted EBITDA. PGS rollout is expected to be completed in H2 FY2022 and it is expected that the Egg Donation programme will also recommence in H2 FY2022.
- •Virtus Danish clinics reported a combined decline in cycle volume of 8.4% which contributed to EBITDA in local currency decreasing by DKK2.7m compared to pcp. Return of COVID-related travel restrictions/reluctance impacted volumes. Management focus on Donor and pre-implementation genetic diagnostics (PGD) cycles has part-mitigated volume shortfall. A new, larger and more modern facility in Copenhagen is being built for opening in FY2023 as Denmark remains an important hub for international patients who are expected to return as confidence in travel picks up with higher vaccination rates and easing of restrictions.
- •In the UK, Complete Fertility cycles were up 6.8% on pcp however EBITDA in local currency was down by £0.1m. This was due to investments made in the senior management team as part of a strategic review to improve efficiency and clinical success rates.
- •Fresh cycle volumes in Singapore decreased by 16.3% which resulted in EBITDA in local currency decreasing by \$0.3m compared to pcp. The decline in volumes resulted from the early retirement of an experienced doctor for health reasons. Two additional doctors have been recruited and are expected to regain lost volumes going forward.



Operating expenses movement analysis (OPEX)

\$'Millions	H1FY22	H2FY21
Employee benefits expense	61.8	57.7
Occupancy expense	3.8	3.2
Advertising and marketing	2.2	1.9
Practice equipment expenses	1.6	1.5
Professional and consulting fees	2.4	1.8
Other expenses	13.4	9.1
Total OPEX	85.2	75.2



#### Operating expenses

Group OPEX was approximately \$10m higher than pcp and this comprised the following major movements;

- •Employment costs increased by \$4.1m (7.1%) to \$61.8m, driven primarily by investments within the Australian Segment \$2.9m (noted above); \$0.6m in additional investments in the International segments mostly relating to doctor retention and recruitment activities; \$0.6m reflecting full costs of investments made during H1 of FY21 in group functions including Digital Health, People and Culture and Legal teams.
- •Occupancy costs increased by \$0.6m (18.8%) to \$3.8m as noted above, increase is in relation to outgoings and additional cleaning costs in clinics and hospitals from increased throughput and COVID-19 safety related precautions.
- •Other expenses increased by \$4.3m (47.9%) to \$13.4m. Key contributors for this was an increase of \$1.1m in IT and Infrastructure expenses. This includes \$0.6m of operating expenditure in respect of the Precision Fertility Platform which is the key enabler for the group's digital health strategy and \$0.5m spread across other transformative investments that includes a new workforce management system and operational KPI dashboard. Insurance costs increased by \$0.5m and \$2.6m related to transaction costs (see details below).

#### Transaction Costs

On 23 August 2021, Virtus entered into a share sale agreement to acquire Adora Fertility and three day hospitals ("Adora Services") from Healius Limited for \$45.0 million. The acquisition was to be funded through a combination of existing cash reserves and an underwritten \$35 million institutional placement which was completed on 24 August 2021. The fully underwritten Institutional placement comprised the issue of 5,147,059 new fully paid Virtus Health Limited ordinary shares to certain eligible institutional investors that raised \$34.3 million net of transaction costs and tax (Gross \$35 million) at a fixed price of \$6.80 per share.

The proposed acquisition was not subject to regulatory approvals however as a courtesy, Virtus notified the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) of the acquisition upon announcing the proposed transaction. The ACCC subsequently commenced a public review followed by the commencement of proceedings alleging that the acquisition of the Adora clinics in Brisbane and Melbourne would result in a substantial lessening of competition in breach of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010. The ACCC restrained the parties from completing the acquisition and the matter was fixed for a two-week hearing in March 2022 before the Federal Court of Australia.

Virtus worked continuously, co-operatively and extensively to address the ACCC's prima facie concerns regarding the ownership of the 2 Adora clinics of concern. However, the ACCC did not reach a decision to provide clearance for the acquisition despite the submission of extensive materials to support the rationale for Virtus' view that the 2 clinics, supporting the practices of 4 fertility specialists, would not result in a substantial lessening of competition. With the continued uncertainty of the outcome of the hearing for shareholders, including the opportunity cost of the management team being distracted from other value creating opportunities, as well as the necessity to incur substantial legal costs if the matter proceeded to hearing, Virtus decided not to proceed with the acquisition and accordingly issued a notice of termination under the Share Sale Agreement with Healius.

Transaction costs, including accounting, legal and tax during the due diligence phase and subsequent legal costs in relation to this transaction totalled \$2.5m.

## Operating cash flow

Net cash from operating activities decreased by \$11.4m to \$20.7m driven mostly by the EBITDA decrease offset partially by lower tax payments. H1FY2021 included a \$9m payment of tax balances in respect of the year to June 2020 that were deferred during the first wave of the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Capital Expenditure

Total expenditure on tangible and intangible assets was \$6.4m in H1 FY2022 (H1 FY2021; \$7.2m). Key items included \$1.2m for the development of the Precision Fertility Platform, \$0.5m for an additional lab in Singapore to expand capacity and \$1.2m in new state of the art medical equipment for Day Hospitals to expand non IVF procedures. The balance is comprised of maintenance capex across the IVF network.



#### Debt and interest expense

The consolidated entity has total commitments of \$262m through its syndicated debt facilities.

As the proposed Adora acquisition did not proceed, net placement proceeds of \$34m and excess cash of \$16m generated from strong operating cashflows were used to reduce debt by \$50m during H1 FY2022.

At 31 December 2021, total facilities drawn were \$95m in borrowings and \$7.8m in guarantees. Unused and available facilities amounted to \$159m. The consolidated entity complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing liabilities during the financial half-year ended 31 December 2021. Subject to the continued compliance with debt covenants, the undrawn bank facilities may be drawn at any time and the total facility of \$262m expires in October 2023. The reduction in the cash interest expense of \$0.3m compared to pcp reflects reduced debt levels.

#### Other investments \$1.8m (H1 FY2021: \$1.5m)

During the year Virtus acquired 14,197 shares in 23Strands Pty Ltd (23Strands) for \$0.3m. 23Strands is a wholly Australian owned start-up focused on delivering personalised healthcare utilising whole genome sequencing and Artificial Intelligence. Virtus has entered into a research collaboration with 23Strands that will include a study to determine whether whole genome sequencing coupled with big data linkage can inform clinical decisions and enhance ARS outcomes.

#### Taxation

The effective tax rate on operating earnings for H1 FY2022 was 29.0% (H1 FY2021: 28.6%).

## Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share decreased to 18.06 cents per share (H1 FY2021: 37.42 cents per share). Diluted earnings per share decreased to 17.91 cents per share (H1 FY2021: 36.98 cents per share).

#### Dividend

An interim dividend of 12.00 cents per share fully franked (April 2021: 12.00 cents per share) will be paid on 14 April 2022 to shareholders on the register at 24 March 2022.

#### Outlook

The Australian ARS market has continued to be resilient throughout FY2021 and H1 FY2022 despite the varying outbreaks of the different COVID-19 variants, and accompanying Government responses during H1 FY2022.

The most recent outbreak of the COVID-19 Omicron variant has resulted in a much larger number of people being infected across most Australian states. While access to ARS treatment and elective surgeries has continued in all states; heightened infection control and safety protocols, including a strict requirement for our doctors and staff to self-isolate when displaying symptoms or being identified as a casual or close contact; is contributing to some deferral of certain treatments. There were some restrictions imposed in Victoria subsequent to 31 December 2021 but they were lifted after a two week period. This further highlighted the importance of providing continuous access to fertility services.

International ARS markets also continued to operate in the context of high numbers of COVID-19 cases and border closures. These conditions delayed the recommencement of our egg donation program in Ireland and our ARS "hub" strategy in Denmark.

We remain confident that with Virtus's unique multiple market portfolio any of the potential near term impacts of COVID-19 on demand will likely be reflected as deferred, but not lost demand for ARS services.

Virtus has continued to invest in state-of-the- art clinics and labs with new clinics under development in FY2022 to support growth in Sydney (Nepean), Brisbane and Copenhagen. Our *One Lab* strategy also continues to be deployed to further improve IVF success rates. In FY2021 the Board approved the business case for the deployment of the *Precision Fertility™* Digital Platform which will be a key investment in FY2022/23 and thereafter will support growth and drive efficiencies.

The demand for ARS in H2 FY2022 and beyond will be influenced by a number of factors including, in the near term, consumer sentiment being focused on home and family, global vaccination rollout effectiveness and consumer confidence during the high number of COVID-19 cases. The disruption in December 21 and January 22 is likely to have a negative impact on H2 FY2022 from deferrals and cancellations that may not all be caught up within H2 FY2022. Whilst we acknowledge the near-term downside risk from impacts associated with COVID-19, we see that in the medium term, ARS demand will continue to be influenced by trends in maternal age, greater fertility choices and improvements in success rates. Virtus is well positioned to service the ongoing demand for ARS as well as to further diversify revenue via growth in its Day Hospitals and its fertility diagnostic and reproductive genetics service.



	Reporting period Cents	Previous period Cents
Net tangible assets per ordinary security	(101.63)	(158.91)
Net assets per ordinary security	397.85	373.94
4. Control gained over entities		
Not applicable.		
5. Loss of control over entities		
Not applicable.		
6. Dividends paid		
Current period		Paralasi
	Amount per security Cents	Franked amount per security Cents
Final ordinary dividend paid for the year ended 30 June 2021 paid in October 2021	12.00	12.00
Previous period	Amount per security Cents	Franked amount per security Cents
Interim ordinary dividend paid for the year ended 30 June 2020 paid in November 2020	12.00	12.00
No final dividend was declared in June 2020.		
7. Dividend reinvestment plans		
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#### 8. Details of associates and joint venture entities

	Reporting entity's percentage holding		Contribution to profit/(loss (where material)	
Name of associate / joint venture	Reporting period %	Previous period %	Reporting period \$'000	Previous period \$'000
Obstetrics & Gynaecological Imaging Australia Pty Limited and City West Specialist Day Hospital Pty Ltd	50.00%	50.00%	210	668
Group's aggregate share of associates and joint venture entities' profit/(loss) (where material) Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax			210	668
Income tax on operating activities			(63)	(200)

## 9. Foreign entities

Details of origin of accounting standards used in compiling the report:

Virtus Health Limited's foreign subsidiaries have used the International Financial Reporting Standards in compiling the report.

## 10. Audit qualification or review

Details of audit/review dispute or qualification (if any):

The financial statements were subject to a review by the auditors and the review report is attached as part of the Interim Report.

#### 11. Attachments

Details of attachments (if any):

The Interim Report of Virtus Health Limited for the half-year ended 31 December 2021 is attached.

## 12. Signed

Matthew Prior

Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

Sydney

Signed

Date: 22 February 2022



# **Virtus Health Limited**

ABN 80 129 643 492

**Interim Report - 31 December 2021** 

Virtus Health Limited Directors' report 31 December 2021



The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the 'consolidated entity') consisting of Virtus Health Limited (referred to hereafter as the 'company' or 'parent entity') and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the half-year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **Directors**

The following persons were directors of Virtus Health Limited during the whole of the financial half-year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Sonia Petering (Chair)
Kate Munnings
Lyndon Hale
Greg Couttas
Shane Solomon - (resigned on 18 November 2021)
Catherine Aston - (appointed on 1 September 2021)
Priscilla Rogers - (appointed on 1 September 2021)

#### **Principal activities**

During the financial half-year the principal continuing activities of the consolidated entity were the provision of healthcare services which include fertility services, medical day procedure services and medical diagnostic services.

#### **Review of operations**

The profit for the consolidated entity after providing for income tax and non-controlling interest amounted to \$15.1m (31 December 2020: \$29.9m).

The consolidated entity continued to engage in its principal activities, the results of which are disclosed in the attached financial statements.

For a detailed review on the trading results refer to the operating and financial review section in Appendix 4D and to the ASX market announcement on 22 February 2022.

## Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 13 December 2021, the consolidated entity received an unsolicited, non-binding indication of interest from BGH Capital Pty Ltd ("BGH") to acquire 100% of the issued, and to be issued, shares of Virtus by way of scheme of arrangement. The proposal attributes a value of \$7.10 cash per Virtus share (BGH Proposal).

Implementation of BGH's proposal is conditional on BGH's nominated Bidco entering into an agreed scheme implementation agreement with the consolidated entity, and BGH has stated that its entry into a scheme implementation agreement is subject to a number of conditions precedent.

Subsequent to 31 December 2021, the consolidated entity received a competing non-binding indicative proposal from CapVest Partners LLP ("CapVest") to acquire 100% of Virtus by way of a scheme of arrangement offering \$7.60 cash per share. CapVest has also indicated it is willing to proceed with an alternative transaction structure which only requires acceptance by 50.1% of Virtus shareholders, such as an off-market takeover bid with a 50.1% minimum acceptance condition, offering \$7.50 cash per share ("Alternative Transaction") (together with the Scheme, the "CapVest Proposal").

As noted the CapVest Proposal is an indicative non-binding offer with a number of conditions precedent and was provided on the basis that CapVest required exclusivity and cost recovery protections in order to proceed with the CapVest Proposal.

Following careful consideration of both the CapVest Proposal and BGH Proposal, including advice from its financial and legal advisers, the Virtus Board has determined that the CapVest proposal is attractive for shareholders in the context of a change of control transaction and superior to the BGH Proposal.

The Virtus Board considers that the CapVest Proposal provides an attractive premium for Virtus shareholders, with the cash consideration proposed in respect of the Scheme being:

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## Virtus Health Limited Directors' report 31 December 2021



- a premium of 46% to the closing price of Virtus shares on 13 December 2021 of A\$5.21 (being the last trading day prior to the announcement of the BGH Proposal);
- a premium of 42% to the volume-weighted average price of Virtus shares for the one month to and including 13 December 2021 of A\$5.36;
- a premium of 39% to the volume weighted average price of Virtus shares for the three months to and including 13 December 2021 of A\$5.49; and
- 50 cents per share premium to BGH's indicative proposal of A\$7.10 as announced on 14 December 2021.

After considering all the circumstances, including an assessment of fundamental value of Virtus on a stand alone basis and the interests of Virtus and its shareholders, the Virtus Board has agreed to provide CapVest with the opportunity for a period to conduct exclusive due diligence to facilitate development of a binding offer for Virtus. Accordingly, Virtus has entered into a Process Deed with CapVest.

Subject to Virtus and CapVest agreeing an implementation deed on terms acceptable to Virtus, it is the Virtus Board's intention to unanimously recommend that shareholders vote in favour of the Scheme and accept the Alternative Transaction if the consideration per Virtus share under the Scheme is at least \$7.60 and under the Alternative Transaction is at least \$7.50, in the absence of a superior proposal and subject to an independent expert concluding that the Scheme and the Alternative Transaction is in the best interests of Virtus' shareholders or fair and reasonable, as applicable.

In addition to a period of exclusive due diligence, Virtus has agreed under the Process Deed to pay a fee of \$2 million to CapVest in certain circumstances including in the event that CapVest provides a fully documented, financed and binding offer that has been negotiated in good faith with Virtus reflecting the terms of the CapVest Proposal by an agreed date and Virtus elects not to proceed with that offer. That fee increases to \$4 million if the Virtus Board recommends a superior competing proposal within an agreed timeframe.

There is no certainty that the CapVest Proposal will result in any transaction being put to Virtus shareholders for their consideration. The announcement of the CapVest Proposal does not constitute a proposal to make a takeover bid for the purposes of section 631 of the Corporations Act. Any takeover offer as part of the CapVest Proposal will only be made when, and if, an implementation deed is entered into between Virtus and CapVest which commits CapVest to make a takeover offer.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial half-year.

## Events after the reporting period

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the half year report, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 December 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

### Rounding of amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to 'rounding-off'. Amounts in this report and the Financial Report have been rounded off in accordance with that Corporations Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

#### **Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out immediately after this directors' report.

## Virtus Health Limited Directors' report 31 December 2021



This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 306(3)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors.

Sonia Petering

Chair

22 February 2022

Sydney



## Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the review of Virtus Health Limited for the half-year ended 31 December 2021, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- 2. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

This declaration is in respect of Virtus Health Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Mark Dow Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney 22 February 2022

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Virtus Health Limited	🤏
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#### **General information**

The financial statements cover Virtus Health Limited as a consolidated entity consisting of Virtus Health Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the half-year. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Virtus Health Limited's functional and presentation currency.

Virtus Health Limited is a listed public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 3 176 Pacific Highway Greenwich NSW 2065

A description of the nature of the consolidated entity's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 22 February 2022. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## Virtus Health Limited Statement of comprehensive income For the half-year ended 31 December 2021



	Note	Conso 31 Dec 2021 \$'000	lidated 31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Revenue	3	171,298	169,613
Share of profits of associates accounted for using the equity method Other income	4	210 717	668 10,199
Expenses Fertility specialists, consumables and associated costs Employee benefits expense Depreciation and amortisation expense Occupancy expense Advertising and marketing Practice equipment expenses Professional and consulting fees Other expenses Finance costs  Profit before income tax expense	5	(49,069) (61,820) (12,084) (3,833) (2,163) (1,590) (2,379) (13,408) (4,374)	(57,704)
Income tax expense		(6,245)	(12,118)
Profit after income tax expense for the half-year		15,260	30,275
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss  Net change in the fair value of cash flow hedges taken to equity, net of tax  Foreign currency translation		708 (1,247)	191 (3,061)
Other comprehensive income for the half-year, net of tax		(539)	(2,870)
Total comprehensive income for the half-year		14,721	27,405
Profit for the half-year is attributable to: Non-controlling interest Owners of Virtus Health Limited		134 15,126 15,260	346 29,929 30,275
Total comprehensive income for the half-year is attributable to: Non-controlling interest Owners of Virtus Health Limited		131 14,590 14,721	394 27,011 27,405
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	15 15	18.06 17.91	37.42 36.98



	Note	Conso 31 Dec 2021 \$'000	lidated 30 June 2021 \$'000
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Inventories Other Total current assets		18,478 12,124 1,538 6,464 38,604	37,008 12,086 1,313 4,563 54,970
Non-current assets Investments Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangibles Deferred tax Other Total non-current assets	6	1,788 39,955 70,638 427,242 10,907 337 550,867	1,489 39,914 69,082 428,357 11,188 312 550,342
Total assets		589,471	605,312
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Derivative financial instruments Income tax Provisions Other financial liabilities Unearned income Total current liabilities	6	34,834 11,488 923 3,800 4,870 394 14,758 71,067	31,626 12,076 1,166 7,603 4,886 823 21,098 79,278
Non-current liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities Derivative financial instruments Deferred tax Provisions Other financial liabilities Total non-current liabilities	6	94,350 74,961 693 599 7,492 	144,090 71,442 1,462 599 7,429 399 225,421
Total liabilities		249,162	304,699
Net assets		340,309	300,613
Equity Issued capital Reserves Retained profits Equity attributable to the owners of Virtus Health Limited Non-controlling interest	7 8	277,780 12,012 48,861 338,653 1,656	242,342 12,745 44,000 299,087 1,526
Total equity		340,309	300,613

## **Virtus Health Limited** Statement of changes in equity For the half-year ended 31 December 2021



Consolidated	Issued capital \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Non- controlling interest \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2020	240,785	16,004	10,617	797	268,203
Profit after income tax expense for the half- year	_	_	29,929	346	30,275
Other comprehensive income for the half-year, net of tax	<u> </u>	(2,918)		48	(2,870)
Total comprehensive income for the half-year	-	(2,918)	29,929	394	27,405
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:					
Purchase of treasury shares Settlement of partly paid shares Issue of shares pursuant to share based	(10) 140	-	- -	- -	(10) 140
payment schemes Share-based payments expenses Dividends paid	2,117 - -	(2,117) 1,037	- - (106)	- - -	1,037 (106)
Balance at 31 December 2020	243,032	12,006	40,440	1,191	296,669
Consolidated	Issued capital \$'000	Reserves \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Non- controlling interest \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2021	242,342	12,745	44,000	1,526	300,613
Profit after income tax expense for the half- year Other comprehensive income for the half-year, net of tax	- 	- (535) _	15,126	134 (4)	15,260 (539)
Total comprehensive income for the half-year	-	(535)	15,126	130	14,721
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Shares issued pursuant to institutional placement (net of transaction costs and tax) (note 7) Purchase of treasury shares Settlement of partly paid shares Issue of shares pursuant to share based payment schemes Share-based payments expenses Dividends paid	34,262 (864) 78 1,962	- - - (1,962) 1,764 -	- - - - (10,265)	- - - -	34,262 (864) 78 - 1,764 (10,265)
Balance at 31 December 2021	277,780	12,012	48,861	1,656	340,309

## **Virtus Health Limited** Statement of cash flows For the half-year ended 31 December 2021



	Consolida		lidated
	Note	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers (inclusive of GST) Other income Interest and other finance costs paid Lease interest paid Income taxes paid		164,045 (131,262) 1,458 (2,164) (1,640) (9,737)	166,552 (127,027) 11,741 (2,366) (1,772) (15,028)
Net cash from operating activities		20,700	32,100
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for new investment Payments for property, plant and equipment and intangibles Other investing activities  Net cash used in investing activities		(299) (6,350) 422 (6,227)	(7,228) 411 (6,817)
Not bush used in investing delivities		(0,221)	(0,017)
Cash flows from financing activities Shares issued pursuant to institutional placement (net of transaction costs) Proceeds from partly paid shares Repayment of borrowings Payment of finance facility fees in relation to refinancing Dividends paid Purchase of treasury shares Repayment of lease liabilities	7 9 7	33,945 78 (50,000) - (10,265) (864) (5,843)	140 (10,000) (508) (9,647) (10) (5,907)
Net cash used in financing activities		(32,949)	(25,932)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial half-year Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial half-year		(18,476) 37,008 (54) 18,478	(649) 38,047 (290) 37,108



#### Note 1. Significant accounting policies

These general purpose financial statements for the interim half-year reporting period ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 'Interim Financial Reporting' and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. Compliance with AASB 134 ensures compliance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

These general purpose financial statements do not include all the notes of the type normally included in annual financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 and any public announcements made by the company during the interim reporting period in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors continually monitor the group's working capital position, including forecast working capital requirements and have ensured that there are appropriate refinancing strategies and adequate committed funding facilities in place to accommodate financial obligations as and when they fall due.

At 31 December 2021 the consolidated entity's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$32,463,000 (June 2021: \$24,308,000).

The current liabilities include unearned income of \$14,758,000 as well as employee leave liabilities of \$12,928,000. Whilst, the employee leave liabilities are required to be disclosed as a current liability not all of this liability is expected to be settled within 12 months. The cash balance as at 31 December 2021 is \$18,478,000 and the consolidated entity also has unused and available debt facilities totalling \$158,785,000, which mature in October 2023. Refer to note 13 for further details.

## New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

## Note 2. Operating segments

### Identification of reportable operating segments

AASB 8 'Operating Segments' requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the consolidated entity that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. The board of directors and senior management are identified as the chief operating decision makers in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. The consolidated entity currently has six operating segments being New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria, Tasmania, Australian Diagnostics and International. The consolidated entity has determined that the disclosure of two segments, being an Australian aggregated healthcare services segment and an International healthcare services segment is most appropriate. Disclosure of an aggregated segment for Australia is considered appropriate due to the similar economic characteristics faced by the operating segments and the similar nature of the products and services being delivered to a similar customer base.

#### Segment revenue

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length and are eliminated on consolidation. The revenue from external parties reported to the Board of Directors is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Revenue from external customers is derived from the provision of healthcare services. A breakdown of revenue and results is provided below.



## Note 2. Operating segments (continued)

## Segment EBITDA

Segment performance is assessed on the basis of Segment EBITDA. Segment EBITDA comprises expenses which are incurred in the normal trading activity of the segments and excludes the impact of corporate costs, depreciation, amortisation, goodwill impairment, interest, share-based payments and other items which are determined to be outside of the control of the respective segments.

Consolidated - 31 Dec 2021	Healthcare services Australia \$'000	Healthcare services International \$'000	Intersegment eliminations/ unallocated \$'000	Total \$'000
Revenue Sales to external customers Other revenue Interest revenue	138,525 741 30	32,002	- - -	170,527 741 30
Total revenue	139,296	32,002		171,298
Segment EBITDA Share-based payment expense Transaction costs Corporate costs Information technology costs Foreign exchange Depreciation and amortisation expenses Net interest Profit before income tax expense Income tax expense Profit after income tax expense	46,632	6,546		53,178 (1,764) (2,651) (5,581) (5,280) 31 (12,084) (4,344) 21,505 (6,245) 15,260
Consolidated - 31 Dec 2020	Healthcare services Australia \$'000	Healthcare services International \$'000	Intersegment eliminations/ unallocated \$'000	Total \$'000
Revenue Sales to external customers Other revenue Interest revenue Total revenue	136,008 798 29 136,835	32,778 - - 32,778	- - 	168,786 798 29 169,613
Segment EBITDA Share-based payment expense Corporate costs Information technology costs Foreign exchange Depreciation and amortisation expenses Fair value adjustment to contingent consideration Net interest Profit before income tax expense Income tax expense Profit after income tax expense	59,153	8,074		67,227 (1,037) (4,407) (4,463) 47 (11,953) 1,599 (4,620) 42,393 (12,118) 30,275



## Note 3. Revenue

	Consolidated	
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers Rendering of services	170,527	168,786
Other revenue Rent Interest	741 30 771	798 29 827
Revenue	171,298	169,613
Note 4. Other income		
	Consc	olidated
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Fair value gain on Contingent consideration Government grants Other income	- - 717	1,599 7,679 921
Other income	717	10,199

Government grants: In the prior period receipts from the Federal Government's JobKeeper Program and similar government programs in other countries were accounted for as government grants and have been presented as other income.

## Note 5. Expenses

	Consolidated	
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:		
Finance costs Interest and finance charges paid/payable on borrowings Interest on lease liabilities Interest on other financial liabilities - non-cash interest Amortisation of bank facility fees	2,390 1,640 84 	2,409 1,772 179 289
Finance costs expensed	4,374	4,649
Share-based payments expense Share-based payments expense - fertility specialists Share-based payments expense - employee benefits	1,196 568	406 631
Total share-based payments expense	1,764	1,037



#### Note 6. Leases

		lidated 30 June 2021 \$'000
Right-of-use assets Properties Less: Accumulated depreciation	95,028 (24,390)	92,812 (23,730)
	70,638	69,082
		olidated 30 June 2021 \$'000
Lease liabilities Current Non-Current	11,488 74,961	12,076 71,442
Total lease liabilities	86,449	83,518

Lease contracts amounting to \$33.8m which have been signed prior to balance date but which have not yet commenced are not included in right-of-use assets and lease liabilities until such time as the lease commencement date.

## Note 7. Equity - issued capital

		Consolidated			
		31 Dec 2021 Shares	30 June 2021 Shares	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000
Ordinary shares - fully paid Treasury Shares		85,536,996 (102,497)	80,389,938 (276,484)	278,367 (587)	244,027 (1,685)
		85,434,499	80,113,454	277,780	242,342
Movements in ordinary share capital					
Details	Date		No of shares	Issue price	\$'000
Balance Shares issued pursuant to institutional placement	1 July 20	)21	80,389,938		244,027
(net of transaction costs and tax) Settlement of partly paid shares	27 Augu 29 Octob		5,147,058	\$6.80 \$0.00	34,262 78
Balance	31 Dece	mber 2021	85,536,996		278,367

## Treasury shares

Treasury shares are shares in Virtus Health Limited that are held by the Virtus Health Limited Employee Share Trust ('VHLEST') for the purpose of providing shares under selected Group equity plans.



Consolidated

## Note 7. Equity - issued capital (continued)

	Number of Shares	\$'000
Balance at 1 July 2021 On market acquisitions during the period Distribution of shares during the period to fertility specialists	276,484 150,000 (323,987)	1,685 864 (1,962)
Closing at 31 December 2021	102,497	587

#### Note 8. Equity - reserves

	Conso	Consolidated		
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000		
Foreign currency translation reserve	3,092	4,334		
Hedging reserve - cash flow hedges	(1,135)	(1,843)		
Share-based payments reserve	14,292	14,491		
Business combination reserve	(4,237)	(4,237)		
	12,012	12,745		

## Note 9. Equity - dividends

Dividends paid during the financial half-year were as follows:

	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Final dividend of 12.0 cents (31 December 2020: 12.0 cents) per fully paid share paid in October 2021	10,265	9,647
October 2021	10,203	9,0

The prior year dividend paid was the interim dividend that was deferred in H2 FY2020.

#### Note 10. Fair value measurement

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables detail the consolidated entity's assets and liabilities, measured or disclosed at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

Consolidated - 31 Dec 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	<u>-</u> _	1,616	<u>-</u>	1,616
Total liabilities	-	1,616	-	1,616



## Note 10. Fair value measurement (continued)

Consolidated - 30 June 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	-	2,628	-	2,628
Total liabilities		2,628	-	2,628

The carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value. The carrying amounts of trade receivables and trade payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

#### Valuation techniques for fair value measurements categorised within level 2

Derivative financial instruments have been valued using quoted market rates. This valuation technique maximises the use of observable market data where it is available and relies as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

#### **Note 11. Borrowings**

The consolidated entity has total commitments of \$261.6m through its syndicated debt facilities.

At 31 December 2021, total facilities drawn were \$95.0m in borrowings and \$7.8m in guarantees. Unused and available facilities amounted to \$158.8m. The consolidated entity complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing liabilities during the financial half-year ended 31 December 2021. Subject to the continued compliance with debt covenants, the bank facilities may be drawn at any time and the total facility of \$261.6m expires in October 2023.

#### **Note 12. Capital Commitments**

	Conso	Consolidated	
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 \$'000	
Capital commitments Committed at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:			
Property, plant and equipment	4,822	1,750	

#### **Note 13. Contingent Liabilities**

The consolidated entity may have contingent liabilities at 31 December 2021 in respect of the following matters:

- Finalisation of matters following the discontinuation of the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) proceedings in relation to the proposed acquisition of Adora. At this juncture the Directors do not expect the outcome to have any significant effect on the consolidated entity
- The consolidated entity is currently involved in litigations which may result in future liabilities and legal fees up to an insurance excess range of \$25,000 to \$250,000 per claim. The consolidated entity has disclaimed liability and is defending the actions. It is not practical to estimate the potential effect of these claims but advice indicates that any liability that may arise in the unlikely event that the claims are successful will not materially affect the financial position of the entity and it is expected that the claims will be covered largely by the consolidated entity's insurance policies.



## Note 14. Events after the reporting period

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the half year report, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 December 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the consolidated entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the consolidated entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

## Note 15. Earnings per share

	Consolidated	
	31 Dec 2021 \$'000	31 Dec 2020 \$'000
Profit after income tax Non-controlling interest	15,260 (134)	30,275 (346)
Profit after income tax attributable to the owners of Virtus Health Limited Add: interest savings on conversion of options	15,126 59	29,929 51
Profit after income tax attributable to the owners of Virtus Health Limited used in calculating diluted earnings per share	15,185	29,980
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:	83,745,230	79,979,813
Options over ordinary shares	1,054,992	1,086,945
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	84,800,222	81,066,758
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	18.06 17.91	37.42 36.98

## Virtus Health Limited Directors' declaration 31 December 2021



In the directors' opinion:

- the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 16 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) complying with Accounting standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that Virtus Health Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Sonia Petering

Chair

22 February 2022

Sydney



## Independent auditor's review report to the members of Virtus Health Limited

## Report on the half-year financial report

## Conclusion

We have reviewed the half-year financial report of Virtus Health Limited (the Company) and the entities it controlled during the half-year (together the Group), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, significant accounting policies and explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the accompanying half-year financial report of Virtus Health Limited does not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:

- 1. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date
- 2. complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

## **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our review in accordance with ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* (ASRE 2410). Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the half-year financial report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to the audit of the annual financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the half-year financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

## PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

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# Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the half-year financial report

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. ASRE 2410 requires us to conclude whether we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date, and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Pricewaterhouse Coopers

Mark Dow

Partner

Sydney

22 February 2022