



Black Swan On the path to Production

21 March 2023

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COMPETENT PERSON STATEMENTS

The information in this presentation that relates to Geology and Mineral Resources is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Mr John Hicks, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Hicks has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and the deposit under consideration, and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code). Mr Hicks is Chief Geological Consultant of the Company. Mr Hicks is taking responsibility for the quality of the resource estimation data and the collection and processing of the 2022 resource estimation data. Details for the Competent Persons responsible for the individual Mineral Resource estimates are disclosed in the respective Mineral Resource estimates contained in the report.

The information in this presentation that relates to metallurgical testwork, process opex and process plant capex is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Mr Peter Allen, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Allen has sufficient experience which is relevant to the metallurgy and processing method under consideration, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code. Mr Allen is a full-time employee of GR Engineering Services Limited. Mr Allen has consented to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context, which it appears.

The information in this presentation that relates to open pit mining methods and open pit Ore Reserve is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Mr Craig Mann, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Mann has sufficient experience which is relevant to the mining methods and modifying factors under consideration, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code. Mr Mann is a full-time employee of Entech Pty Ltd. Mr Mann has consented to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context, which it appears.

The information in this presentation that relates to underground mining methods and underground Ore Reserves for Silver Swan and Golden Swan is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Mr Charles Walker, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Walker has sufficient experience which is relevant to the mining methods and modifying factors under consideration, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code. Mr Walker is a full-time employee of

Entech Pty Ltd. Mr Walker has consented to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context, which it appears.

The information in this report which relates to the Lake Johnston Mineral Resource is based on, and fairly represents, information compiled by Mr Steve Warriner, Chief Geologist, who was a full-time employee at Poseidon Nickel, and is a Member of The Australian Institute of Geoscientists and Mr David Reid who is a full-time employee of Golder Associates Pty Ltd and is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Steve Warriner and David Reid have sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and the deposit under consideration, and to the activity which they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code). Mr Warriner and Mr Reid consented to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context, which it appears.

The information in the updated Gold Tailings Project which relates to Mineral Resources is based upon details compiled by Ian Glacken, who is a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Ian Glacken is an employee of Optiro Pty Ltd and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and the deposit under consideration, and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code). Mr Glacken consented to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context, which it appears.

The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the relevant market announcements. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

The Australian Securities Exchange has not reviewed and does not accept responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of this release

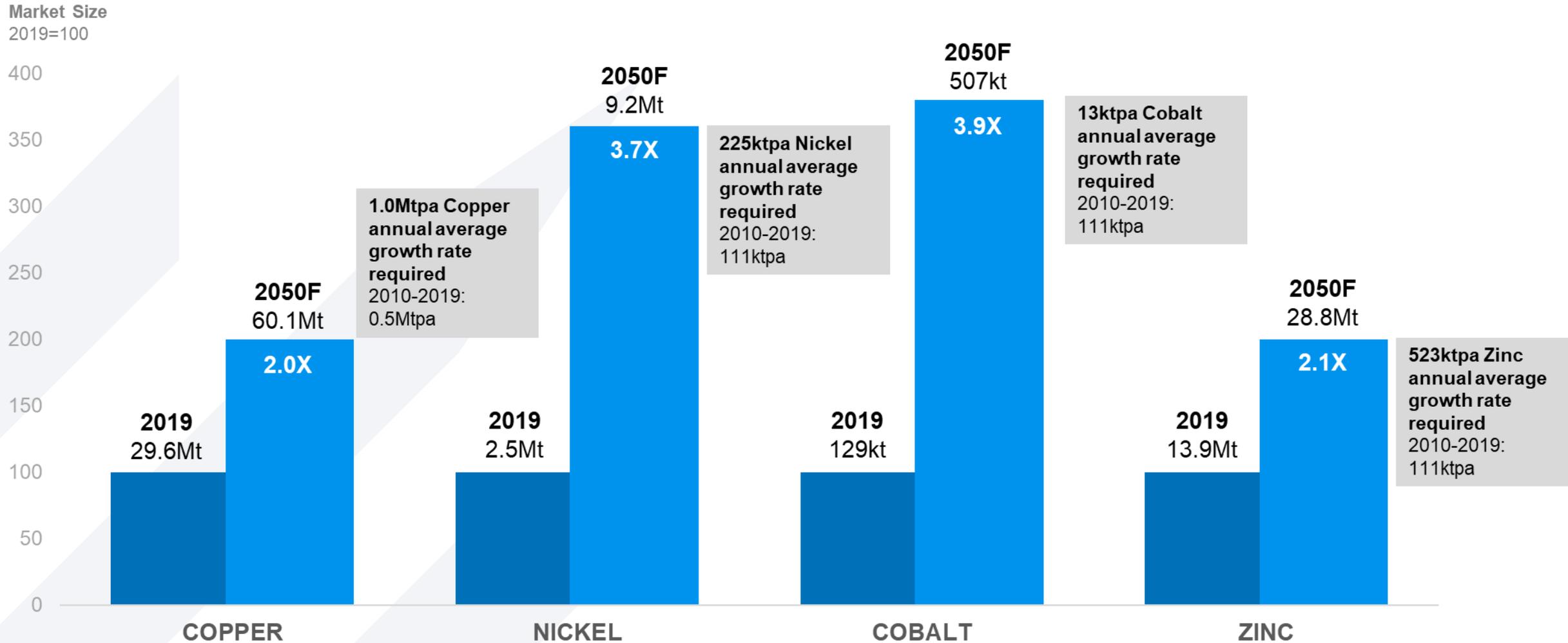
FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This release contains certain forward looking statements including nickel production targets. Often, but not always, forward looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may", "will", "except", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", and "guidance", or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives of management, anticipated production and expected costs. Indications of, and guidance on future earnings, cash flows, costs, financial position and performance are also forward-looking statements

Forward looking statements, opinions and estimates included in this announcement are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change, without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretation of current market conditions. Forward looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as a guarantee of future performance.

Forward looking statements may be affected by a range of variables that could cause actual results or trends to differ materially. These variations, if materially adverse, may affect the timing or the feasibility and potential development of the Golden Swan underground mine.

EVS DRIVING MASSIVE INCREASE IN BASE METAL DEMAND



SOURCE: GLENCORE ANNUAL REPORT



BLACK SWAN NICKEL PROJECT

- Open pit and underground mineral resources totalling **214kt Ni¹**
- Significant mining and processing infrastructure
- Bankable Feasibility Study completed
- Funding and Offtake discussion underway

LAKE JOHNSTON NICKEL PROJECT

- **52kt Ni¹** Resource and excellent exploration potential
- Significant mining and processing infrastructure
- Up to 15,000m drilling program planned

WINDARRA NICKEL/GOLD PROJECTS

- Significant nickel mineral resource (**148kt Ni¹**)
- Potential to mine nickel ore and process at Black Swan
- Gold tailings resource with BFS, partner found



BLACK SWAN – November 2022 BFS¹



- **Robust project economics** – NPV_g of \$248M, free cashflow of \$333M and an IRR of 103% at spot Ni and FX – US\$10.73/lb and 0.67
- **Low pre-production capital** – \$50M development capital including ~\$38M for the refurbishment
- **Plant capacity** – 1.1Mtpa with the ability to expand to nameplate of 2.2Mtpa
- **Construction period** – 46 weeks for plant refurbishment
- **High-grade nickel concentrate** – 15% Ni, < 6% MgO and Fe:MgO ratio of 5:1 which is **highly desirable for conventional nickel smelters**
- **ESG focus** – carbon emissions reduced compared to 2018 Feasibility Study by using grid power





- ✓ **Completed Black Swan 1.1Mtpa Bankable Feasibility Study¹**
The study highlighted a robust project with an NPV of \$248M and IRR of 103% at spot A\$ Ni
- ✓ **Mineral Resource growth at Black Swan → Converted into Reserve¹**
Combined total Mineral Reserves now 3.5Mt averaging 1.0%Ni for 35kt Ni contained
10,000m Infill resource drilling program completed, resulting incoming and model to be updated
- ✓ **Metallurgical Breakthroughs¹**
Regrind circuit and addition of Silver Swan tailings significantly reduces MgO levels and improves Fe:MgO ratio to >5:1
- ✓ **Path to market for high MgO ore types¹**
Producing a rougher concentrate to sell to a POX or HPAL plant has the potential to allow the processing of high MgO ore types
- ✓ **Windarra Gold Tailings partnership with Green Gold Projects**
Green Gold specialises in developing and operating tailings projects
- ✓ **\$12M raised via a combination of private placement and heavily oversubscribed SPP**

BLACK SWAN – RESOURCES OVERVIEW



Silver Swan Tailings

September 2021 Mineral Resources: 6.2kt Ni

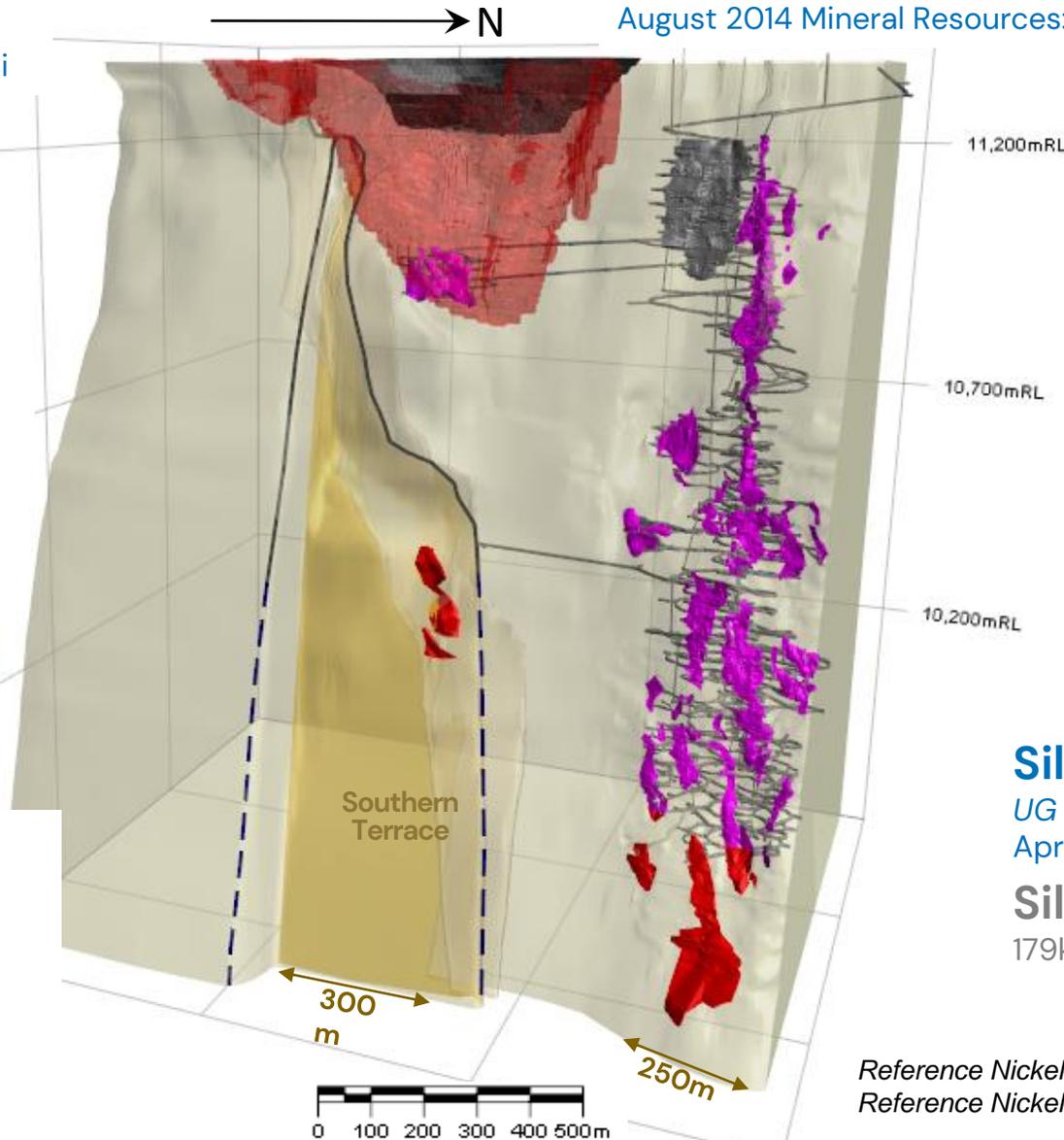
Golden Swan

October 2021 Mineral Resources: 6.3kt Ni

Golden Swan Reserve

100kt @ 4.0% Ni for 4.0kt Ni

- Mineral Resource Shapes
- Mined Areas
- Footwall Surface
- Underground Development



Existing Surface Stockpiles

August 2014 Mineral Resources: 7.8Kt Ni

Black Swan

Pit Production: 5.9Mt @ 0.7% Ni for 41kt Ni
 July 2022 Mineral Resources: 181kt Ni

Black Swan Reserve

3,187kt @ 0.69% Ni for 21.9kt Ni

Silver Swan

UG Production: 2.7Mt @ 5.1% Ni for 137.5kt Ni
 April 2022 Mineral Resources: 12.9kt Ni

Silver Swan Reserve

179kt @ 5.0% Ni for 9.0kt Ni

Reference Nickel Mineral Resources Statement Table 1 attached
 Reference Nickel Mineral Reserves Statement Table 2 attached

BLACK SWAN – MINERAL RESERVES & MINING INVENTORY¹



Nickel Sulphide Reserves					
	JORC		Tonnes (kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (kt)
Black Swan	2012	Proved	579	0.7	4.2
		Probable	2,608	0.7	17.7
Silver Swan	2012	Proved	-	-	-
		Probable	179	5.0	9.0
Golden Swan	2012	Proved	-	-	-
		Probable	100	4.0	4.0
Total Ni Reserves	2012	Proved	579	0.7	4.2
		Probable	2,887	1.1	30.7
		Total	3,466	1.0	34.9

Key Points¹

- Combined Black Swan Ore Reserves are **3.5Mt averaging 1.0% Ni for ~35kt Ni contained nickel**
- Metal contained in Mineral Reserve has **increased 40%** since the 2018 Feasibility Study
- Portion of Black Swan Disseminated (BSD) Resource not included in the Mineral Reserves is subject to the ongoing 2.2Mtpa rougher grade concentrate Feasibility Study
- 10,000m RC drilling program from bottom of dewatered open pit completed in early February – aim is to convert a larger amount of the BSD Resource to Reserves for the 2.2Mtpa scenario – awaiting assay results and update of Resource model
- Assay results received are inline with expectations – no surprises

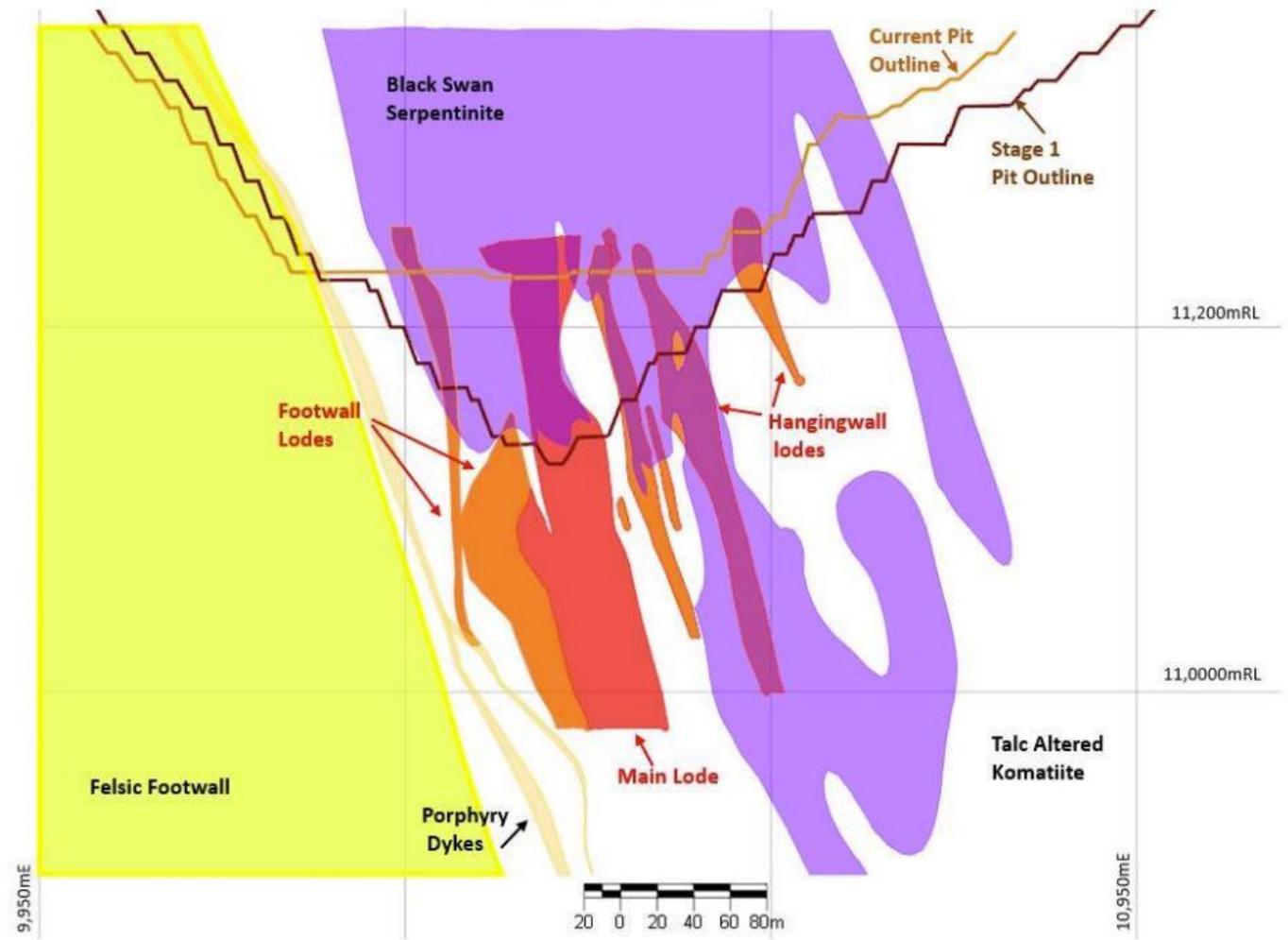
BLACK SWAN – OPEN PIT MINING¹

- Optimised pit shell to be mined using conventional drill, blast, load and haul method
- Ore in existing pit floor concurrently mined with pit cut back



Open pit drilling program January 2023

POSEIDON NICKEL



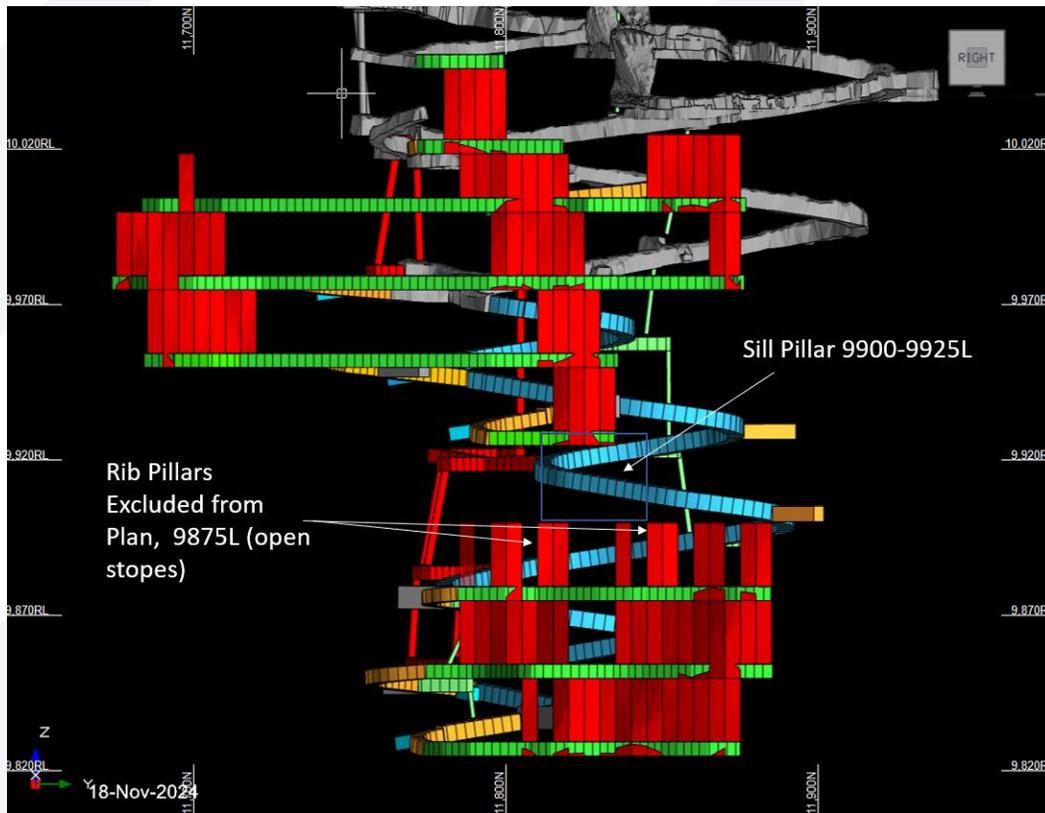
Black Swan open pit geological cross-section 11,320N

¹Refer ASX announcement "Positive Black Swan Feasibility Study", 21 November 2022

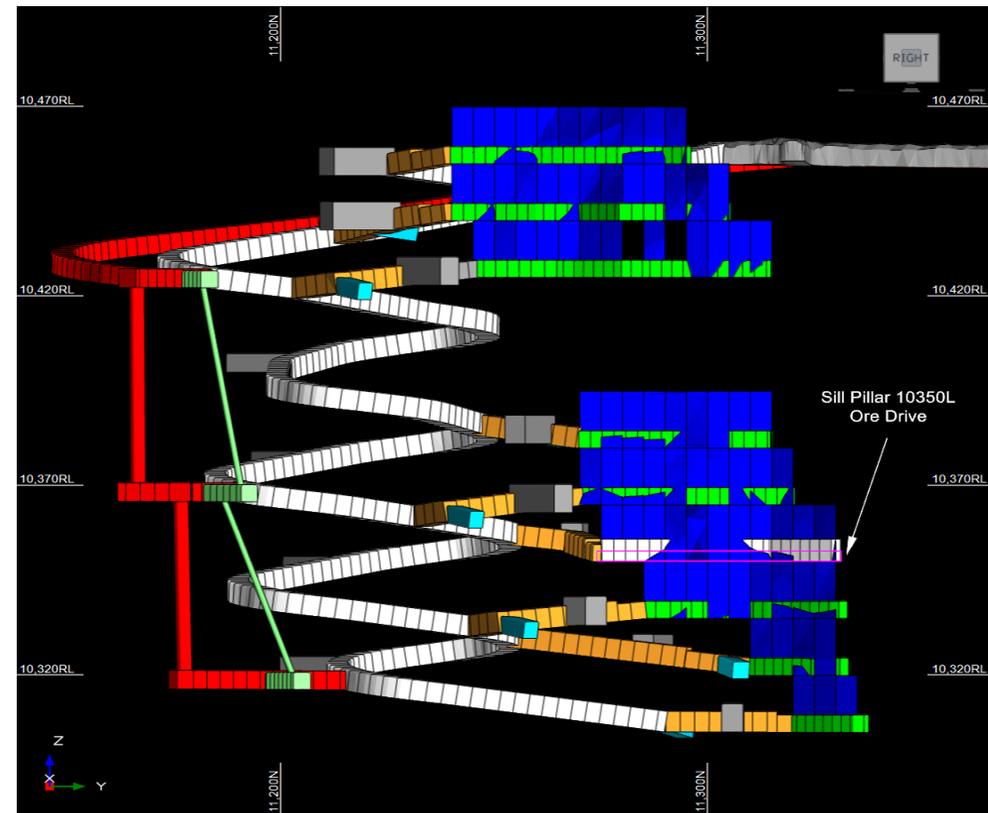
BLACK SWAN – UNDERGROUND MINING¹



- Mining using mechanised bottom-up longhole stoping with continuous cemented rockfill on 15–25 metre vertical sub-levels
- Minimal pre-production works required on ventilation system



Silver Swan Underground

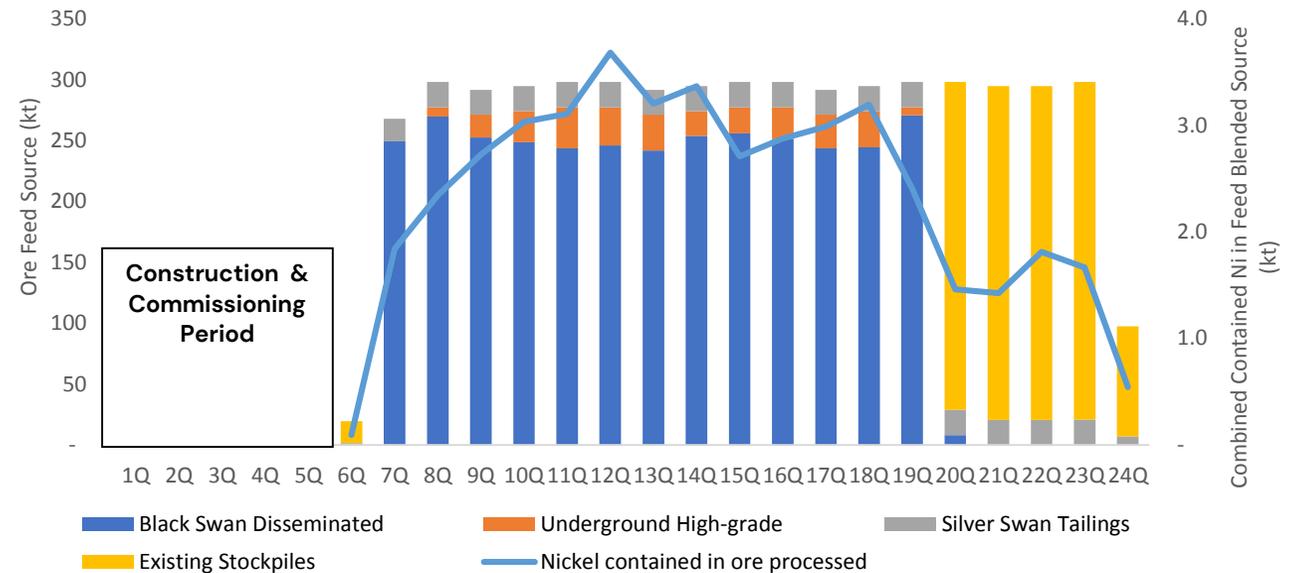


Golden Swan Underground

BLACK SWAN – FEED SOURCES¹

Mill Feed Sources	Feed Tonnage (Mt)	Nickel Grade	Contained Nickel (kt)
Black Swan Disseminated	3.3	0.7%	22.1
Silver Swan	0.2	5.0%	9.0
Golden Swan	0.1	4.0%	4.0
Feed sourced from Ore Reserves	3.6	1.0%	35.1
Silver Swan Tailings	0.4	0.9%	3.2
Indicated Surface Stockpiles	0.6	0.5%	3.2
Inferred Surface Stockpiles	0.4	0.5%	2.0
Feed sourced from Mineral Resources	1.4	0.6%	8.4
Total feed sources	5.0	0.9%	43.5

Quarterly Mill Feed Sources



- **LOM Plan** – an optimised blend of Black Swan disseminated material and high grade underground ore to feed concentrator with optimal feed source blend to maximise early cash flows.
- Includes 30.8% of Mineral Resources not included in the Ore Reserves, being the Silver Swan Tailings Measured Resource and existing surface stockpiles Indicated and Inferred Resources
- Only 7.7% of Inferred material in total mill feed, being off-ROM BSD surface stockpiles

*Mineral resources and mineral reserves as per ASX announcement "Positive Black Swan Feasibility Study" 21 November 2022¹



Simple flowsheet, all equipment existing

- Single stage crushing with coarse ore bin storage
- Single stage SAG mill with a flash flotation circuit
- Flotation with rougher, rougher-scavenger, cleaner, cleaner-scavenger, cleaner 2 and cleaner 3 stages
- **New Step – Regrinding of rougher 2, rougher-scavenger and cleaner-scavenger concentrates – improves concentrate quality**
- Concentrate thickening and filtration
- **Total historical production of 178.5kt Ni in concentrate**



Black Swan Grinding Circuit and Flash Flotation

BLACK SWAN – METALLURGICAL BREAKTHROUGH¹



Significant improvement in concentrate quality (improved Fe:MgO ratio)

- Existing Silver Swan mill can be utilised as a regrind mill to treat rougher concentrate stream
- Silver Swan Tailings added to the overall feed blend to significantly increase Fe content of the concentrate plus additional Ni units at very low cost
- Sufficient Silver Swan tailings available for 1.1Mtpa project life

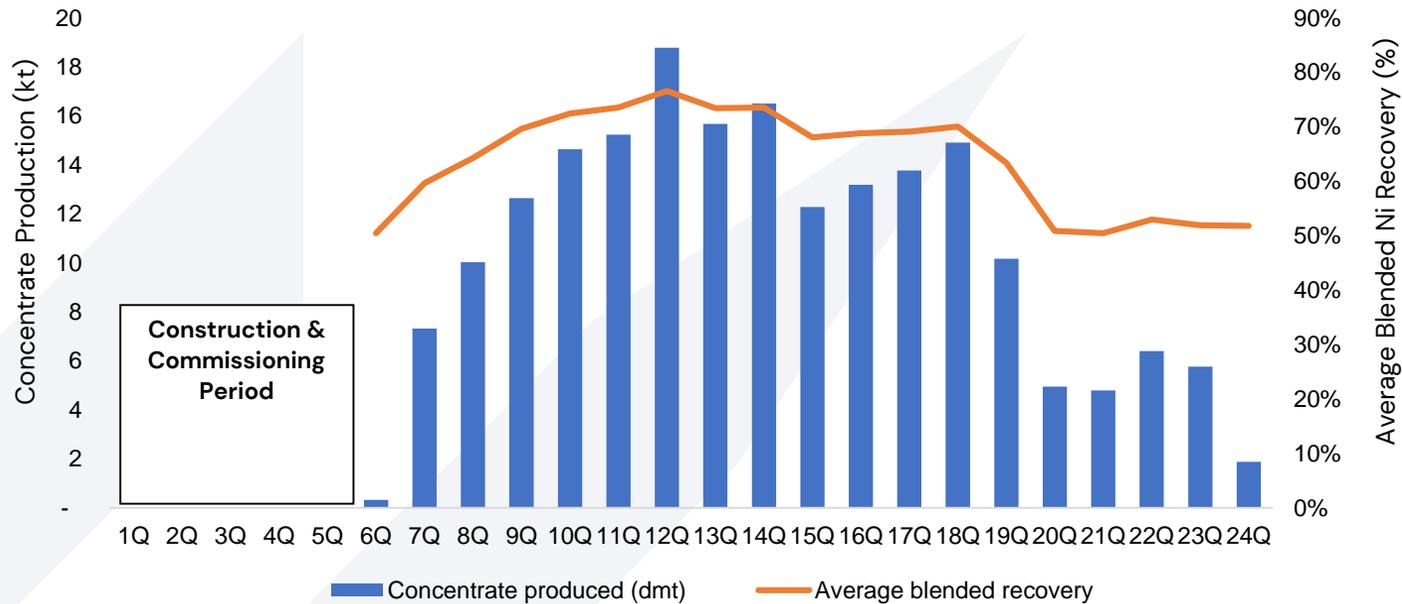


Proposed Regrind Mill

BLACK SWAN – CONCENTRATE PRODUCTION & QUALITY¹



Quarterly Concentrate Production¹



- ~200kt of concentrate produced
- ~30kt of Ni contained
- 15% nickel grade, MgO<6%, Fe:MgO >5:1
- Strong interest from smelter companies and traders
- Multiple Indicative offers received

Concentrate Specifications			
Element	Unit	BSD feed only	BSD + 7.5% Silver Swan Tailings + 5% Silver Swan
Ni	%	17.1	15.0
Cu	%	0.6	0.6
Co	%	0.5	0.4
MgO	%	5.7	4.4
Fe	%	25.9	29.6
Fe:MgO	ratio	4.5	6.7
As	ppm	3,400	3,800
S	%	38.4	36.2

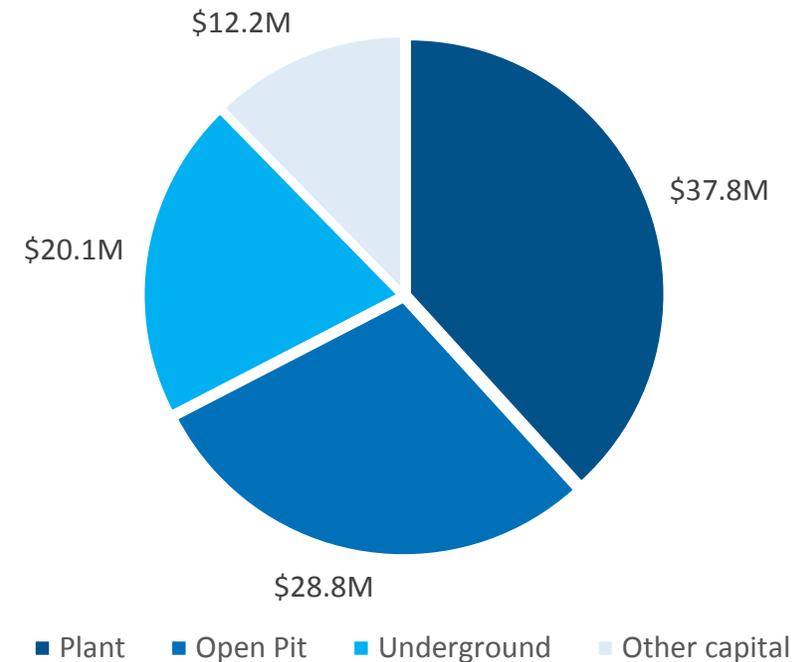


Development capital costs of \$50M

- Refurbishment of the concentrator for ~\$38M
- Other capital items of ~\$12M over the course of the project
- **LOM capital costs of \$49M post development capital**
- ~\$29M for the Black Swan disseminated open pit cut-back and mine development over the life of the project
- Silver Swan underground mine re-entry and mine development of ~\$20M (note capital development during ore production period included in opex)

This represents a low cost alternative to other projects which will need to build mines and plants from scratch

Capital Expenditure Mix



BLACK SWAN – OPERATING COSTS¹



Estimated operating costs have been determined for the key cost centres as follows:

- **Black Swan open pit** – estimates provided by a Kalgoorlie based open pit mining contractor
- **Underground mining** – based on a Contractor Operating Model with costings generated via a Request-for-Quotation process
- **Processing and G&A** – majority provided by GR Engineering Services with a number of minor items provided by Poseidon
- **Concentrate Transport** – the costs associated with hauling the concentrate from Black Swan to Esperance and ocean freight to Lianyungang, China are based on indicative costings provided by Qube Bulk and Hudson Shipping

Cost Description	C1 unit cost (US\$/lb)	C1 unit cost (A\$/lb)
Open pit mining	\$0.9	\$1.3
Underground mining	\$1.6	\$2.4
Tailings & stockpile reclaim	\$0.0	\$0.1
Processing	\$1.5	\$2.2
Transport	\$0.5	\$0.7
G&A	\$0.3	\$0.4
By-product credits (cobalt)	-\$0.2	-\$0.3
Total C1 cost	\$4.6	\$6.7

*C1 costs as per ASX announcement "Positive Black Swan Feasibility Study 21 November 2022"

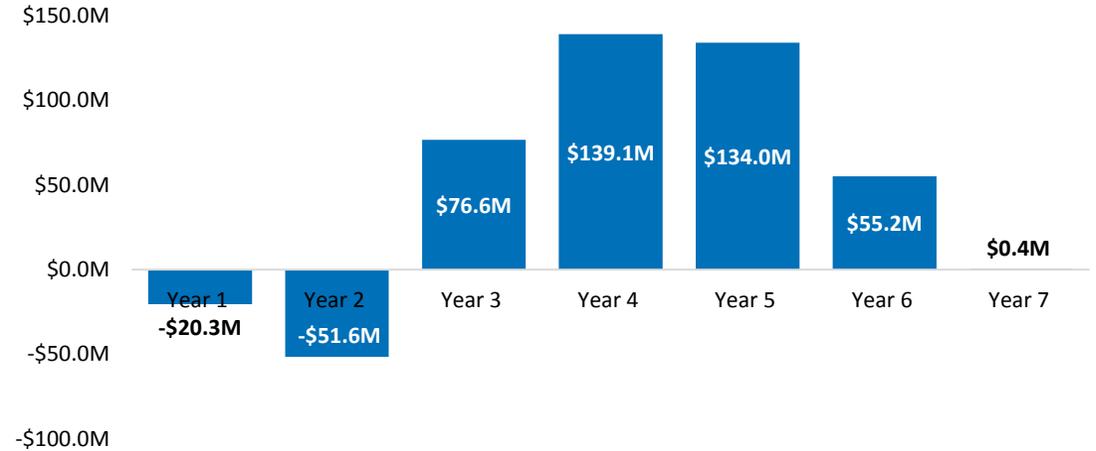
BLACK SWAN – ECONOMIC OUTCOMES¹



Economic Summary			
Description	Base	Spot Nov 2022	Upside
Revenue	\$809M	\$919M	\$1,207M
Net Cash Flow	\$227M	\$333M	\$610M
Pre-tax NPV ₈ ¹	\$167M	\$248M	\$470M
IRR	86%	103%	188%
Payback Period ²	1.3	1.4	1.0
C1 Cash Cost ³	US\$4.56/lb	US\$4.52/lb	US\$4.36/lb
AISC Cash Cost ⁴	US\$4.90/lb	US\$4.89/lb	US\$4.81/lb
Ni price	US\$10.73/lb	US\$11.80/lb	US\$15.00/lb
FX (USD/AUD)	0.69 USD:AUD	0.67 USD:AUD	0.65 USD:AUD

1. NPV is based on real cash flow forecasts and represents value as at projected start date of concentrator refurbishment being 1 July 2023.
2. Period post completion of concentrator refurbishment.
3. C1 cash costs include operating cash costs including mining, processing, geology, OHSE, site G&A, concentrate transport, less by-product divided by nickel in concentrate produced (100% basis before smelter deductions). Excludes development and sustaining capex, pre-production costs and royalties.
4. AISC - are C1 cash costs plus royalties and sustaining capital. Excludes development capital and preproduction costs.
5. Refer to ASX Announcement, "Positive Black Swan Feasibility Study", 21 November 2022

Annual Free Cashflow



- **Attractive NPV** – \$248M NPV₈ at spot Ni price and FX rate
- **High IRR** – 103% IRR at spot Ni price and FX rate
- **Low LOM Capital Cost** – \$99M
- **Payback period** – relatively short payback period due to low capex requirements
- **C1 Costs** – based on 100% of contained nickel – confidential Ni payability assumptions based on indicative offers received

Poseidon aims to become a sustainable nickel producer, supplying the nickel the world needs to transition to a low-carbon economy

- In relation to the Black Swan project, the Company recognises the importance of understanding and taking action to reduce its greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions
- The Company intends to source power from the local grid. Grid power supply will reduce the Project's carbon emissions compared to diesel fired power generation
- Now that the BFS is completed, the Company is undertaking a detailed assessment of the proposed Black Swan operations to understand the projected GHG emissions, and to identify possible decarbonisation opportunities





The following environmental approvals are current for the Project:

- **Works Approval** – current for mining and treatment of the underground and open pit. An amendment required to recover and treat the Silver Swan Tailings and the next tailings storage facility lift is under application
- **Mine Closure Plan** – A mine closure plan in respect of the Project was approved by DMIRS in 2018. A revised plan was lodged with DMIRS in 2021 and is yet to be assessed
- **Environmental Licence** – current licence allows processing of up to 3Mtpa of ore and dewatering of up to 450,000tpa of mine water
- **Groundwater** – the existing Groundwater Licence allows access to water from the Federal pit, Black Swan pit, Silver Swan underground and the Black Swan borefield, providing a total annual entitlement of 2.7 GL. The Company entered into a 5-year water access agreement with Norton Gold Fields Pty Ltd to take up to 3,600m³ per day (1.3 GL per year) from the Federal pit in August of 2021
- **Clearing Permits** – no current native vegetation clearing permits are held. Up to 10 hectares per tenement per year can be cleared without a permit, if the activities requiring the clearing are approved via the approved Mining Proposals



- **Offtake & Project Financing**– continue discussions with potential customers to agree definitive terms ahead of signing an offtake and project financing agreement
- **Mill Refurbishment & Operations** – ongoing discussions with potential contractors:
 - for the refurbishment of the Black Swan concentrator and associated infrastructure
 - for mining and processing plant operations
- **Increase Measured and Indicated** – update Mineral Resource following completion of 10,000m drilling program in the open pit
- **2.2Mtpa Expansion Project** – complete the study on the rougher concentrate project which presents an opportunity to significantly increase contained Ni production and enhance project economics
- **Final Investment Decision** – make FID late in the first half 2023, so production of concentrate could commence in mid 2024
- **Additional feed opportunities** – assess potential feed from Windarra and third parties

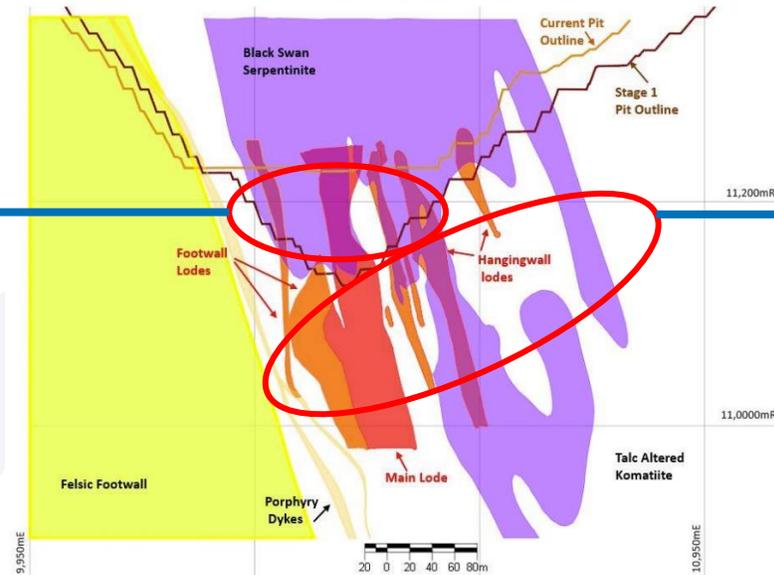
BLACK SWAN – DEVELOPMENT OPTIONS¹



Smelter Option

Smelter Grade Concentrate
1.1Mtpa ore feed

- BFS released 21 November 2022
- 5.0Mt feed for processing over 4 year LOM
- 200kt concentrate production containing 30kt nickel
- FCF \$333M, NPV₈ \$248M, IRR 103% at current spot nickel price
- Options to extend mine life



Expansion Project

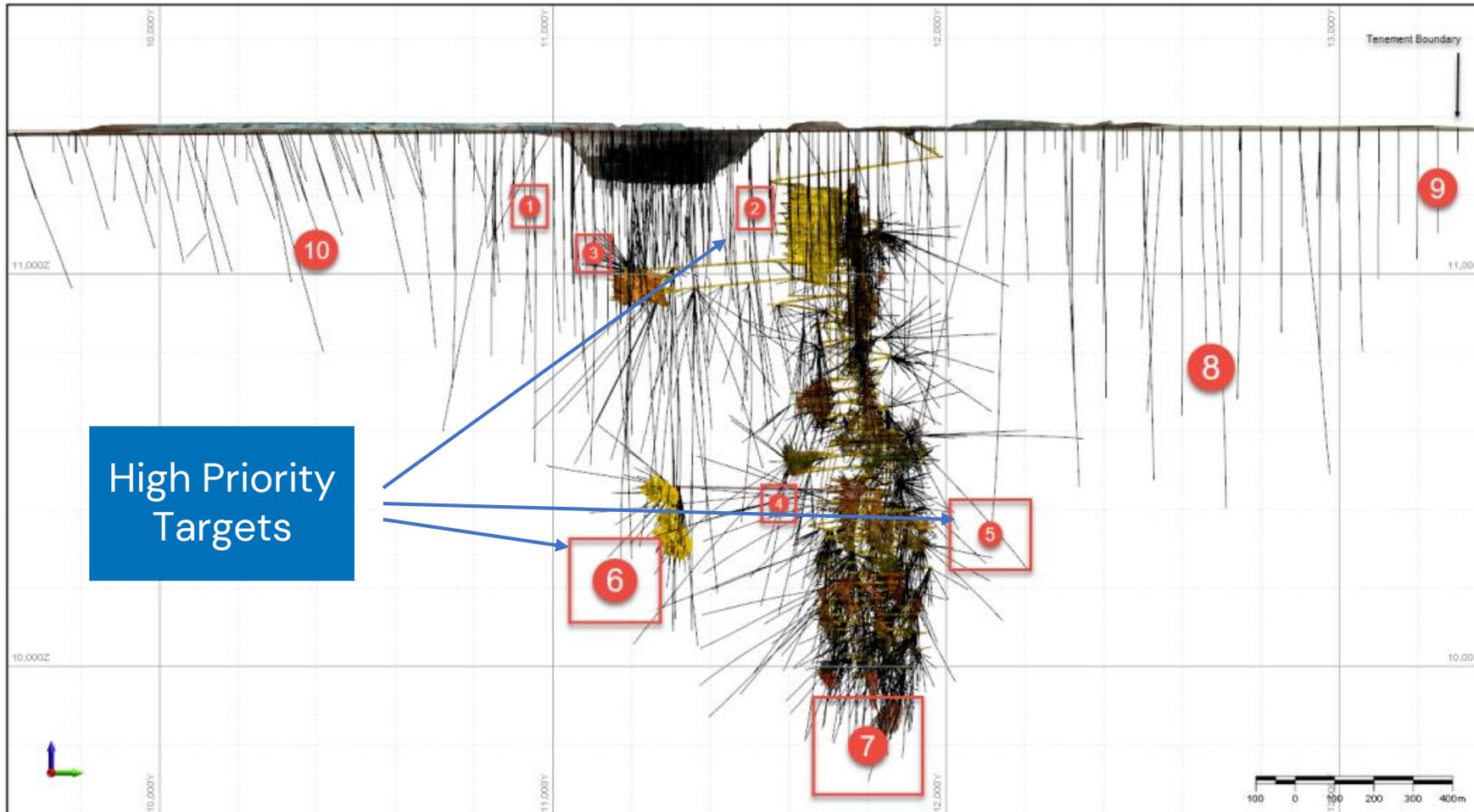
Rougher Concentrator
2.2Mtpa ore feed

- Can process both higher talc content serpentinite and talc-carbonate disseminated ores
- Doubles processing capacity, potential to significantly grow production profile
- Potentially longer project life
- Target customer/s local downstream processing in Western Australia (i.e. HPAL, POX, Pure Battery Technologies)

BLACK SWAN – EXPLORATION POTENTIAL, NEWEXCO REVIEW



Black Swan Exploration Potential Review :



LAKE JOHNSTON – PROJECT OVERVIEW



HISTORY

Emily Ann – 1.5Mt @ 3.5% Ni mined / processed between 2001-2007

Maggie Hays – initial Resource of 12.3Mt @ 1.5%Ni, mined and processed between 2008-2013

11.5Mt ore mined and processed to produce +100kt Ni*

CURRENT RESOURCES & INFRASTRUCTURE

Maggie Hays – 3.5Mt @ 1.5% Ni for 52kt Ni¹

1.5Mtpa process plant (on C&M)

GR Engineering plant refurb estimate of \$31M² and opex of \$36/t²

MOVING FORWARD

NewExco exploration targeting completed, 1st phase drilling program of up to 15,000m, POW approved, planned for April 2023

Review exploration results once program completed

**Contained Ni metal*

¹ Reference Nickel Mineral Resources Statement Table 1 attached.

² Refer to ASX Announcement "Lake Johnston GR Engineering Study Completed" dated 27 January 2022.

Capex and opex estimates to +/-20% accuracy.



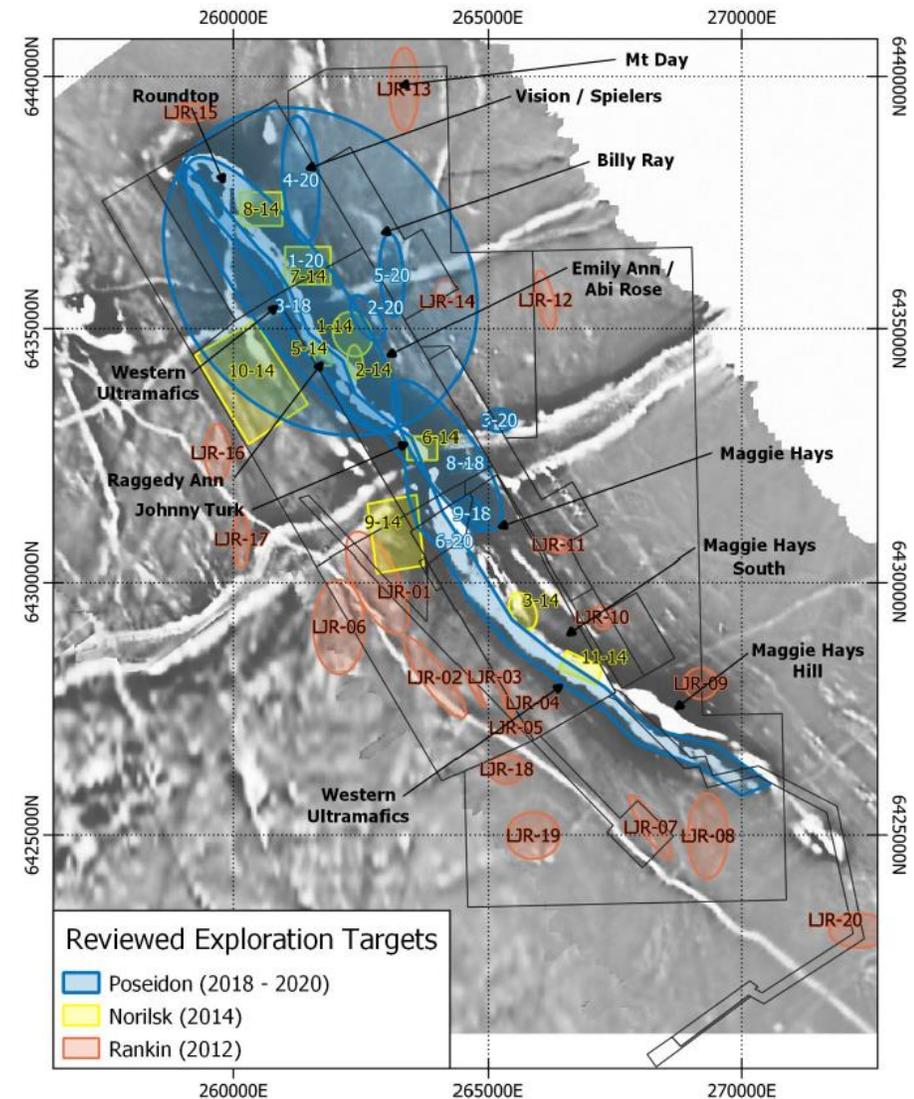
LAKE JOHNSTON – NEWEXCO REVIEW OF EXPLORATION TARGETS

WORK UNDERTAKEN BY NEWEXCO

- NewExco reviewed prior studies on the exploration potential at Lake Johnston and identified advanced targets

TARGETS IDENTIFIED

- Abi Rose extension drilling
- Maggie Hays drilling for Resource expansion – based on the reopening of the Maggie Hay underground operation
- Emily Ann/Abi Rose type intrusions – relogging to identify and locate parts of the ultramafic intrusive system that may have been overlooked
- Vision/Spielers – Surface EM/drilling – these areas have encountered nickel sulphides in the past, proving the prospectivity of the area
- Western Komatiite/Roundtop – Surface sampling/drilling– a valid target in an underexplored area with high prospectivity



MT WINDARRA – PROJECT OVERVIEW



HISTORY

Discovered in 1969, Mined from 1974–1983

8Mt mined / processed to produce 84kt Ni*

CURRENT RESOURCES & INFRASTRUCTURE

Mt Windarra 71.5kt Ni* (grade – 1.64%)¹

Cerberus Nickel 69.0kt Ni* (grade – 1.51%)¹

South Windarra 8.0kt Ni* (grade – 0.98%)¹

Gold Tailings contains ~180,000 oz/Au Resource²

July 2021 DFS on Gold Tailings Project³ – confirmed low risk, low capex & opex

State Agreement – Terminated to allow for gold tailings to be process on site

FUTURE ACTIVITIES – GOLD TAILINGS & NICKEL PRODUCTION FOCUS

Gold

DFS completed July 2021³ – 53koz recoverable, free cash \$30.6M, IRR ~50%

Green Gold Projects currently undertaking DD

Nickel

Update studies on mining Mt Windarra and trucking to Black Swan

**Contained Ni metal*

¹ Reference Nickel Mineral Resources Statement Table 1 attached.

² Reference to Gold Mineral Resources Statement Table 3 attached.

³ Refer to Poseidon Nickel ASX announcement 23 July 2021



WHY INVEST IN POSEIDON?



Advanced nickel sulphide projects in Tier 1 jurisdiction, short timeframe from FID to production



Significant infrastructure advantage over peers at multiple locations



Management with significant experience in financing, building & operating nickel projects



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Nickel Mineral Resources



Table 1: Nickel Projects Resources Statement

Nickel Sulphide Resources	JORC Compliance	Cut Off Grade	MINERAL RESOURCE CATEGORY															
			MEASURED			INDICATED			INFERRED			TOTAL						
			Tonnes (Kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (t)	Tonnes (Kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (t)	Tonnes (Kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (t)	Tonnes (Kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (t)	Co% Grade	Co Metal (t)	Cu% Grade	Cu Metal (t)
BLACK SWAN PROJECT																		
Black Swan	2012	0.4%	800	0.76	6,000	9,900	0.75	74,000	18,200	0.62	101,000	28,900	0.63	181,000	0.01	4,500	0.02	5,800
Silver Swan	2012	4.5%	-	-	-	138	9.00	12,450	8	6.00	490	146	9.50	12,940	0.16	240	NA	-
Golden Swan	2012	1.0%	-	-	-	112	4.70	5,200	48	2.20	1,050	160	3.90	6,250	0.08	120	0.30	480
Silver Swan Tailings	2012	NA	675	0.92	6,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	675	0.92	6,200	0.07	450	0.04	250
LAKE JOHNSTON PROJECT																		
Maggie Hays	2012	0.8%	-	-	-	2,600	1.60	41,900	900	1.17	10,100	3,500	1.49	52,000	0.05	1,800	0.10	3,400
WINDARRA PROJECT																		
Mt Windarra	2012	0.9%	-	-	-	922	1.56	14,000	3,436	1.66	57,500	4,358	1.64	71,500	0.03	1,200	0.13	5,700
South Windarra	2004	0.8%	-	-	-	772	0.98	8,000	-	-	-	772	0.98	8,000	NA	-	NA	-
Cerberus	2004	0.75%	-	-	-	2,773	1.25	35,000	1,778	1.91	34,000	4,551	1.51	69,000	NA	-	0.08	3,600
TOTAL																		
Total Ni, Co, Cu Resources	2004 & 2012		1,475	0.83	12,200	17,217	1.11	190,550	24,370	0.84	204,140	43,062	0.94	406,890	0.02	8,310	0.04	19,230

Note: totals may not sum exactly due to rounding. NA = Information Not Available from reported resource model.

- **Black Swan Resource** as at 4 July 2022 (see ASX announcement "More Nickel in Updated Black Swan Mineral Resource" released 4 July 2022)
- **Silver Swan Resource** as at 27 April 2022 (see ASX announcement "Updated Silver Swan Resource underpins significant increase in high-grade Indicated resource base" released 27 April 2022)
- **Golden Swan Resources** as at 27 October 2021 (see ASX announcement "Golden Swan Maiden Resource" released 27 October 2021).
- **Silver Swan Tailings Resource** as at 15 September 2021 (see ASX announcement "Silver Swan Tailings – Maiden Resource Estimate" released 15 September 2021)
- **Maggie Hays Resource** as at 17 March 2015 (see ASC announcement "50% Increase in Indicated Resources at Lake Johnston" released 17 March 2015)
- **Mt Windarra Resource** as at 7 November 2014 (see ASX announcement "Poseidon Announces Revised Mt Windarra Resource" released 7 November 2014)
- **South Windarra and Cerberus Resource** as at 30 April 2013 (see ASX announcement "Resource Increase of 25% at Windarra Nickel Project" released 1 December 2011)

The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the relevant market announcements. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Nickel Mineral Reserves



Table 2: Nickel Projects Reserves Statement

Nickel Sulphide Reserves	JORC Compliance	Probable						
		Tonnes (Kt)	Ni% Grade	Ni Metal (t)	Co % Grade	Co Metal (t)	Cu % Grade	Cu Metal (t)
		BLACK SWAN PROJECT						
Silver Swan	2012	130	5.2	181,000	NA	NA	NA	NA
Black Swan	2012	3,370	0.63	21,500	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Ni, Co, Cu Reserves	2012	3,500	0.81	28,300	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: totals may not sum exactly due to rounding. NA = Information Not Available from reported resource model.

- Black Swan Reserve** as at 6 November 2014 (see ASX announcement “Black Swan Ore Reserve” released 6 November 2014)
- Silver Swan Reserve** as at 26 May 2017 (see ASX announcement “Silver Swan Definitive Feasibility Study” released 26 May 2017)

The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the relevant market announcements. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.



Table 3: Gold Projects Resources Statement

Windarra Gold Tailings							
INDICATED							
	Tonnes (t)	AU (g/t)	Au (oz)	Ag (g/t)	As (ppm)	CU (ppm)	Ni (ppm)
North Dam	3,902,000	0.78	98,000	1.9	1,805	365	975
South Dam	850,000	0.50	14,000	0.6	645	355	2,533
Total	4,752,000	0.73	112,000	1.7	1,600	363	1,250

INDICATED							
	Tonnes (t)	AU (g/t)	Au (oz)	As (ppm)	CU (ppm)	Ni (%)	
Central Dam	6,198,000	0.37	74,000	435.0	270	0.3	

Note: totals may not sum exactly due to rounding. NA = Information Not Available from reported resource model.

Windarra Gold Tailings North and South Dams Resource: no cut-off grade has been used to report the resource, as potential mining method dictates removal of the entire dams. a dry bulk in situ density of 1.6 t/m³ has been used to derive tonnages. resource numbers in Table 3A may not sum exactly due to rounding.

Windarra Gold Tailings central Dam Resource: No cut-off grade has been used to report the resource, as the potential mining method dictates removal of the entire dam down to a specified elevation. The mineralisation has been reported above a flat elevation of 446 mRL; there are tailings below this level but these have been shown by drilling to contain no gold, and it is anticipated that the proposed mining method will not treat material below this elevation. A dry bulk in situ density of 1.6 t/m³ has been used to derive tonnages. Resource totals may not sum exactly due to rounding.

Central Dam Resource as at 22 June 2020 (see ASX announcement "Gold Tailings Resource at Windarra updated to JORC 2012 Indicated" 22 Jun 2020).

North and South Dam Resource as at 23 July 2021 (see ASX announcement "Windarra Gold Tailings Feasibility Study Highlights Robust Project" 23 Jul 2021).

The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the relevant market announcements. All material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed.