

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

360 Capital Group Limited (ABN 18 113 569 136) stapled to 360 Capital Investment Trust (ARSN 104 552 598), together 360 Capital Group (ASX:TGP)

ABN/ARBN

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Financial year ended:

30 June 2023

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- These pages of our annual report:
- This URL on our website: <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 7 August 2023 and has been approved by the board. The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 24 August 2023

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Glenn Butterworth

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate-governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council’s recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
<p>1.5 A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a diversity policy;</p> <p>(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and</p> <p>(c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:</p> <p>(1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;</p> <p>(2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and</p> <p>(3) either:</p> <p>(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p> <p>If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/</p> <p>and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and if we were included in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period our measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board of not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
<p>1.6 A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/</p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
2.2	<p>A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our board skills matrix at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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2.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) the length of service of each director.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and the length of service of each director at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our values at: in the Corporate Governance Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code by a director or senior executive; and (2) any other material breaches of that code that call into question the culture of the organisation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/</p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
4.2	<p>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
4.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

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PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: our Corporate Governance Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

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6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i> and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement <i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i> and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	<input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs at:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
7.4	<p>A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/</p> <p>and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p><i>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</i></p> <p>and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:</p> <p>.....</p> <p><i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.2	<p>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

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ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<p><i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i></p> <p>The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and</p> <p>(b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
-	<p><i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i></p> <p>An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity at:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>



360 CAPITAL GROUP CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The 360 Capital Investment Trust, 360 Capital Passive REIT, 360 Capital Active REIT and 360 Capital Mortgage REIT (together the "**ASX Funds**") are managed investment schemes registered under the Corporations Act and are quoted on the ASX and subject to the ASX Listing Rules.

The Funds are externally managed by 360 Capital FM Limited, the responsible entity ("**Responsible Entity**"). The Responsible Entity is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the stapled entity comprising 360 Capital Group Limited ("**360 CGL**") and 360 Capital Investment Trust which together comprise the ASX-listed 360 Capital Group ("**360 Capital**"), (together the Funds and 360 CGL are the "**Listed Entities**").

To the extent they are applicable and appropriate for the Listed Entities' size and nature, this Corporate Governance Statement reports against the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition).

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The board of directors ("**Board**") of 360 Capital and the Responsible Entity are currently the same and comprise of Mr David van Aanholt ("**Deputy Chairman**"), Mr Andrew Moffat, Mr Tony Pitt ("**Executive Chairman**") and Mr Anthony McGrath.

Mr John Ballhausen, appointed as director 360 Capital on 2 October 2013 and Responsible Entity on 10 February 2016, has retired with effective date of 30 June 2023.

The business of each Fund is managed under the direction of the Board of the Responsible Entity. The conduct of the Board is governed by the relevant Constitution, Corporations Act and Board Charter.

A copy of the Board Charter is available at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Listed Entities to the Chief Executive Officer and Responsible Managers as stated under the Responsible Entity's Australian Financial Services Licence.

The responsibility for selection and recommendation of potential directors has been delegated to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Committee will, as part of the process for selection and recommendation to the full Board, carry out appropriate checks to identify persons with the required skill and experience and other qualities required of a new director. Securityholders will be provided with all material information in relation to the appointment of a potential director affecting their decision to elect such a director or not.



There are written agreements in place for each of the directors and senior executives setting out the terms of their appointment.

The appointment and removal of the company secretary is a matter for decision by the Board and all directors have access to the company secretary. The company secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board, including governance matters.

A Diversity Policy has been adopted by the Board which includes the requirements for the Board to have measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually the objectives and its progress towards those objectives. The Diversity Policy can be viewed at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

To drive diversity and inclusion within 360 Capital, the Board has set the following objectives:

- To maintain or increase the percentage of women in the business, more specifically in leadership roles; and
- To actively promote a culture that values diversity, inclusion and flexibility.

The Board and management are committed to upholding a culture that values diversity and inclusion and this is demonstrated daily by its support throughout the workforce for flexible working arrangements to meet important care and family responsibilities. The Board recognises the benefits of diversity in that it broadens the pool of high quality candidates which enables an appropriate mix of skill and talent to enable the organisation to achieve its goals.

As at 30 June 2023, 44% of employees were female, with one holding senior executive positions. Senior executive position within 360 Capital means any person who attends the Executive Committee meetings. There are no female directors on the Board.

The Board reviews its performance and that of its committees and individual directors on an annual basis. Performance is reviewed against the Board Charter and any other Board responsibilities. Evaluation will have regard to, amongst other things, ensuring proper and effective management and performance of financial, operational and compliance indicators.

Board performance evaluation is generally undertaken annually with the last review conducted in June 2023.

The assessments of executive performance take place annually and are conducted by the Executive Committee and reported to the Remuneration Committee for consideration as part of any salary reviews, which in turn are recommended to the Board. The last reviews were conducted in August 2023.



Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value

In so far as the Funds are concerned, remuneration of the Responsible Entity is dealt with comprehensively in the relevant Fund Constitution.

The 360 Capital Board has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee (the “**NR Committee**”), comprising of two non-executive, independent directors as well as one executive director. The chairman of the NR Committee is an independent director. The NR Committee assists the Board in its responsibility to oversee the nomination and remuneration of directors and senior executives within 360 Capital, including succession planning generally and reviewing board composition to ensure an appropriate mix of skill, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity. The NR Committee is also responsible for the induction of new directors as well as identifying and if deemed necessary implementing appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to help develop and maintain directors’ skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

Current NR Committee composition comprises Mr Andrew Moffat (“**Chair**”), Mr David van Anholt and Mr Tony Pitt.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Charter can be found at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/> with two meetings held during the year attended by all NR Committee members. Details of each director’s relevant skills, experience and expertise are set out at <https://www.360capital.com.au/board-of-directors-list> .

The directors possess a range of skills which, as a group, enable the Board to discharge its obligations effectively. The following table summarises the key skills of the directors as a group:

Key Skills / Experience:

Financial Acumen	Governance and Regulatory Compliance
ASX Listed Entity Experience	Debt and Equity Markets
Property / Real Estate / Valuation	Strategy Development
Funds Management / Financial Services	Investor Relations
Risk Management	

In determining the independence of directors, the Board has adopted the criteria set out in section 601JA(2) of the Corporations Act.

The current Board comprises four directors, three of whom are independent, namely:

- Mr David van Anholt (“**Deputy Chairman**”) - appointed as director of 360 Capital 19 March 2013 and the Responsible Entity 10 February 2016;
- Mr Andrew Moffat - appointed as director 360 Capital 2 October 2013 and Responsible Entity 8 December 2016;
- Mr Tony Pitt (“**Executive Chairman**”) - appointed as director of 360 Capital 19 November 2009 and Responsible Entity 19 November 2009; and



- Mr Anthony McGrath – appointed as director of 360 Capital and Responsible Entity 1 March 2022.

Mr John Ballhausen - appointed as director 360 Capital on 2 October 2013 and Responsible Entity 10 February 2016, has retired with effective date of 30 June 2023.

Since the appointment of Tony Pitt as Executive Chairman on 1 March 2022, the chair of the Board is no longer an independent director. Where the Board believe that the chair being an executive may cause an issue or conflict, in these circumstances they may elect to appoint the Deputy Chairman who is independent to act as chair of the Board. The roles of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer are not held by the same individual. In relation to the non-executive directors, there are no relationships which prejudice director independence.

Principle 3: Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

The Board aspires to act lawfully, ethically and responsibly in accordance with the highest standards of honesty, integrity and fairness at all times.

The Board has adopted a number of policies, procedures and guidelines to communicate the standards of behavior that 360 Capital expects of its employees and encourage the observance of obligations and standards of conduct to protect and promote the interests of 360 Capital, its clients, funds under management, shareholders and other stakeholders.;

Consistent with the above values, the Board has adopted:

- Code of Conduct; this policy sets out minimum acceptable standards of behaviour.
- Whistle-blower Policy; this policy identifies an intolerance of any corrupt, illegal or other undesirable conduct by its directors and employees including the victimisation of any individual who intends to report or has reported such conduct as a protected disclosure in accordance with the policy.
- Anti-bribery Policy: this policy prohibits directors and employees from engaging in activity that constitutes bribery or corruption, and provides guidelines as to what constitutes bribery or corruption and outlines reporting processes and procedures which ensure that breaches are escalated to the Board's immediate attention if and as required.
- Environmental, Social and Governance (“**ESG**”) Policy: this policy sets out a high-level overview of 360 Capital's approach to managing ESG issues.

Additionally, the Board has established an ESG Committee. The purpose of this Committee is to assist the Board in discharging its oversight responsibilities related to climate change, environmental and supply chain sustainability, human rights, diversity and inclusion, social responsibility, corporate governance, reputation, community issues and ethical impacts of 360 Capital's business activities and other public policy matters relevant and material to 360 Capital.



Current ESG Committee composition comprises Mr David van Aanholt (“**Chair**”), Mr Anthony McGrath and Mr Tony Pitt.

Mr John Ballhausen held the position of Chair until 30 June 2023 when he retired and the Board appointed Mr David van Aanholt with effective date of 1 July 2023.

The above policies, as well as the ESG Committee Charter, can be found at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity of corporate reports

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee (“**AR Committee**”), which comprises three non-executive, independent directors. The chairperson is appointed by the Board and is a non-executive director who is not the chairperson of the Board. The chairperson reports the activities of the AR Committee to the Board after each AR Committee meeting. The Audit and Risk Committee Charter can be found at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

The current AR Committee composition is Mr Anthony McGrath (Chair), Mr Andrew Moffat and Mr David van Aanholt.

Mr John Ballhausen held a position until 30 June 2023 when he retired and the Board appointed Mr David van Aanholt with effective date of 1 July 2023.

For the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023 there were six AR Committee meetings which were attended by all AR Committee members except one absence in each of two meetings (i.e. 2 absences in total during the period). Further details on the qualifications and experience of AR Committee members are set out at <http://www.360capital.com.au/about-us/the-group-board/>.

Prior to the Board approving any financial statements, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer provide a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records for that entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The external auditor attends the AGM and is available to answer questions from securityholders relevant to the audit.

If corporate reports, which are not audited or reviewed by the external auditor, are released to investors, then the AR Committee will review the reports prior to their release to satisfy itself that those reports are balanced and provide appropriate information.



Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

ASX continuous disclosure requirements are included in the Communications and ASX Disclosure Policy (Listed Entities) and the Continuous Disclosure Procedure (Unlisted Funds) which are available on the website at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

The policies reflect the Board's commitment to ensuring that all material information is immediately notified for dissemination to the market in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules, and any other rules of an applicable exchange. The policies also set out the relevant procedures for internal updating.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of securityholders

The fundamentals underpinning the corporate governance ethos within 360 Capital are that securityholders should be able to hold the Board and Management to account for the Listed Entities' performance. 360 Capital actively engages with its securityholders to provide them with appropriate information and facilities to allow them to exercise their rights as securityholders effectively.

More information about 360 Capital's corporate governance can be found at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

The Board is committed to ensuring securityholders receive clear, concise and effective information on a timely basis and facilitates the delivery of financial services disclosures through existing and emerging electronic means.

As previously stated the Board has approved a Communications and ASX Disclosure Policy (Listed Entities), which was reviewed in July 2023, and is available at 360 Capital's website: <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>.

In accordance with the Policy, all Listed Entity announcements are posted to 360 Capital's website including half year and annual reports, results releases, market briefings, updates, notices of meetings and details in relation to the underlying assets.

360 Capital's website contains all of the information as recommended by the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition). The corporate governance section of 360 Capital's website contains the relevant Board Charter and Committee Charters and policies referred to in this Corporate Governance Statement.

360 Capital's website contains an overview of 360 Capital and its structure and history, biographical information and photos for each of the directors and key management team. It also provides access to relevant information about the Listed Entities including copies of ASX and



other relevant media releases, copies of annual reports and financial statements, investor presentations, historical security price information and registry contact details (including email address and key securityholder forms).

Teleconferencing and webcasting facilities for market briefings are also provided on the website to encourage participation from all stakeholders, regardless of location.

In relation to 360 Capital, all securityholders are encouraged to attend and/or participate in the AGM. Securityholders can attend in person, virtually or send a proxy as their representative.

Unless unavailable, all directors and senior management attend the meeting, along with the external auditor who is available to answer any questions from securityholders.

In relation to the Funds, as managed investment schemes, they are not required to hold an annual general meeting. However, the Funds do convene securityholder meetings from time-to-time and all securityholders are encouraged to participate and vote by either attending the meeting either in person or virtually, voting electronically or appointing a proxy or other representative. The person chairing the meeting of securityholders will seek to ascertain the true will of the securityholders and, in the case of substantive resolutions, voting will generally be by poll as opposed to a show of hands.

The delivery of financial services disclosures and relevant communications are facilitated through electronic means such as email, hyperlinks, reference to the 360 Capital website and other emerging technologies.

The express agreement of securityholders will be obtained before delivering financial services disclosures by electronic means. All communications contain phone and email contact details that allow securityholders to contact 360 Capital and its registrar.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

As stated previously the Board has established an Audit and Risk Committee. Please refer to Principle 4 for further details in relation to the Audit and Risk Committee.

The Board has adopted a Risk Management Program which outlines the process for identifying, monitoring and mitigating risks as well as generic sources of risk. This was reviewed in June 2022 and the Board is satisfied that it continues to be sound.

A copy of the Risk Management Program is available on this website at <http://360capital.com.au/about-us/corporate-governance/>

360 Capital maintains a continual internal control improvement program with management reporting to the Audit and Risk Committee on a quarterly basis on internal control reviews undertaken and improvements actioned. It also compares its internal controls processes, on an annual basis, to that of its industry peers specifically its key service providers to ensure its



controls are comparable to that of other similar organisations within the sector. This comparison is used to identify any potential weakness in internal controls. 360 Capital also engages external consultants on an as needed basis to recommend improvements to existing processes.

360 Capital and its Responsible Entity are committed to acting responsibly and ethically and operating their businesses in a manner that is sustainable. The extent to which any of the Funds have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks, these are discussed by the ESG Committee and disclosed in the directors report together with any factors or actions 360 Capital or its Responsible Entity believe exist or are available to mitigate these risks. Please refer to Principle 3 for further details in relation to the ESG Committee.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

As previously stated, 360 Capital has established a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. In so far as the Funds are concerned, remuneration of the Responsible Entity is dealt with comprehensively in the Fund's Constitutions. Please refer to Principle 2 for further details on the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Remuneration of directors and senior executives are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in turn recommended to the full Board of 360 Capital. Directors, senior executives and employees of 360 Capital are paid by 360 Capital Financial Services Pty Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of 360 Capital. Directors and employees are not provided with any remuneration by any of the Funds themselves and do not receive equity in any of the Funds as a form of remuneration. Accordingly, it is considered unnecessary to have a policy which prohibits transactions in 360 Capital entities which limit the economic risk of participating in such equity based remuneration schemes.

A distinction is made between the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives. Non-executive directors are remunerated by way of fees in the form of cash and superannuation contributions. Fees may include payment for specific services provided for the Responsible Entity or the Fund, (such as membership of a due diligence committee) and are fixed by the Board of the Responsible Entity. Executive directors and senior executives' packages are fixed and performance-based. Neither directors nor senior executives are entitled to equity interests in any Fund or any rights to or options for equity interests in any Fund as a result of remuneration provided by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity does not pay retirement benefits, other than superannuation, for its non-executive directors. There are no employees in any Responsible Entity or Fund.

Remuneration of the Responsible Entity is included in the Fund's Constitution. The Responsible Entity is entitled to claim asset management fees, reimbursement for all expenses reasonably and properly incurred in relation to the Fund or in performing its obligations under the Constitution, and acquisition and disposal fees.