

ASX Announcement – Australian Unity Office Fund

23 February 2024

Appendix 4D

Australian Unity Office Fund ('AOF') Preliminary Final Report For the Half-Year Ended 31 December 2023

Results for announcement to the market

g period				
eporting period	6 months to 31 December 2023			
orting period	6 months to 31 Dec	cember 2022		
or announcement to the market	31 December	=	r Movement	Movement
	2023	2022	\$'000	%
	\$'000	\$'000		
enues and other income (Note 1)	10,841	21,367	(10,526)	(49)%
•	(26,392)	979	(27,371)	(2,796%)
for the period attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979	(27,371)	(2,796%)
assessment of Funds From Operations	6,513	12,138	(5,625)	(46%)
ions	Amount per unit		Record date	
on for 1 July 2023 to 30 September 2023	1.30 cents		29 September 2023	
on for 1 October 2023 to 31 December 2023	1.50 cents		29 December 2023	
-	Refer section 2.4			
anation of any figures in 2.1 to 2.4	Refer to the interin	n financial repo	rt and directors' repo	rt for the
to enable the figures to be understood.	half-year ended 31	December 2023	3 attached to this Appe	endix 4D for
	further information.			
ble assets per security	31 December 2023 31 December 2022		r 2022	
	\$1.72		\$2.22	
entities over which control has been	Not applicable.			
entities over which control has been lost during the period, including the	Not applicable.			
t i i i i	eporting period orting period or announcement to the market enues and other income (Note 1) m ordinary activities after tax attributable lders t for the period attributable to unitholders assessment of Funds From Operations ions ion for 1 July 2023 to 30 September 2023 ion for 1 October 2023 to 31 December 2023 atte for determining entitlement to the ions lanation of any figures in 2.1 to 2.4 y to enable the figures to be understood. ble assets per security	eporting period 6 months to 31 December 2023 \$'000 enues and other income (Note 1) 10,841 (26,392) liders (26,392) assessment of Funds From Operations 6,513 (26,392) ions (26,392) assessment of Funds From Operations 6,513 (26,392) assessment of Funds From Operations (26,392) (26,392) assessment of Funds From Operations (26,392) (26,39	eporting period 6 months to 31 December 2022 or announcement to the market 31 December 2022 S'000 \$'000 enues and other income (Note 1) 10,841 21,367 m ordinary activities after tax attributable lders t for the period attributable to unitholders assessment of Funds From Operations 6,513 12,138 ions Amount per unit 1.30 cents ion for 1 July 2023 to 30 September 2023 1.50 cents ate for determining entitlement to the lons lanation of any figures in 2.1 to 2.4 by to enable the figures to be understood. 6 months to 31 December 2022 \$ 6 months to 31 December 2022 \$ 1000 \$ \$ 2002 \$ 20	eporting period 6 months to 31 December 2022 31 December 31 December 2022 31 December 31 December Movement 2023 2022 \$'000 8'000 \$'000 enues and other income (Note 1) 10,841 21,367 (10,526) m ordinary activities after tax attributable iders assessment of Funds From Operations (26,392) 979 (27,371) assessment of Funds From Operations (26,392) 979 (27,371) assessment of Funds From Operations Amount per unit Record date 1.30 cents 29 September 2023 ate for determining entitlement to the ons Refer section 2.4 Refer to the interim financial report and directors' report of the interim financial report and directors' report



ASX Announcement – Australian Unity Office Fund

5	Details of individual and total distributions and distribution payments.	Date Paid	Amount per unit	Foreign sourced income
	Distribution for 1 July 2023 to 30 September 2023	26 October 2023	1.30 cents	n/a
	Distribution for 1 October 2023 to 31 December 2023	31 January 2024	1.50 cents	n/a
6	Details of any distribution reinvestment plans in operation and the last date for the receipt of an election notice for participation in any distribution reinvestment plan.	Not applicable.		
7	Details of associates and joint venture entities including the following.	Not applicable.		
8	For foreign entities, which set of accounting standards is used in compiling the report (e.g. International Financial Reporting Standards).	Not applicable.		
9	If the accounts have not yet been audited and are likely to contain an independent audit report that is subject to a modified opinion, emphasis of matter or other matter paragraph, a description of the modified opinion, emphasis of matter or other matter paragraph	Not applicable.		

Note (1): Total revenues and other income comprises rental income and interest income

Note (2): The Scheme uses the Property Council of Australia' definition of Funds From Operations (FFO) as a key determinant of the level of distributions to pay. FFO is a Property Council of Australia definition which adjusts statutory Australian Accounting Standards profit for non-cash changes in investment properties, non-cash impairment of goodwill, non-cash fair value adjustments to financial instruments, amortisation of incentives and leasing costs, rental straight-line adjustments and other unrealised or one-off items. When assessing FFO, Directors also add back rental abatement incentives to ensure consistency with the treatment of rent free incentives and fitout incentives. The Scheme aims to distribute between 80% and 100% of Directors' assessment of FFO each year.

About AOF

AOF is an ASX-listed REIT that wholly owns a portfolio of properties located across Australian metropolitan and CBD markets.

This announcement is issued by Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited ABN 86 606 414 368 AFSL 477434 (AUIREL) as responsible entity of Australian Unity Office Fund. AUIREL is a wholly owned subsidiary of Australian Unity Limited ABN 23 087 648 888.

Australian Unity Office Fund ARSN 113 369 627

Interim report for the half-year ended 31 December 2023

Australian Unity Office Fund ARSN 113 369 627

Interim report for the half-year ended 31 December 2023

Contents	
Directors' report	2
Auditor's independence declaration	8
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	9
Consolidated statement of financial position	10
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	11
Consolidated statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	13
Directors' declaration	25
Independent auditor's review report to the unitholders of Australian Unity Office Fund	26

Directors' report

The directors of Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited (ABN 86 606 414 368), the Responsible Entity of Australian Unity Office Fund (the "Scheme"), present their report together with the interim financial statements of the Scheme for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 and the auditor's review report thereon.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the Responsible Entity and members of the Audit & Risk Committee during the half-year and up to the date of this report:

W Peter Day Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman

Eve Crestani Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee

Greg Willcock Non-Executive Director (appointed to the Audit & Risk Committee 20 September 2023)

Company secretary

The company secretary of the Responsible Entity during the half-year and up to the date of this report is Liesl Petterd.

Operating and financial review

Principal activities

The Scheme is an ASX-listed Real Estate Investment Trust that wholly owns a portfolio of properties across Australian metropolitan and Central Business District (CBD) markets.

Investment objective and strategy

The Scheme's investment objective is to maximise returns for unitholders through:

- · owning Australian real estate assets in metropolitan and CBD markets;
- generating income by delivering and maintaining sustainable occupancy levels, including through repositioning assets;
- as appropriate, divesting assets and returning capital to unitholders.

The appointed Investment Manager of the Scheme's assets is Australian Unity Funds Management Limited (ABN 60 071 497 115).

Australian Unity Property Management Pty Ltd (ABN 76 073 590 600) has been appointed to provide a number of property related services to the Scheme.

Review of operations

Results

The Scheme incurred a statutory loss for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 of \$26,392,000 (31 December 2022: \$979,000 profit) driven by a net fair value decrement of investment properties of \$30,830,000.

The Scheme revalued all its investment properties at 31 December 2023, except 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD which was held for sale at 31 December 2023. The value of the Scheme's properties, including 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD was \$284,650,000 at 31 December 2023 (30 June 2023; \$310,400,000). The change in value reflects a 0.6% expansion in the weighted average capitalisation rate of the portfolio.

The Scheme's Net Tangible Assets (NTA) per unit was \$1.72 per unit at 31 December 2023 (30 June 2023: \$1.91 per unit).

96 York Street Sale

On 25 January 2024, the Scheme entered into a contract to sell 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD for \$29,700,000, excluding settlement adjustments. Settlement is expected over the coming months, with net proceeds used to repay debt and held as cash. Following settlement the debt facility limit is expected to reduce from \$81,000,000 to \$60,000,000.

Refurbishment works and leasing

Refurbishment works are progressing at 10 Valentine Avenue, Parramatta, NSW. The objective of the works is to upgrade the 1980s building, which had been occupied by the NSW Government for over 30 years, into a regenerated A-grade office building providing enhanced tenant amenity, including contemporary and flexible workspace solutions and a new primary entry off Valentine Avenue creating an activated street presence and end-of-trip and wellness centre.

To date, the on-floor tower works which involve stripping the floors back to a cold shell, new ceiling grid, painting, services tiles, lights and new disability amenities on levels 7 and 13, have been completed. Foyer upgrade works are well progressed with the existing fitout stripped out, new services roughed in and tiling completed. The new end of trip facilities have been constructed with hydraulic and electrical works installed. Services works, including air conditioning and fire protections are underway. Completion of the refurbishment is expected in April 2024.

At 150 Charlotte Street, Brisbane, the concept plans for the refurbishment works have been finalised with detailed design progressing. The tender process has been concluded and early engagement with the preferred contractor has commenced.

Leasing opportunities have progressed across the portfolio, including agreeing a new short-term lease over two floors with Boeing Defence Australia at 150 Charlotte Street, Brisbane.

Financial result

The following table summarises the statutory profit for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 and provides a comparison to the statutory profit for the half-year ended 31 December 2022.

\$'000	Half-year ended 31 December 2023	Half-year ended 31 December 2022
Rental income *	11,887	23,229
Property expenses	(4,056)	(6,418)
Straight lining of rental income and amortisation of leasing commissions and tenant incentives	(1,151)	(1,896)
Net property income	6,680	14,915
Interest income	105	34
Net losses on financial instruments held at fair value	(249)	(810)
Net fair value decrement of investment properties	(30,830)	(5,775)
Disposal costs **	-	(1,506)
Management fees	(947)	(1,625)
Borrowing costs	(426)	(2,916)
Other expenses	(725)	(1,338)
(Loss)/profit attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979

^{*} Rental income excludes the impact of straight lining of rental income and amortisation of leasing commissions and amortisation of tenant incentives.

As at 31 December 2023, the Scheme's net assets per unit attributable to unitholders was \$1.72 (30 June 2023: \$1.91).

Funds From Operations

The Scheme uses the Property Council of Australia's definition of Funds From Operations (FFO) as a key determinant of the level of distributions to pay.

FFO adjusts statutory Australian Accounting Standards profit for non-cash changes in investment properties, non-cash impairment of goodwill, non-cash fair value adjustments to financial instruments, amortisation of incentives and leasing costs, rental straight-line adjustments and other unrealised or one-off items.

When assessing FFO, Directors also add back rental abatement incentives to ensure consistency with the treatment of rent free incentives and fitout incentives.

A reconciliation of the statutory result to FFO and distributions is set out below for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

\$'000	Half-year ended 31 December 2023	Half-year ended 31 December 2022
(Loss/profit) attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979
Adjusted for:		
Straight lining of rental income and amortisation of leasing commissions and tenant incentives	1,151	1,896
Net losses on financial instruments held at fair value	249	810
Net fair value decrement of investment properties	30,830	5,775
Amortisation of borrowing costs	69	306
Disposal costs *	-	1,506
Add back: Rental abatement incentives	606	866
Directors' assessment of Funds From Operations	6,513	12,138
Distributions declared	4,603	8,219

^{**} Disposal costs for the half-year ended 31 December 2022 relate to costs incurred on the disposal of 30 Pirie Street, Adelaide and 2 Eden Park Drive, Macquarie Park.

Funds From Operations (continued)

*The Scheme incurred \$1,506,000 of disposal costs for the half-year ended 31 December 2022. As these costs are one off in nature, and not part of the underlying and recurring earnings of the Scheme, the directors have excluded them from the FFO calculation.

Cents per unit	Half-year ended 31 December 2023	Half-year ended 31 December 2022
Directors' assessment of Funds From Operations	4.0	7.4
Distributions declared	2.8	5.0
Payout ratio (Distributions declared/Funds From Operations)	70.0%	67.6%

Property portfolio

At 31 December 2023, the Scheme wholly owned a portfolio of five properties (30 June 2023: five properties) across Australian metropolitan and CBD markets, of which one, 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD, was held for sale. The portfolio was valued at \$284,650,000 (30 June 2023: \$310,400,000) and has a total net lettable area of 48,939 sqm (30 June 2023: 48,854 sqm).

Excluding 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD which was held for sale at 31 December 2023, with settlement expected in the coming months, the portfolio was valued at \$254,950,000 and has a total net lettable area of 44,289 sqm.

a) Leasing and occupancy

At 31 December 2023, the Scheme's investment properties weighted average lease expiry (WALE) expiry was 2.4 years (30 June 2023: 2.8 years) and occupancy rate was 62.7% (30 June 2023: 63.0%).

The above occupancy rate and WALE includes 10 Valentine Avenue, Parramatta, NSW, which was vacant and under refurbishment for the entirety of the half year, and 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD, which was held for sale at 31 December 2023. Excluding these two properties, occupancy was 93.0% and WALE 1.7 years.

b) Valuations

All investment properties were independently valued at 31 December 2023, with the exception of 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD, which was held for sale.

The weighted average capitalisation rate for the portfolio, excluding 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD which was held for sale, expanded to 7.1% at 31 December 2023 (30 June 2023: 6.5%).

Capital management

As at 31 December 2023, drawn borrowings totalled \$5,000,000 (30 June 2023: \$nil).

The Scheme's gearing (calculated as interest bearing liabilities, excluding unamortised establishment costs, less cash, divided by total tangible assets less cash) was 0.3% (30 June 2023: 0.0%).

The Scheme did not breach its debt covenants during the half-year ended 31 December 2023.

The Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP) was not active for the half-year ended 31 December 2023.

Outlook and guidance

The Scheme will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Scheme and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity will continue to focus on active portfolio management, including progressing asset management and refurbishment and repositioning initiatives at 10 Valentine Avenue, Parramatta, NSW and 150 Charlotte Street, Brisbane, QLD. The Scheme will also continue to explore and implement other initiatives to maximise returns for the Scheme's unitholders including, where appropriate, divesting assets.

The Responsible Entity provides distribution guidance of 1.50 cents per unit for the March 2024 quarter. This guidance is subject to no material change in the Scheme's portfolio, no material change in current market conditions and no unforeseen events. The Responsible Entity will provide distribution guidance on a quarterly basis.

The Responsible Entity will continue to review the Scheme's financial position, including its income profile, balance sheet position, debt facilities and associated covenants and will update the market should circumstances materially change.

Matters subsequent to the end of the half-year

On 25 January 2024, the Scheme entered into a contract to sell 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD for \$29,700,000, excluding settlement adjustments. Settlement is expected over the coming months, with net proceeds used to repay debt and held as cash. Following settlement the debt facility limit is expected to reduce from \$81,000,000 to \$60,000,000.

Other than the above matter, the Directors of the Responsible Entity are not aware of any other matter or circumstance arising since 31 December 2023 which has significantly affected or may significantly affect the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 or on the results and cash flows of the Scheme for the half-year ended on that date.

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Scheme that occurred during the half-year, except those mentioned elsewhere in the report.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

While insurance cover is in place, no insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Scheme in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited or the auditors of the Scheme. So long as the officers of Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited act in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Scheme. The auditors of the Scheme are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme.

Environmental regulation

The property operations within the Scheme are subject to environmental regulations under Australian law. There have been no known reportable breaches of these regulations.

Rounding of amounts

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 8.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited.

Eve Crestani

Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee

W Peter Day

Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman

22 February 2024



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Australian Unity Real Estate Investment Limited as Responsible Entity for Australian Unity Office Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the review of Australian Unity Office Fund for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

KPMG

David Kells

Partner

Sydney

22 February 2024

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income Half-year 2023 2022 Notes \$'000 \$'000 Income Rental income 4 10,736 21,333 (4,056) Property expenses 5 (6,418)Net property income 14,915 6,680 105 34 Interest income Net loss on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or (249)(810)Net fair value decrement of investment properties (30,830)10(b) (5,775)Total income net of property expenses (24,294)8,364 Expenses Management fees 947 1,625 Borrowing costs and other related costs 426 2,916 Disposal costs 1,506 Other expenses 725 1,338 Total expenses, excluding property expenses 2,098 7,385 (Loss)/profit attributable to unitholders (26,392) 979 Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to unitholders (26,392)979 Basic and diluted earnings per unit attributable to unitholders (cents per unit) (16.06)0.60

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated statement of financial position			
	3	1 December 2023	30 June 2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		4,179	43,864
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	11	2,107	2,356
Receivables		1,536	899
Other assets	9	433	707
Property held for sale		29,700	-
Investment properties	10	254,950	310,400
Total assets	_	292,905	358,226
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	8	2,466	41,096
Payables		2,812	3,508
Borrowings	12	5,000	-
Total liabilities	_	10,278	44,604
Net assets attributable to unitholders	7	282,627	313,622

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated statement of changes in equity		
	Half	-year
	2023 202	
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at the beginning of the half-year	313,622	371,491
Comprehensive (loss)/income for the half-year		
(Loss)/profit attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979
Transactions with unitholders		
Distributions paid and payable	(4,603)	(8,219)
Total transactions with unitholders	(4,603)	(8,219)
Balance at the end of the half-year	282,627	364,251

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	Half-year	
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Rental income received	11,967	24,849
Payments to suppliers	(6,226)	(9,361)
Interest received	105	34
Net cash inflow from operating activities	5,846	15,522
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for additions to investment properties	(6,873)	(3,764)
Net proceeds from sale of investment properties	-	72,188
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	(6,873)	68,424
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	5,000	6,701
Repayment of borrowings	-	(74,000)
Borrowings costs and other related costs paid	(426)	(2,774)
Distributions paid	(43,232)	(10,357)
Proceeds from terminating interest rate swaps	-	1,378
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(38,658)	(79,052)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(39,685)	4,894
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the half-year	43,864	3,261
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the half-year	4,179	8,155

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

		Page
1	General information	14
2	Basis of preparation	14
3	Segment Reporting	15
4	Rental income	16
5	Property expense	16
6	Other operating expenses	16
7	Net assets attributable to unitholders	17
8	Distributions to unitholders	17
9	Other assets	18
10	Investment properties	18
11	Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	20
12	Borrowings	20
13	Fair value measurement of financial instruments	21
14	Events occurring after end of the half-year	24
15	Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments	24

1 General information

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements (interim financials statements) cover Australian Unity Office Fund and its subsidiaries (the "Scheme"). The Scheme was constituted on 23 March 2005. The Scheme will terminate on the 80th anniversary unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited ("AUIREL") (ABN 86 606 414 368) (the "Responsible Entity"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Australian Unity Limited (ABN 23 087 648 888). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 15, 271 Spring Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000.

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

These interim financial statements are for the period 1 July 2023 to 31 December 2023.

These interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 22 February 2024. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the interim financial statements.

The Scheme's investment manager is Australian Unity Funds Management Limited (ABN 60 071 497 115) ("the Investment Manager"), a related party of the Responsible Entity.

The Scheme's property manager is Australian Unity Property Management Pty Ltd (ABN 76 073 590 600), a related party of the Responsible Entity.

2 Basis of preparation

These interim financial statements for the half-year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

These interim financial statements do not include all the notes of the type normally included in a set of annual financial statements. Accordingly, this report is to be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023 and any public announcements made in respect of the Scheme during the reporting period in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial period and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated.

The interim financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The consolidated statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are generally expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investment properties, financial assets (liabilities) held at fair value through profit or loss, borrowings and net assets attributable to unitholders, where the amount expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191* issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the interim financial statements. Amounts in the interim financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

As a for-profit entity, compliance with AASB 134 ensures that the interim financial report of the Scheme, comprising the interim financial statements and notes thereto, complies with the International Accounting Standard IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

New accounting standards and amendments adopted by the Scheme

The Scheme applied the following standard that became mandatory for the first time during the reporting period:

AASB 2021-2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates: This amends AASB Standards to improve accounting policy disclosures and clarify the distinction between accounting policies and accounting estimates.

The application of this accounting standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Scheme's condensed interim financial statements.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current financial period and the comparative period, unless otherwise stated.

3 Segment Reporting

The Scheme operates in one business segment being investment in real estate, and in one geographic segment being Australia. The Scheme's segments are based on the Scheme's operating activities being investing into real property.

The Scheme derives its income from investment in properties located in Australia and is deemed to have one operating segment which is consistent with the reporting reviewed by the chief operating decision makers, being the Directors of the Responsible Entity.

The Directors consider net assets attributable to unitholders (NTA) per unit, distributions per unit and the Directors' assessment of Property Council of Australia's definition of Funds from Operations (FFO) per unit to be key measures that reflect the underlying performance of the Scheme. A reconciliation of assets and liabilities to NTA per unit and the Scheme's net loss to FFO per unit for the period are tabled below:

\$'000	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
Total assets	292,905	358,226
Total liabilities	10,278	44,604
Net assets attributable to unitholders (NTA)	282,627	313,622
Units on issue ('000)	164,383	164,383
NTA per unit	\$1.72	\$1.91

\$'000	Half-year ended 31 December 2023	Half-year ended 31 December 2022
(Loss)/profit attributable to unitholders	(26,392)	979
Adjusted for:		
Straight lining of rental income and amortisation of leasing	1,151	1,896
Net loss on financial instruments held at fair value	249	810
Net fair value decrement of investment properties	30,830	5,775
Disposal costs	-	1,506
Amortisation of borrowing costs	69	306
Add back: Rental abatement incentives	606	866
Directors' assessment of Funds from Operations	6,513	12,138
Distributions declared	4,603	8,219
Units on issue ('000)	164,383	164,383
Distributions declared per unit	2.8	5.0
Directors' assessment of FFO per unit	4.0	7.4

	_		
4	Rent	al ın	come

	Half-year	
	2023 2	
	\$'000	\$'000
Rental income	9,418	19,076
Outgoings income	1,828	3,994
Amortisation of lease commissions & lease incentives	(510)	(1,737)
Total rental income	10,736	21,333

Rental income includes an adjustment for the straight lining of rental income of (\$641,206) (2022: (\$159,000)).

5 Property expense

	Half-year	
	2023	
	\$'000	\$'000
Recoverable outgoings	3,290	5,787
Non recoverable outgoings	398	841
Impairment loss/(reversal) on receivables	368	(210)
Total property expenses	4,056	6,418

6 Other operating expenses

	Half	-year
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Other expenses	725	1,338
Total other expenses	725	1,338

7 Net assets attributable to unitholders

As stipulated within the Scheme's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Scheme.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the half-year were as follows:

	Movement in no. of units Movement in ne Half-year Half-yea			
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Contributed equity	No. '000	No. '000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balances	164,383	164,383	374,067	374,067
Closing balance	164,383	164,383	374,067	374,067
Undistributed income				
Opening balance			(60,445)	(2,576)
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to	unitholders		(30,995)	(7,240)
Closing balance		_	(91,440)	(9,816)
Total net assets attributable to unitholders			282,627	364,251

8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions declared for the half-year were as follows:

	Half-year			
	2023	2023 2023		
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
30 September	2,137	1.3000	4,109	2.5000
31 December (payable)	2,466	1.5000	4,110	2.5000
	4,603	2.8000	8,219	5.0000

9 Other assets

	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
Project costs	\$'000 104	\$'000 -
Prepaid expenses	329	241
Total Prepaid expenses	433	241

10 Investment properties

(a) Property details

							Carrying	Value
	Туре	Ownershi	p Acquisition date	Independent Valuation date	Independent Valuation amount	Valuer	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
		(%)			\$'000		\$'000	
2-10 Valentine Ave, Parramatta, NSW	Office/Freehold	100%	07/12/2007	31/12/2023	95,500	Cushman & Wakefield	95,500	104,750
468 St Kilda Rd, Melbourne, VIC	Office/Freehold	100%	03/07/2007	31/12/2023	70,000	Cushman & Wakefield	70,000	78,000
150 Charlotte Street, Brisbane, QLD	Office/Freehold	100%	20/10/2017	31/12/2023	62,000	Cushman & Wakefield	62,000	66,250
96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD	Held for sale	100%	25/02/2022	-	-	-	29,700	31,900
64 Northbourne Avenue, Canberra	Office/Leasehold	100%	01/06/2005	31/12/2023	27,450	Knight Frank	27,450	29,500
Less: property held for sale							(29,700)	
Total investment properties							254,950	310,400

At 31 December 2023, the property at 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD has been reclassified to property held for sale due to the Scheme's intention to dispose of the asset. On 25 January 2024, the Scheme executed a contract for the sale of the asset for \$29,700,000 excluding settlement adjustments and management expects the property to settle in the coming months, with net proceeds used to repay debt and held as cash.

(b) Movements in carrying amount

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of investment properties for the reporting period are set out below:

	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	310,400	539,820
Additions	6,231	5,720
Disposals	-	(217,599)
Lease commissions and incentives amortisation	(510)	(4,729)
Straight-lining of rental income	(641)	(600)
Reclassification as property held for sale	(29,700)	-
Revaluation movements	(30,830)	(12,212)
Investment properties	254,950	310,400

		(continuca)
10 Investment properties (continued)		
(c) Movements in property held for sale		
	31 December 2023 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Opening balance	φ 000	Ψ000
Transfers from investment properties	29,700	-
Closing balance	29,700	-
(d) Leasing arrangements		
	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Within one year	13,323	17,831
Later than one year but not later than 5 years	21,013	23,278
Later than 5 years	9,931	11,569
	44,267	52,678

10 Investment properties (continued)

(e) Sensitivity information

A sensitivity analysis was undertaken to assess the impact of capitalisation rates, discount rates and terminal yields on the fair value of the investment properties. The estimated impact of a change in these significant unobservable inputs is illustrated in the table below. The sensitivity analysis excludes 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD which was held for sale at 31 December 2023.

	31 December 2023 \$'000	30 June 2023 \$'000
Adopted capitalisation rate (+0.25%) (June 2023: +0.25%)	(11,562)	(15,071)
Adopted capitalisation rate (-0.25%) (June 2023: -0.25%)	12,419	15,765
Adopted discount rate (+0.25%) (June 2023: +0.25%)	(5,482)	(6,885)
Adopted discount rate (-0.25%) (June 2023: -0.25%)	5,583	7,056
Adopted terminal yield (+0.25%) (June 2023: +0.25%)	(6,724)	(9,296)
Adopted terminal yield (-0.25%) (June 2023: -0.25%)	7,056	10,014
11 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	31 December	30 June
	2023	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Derivative assets	2,107	2,356
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	2,107	2,356
12 Borrowings	31 December	30 June
	2023	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Bank loan	5,000	
	5,000	

The Scheme's \$81,000,000 debt facility (\$81,000,000 at 30 June 2023), of which \$5,000,000 was drawn at 31 December 2023 (nil at 30 June 2023), is expected to reduce to \$60,000,000 following the settlement of 96 York Street, Beenleigh QLD and expires on 17 March 2025. The facility is secured against the assets of the Scheme and is non-recourse to unitholders. The Scheme did not breach its debt covenants during the half-year ended 31 December 2023.

		(continued)
12 Borrowings (continued)		
The Scheme had access to:		
	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Credit facilities		
Cash advance facilities	81,000	81,000
Drawn balance	(5,000)	
Undrawn balance	76,000	81,000
	31 December 2023	30 June 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Analysis of changes in consolidated net debt		
Opening balance	(43,864)	167,039
Net drawdown/(repayment) of borrowings	5,000	(170,300)
Other cash movements	39,685	(40,603)
Closing balance	821	(43,864)
Bank loan	5,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents	(4,179)	(43,864)
Consolidated net debt	821	(43,864)

Refer to the Consolidated statement of cash flows for further information on cash flow movements.

13 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

This note provides an update on the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments since the last annual financial report. The Scheme measures and recognises financial assets/(liabilities) held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

(a) Fair value hierarchy

The Scheme is required to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

13 Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The table below sets out the Scheme's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at the reporting date.

All fair value measurements disclosed are recurring fair value measurements.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2023	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivatives Total financial assets	-	2,107	-	2,107
_	-	2,107		2,107
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties				
Property held for sale	-	-	254,950	254,950
Total non-financial assets	-	-	29,700	29,700
_	-	-	284,650	284,650
30 June 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or				
loss				
Derivatives		0.050		0.050
Total financial assets	<u> </u>	2,356		2,356
-	- -	2,356		2,356
Non-financial assets Investment properties				
Total non-financial assets	-	-	310,400	310,400
_ _	-		310,400	310,400

The Scheme's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 for fair value hierarchy during the half-year ended 31 December 2023 (30 June 2023: \$nil).

13 Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

(b) Valuation techniques

(i) Derivatives

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations, or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include over-the-counter derivatives.

The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated using a discounted cash flow model as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves. The model incorporates various inputs including both credit and debit valuation adjustments for counterparty and own credit risk, and interest rate curves.

The stated fair value of each financial instruments at the end of the reporting period represents the Responsible Entity's best estimate at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Investment properties

The investment property valuation policy is to have independent valuations conducted regularly, typically annually, to aid with the determination of the assets fair value. In determining the fair value of an investment property, the primary appropriate method of assessment is considered to be via reconciliation between the discounted cash flow and income capitalisation methods. Direct comparison may also be used as a secondary assessment method.

- Discounted cash flow method this methodology involves formulating a projection of net income over a specified time horizon, normally 10 years, and discounting this cash flow including the projected terminal value at the end of the projection period at an appropriate market-derived discount rate. The present value of this discounted cash flow provides a guide to the fair value of the property;
- Income capitalisation method this methodology involves the assessment of a net market income for the
 various components of the subject property. The net market income is capitalised at a rate derived from the
 analysis of comparable sales evidence to derive a capital value. Appropriate capital adjustments are then
 made where necessary to reflect the adopted cash flow profile and the general risk characteristic of the
 property; and
- Direct comparison method this methodology identifies comparable sales on a dollar per square metre of
 lettable area and compares the equivalent rates to the subject property to establish the property's market
 value. This approach is somewhat subjective given the fact that specific items of income and expenditure
 are difficult to directly reflect and compare when adopting a rate per metre.

At each reporting date the appropriateness of those valuations is assessed by the Responsible Entity.

The responsible entity elected to independently revalue all investment properties at 31 December 2023, other than 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD which was held for sale, with the independent valuation considered by the Responsible Entity to represent the best estimate of fair value as at the end of the reporting period.

If an investment property is sold in the future the price achieved may be higher or lower than the most recent valuation, or higher or lower than the fair value recorded in the consolidated financial statements if that differs from the valuation.

(c) Fair value of other financial instruments

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of the receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

Borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs and any discount or premium on settlement. The fair value of borrowings approximates the carrying amount.

14 Events occurring after end of the half-year

On 25 January 2024, the Scheme entered into a contract to sell 96 York Street, Beenleigh, QLD for \$29,700,000, excluding settlement adjustments. Settlement is expected over the coming months, with net proceeds used to repay debt and held as cash. Following settlement the debt facility limit is expected to reduce from \$81,000,000 to \$60,000,000.

Other than the above matter, the Directors of the Responsible Entity are not aware of any other matter or circumstance arising since 31 December 2023 which has significantly affected or may significantly affect the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 or on the results and cash flows of the Scheme for the half-year ended on that date.

15 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 31 December 2023 (30 June 2023: \$nil).

Commitments arising from contracts principally relating to capital expenditure on investment properties which are contracted for at reporting date but not recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position are \$10,714,065 (30 June 2023: \$130,000).

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Australian Unity Investment Real Estate Limited, the Responsible Entity of Australian Unity Office Fund (the Scheme):

- (a) The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes set out on pages 9 to 24 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated Scheme's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial reporting period ended on that date.
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards as it relates to AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (c) The consolidated financial statements are in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Eve Crestani

Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee

W Peter Day

Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman

22 February 2024



Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the unitholders of Australian Unity Office Fund

Conclusion

We have reviewed the accompanying **Half-year Financial Report** of Australian Unity Office Fund.

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Half-year Financial Report of Australian Unity Office Fund does not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2023 and of its performance for the Half-year ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The *Half-year Financial Report* comprises:

- Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023
- Consolidated statement of comprehensive income, Consolidated statement of changes in equity and Consolidated statement of cash flows for the Halfyear ended on that date
- Notes 1 to 15 including selected explanatory notes
- The Directors' declaration.

The *Group* comprises Australian Unity Office Fund (the Scheme) and the entities it controlled at the Half year's end or from time to time during the Half-year.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.* Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the annual financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.



Responsibilities of the Directors of the Responsible Entity for the Half-year Financial Report

The Directors of Australian Unity Real Estate Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Registered Scheme, are responsible for:

- the preparation of the Half-year Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001; and
- such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Half-year Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Half-year Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Half-year Financial Report based on our review. ASRE 2410 requires us to conclude whether we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Half-year Financial Report does not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001* including giving a true and fair view of the Group]'s financial position as at 31 December 2023 and its performance for the Half-Year ended on that date, and complying with *Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

A review of a Half-year Financial Report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

KPMG

David Kells

Partner

Sydney

22 February 2024