N1 Holdings Limited Appendix 4E Preliminary final report

N 1 Holdings

Appendix 4E

Preliminary final report

N1 Holdings Limited

ACN: 609 268 279

The following information is provided pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 4.3A.

N1 Holdings Limited (ASX: **N1H**, **N1** or **Company**) is pleased to provide its preliminary final report for the reporting period being the financial year ended 30 June 2024 (**FY24**) to shareholders. The previous corresponding period was the financial year ended 30 June 2023 (**FY23**).

Results for announcement to the market

The financial year has seen a significant growth in both the Company's revenue, profit and EBITDA. Key results on an unaudited basis are as follows:

- Revenue increased by 31.8% to \$18.44 million (FY23: \$13.99m).
- Profit from ordinary activities after tax increased by 218.3% to \$1,085,355 (FY23: \$340,945).
- Net profit for the year attributable to shareholders increased by 218.3% to \$1,085,355 (FY23: \$340,945) (please note, there was a typo in the original version of this lodgement).
- Normalised EBITDA increased by 15.08% to \$1.18 million (FY23: \$1,025,860).
- Cash balance as of 30 June 2024 is over \$13.53 million.
- Earnings per share of 1.23 cents. The board will determine whether to issue a dividend for FY24 after completion of the audit.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Profit before income tax	688,723	109,767
Add: Interest expense – Corporate*	73,478	181,766
Add: Depreciation and amortisation Add: Once off write-off of realty service income due to lost	309,393	404,352
management**	108,986	-
Add: Goodwill impairment resulting from sale of rent roll		329,975
Normalised EBITDA	1,180,580	1,025,860

* Interest expense and interest income from commercial loan receivable are still included in the EBITDA. The EBITDA only excludes the interest expenses relating to the corporate and bank loans, as well as interest expenses in relation to AASB 16 Leases.

** A once off amount of \$108,986 was written off from the total amount of realty service income due to rent roll sales retention clause. The retention period ended on 10 December 2023.

N1 Holdings concluded the financial year with stellar financial performance, led by our core lending solution in the private credit sector. The Company has achieved 31.8% growth in revenue and uplifted profit by 218.3%.

The reported financial year has marked a milestone of streamlining our costs and operations as initiated by the management of the Company following disposal of the realty business in FY23. Financial services revenue is now approaching 95% of group revenue. The execution of the streamlining strategy has greatly enhanced the resource allocation and productivity of the business, as evident by the Company's revenue and profitability growth. Whilst the management does not speculate on future rates movements, we continue to focus on funding capacity and cost of funds, in order to further strengthen the Net Interest Margin (NIM), with strong confidence of the Company's ability to scale new heights. We will continue to push growth and seek to gain competitive advantage by wielding economies of scale.

As at the end of the reported period, the Company had access to and managed over \$134 million in committed lending capacity, consisting of approximately \$30 million of balance sheet capital raised from private debt, \$86 million under debt facilities and approximately \$18 million of mortgage funds under management. (Please note: the mortgage funds are not consolidated into the Company's financial statements. These mortgage funds are managed by N1 Venture Pty Ltd, a 100% owned subsidiary of N1H). The Company has repaid a debt facility over \$14.6m during the reporting period as part of the cost of fund streamline strategy.

N1 Holdings is well positioned to increase its funding size and expand third party distribution channels. As laid out in the strategy blueprint from the previous financial year, management will tap the effectiveness and efficiency of our simplified business model, further strengthening the balance sheet of the Company with profits which, over time, together with scale will create a prominent and positive impact on the return of equity. Earnings per share and net tangible assets per ordinary security has grown over the reporting period. Profit reinvested into funding capacity will further enhance our cost of funds and subsequently improve the efficiency of capital deployment.

The Company also encourages rigid compliance and regulatory framework in the private credit space, with the aim to establish long term sustainable development of the private lending industry. In the coming new financial year, the management will take an even more active role in promoting corporate governance, regulatory compliance, ESG awareness and ethical lending practice, setting a benchmark as a leader in the industry.

1. Company details

Name of entity:	N1 Holdings Limited
ACN:	609 268 279
Reporting period:	For the year ended 30 June 2024
Previous period:	For the year ended 30 June 2023

2. Results for announcement to the market

			\$
Revenues from ordinary activities	up	31.8% to	18,446,807
Profit from ordinary activities after tax attributable to shareholders	up	218.3% to	1,085,355
Net profit for the year attributable to shareholders	up	218.3% to	1,085,355

Dividends

There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current financial year (2023: \$202,528).

Comments

The profit for the Group after providing for income tax amounted to \$1,085,355 (30 June 2023: \$340,945).

	Consolidated		
	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Profit before income tax	688,723	109,767	
Add: Interest expense - Corporate*	73,478	181,766	
Add: Depreciation and amortisation	309,393	404,352	
Add: Once off write-off of realty service income due to lost management*	108,986	-	
Add: Goodwill impairment resulting from sale of rent roll		329,975	
Normalised EBITDA	1,180,580	1,025,860	

* Interest expense and interest income from commercial loan receivable are still included in the EBITDA. The EBITDA only excludes the interest expenses relating to the corporate and bank loans, as well as interest expenses in relation to AASB 16 Leases.

* A once off amount of \$108,986 was written off from the total amount of realty service income due to rent roll sales retention clause. The retention period ended on 10 December 2023.

3. Net tangible assets

Reporting Previo period perio Cents Cents	d
er ordinary security 1.14	0.37
er ordinary security 1.14	(

4. Control gained over entities

Name of entity (or group of entities)
Date control gained

Name of entity (or group of entities) Date control gained N1 Holdings Trust 2023-1 13 October 2023

RHCAP Pty Ltd 24 April 2024

5. Loss of control over entities

Not applicable.

6. Dividends

Current period There were no dividends paid, recommended or declared during the current financial year.

Previous period

There were \$202,528 dividends declared and paid during the previous financial period.

	Amount per security Cents	Franked amount per security Cents
Dividends declared and paid during the previous financial period	0.230	-

7. Dividend reinvestment plans

Not applicable.

8. Details of associates and joint venture entities

Not applicable.

9. Foreign entities

Details of origin of accounting standards used in compiling the report: Not applicable.

10. Audit qualification or review

Details of audit/review dispute or qualification (if any): This report is based on accounts which are in the process of being audited. It is not considered likely that any audit qualification will arise.

11. Attachments

Details of attachments (if any): Refer to the attached unaudited financial statements and related notes.

12. Signed

Signed ______ N

Date: 30 August 2024

N1 Holdings Limited Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2024

N 1 Holdings

		Consoli	dated
	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue	3	18,446,807	13,993,574
Other income	4	107,046	96,354
Expenses Interest expense Employee cost Consulting and referral fees Professional fee Sales and marketing Depreciation and amortisation Office and administrative expense Loss on disposal/write-off of assets Travel cost Occupancy cost and utilities Finance cost IT and technology Impairment loss on goodwill		(12,047,306) (2,573,372) (1,119,833) (593,830) (437,292) (309,393) (274,916) (183,473) (167,065) (126,626) (27,801) (4,223)	$(8,142,187) \\ (2,557,214) \\ (1,265,240) \\ (499,509) \\ (191,215) \\ (440,606) \\ (195,649) \\ - \\ (119,875) \\ (160,835) \\ (75,580) \\ (2,276) \\ (329,975) \\ (329,975) \\ (2,576) \\ (329,975) \\ (2,576) \\ (329,975) \\ (2,576) \\ (329,975) \\ (2,576) \\ (329,975) \\ (329,$
Profit before income tax benefit		688,723	109,767
Income tax benefit		396,632	231,178
Profit after income tax benefit for the year		1,085,355	340,945
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,085,355	340,945
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	1 1	1.23 1.23	0.39 0.39

N1 Holdings Limited Consolidated statement of financial position As at 30 June 2024

Trade and other receivables 5 1,920,843 2,837,45 Contract assets 6 292,745 324,03 Commercial loan receivables 7 93,059,428 76,974,93 Other current assets 93,882 140,83 98,085 196,03 Total current assets 108,988,096 87,491,97 108,988,096 87,491,97 Non-current assets 6 827,044 866,20 044 98,062 86,20 Contract assets 6 827,044 866,20 044 94,04 742,21 Deferred tax assets 6 827,014 94,04 742,21 123,70 Commercial loan receivables 7 3,257,018 124,07,78 Other on-current assets 195,331 266,057 156,29,291 2,407,78 Total assets 114,617,387 89,899,759 114,617,387 89,899,759 Liabilities 114,617,387 89,899,759 124,07,89 129,141 17,229 Loan and borrowings 9 25,825,780 21,380,000 273,151 286,256 23,957,146 2,280,461 107,601 73,2		Note	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents 13,532,013 7,019,12 Trade and other receivables 5 1,920,843 2,837,453 Commercial toan receivables 7 93,059,428 76,974,93 Other financial assets 93,059,428 76,974,93 93,059,428 76,974,93 Other funancial assets 93,059,428 76,974,93 93,059,428 76,974,93 Total current assets 98,685 196,033 716,742,93 93,059,428 76,974,93 Non-current assets 6 827,044 886,20 66,27,044 886,20 016,986,096 87,491,97 Non-current assets 6 827,044 886,20 157,927 157,922 157,927 157,918 00her on-ourrent assets 1,95,741,83 142,01,43 129,44 142,01,43 142,01,43 19,92,94 <th>Assets</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Assets			
Contract assets 6 827,044 886,20 Other financial assets 157,927 157,927 157,927 Property, plant and equipment 449,940 742,71 Deferred tax assets 627,811 231,17 Intrangible assets 8 114,220 123,70 Commercial loan receivables 7 3,257,018 195,331 266,055 Total assets 195,331 266,051 5,629,291 2,407,78 Total assets 114,617,387 89,899,751 5,629,291 2,407,78 Current liabilities 10,601 73,229 1,200,141 20,601 73,229 Lease liabilities 1,605,849 1,290,142 20,601 2,325,780 21,380,000 Lease liabilities 1,605,849 1,290,144 28,67,80 21,380,000 23,57,146 2,280,461 Provisions 1,280,144 248,620 23,57,146 2,280,461 21,320,60 21,380,000 23,351,146 2,280,461 26,055 21,380,000 24,55,550,093 30,384,751 25,550,093	Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Contract assets Commercial loan receivables Other financial assets Other current assets	6	1,920,843 292,745 93,059,428 93,382 89,685	7,019,128 2,837,458 324,039 76,974,937 140,382 196,030 87,491,974
Liabilities Current liabilities Trade and other payables 1,605,849 1,290,142 Contract liabilities 107,601 73,299 Loan and borrowings 9 25,825,780 21,380,000 Lease liabilities 273,151 226,825,780 21,380,000 Deferred income 2,357,146 2,280,466 Provisions 2,357,146 2,280,466 Total current liabilities 30,384,751 25,550,099 Non-current liabilities 312,306 200,455 Loan and borrowings 9 81,920,364 63,009,600 Lease liabilities 312,306 200,455 242,454 204,155 Contract liabilities 9 81,920,364 63,009,600 70,650 343,792 Provisions 70,650 343,793 242,454 204,155 Total non-current liabilities 112,930,525 89,308,093 112,930,525 89,308,093 Net assets 1,686,862 591,663 591,663 1,686,862 591,663 Equity Issu	Contract assets Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets Commercial loan receivables Other non-current assets	8	157,927 449,940 627,811 114,220 3,257,018 	886,204 157,927 742,717 231,178 123,708 - 266,050 2,407,784
Current liabilities 1,605,849 1,290,143 Contract liabilities 107,601 73,294 Loan and borrowings 9 25,825,780 21,380,000 Lease liabilities 2,357,146 2,280,460 Deferred income 2,357,146 2,280,460 Provisions 23,57,146 2,280,460 Total current liabilities 30,384,751 25,550,093 Contract liabilities 30,384,751 25,550,093 Non-current liabilities 312,306 200,455 Loan and borrowings 9 81,920,364 63,009,600 Lease liabilities 70,650 343,799 Provisions 242,454 204,156 Total non-current liabilities 82,545,774 63,758,000 Total non-current liabilities 112,930,525 89,308,099 Net assets 1,686,862 591,663 Equity 112,930,525 89,308,092 Issued capital 6,954,061 6,954,061 Options reserve 216,368 206,522 Retained earnings (5,	Total assets		114,617,387	89,899,758
Contract liabilities 312,306 200,455 Loan and borrowings 9 81,920,364 63,009,600 Lease liabilities 70,650 343,794 Provisions 242,454 204,156 Total non-current liabilities 112,930,525 89,308,094 Net assets 1,686,862 591,665 Equity 1ssued capital 6,954,061 6,954,061 Options reserve 216,368 206,524 Retained earnings (5,483,567) (6,568,922)	Current liabilities Trade and other payables Contract liabilities Loan and borrowings Lease liabilities Deferred income Provisions Total current liabilities	9	107,601 25,825,780 273,151 2,357,146 	1,290,142 73,294 21,380,000 286,825 2,280,466 239,368 25,550,095
Net assets 1,686,862 591,663 Equity Issued capital 6,954,061 6,954,061 Options reserve 216,368 206,524 Retained earnings (5,483,567) (6,568,922)	Contract liabilities Loan and borrowings Lease liabilities Provisions	9	81,920,364 70,650 242,454	200,451 63,009,601 343,798 204,150 63,758,000
Equity 6,954,061 6,954,061 6,954,061 6,954,061 0	Total liabilities		112,930,525	89,308,095
Issued capital 6,954,061 6,954,061 Options reserve 216,368 206,524 Retained earnings (5,483,567) (6,568,922)	Net assets		1,686,862	591,663
1,686,862 591,663	Issued capital Options reserve		216,368	6,954,061 206,524 (6,568,922) 591,663

N1 Holdings Limited Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

Consolidated	lssued capital \$	Share-based payment reserve \$	Retained profits \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	6,654,061	206,524	(6,707,339)	153,246
Profit after income tax benefit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	340,945	340,945
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	340,945	340,945
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i> Conversion of convertible notes Dividends paid	300,000	-	- (202,528)	300,000 (202,528)
Balance at 30 June 2023	6,954,061	206,524	(6,568,922)	591,663

Consolidated	lssued capital \$	Share-based payment reserve \$	Retained profits \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2023	6,954,061	206,524	(6,568,922)	591,663
Profit after income tax benefit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-		1,085,355 -	1,085,355
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,085,355	1,085,355
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i> Share-based payments		9,844		9,844
Balance at 30 June 2024	6,954,061	216,368	(5,483,567)	1,686,862

N1 Holdings Limited Consolidated statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

N1Holdings

	Note	Consol 2024	2023
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		19,970,027	13,418,714
Interest received from bank deposit		104,654	75,995
Payments to suppliers and employees		(4,847,880)	(5,125,816)
Net increase in fund lent as commercial loans		(19,779,523)	(17,586,626)
Net increase in fund received for commercial loans		23,936,543	11,227,537
Interest and other finance costs paid for commercial loans		(12,001,627)	(8,072,255)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		7,382,194	(6,062,451)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(14,121)	(84,081)
Purchase of Intangible assets	8	(14,121)	(8,260)
Loan to third parties	U	47,000	30,000
Proceeds from disposal of SBP		38,113	588,400
Net cash from investing activities		70,992	526,059
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings and loans		(580,000)	(871,072)
Payment of finance cost and interest		(54,492)	(149,615)
Dividends paid		(0 1, 102)	(202,528)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(305,809)	(363,986)
Net cash used in financing activities		(940,301)	(1,587,201)
		(040,001)	(1,007,201)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		6,512,885	(7,123,593)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		7,019,128	14,142,721
Cash and each aquivalents at the end of the financial year		12 522 012	7 010 129
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		13,532,013	7,019,128

Note 1. Earnings per share

	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
Profit after income tax	1,085,355	340,945
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	88,055,573	87,832,285
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	1.23 1.23	0.39 0.39

Note 2. Operating segments

Identification of reportable operating segments

The Group is organised into four operating segments: financial services, real estate services, migration services and other. These operating segments are based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Board of Directors (who are identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers ('CODM')) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

Financial services

This segment refers to the operating activities in the area of financial service business mainly including:

- Commercial loan lending
- Mortgage broking
- Advisory service

The Group lends privately raised funds to commercial borrowers and earns loan facility set up related fees, interest income as well as management fees from mortgage funds issued and managed by N1 Venture Pty Ltd.

The Group acts as a mortgage broker that provides its customers with advice and support and receives commission payments on loans originated through its network of customers.

The Group provides financial advisory, trustee and fund management services to its customers and receives advisory service fees.

Real estate services

The Group conducts real estate services through N1 Realty Pty Ltd focuses on the property sales.

Migration services

The Group provides migration services to its customers through N1 Migration Pty Ltd which holds a migration agent licence.

Other business operations that are not separately reportable, as well as costs associated with enterprise functions (such as Administration, Finance and Treasury) are included in 'Other'.

The CODM reviews EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation). The accounting policies adopted for internal reporting to the CODM are consistent with those adopted in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2. Operating segments (continued)

Operating segment information

	Financial services	Real estate services	Migration services	Other	
Consolidated - 2024	\$	\$	\$	\$	Total \$
Revenue Revenue Interest income Other income Total revenue	17,408,817 78,417 <u>(9)</u> 17,487,225	1,381 - - 1,381	32,045 260 - 32,305	1,004,564 25,976 <u>2,402</u> 1,032,942	18,446,807 104,653
Segment operating profit/(loss) before income tax Profit/(loss) before income tax benefit Income tax benefit Profit after income tax benefit	3,372,201 3,372,201	(117,371) (117,371)	(84,704) (84,704)	(2,481,403) (2,481,403)	688,723 688,723 396,632 1,085,355
Material items include: Interest expense calculated using the effective interest method Depreciation and amortisation	<u>12,022,505</u> (270,463)	(2,644)	-	24,801 (36,286)	
Assets Segment assets Intersegment eliminations Total assets	96,740,422	2,394	29,613	49,025,527	145,797,956 _(31,180,569) _114,617,387
Liabilities Segment liabilities Intersegment eliminations Total liabilities	83,992,880	1,757,243	252,413	47,448,885	133,451,421 (20,520,896) 112,930,525

Note 2. Operating segments (continued)

	Financial services	Real estate services	Migration services	Other	
Consolidated - 2023	\$	\$	\$	\$	Total \$
Revenue Revenue Interest income Other income Total revenue	13,510,932 72,762 (17) 13,583,677	423,828 - 10,874 434,702	58,814 174 - 58,988	- 3,059 9,502 12,561	13,993,574 75,995 20,359 14,089,928
Segment operating profit/(loss) before income tax Profit/(loss) before income tax benefit Income tax benefit Profit after income tax benefit	<u>1,858,037</u> 1,858,037	(275,874) (275,874)	(61,264) (61,264)	(1,411,132) (1,411,132)	109,767 109,767 231,178 340,945
<i>Material items include:</i> Interest expense calculated using the effective interest method Depreciation and amortisation	(7,931,352) (306,690)	(33,233) (22,047)	-	(177,602) (111,869)	(8,142,187) (440,606)
Assets Segment assets Intersegment eliminations Total assets	95,606,307	20,781	32,101	27,384,575	123,043,764 (33,144,006) 89,899,758
Liabilities Segment liabilities Intersegment eliminations Total liabilities	89,787,396	1,884,797	170,198	19,945,530	111,787,921 _(22,479,826)

Note 3. Revenue

Disaggregation of revenue

The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Mortgage broking and commercial lending origination commission Mortgage broking trail commission	874,908 323.094	725,249 378.915
Net movement in trail commission asset valuation Commercial lending interest income	(236,616) 15,256,759	243,146 7,731,717
Other services relating to commercial lending	2,076,027	4,072,905
Real estate service Migration service	1,381 32,045	423,828 58,814
Advisory service	119,209	359,000
	18,446,807	13,993,574

Note 3. Revenue (continued)

Geographical regions

Consol	idated
2024 \$	2023 \$
18,446,807	13,993,574

Australia

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations based on the services rendered for its real estate service and the interest earned over time for its commercial lending interest income. The analysis of the revenue recognition point is as below:

	2024	2024	2023	2023
	At point in time \$	Over time \$	At point in time \$	Over time \$
Mortgage origination commission	874,908	-	725,249	-
Mortgage broking trail commission	323,094	-	378,915	-
Net movement in trail commission asset valuation	(236,616)	-	243,146	-
Commercial lending interest income	-	15,256,759	-	7,731,717
Other service fees relating to commercial lending	2,076,027	-	4,072,905	-
Real estate service	1,381	-	157,245	266,583
Migration service	32,045	-	58,814	-
Advisory service	119,209	-	359,000	-
	3,190,048	15,256,759	5,995,274	7,998,300

Mortgage broking services

The Group provides a service of introducing applicants to lenders as part of the process to originate a loan and receive commissions for the service provided. The service activities that form part of this process are interrelated and interdependent of each other and form a single performance obligation. The Group recognises commission as revenue upon the settlement of loans, which is when the performance obligation is completed.

The deferral of a portion of the commission as trail commission is a mechanism by which lenders incentivise brokers to introduce quality applicants that will not refinance their loans and therefore maximise the life of the loan. This mechanism affects the transaction price, but it does not give rise to a separate performance obligation. As a result, trail commission is also recognised as revenue upon settlement of loans and at the same time, the right to trail commission is recognised as a contract asset on the statement of financial position. The contract asset will only become a financial asset (i.e. a receivable) when the right to the consideration is unconditional. This is expected to be as each month's entitlement to the trail commission is established, i.e. when an invoice is raised to the aggregator.

The Group recognises trailing commission as revenue only if it is highly probable that a change in the estimate of the variable consideration would not result in a significant reversal of the cumulative revenue already recognised.

The upfront origination commission is recognised at its transactions price and the trailing commission is recognised by using the expected value approach constrained by avoiding possible future downward revenue adjustments (i.e., revenue reversals).

Note 3. Revenue (continued)

The Group is a principal because it controls its service activities during the loan application process and is entitled to gross commissions from lenders/aggregators. As a result, the revenue for commission earned is presented on a gross basis. The portion payable to commission-based brokers is recorded separately and recognised as trail commission liabilities at reporting date.

Commercial lending interest income

Commercial lending interest income (including loan establishment fee received) from commercial loan receivables is recognised using the effective interest method.

Other service fees relating to commercial lending

Other service fees include management fee, loan processing and administration service fee, discharge fee, break fee, and monthly line fee. Other service fees are recognised when the services are delivered.

Real estate service

The Group receives commissions and fees derived from real estate sales. They are recognised at the time that unconditional exchange of contracts between vendors and purchasers take place.

Migration service fee and advisory service fee

Migration service fee and advisory service fee are recognised at the point in time when the services are delivered.

Note 4. Other income

	Consolic	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Interest income	104,653	75,995	
Others	2,393	20,359	
Other income	107,046	96,354	

Note 5. Trade and other receivables

	Consoli	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Current assets			
Trade receivables	1,405,182	2,333,718	
Interest receivable	439,357	434,375	
Agent commission clawback receivable	76,304	69,365	
	1,920,843	2,837,458	

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at their transaction price (as defined in AASB 15) and subsequently measured at amortised cost (on the basis that the Group's business model is to hold and collect contractual cash flows which are solely for payments of trade and other receivables).

The impairment assessment required by AASB 9 for financial assets is based on the forward-looking expected credit loss ('ECL') model.

The simplified approach is adopted to assess the impairment of trade and other receivables. Under the simplified approach, life time expected credit losses are estimated based on historically incurred and forward expected credit losses, both of which are examined and assessed to determine the amount of impairment as at reporting date. Specifically, the Group applies credit loss factors determined from estimation of customer default probability and loss percentage on current observable data which include:

Note 5. Trade and other receivables (continued)

- forecasts of economic conditions such as unemployment, interest rates, gross domestic product and inflation;
- financial difficulties of a counterparty or probability that a counterparty will enter bankruptcy; and
- conditions specific to the asset to which the receivable relates.

Debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off when identified.

Credit risk

The Group has credit risk exposure in relation to commercial lending interest and fees receivable from multiple companies.

On a geographic basis, the Group has significant credit risk exposures in Australia only.

As at 30 June 2024, the Group has recorded a provision of \$162,886 (2023: \$47,135) for trade and other receivables assessed to be impaired.

As at 30 June 2024, the amount of all trade and other receivables past due but not impaired is \$507,976 (2023: \$1,680,138).

Note 6. Contract assets

	Conso	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Current assets Contract assets - current	292,745	324,039	
Non-current assets Contract assets	827,044	886,204	

The contract asset relates to future trail income for the mortgage broking service. It is recognised and measured by using the expected cashflow approach. The contract asset will only become a financial asset (i.e. a receivable) when the right to the consideration is unconditional. This is at the point when monthly trail commission is invoiced to the aggregator.

Reconciliation of the contract assets at the beginning and end of the current financial

year are set out below: Opening balance Expected trail commission from new loans and commission step up and effect of the	1,210,243	958,079
change in the valuation model Trail commission received	232,640 (323,094)	631,079 (378,915)
	1,119,789	1,210,243

The Group receives trailing commissions from lenders on settled loans over the life of the loan based on the loanbook balance outstanding subject to the loan continuing to perform. The Group also makes trailing commission payments to brokers based on their individual loanbook balance outstanding.

The contract assets and the corresponding payable to brokers are determined by using the discounted cash flow valuation technique.

The expected cashflow approach requires the use of key assumptions to determine the amortised cost at balance sheet date including the future run-off rate of the underlying loan portfolio, the discount rate and the percentage paid to individual brokers working under the Group's management. The future run-off rate used is actually a series of rates applied to the underlying loans based primarily on their age at the date of valuation. The weighted average life shown below is the result of the series of future run-off rates applied to the specific loan data at the balance sheet date.

Note 6. Contract assets (continued)

The determination of the assumptions to be used in the valuation is made by Management based primarily on a variety of contributing factors including: an annual assessment of the underlying loan portfolio, historical run-off rate analysis and consideration of current and future economic factors. These factors are complex and the determination of assumptions requires a high degree of judgement.

	Consolidated	
	2024 %	2023 %
Discount rate Average percentage of trailing commission entitled by the Group	8.87% 61.28%	8.87% 76.66%
Weighted average loan life (in years)	4.65	4.05

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of contract asset value is mainly raised from discount rate used in the valuation. The sensitivity analysis is shown as below:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Discount rate - increase 2% (2023: 2%) Discount rate - decrease 2% (2023: 2%)	1,066,538 1,179,690	1,148,504 1,345,149
Note 7. Commercial loan receivables		
	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
Current assets Commercial loan receivables	93,059,428	76,974,937
<i>Non-current assets</i> Commercial loan receivables	3,257,018	

The Group raises funds to lend money to commercial entities on a short-term basis and earns interest income. The loans are secured with established real property or land in line with the Group's lending requirements.

Recognition and measurement

Loan receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the loan and subsequently measured at amortised cost (on the basis that the Group's business model is to hold and collect contractual cash flow that are solely for payments of principals and interest on principal amounts outstanding.

Credit risk management

The Group continuously monitors the credit quality of the borrowers based on a credit rating scorecard. The Group assesses each of its commercial loans by using a credit scoring model that is based on current and historical past due statuses, indebtedness, loan-to-value measures ('LTV measures'), and the loan size. The forecasted business default rates, price of property and mortgage default rates may be factored into the Credit Scoring. The Credit Scoring Level and corresponding Probability of Default is documented and reviewed regularly by both Accounting and Credit Management Department.

Credit quality - Security held against loans

Note 7. Commercial loan receivables (continued)

N1Holdings

	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
Secured by mortgage over real estate Secured by other credit enhancement	95,683,634 632,813	76,328,637 646,300
	96,316,447	76,974,937
	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
Loan to valuation ratio of equal to or less than 70% - first mortgage Loan to valuation ratio of equal to or less than 70% - second mortgage Loan to valuation ratio of more than 70% - first mortgage Loan to valuation ratio of more than 70% - second mortgage	61,368,384 4,059,653 30,255,598 632,812	48,030,807 7,452,147 20,078,398 1,413,585
	96,316,447	76,974,937
	Consol 2024 \$	idated 2023 \$
LVR buckets 0-60% 60.01%-70% 70.01%-75% 75%+ Other *	22,044,714 43,383,323 30,255,598 - 632,812	18,134,694 35,406,960 21,491,983 1,295,000 646,300
	96,316,447	76,974,937

* The security property of this default loan will be listed on market for sale. Following the completion of this potential sale, the entire remaining loan balance reduced by any credit enhancement received will be sold via a nonrecourse assignment. The credit enhancement includes financial guarantees from the directors of the borrower's parent entity. The Group's board of directors has reviewed and approved the potential transaction.

Concentration of loans

Concentration risk is a measurement of the Group's exposure to an individual counterparty (or a group of related parties). Concentration exposures to counterparties are closely monitored.

	Consol	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Geographical concentrations			
New South Wales	77,994,503	54,078,443	
Victoria	11,742,130	10,035,400	
Queensland	1,256,607	8,377,500	
South Australia	4,465,607	2,988,500	
Australian Capital Territory	857,600	1,495,094	
	96,316,447	76,974,937	

Note 7. Commercial loan receivables (continued)

Impairment assessment

The impairment assessment required by AASB 9 for financial assets are based on a forward-looking expected credit loss ('ECL') model.

The general approach is adopted to assess the impairment of loan receivables.

Under the general approach, 12 month's credit losses or life time credit losses are estimated based on whether the credit risk on that financial instrument (loan receivables) has increased significantly since initial recognition to determine the amount of impairment as at reporting date. Specifically, if the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognised. Otherwise life time expected credit losses should be measured and recognised. The Group will apply credit loss factors determined from estimation of customer default probability and loss percentage. As the Group's loan book has a term of 3-24 months, the Group measures a life time expect credit loss for the stage 1 and 2.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are 'credit-impaired'. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The Group recognises loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime (3-24 months) ECL on loan receivables. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the loan receivable and are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

Debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off when identified.

Credit risk stage	Gross carrying amount	Impairment loss allowance	Credit impaired
30 June 2024 Credit risk stage 1 and stage 2 Credit risk stage 3	95,721,104 593,543		No Yes
30 June 2023 Credit risk stage 1 and stage 2 Credit risk stage 3	76,328,637 646,300		No Yes

The loan receivables have been assessed at individual loan level for ECL by the Group where the estimated recoverable amounts from disposal of the security held against the loans are all higher than the losses given default. Therefore, the Group assessed that the expected credit loss provision is nil at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil).

Use of judgements and estimates

The Group reviews individually commercial lending loans at each reporting date to assess whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement. Judgement by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the impairment loss. In estimating these cash flows, the Group makes judgements about the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of collateral. These estimates are based on assumptions about a number of factors including forward looking information available at the time. Actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the allowance.

Note 8. Intangible assets

	Consolidated	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
<i>Non-current assets</i> Finance licence	99,988	99,988
Website and IT system Less: Accumulated amortisation	357,270 (343,038) 14,232	357,270 (333,550) 23,720
	114,220	123,708

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Consolidated	Goodwill ^(a) \$	Finance licence \$	Rent roll ^(a) \$	Website and IT system ^(b) \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022 Additions Disposals Impairment of assets Amortisation/written-down	536,216 - (206,241) (329,975) -	99,988 - - - -	534,564 - (518,836) (15,728) -	27,394 8,260 - - (11,934)	1,198,162 8,260 (725,077) (345,703) (11,934)
Balance at 30 June 2023 Amortisation/written-down Balance at 30 June 2024		99,988 - 99,988	 	23,720 (9,488) 14,232	123,708 (9,488) 114,220

a) Goodwill and rent roll assets

The Group's wholly owned subsidiary N1 Realty Pty Ltd (N1 Realty) operates in the real estate segment. As at 30 June 2023, N1 Realty has disposed of its 100% ownership of Sydney Boutique Property Pty Ltd (SBP) which manages 138 commercial and residential properties under management agency agreements (Rent Roll) on 24 November 2022. N1 Realty has agreed to dispose of its 100% interest in SBP to SBP NO. 1 Pty Ltd for cash consideration of \$725,077 (the Disposal). Accordingly, the Rent Roll and associated goodwill are recognised as non-current assets or disposal group classified as held for sale on 24 November 2022. The Disposal was completed on 10 March 2023. 20% of the purchase price was held by the buyer's solicitor's bank account as a retention.

Non-current assets or disposal group held for sale was recognised at the lower of its carrying amount and its fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses of \$329,975 for write-downs of the associated goodwill to the lower of its carrying amount and its fair value less costs to sell have been included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in 2023 as impairment loss on goodwill. The remaining balances of non-current assets or disposal group held for sale was de-recognised on the completion date of the Disposal.

b) Website and IT System

Acquired website and computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of costs incurred to acquire them.

These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives. Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Amortisation is recognised in the profit or loss statement on a diminishing basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets from the date that they are considered suitable for use. The estimated useful life of website and IT system is 5 years. The current amortisation charges for website and IT system are included under depreciation and amortisation expenses.

Note 9. Loan and borrowings

	Consolidated 2024	Consolidated 2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Loans received for commercial lending (i)	25,225,780	19,200,000
Loans received in advance for commercial lending (ii)	-	400,000
Loans from other lenders (iii)	-	580,000
Loans from related parties (v)	600,000	1,200,000
	25,825,780	21,380,000
	Consolidated	Consolidated
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Non-current		
Loans received for commercial lending (i)	4,488,797	3,780,000
Loans from financial institution (iv)	77,431,567	59,229,601
	81,920,364	63,009,601

N1Holdings

i) Loan received for commercial lending

Loans received for commercial lending are the funds being raised for commercial loan lending to customers. They are unsecured. The loan terms of the loans are from 3 months to 2 years. Interest rates are fixed rate within each loan term, and the interest range is from 6% per year to 12.45% per year depends on the different loan terms. The outstanding loan balance as at 30 June 2024 is \$29,714,577 (30 June 2023: \$22,980,000).

ii) Loan received in advance for commercial lending

No fund received in advance as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: \$400,000).

iii) Loans from other lenders

The outstanding balance of unsecured loans from other lenders (non-related parties) as at 30 June 2024 is nil (30 June 2023: \$580,000).

iv) Loans received from financial institutions

Loans received from financial institutions are the funds being raised for commercial loan lending to customers. As of 30 June 2024, the Company has drawdown a total of \$83.1 million (30 June 2023: \$59.6 million) of the \$85.6 million (30 June 2023: \$65 million) debt/warehouse facilities limit. The facilities maturity dates are on second half year of 2025.

The interest rates for all facilities are floating at 1-month BBSW (Bank Bill Swap Rate as administered by ASX Benchmark Pty Ltd) plus a margin. Transaction costs directly attributable to the facilities have been capitalised and are amortised over the facility term in the effective interest rate.

All facilities contain a number of undertakings and are secured by a general security deed over the Group's assets and are operating on an interest-only basis with a term of 24 months.

v) Loans from related parties

The outstanding loan balance of unsecured loans from related parties as at 30 June 2024 is \$600,000 (30 June 2023: \$1.2 million). The term of the loan is due within 1 year and interest rate is 10% per year.

Note 10. Events after the reporting period

N1 Holdings Limited has raised another \$20 million under a new debt facility executed on 23 August 2024. The Facility has maturity date in July 2026 with a number of conditions.

Note 10. Events after the reporting period (continued)

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.