




ANNUAL REPORT 2024

Solving Remote

Contents

3	Our Mission
4	FY2024 Highlights
5	Chairman's & CEO Review
9	Operations Review
11	Financial Review
14	Sustainability
20	Governance
25	Director's Report
33	Remuneration Report
39	Auditor's Independence Declaration
40	Consolidated Financial Statements
45	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
92	Independence Auditor's Report
97	Shareholder Information
100	Corporate Directory



Our Mission: Harvest's mission is to be an irreplaceable provider of products and services to Enterprise, Military and Government customers through the provision of communications technology which facilitates enhanced awareness and maximises their ability to conduct secure, reliable remote operations effectively.


Harvest Technology Group Limited (ASX: HTG) is a global leader in the delivery of technology enabling people to connect and transfer real-time, high-quality data, video and audio from anywhere in the world regardless of location, network quality or congestion.

Live, high-quality and reliable data transmission is critical for real-time decision-making. Achieving this in harsh and remote environments with weak and congested networks is very difficult. HTG's 100% proprietary technology is industry, asset and device agnostic and provides high-fidelity encrypted connectivity utilising the lowest latency and smallest bandwidth possible.

Founded in Australia with its headquarters in Western Australia and bases in the U.K and Ireland, HTG products are diversified across various software applications and hardware devices to provide customers with tailored end-to-end solutions.

HTG is the parent entity to wholly owned subsidiaries, Harvest Technology Pty Ltd, Harvest Infinity Pty Ltd, Harvest Technology (UK) Limited, HTE (Harvest Technology) Limited. and Harvest Defence Pty Ltd.

Visit harvest.technology for more information.



FY2024 Highlights

- Revitalised Executive Team
- Launched Nodestream X and Nodestream Live software only versions which enable faster deployment, provides customers with a choice of platform and the ability to leverage existing computer systems
- Provided customers with the ability to deploy Nodestream as an embedded solution, in particular with Satellite Communications providers, delivering them an additional revenue stream
- Raised \$6M during FY24 via a range of equity and debt financing
- Subsequently raised \$2.2M with an additional \$2M of commitments since 1st July 2024
- Revenue of \$2.7M during what was a busy year of corporate restructuring and product launches

During the year the company revitalised its executive team with the following key corporate changes:

- Ilario Faenza joined as Chief Executive Officer in January 2024
- Brooke Edwards appointed as Director Corporate Services
- Tom Rose joined as Group Operations Director in June 2024
- Jason Chong was promoted to Group Chief Financial Officer
- Post year end, Neil Matheson joined as Sales Director in August 2024 completing our executive team restructure



Chairman & CEO Review

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Annual Report of Harvest Technology Group's performance for the financial year ended Jun 30, 2024 (FY2024).

The company underwent several challenges during the year, resulting in a board review to determine the best path forward. As a result of that review the company underwent a significant revitalization of its executive team, commencing with the appointment of Mr Ilario Faenza as CEO and Executive Director. Subsequently,

- Brooke Edwards was appointed Director Corporate Services
- Jason Chong was promoted to Group Chief Financial Officer
- Tom Rose joined as Group Operations Director in the second half of FY2024.
- Neil Matheson also joined as Sales Director in early FY2025.

Since joining, Ilario has undertaken a detailed review of the company and in conjunction with the board produced a three year pathway to profit plan covering FY25 to FY27 (3-year plan). While it is early days into the 3-year plan, the board is pleased with the effort and progress to date and looks forward to achievement of the plan.

The 3-year plan leverages existing initiatives, while refocusing the company to optimise its products and platforms to enhance customer outcomes while reducing costs.

In May 2024, the company launched Nodestream X and Nodestream Live that can be deployed with Nodestream hardware and also as a software-only solution.

This significantly increases the target market for Nodestream, providing customers with the ability to leverage their existing infrastructure. Of particular note is the attractiveness of the new offering for satellite and defence technology providers. Customers can now embed Nodestream directly into their existing deployed fleet of satellite terminals or other communication platforms. This delivers a new revenue stream for these providers in a fully integrated solution, allowing them to provide an enhanced customer solution and differentiation from competitors.

Key to the Nodestream solution is its survivability. In recent testing by a defence customer, Nodestream was the only protocol that didn't break, even when bandwidth dropped to < 100kbps. For defence, emergency services and autonomous vehicles the key feature is survivability and we believe Nodestream is the market leader based on our testing and customer feedback. The survivability combined with proprietary encryption and advanced bandwidth management and management tools provide unprecedented remote situational and operational awareness for customers.

Revenue for the financial year ended was \$2,649,497 (2023: \$3,042,307). The last twelve months have remained challenging with continuing economic and geopolitical turmoil which has led to increased market uncertainty with some key customers having project delays.

From a technology standpoint, our ongoing investment in research and development activities led to the receipt of \$1,670,311 (2023: \$2,564,281 representing claims for FY22 and FY21) in R&D incentive rebates from the Australian Tax Office during the year.

Personnel expenses reduced by 21.7% from \$7,660,911 to \$6,000,067, as the Company focused on cost discipline, investing in the capabilities needed to grow and support sales and optimising its skills-mix needed for the next phase of growth. Overall staff numbers reduced gradually during the year from 41 to 27.

The Group recorded a net cash outflow for the year of \$546,953 (2023: \$3,504,719). Net operational cash outflows were higher at \$4,803,422 (2023: \$4,586,206) mainly due to the lower receipt of \$1,670,311 in R&D rebate incentives during the year that pertained only to FY2023 claim (2023: \$2,564,281 pertained to FY2022 and FY2021 claims). The cash balance as at June 30, 2024, of \$444,943 (2023: \$992,018) was significantly boosted post year-end by the raising of \$2,200,000 additional funding.

Looking Ahead

The company is well placed to capture market share, reduce losses, and sustainability deliver on the key goals as outlined on the 1st July 2024, when Harvest released its three year pathway to profit plan with the following key highlights:

- **3-Year Strategic Plan:** Path to growth and profitability.
- **Profitability Target:** Achieve profitability by FY27.
- **Revenue Growth:** Accelerate annual revenue from the existing Nodestream product range to exceed \$7.5M by FY27.
- **Strategic Acquisition:** Immediate acquisition to enhance our service offerings, such as 24/7 premium support, without increasing our burn rate, as the target acquisition is cash-flow positive.
- **Acquisition Funding:** No funding required for the first acquisition, with the vendor agreeing to 100% equity and a profit share earn-out.
- **Global Contracts:** Negotiating major global customer contracts. While we aimed to announce a global contract closure in June, securing the right deal for a sustainable business is paramount. Updates will follow as we execute long-term contracts.
- **Customer Focus:** Targeting direct customers with a total contract value of \$3M+.
- **Cost Optimisation:** Reducing operating expenses by \$1.9M in FY25 compared to FY24.
- **Breakeven Target:** Reducing breakeven to \$10M from \$14M, with a continuous focus on efficiency.
- **Gross Margin Improvement:** Opportunities to increase gross margins due to a focus on software-only solutions (90% margin vs. current 69% average margin).

Revenue Projections:

- FY25 Projected revenue > \$5M
- FY26 Projected revenue > \$7.5M
- FY27 Projected revenue > \$10M achieving profitability.
- The plan is predicated on carefully growing revenue while containing operating expenses, with potential opportunities to accelerate the plan as we execute.
- The first planned acquisition is included in the projected revenue figures.
- Additional opportunities for growth and profitability, including some larger profitable acquisitions, which are not included in the numbers.

The company is well advanced with the execution of the three year plan.

We offer our sincere appreciation to you our shareholders for your support during the past 12 months as we continue to transition to a profitable company with sustainable growth underpinned by our market leading technology and revitalised executive team. We would like to thank our team for their exceptional hard work and dedication.



Jeff Sengelman DSC AM CSC
Chairman



Ilario Faenza
Chief Executive Officer & Executive Director

The background of the page is a dark blue gradient. It features several large, semi-transparent blue circles of varying sizes. In the lower half, there are several glowing blue lines that curve upwards, each ending in a small, bright blue circle. A single, solid magenta circle is positioned in the middle-left area.

Operations Review

Over the past year, we achieved significant milestones in product development, successfully launching new and innovative solutions that resonate with our customers. Our comprehensive re-branding initiative has simplified our offerings and strengthened our market presence, enabling clearer communication of our functionality, unique differentiators, and value proposition. We also restructured our team to enhance efficiency and quality, fostering dedicated functions for seamless collaboration on projects with partners. These strategic efforts have streamlined our operations and positioned us for continued growth and success in the years ahead.

As the technology ecosystem expanded, it became challenging for users to navigate. We reduced our offerings from seven to two:

- **Nodestream X:** A point-to-point or machine-to-machine solution for operators who need more than just situational awareness, enabling interaction with remote teams, asset control, and data transactions.
- **Nodestream Live:** This platform allows users to seamlessly aggregate all their disparate video feeds into a single, user-friendly interface, providing complete situational awareness for any operation, anywhere, at any time.

We believe Nodestream offers the most comprehensive end-to-end solution for enabling remote operations available today. This slight adjustment in naming conventions and branding has assisted greatly in bolstering brand recognition in the market.

The transition of Nodestream to a multicast ecosystem was completed through successful beta testing and the commercialisation of Nodestream Live (previously known as NS2 / AVRLive Cloud during development). This solution has further enhanced our unmatched efficiency and resilience, delivering up to 16 video channels at just 500kbps. For context, a typical 1080p CCTV camera typically requires between 2-4Mbps. This means Nodestream Live uses only 12.5-25% of the bandwidth to provide 16 times the video content. This breakthrough is a game changer for various industries, enabling operators to maintain complete situational awareness of their remote assets while minimising the impact on their available bandwidth.

We have also introduced an advanced data streaming feature into Nodestream, allowing for up to 10 concurrent data channels per connection. This feature enables the manipulation of remote devices, systems, and payloads, adding another layer of operational capability. Multiple end users globally are already relying on this addition, which has greatly simplified their workflows.

Additionally, we have been busy on the hardware front, with the next generation of interfaces in the final stages of prototyping and testing. The first of these will be available to customers early in Q1 FY25.

Alongside ongoing product improvements and development, we have also restructured our team to facilitate efficient collaboration and integration with technology partners. We look forward to sharing more details through the year to come.



Financial Review

FY2024 Operating Results & Financial Review

Revenue for the financial year ended was \$2,649,497 (2023: \$3,042,307). The last twelve months have remained challenging with continuing economic and geopolitical turmoil which has led to increased market uncertainty with some key customers having project delays.

From a technology standpoint, our ongoing investment in research and development activities led to the receipt of \$1,670,311 (2023: \$2,564,281 representing claims for FY22 and FY21) in R&D incentive rebates from the Australian Tax Office during the year.

Personnel expenses reduced by 4.3% from \$7,660,911 to \$7,330,767, as the Company focused on cost discipline, investing in the capabilities needed to grow and support sales and optimising its skills-mix needed for the next phase of growth. Overall staff numbers reduced gradually during the year from 41 to 27.

The Group incurred a net loss after income tax from continuing and discontinued operations of \$13,329,216 (2023: \$10,002,733). The results include an impairment of intellectual property of \$5,875,887 (2023: \$2,552,853), intellectual property amortisation of \$826,102 (2023: \$1,219,800), depreciation/amortisation of \$552,291 (2023: \$578,919), share based payments expense of \$566,331 (2023: \$486,080) and loss from the discontinued vessel operations division of \$666,024 (2023: loss of \$318,312).

The Group recorded a net cash outflow for the year of \$546,953 (2023: \$3,504,719). Net operational cash outflows were higher at \$4,803,422 (2023: \$4,586,206) mainly due to the lower receipt of \$1,670,311 in R&D rebate incentives during the year that pertained only to FY2023 claim (2023: \$2,564,281 pertained to FY2022 and FY2021 claims). The cash balance as at June 30, 2024, of \$444,943 (2023: \$992,018).

5-Year Group Performance Summary And Shareholder Returns

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Revenue from ordinary activities (\$)*	2,649,497	3,042,308	4,836,301	8,293,375	11,765,947
(Loss) / profit before income tax (\$)*	(13,328,635)	(9,841,529)	(14,362,267)	(11,806,382)	(7,326,976)
Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity	(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)	(14,500,659)	(10,238,659)	(6,149,727)
Share price at year end (cents)	1.90	4.60	9.00	32.00	18.50
Number of listed ordinary shares	811,857,938	631,819,516	588,926,643	522,049,444	436,378,203
Weighted average number of shares	734,796,296	609,718,442	550,550,745	481,510,939	330,099,996
Basic loss per share EPS (cents)	(1.81)	(1.64)	(2.63)	(2.13)	(1.86)
Unlisted options	69,947,247	6,000,000	5,760,000	6,260,000	38,281,667
Listed options	-	45,186,832	38,520,166	-	-
Performance shares	-	-	-	-	17,398,710
Performance rights	1,000,000	1,000,000	56,000,000	69,016,287	67,710,526
Market capitalisation (\$)	15,425,301	29,063,698	53,003,398	167,055,822	80,729,968
Net tangible assets (NTA) (\$)	(5,693,944)	(1,725,169)	2,312,668	5,533,224	4,851,078

* Revenue from ordinary activities and pre-tax losses for financial years 2022, 2021 and 2020 are inclusive of discontinued operations.

During the financial years noted above, there were no dividends paid or other returns of capital made by the Company to shareholders.

Note: Financials are supplied in Australian Dollar currency (AUD)

Funds Raised

In relation to funding for the Group, the following activities were successfully undertaken during the period:

- In July 2023, the Group had received \$2,100,000 from sophisticated investors through a placement at \$0.037/share.
- In August 2023, the Group raised \$155,000 from existing eligible shareholders through a share purchase plan at \$0.037/share.
- In September 2023, the Group received a \$960,045 advance from Radium Capital, providing early-access to funds expected to be received in relation to the Company's Research and Development Tax Incentive rebate for the year ended 30 June 2023. The facility was fully repaid in January 2024.
- In January 2024, the Group had received \$1,588,418 from sophisticated investors through a placement at \$0.015/share.
- In May 2024, the Group had received \$1,217,000 from several key existing shareholders and new investors through a loan note financing placement, providing early-access to funds expected to be received in relation to the Group's Research and Development Tax Incentive rebate for the year ended 30 June 2024.
- In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement with the existing convertible note holders to the extension of the \$4,000,000 convertible note maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026.
- In August 2024, Mr. Ilario Faenza and Mr. Marcus Machin have provided short term unsecured director loans to the Group totaling \$150,000.
- In August 2024, the Group had received \$2,050,000 from sophisticated investors through a range of debt and convertible note instruments.



Sustainability

How We Manage Risk

The identification and management of risks is central to achieving our strategic objectives. It protects us against potential negative impacts, enables us to take risks for strategic reward and improves our resilience against emerging risks.

We maintain policies and procedures designed to identify and manage significant risks including:

- Regular budgeting, forecasting and financial reporting
- Procedures and controls to manage financial exposures and operational risks
- The Group business plan
- Corporate strategy guidelines and procedures to review and approve the Group's strategic plans
- The establishment and continuous assessment of HTG's Risk Profile which identifies all significant risks to the Group and controls that are in place to minimise or mitigate these risks
- Insurance and risk management programs which are reviewed by the Board.

Effective risk management centres on having a single, consolidated view of risks across the business to understand the Group's full risk exposure and to prioritise risk management and governance activity. As such, we have a Group Risk Register for all risks. Our Board reviews these systems and the effectiveness of their implementation annually and considers the management of risk at its meetings.

The Board's review of business risk is also based on reports from the Audit and Risk Management Committee as well as information from Internal Audit and Third-Party Audit reports and annual Management Review meetings.

The Board receives regular reports about the financial condition and operating results of the consolidated Group.

Our CEO and CFO annually provide a formal statement to the Board that in all material respects and to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- Group financial reports present a true and fair view of the Group's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards; and
- Group risk management and internal control systems are sound, appropriate, and operating efficiently and effectively.

We assess our exposure to economic, environmental, technology, security, safety, and social sustainability risks.

The Board assesses the likely impact of changes and implements strategies to minimise exposure to these specific risks. Due to risk processes and mitigation measures adopted by the Group, we do not believe we have any material exposure to these risks.

Internal Controls

Established internal controls for the Group, combined with the work of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, satisfactorily address the requirements of our internal audit capability.

We have established procedures at Board and Executive level to safeguard the assets and interests of the Group, and to ensure the integrity of reporting including accounting, financial reporting and internal control policies and procedures. To ensure these established procedures are followed, our Directors:

- Ensure appropriate follow up of significant audit findings and risk areas identified
- Review the scope of the external audit to align it with Board requirements
- Conduct a detailed review of published accounts.

Audit & Risk Management Committee

The role of our Audit and Risk Management Committee is documented in a Charter which is approved by our Board of Directors. In accordance with this Charter, all members of the Committee must be Non-Executive Directors.

The primary role of the Audit function of the Committee is to:

- Assist the Board in fulfilling its overview of the audit process
- Assist the Board in overseeing financial reporting
- Assist the Board in fulfilling its overview of the systems of internal control which the Board and management have established
- Monitor, review and recommend the adoption of the financial statements of the Group
- Regularly review the adequacy of accounting, internal controls, reporting and other financial management systems and practices of the Group
- Review the financial report and other financial information distributed externally
- Review any new accounting policies to ensure compliance with Australian Accounting Standards and generally accepted accounting principles
- Review audit reports to ensure that if major deficiencies or breakdowns in controls or procedures are identified, appropriate and prompt remedial action is taken by management
- Review the nomination and performance of the auditor
- Liaise with external auditors and ensure that the annual and half-year statutory audits are conducted in an effective manner
- Monitor the establishment of appropriate ethical standards
- Monitor the procedures in place to ensure compliance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards, ASX Listing Rules and all other regulatory requirements
- Address any matters outstanding with the auditors, the Australian Taxation Office, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, the ASX and financial institutions, and
- Improve the quality of the accounting function.

The primary role of the risk function of the committee is to assist the Board in its oversight of the Group's management of key risks, including strategic and operational risks, as well as the guidelines, policies and processes for monitoring and mitigating such risks.

Risk assessment and risk management are the responsibility of the Executive Team and senior management. The Committee has an oversight role and in fulfilling that role, it relies on the reviews and reports received from management. The Committee has the authority and responsibilities to:

- Review and discuss with management the Group risk governance structure, risk assessment and risk management practices and the guidelines, policies and processes in place for risk management
- Review and discuss with management the Board's risk appetite and strategy relating to key risks, including credit risk, liquidity and funding risk, market risk, product risk and reputational risk, as well as the guidelines, policies and processes for monitoring and mitigating such risks
- Discuss with the Executive team the Group's risk assessment and risk management guidelines, policies and processes, as the case may be. The Audit & Risk Committee meets separately at least once a year with the Executive Team
- Receive, as and when appropriate, reports from the Group's Executive Director on the results of risk management reviews and assessments
- Review disclosure regarding risk contained in the Group Annual Report
- Review and assess the nature and level of insurance coverage
- Initiate and monitor special investigations into areas of corporate risk or breakdowns in internal controls

- Discharge any other duties or responsibilities delegated to the Committee by the Board
- Delegate any of its responsibilities to subcommittees as the Committee may deem appropriate
- Retain such outside counsel, experts and other advisors as the committee may deem appropriate in its sole discretion and approve related fees
- Report its actions and any recommendations to the Board
- Review at least annually the adequacy of the Charter and recommend any proposed changes for board approval.

Given the size of the Board and the Group, the Board fulfills the role of the Audit & Risk Management Committee. The auditors and the CEO are invited to attend Audit and Risk Management Committee meetings at the discretion of the Committee. The Audit and Risk Management Committee met twice during the year.

How We Do Business

Code Of Conduct

In pursuit of the highest ethical standards, the Group has adopted a Code of Conduct which establishes the standards of behaviour required of Directors and employees in the conduct of the Group's affairs. This code is provided to all Directors and employees and is central to our business. It articulates the values we uphold, our strategy and how we measure success. The code stipulates that any unethical behaviour is to be reported to the CEO as soon as possible.

The Code of Conduct is based on respect for the law and the rights of individuals, and acting accordingly, dealing with conflicts of interest appropriately, using the consolidated entity's assets responsibly and in the best interests of the Group, acting with integrity, being fair and honest in dealings, treating other people with dignity and being responsible for actions and accountable for the consequences. It sets out standards of behaviour for our people when using the Group's resources, in their dealings with governments and communities, third parties and each other. Our Code describes the behaviors expected to support a safe, respectful and a legally compliant working environment. Our Code is accessible to all our people and external stakeholders online at harvest.technology/investors.

Securities Dealing By Directors And Employees

The Board has adopted a policy in relation to dealings in the securities of the Group which applies to all Directors and employees. Under the policy, Directors and employees are prohibited from short-term or "active" trading in the Group's securities, and Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the Group's securities whilst in the possession of price sensitive information. There are specific provisions within the policy for approval from the CEO with respect to proposed transactions in the Group's shares above a certain value.

Any Director or employee receiving shares pursuant to the Group's equity-based remuneration scheme (refer to the remuneration report) is not permitted to enter into transactions which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme.

This policy is provided to all Directors and employees. Compliance with it is reviewed on an on-going basis in accordance with the Group's risk management systems. A copy of our Securities Dealing policy is publicly available online at harvest.technology/investors.

Market Disclosure

To safeguard the effective dissemination of information, we have developed a policy for market disclosure, which outlines how we identify and distribute information to shareholders and market participants. A copy is provided to the Group's officers and employees who may from time to time be in possession of undisclosed information that may be material to the price or value of the Group's securities. A copy of our Market Disclosure policy is publicly available online at harvest.technology/investors.

The continuous disclosure policy aims to ensure timely compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 and ASX Listing Rules and to ensure officers and employees of the Group understand these obligations.

The procedure adopted by the Group states that any information which may need to be disclosed must be brought to the attention of the Board (where practicable) and any other appropriate personnel (including external advisors if deemed appropriate) will consider the information and whether disclosure is required. If disclosure is deemed necessary, an appropriate announcement will be prepared for release to the market as soon as possible.

At least once every 12 months, the Board will review the company's compliance with this continuous disclosure policy and update it from time to time, if necessary.

Communication With Shareholders

The Board aims to ensure Shareholders are kept fully informed of all major developments affecting the Group.

Information is communicated to Shareholders as follows:

- As a disclosing entity, regular announcements are made to the ASX in accordance with the Group's Market
- Disclosure policy, including the half-year review, the year-end audited accounts and an Annual Report
- The Board ensures the Annual Report includes relevant information about the operations of the Group during the year, changes in the state of affairs and details of future developments
- Shareholders are advised in writing of key issues affecting the Group by effective use of the Group's share registry, electronically via the website and through webinars
- Shareholders are provided the opportunity to receive communications electronically through the Group's share registry
- Any proposed major changes in the Group's affairs are submitted to a vote of Shareholders, as required by the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules
- The Board encourages full participation of Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification of the Group's strategies and goals. All Shareholders who are unable to attend these meetings are encouraged to communicate or ask questions in writing to the Group
- The external auditor is requested to attend the Annual General Meetings to answer any questions concerning the audit and the content of the auditor's report, and
- The Board seeks feedback from proxy advisers to assess the appropriateness and adequacy of its reporting to shareholders.

The Board reviews this policy and compliance with it on an ongoing basis.

Diversity Policy

The Group is committed to workplace diversity and recognises the benefits arising from employee and Board diversity. The benefits include a broader pool of high-quality employees, improved employee retention, accessing different perspectives and ideas, and benefiting from all available talent.

The Group recognises that diversity includes characteristics such as age, disability, ethnicity, marital and family status, religion and culture, sexual orientation, and gender identity.

The Group strives to:

- Recruit and manage based on an individual's competence, qualification, skills and performance
- Create a workplace culture characterised by inclusive practices and behaviours for the benefit of all staff
- Appreciate and respect the unique aspects an individual brings to the workplace
- Where possible and practicable, increase participation and employment opportunities for indigenous people
- Create a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experiences, and perspectives through improved awareness of the benefits of workplace diversity and successful management of diversity, and always recognising that employees may have restrictions placed on them by domestic responsibilities outside the workplace
- Take action to prevent discrimination, harassment, vilification, or victimisation. Create awareness of rights and responsibilities regarding fairness, equity, and respect for diversity
- Identify and implement programs to assist in the development of a more diverse pool of skilled and experienced employees, and to offer employees opportunities to reach management levels with the Group.

The Board is committed to workplace diversity and has an objective of providing a balanced representation of employees from a diversity stance across the Group. The Board has also implemented strategies to support the framework and objectives of the Diversity Policy and is responsible for monitoring the progress of the measurable objectives through various monitoring, evaluation and reporting mechanism.

For the 2024 financial year, the Boards' objectives were met by the Group. The Board annually assesses the progress and achievement of the objectives.

Pursuant to ASX Corporate Governance Recommendation 1.5, the Company discloses the information in the table above as at the date of this report. A copy of our Diversity policy is available online at [harvest.technology/investors](https://harvesttechnology.com.au/investors).

	Female	Male
Employees	22.6%	77.4%
Executives / Senior Management	14.3%	85.7%
Group Board Members	-	100%



Governance

Corporate Governance Statement

Our 2024 Corporate Governance Statement is current as at October 28, 2024, and reflects the corporate governance practices in place throughout the 2024 financial year.

Harvest is committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of Corporate Governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. In this statement, Harvest Technology Group Limited and its controlled entities are together referred to as the Group, and our Board of Directors is referred to as the Board.

A description of the Group's main corporate governance practices is set out in this section. All these practices, unless otherwise stated, were in place for the entire year. Additionally, they comply with the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

A copy of our Corporate Governance policies can be obtained online at harvest.technology/investors.

Role Of The Board

Our Board Charter and the Guidelines for the Operation of the Board of Directors provide statement of the practices and processes the Board has adopted to discharge its responsibilities. It includes:

- Establishment of long-term goals of the Group and strategic plans to achieve these goals
- Monitoring the achievement of these goals
- Review of the management accounts and reports to monitor the progress of the Group
- Review and adoption of budgets for the financial performance of the Group and monitoring the results on a regular basis to assess performance
- Review and approval of the annual and interim financial reports
- Nominating and monitoring the external auditor
- Approving all significant business transactions
- Appointing and monitoring senior management
- All remuneration, development and succession issues
- Ensuring the Group has implemented adequate systems of risk management and internal control together with appropriate monitoring of compliance activities
- Overseeing the process for making timely and balanced disclosure of all material information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Group's securities
- Ensuring that the Group has a suitably qualified Company Secretary who shall be accountable directly to the Board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board; and
- Ensuring that the Group reports on its measurable objectives in relation to gender diversity and assesses annually both the objectives and progress in achieving gender diversity.

The Board delegates day-to-day operational and administration matters to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO).

The Board evaluates the Board Charter policy on an ongoing basis. Board Charter and Guidelines for the Operation of the Board of Directors can be found online at harvest.technology/investors

Board Composition

The Board consists of Directors with an appropriate range of experience, skill, knowledge, and vision to enable it to operate the Group's business with excellence. To maintain this, the Group's policy is that non-executive Directors should serve at least 3 years. At the completion of the first 3 years, the position of the Director is reviewed to ascertain if circumstances warrant a further term.

The specific skills that the Board collectively bring to the Group include:

- Industry Experience/ technical qualification
- Commercial experience
- Public company experience
- Analytical expertise
- Financial expertise
- Risk management experience
- Strategic planning experience
- Strategic leadership experience
- Corporate governance expertise
- Communications experience
- Interpersonal experience.

The chair of sub-committees formed by the Board has specific skills in the area for which they are responsible. The Board does not have a Director with legal experience. Any legal work is outsourced to external legal advisers.

At year end, the Board was comprised of 4 members; 3 independent non-executive Directors and 1 executive Director. Directors' details are set out in our Directors' Report on page 25.

The Board believes there is an appropriate balance between Executive and Non-executive Directors to promote shareholder interests and govern the Group effectively, given its current market capitalisation and business capacity. The Board's composition is in accordance with Australian-listed company practice. In addition, the Board has extensive access to members of senior management to engage in discussions with Directors, answer questions and provide input and perspective on their areas of responsibility. The Board, led by the Chairman, periodically holds discussions in the absence of management at Board meetings.

The Board is primarily responsible for identifying potential new Directors and has the option to use an external consulting firm to identify and approach possible new candidates for Directorship. When a vacancy exists, or where it is considered that the Board would benefit from the services of a new Director with specific skills, candidates with the appropriate experience, expertise and diversity are considered. Each incumbent Director is given the opportunity to meet with each candidate on a one-to-one basis. The full Board then appoints the most suitable candidate.

The Board undertakes appropriate checks before appointing a person as a Director or putting forward to shareholders a candidate for election as a Director.

The Board ensures that shareholders are provided with all material information in the Board's possession relevant to a decision on whether, or not to elect or re-elect a Director.

The appointment of the Directors must be approved by a majority of the Shareholders at the first Annual General Meeting after the appointment.

For more information on board membership, refer to Board Charter and Guidelines for the Operation of the Board of Directors online at harvest.technology/investors.

Independence, Relationships & Associations

The Board is committed to ensuring a majority of Directors are independent.

In accordance with the Board Charter, the Board has adopted a policy which it uses to determine the independence of its Directors. This determination is carried out upon appointment, annually and at any other time where the changed circumstances of a Director warrant reconsideration. In considering whether

a Director is independent, the Board has regard to the independence criteria in ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations Principle 2 and other facts, information and circumstances that the Board considers relevant. The Board assesses the independence of new Directors upon appointment and reviews their independence, and the independence of the other Directors, as appropriate.

At the conclusion of FY2024, the Board comprised three non-executive Directors and one Executive Director. The Board has reviewed the position and association of each of the Directors in office at the date of this report and considers that non-executive Directors Mr. Machin and Mr. McKinnon are deemed independent. The Chairman, Jeffery Sengelman, is also an independent non-executive Director.

Mr. Faenza is not considered independent because of his executive responsibilities.

Directors' details are set out in our Directors' Report on page 25. Refer to our Board Charter and Conflict of Interest policy online at harvest.technology/investors.

Retirement & Re-Election Of Directors

In accordance with the Board Charter and the Group's constitution, one third of Directors (or the number nearest one third, rounded up), other than the CEO, must retire from office at each AGM. No Director (other than the CEO) shall hold office for a period of more than three years without seeking re-election.

Directors who have been appointed by the Board are required to retire from office at the AGM following their appointment and are not considered when determining the number of Directors to retire at that AGM. Retiring Directors are eligible for re-election by Shareholders.

Independent Professional Advice

With prior approval of the Board, each Director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice at the Group's expense concerning any aspect of the Group's operations or undertakings to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as Directors.

Board Performance Review

The performance of all Directors is assessed through a review of the whole-of-board performance, which includes Member's attendance at and involvement in Board meetings, their performance and other matters identified by the Board or other Directors. Due to the Board's assessment of the effectiveness of these processes, the Board has not otherwise formalised measures of a Director's performance.

The Directors conducted an internal performance evaluation of Board Members during the reporting period.

Director Remuneration

Details of the Group's remuneration policies are included in our Remuneration Report (page 33). Non-executive Directors will be remunerated by cash payments (including statutory superannuation) and may receive equity performance incentives but will not be provided with any benefits for ceasing to be a Director.

An Executive Director can be remunerated by both fixed remuneration and equity performance-based remuneration, subject to obtaining all regulatory approvals from shareholders. A reasonable period of notice of termination is required and is detailed in the Executive's employment contract.

Shareholder Engagement

We take a coordinated approach to engagement on corporate governance and during FY2024, in addition to the AGM in November 2023, the Group provided a general market/investor briefing in April 2024. These are an important part of the governance and investor engagement process.

We also had regular monthly informal meetings and communications with a wide range of shareholders and their representatives to understand and respond to shareholder queries. The CEO meets regularly with retail shareholder representatives and their members and hosts webinars to provide an operational update to shareholders.

The purpose of these meetings is to discuss the Group's governance, operational updates and forward strategy. The meetings are an important opportunity to build relationships and to engage directly with brokers, fund managers, governance advisors and investors.

Shareholder Communications

Shareholders can communicate with the Group and our registrar electronically.

Shareholders can contact us at any time through our Investor Relations team, with contact details available online at harvest.technology/investors. Shareholder and analyst feedback is shared with the Board through the Chairman, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary. This approach ensures Directors are aware of issues raised and have a good understanding of current shareholder views.

Annual General Meetings

The 2023 Annual General Meeting was held on the 28th November, 2023 at The Hub, Global Streaming Centre, 2 Brodie Hall Drive, Technology Park, Bentley, Western Australia, 6102. The AGM was conducted face-to-face and The Remuneration Report received a vote of 26.85% against the resolution and therefore recorded a first strike in relation to the Remuneration Report. All other resolutions were passed.

The AGM provides a forum to facilitate the sharing of shareholder views and are important events in the Group's calendar. These meetings provide an update for shareholders on our performance and offer an opportunity for shareholders to ask questions and vote. Key members of management, including the CEO and CFO, are present and available to answer questions. The External Auditor attends the AGM and is also available to answer questions.

Copies of speeches delivered by the Chairman and CEO to the AGM are available on request. A summary of proceedings and the outcome of voting on the items of business are released to the ASX and posted on our website as soon as they are available



Director's Report

The Directors present their report together with the financial statements of Harvest Technology Group Limited ("Company") and the entities it controls (together, "the Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors Details

The names of Directors who held office during or since the end of the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

JEFFERY SENGELMAN

CHAIR & INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (1st July 2023 to 30th January 2024)

EXECUTIVE CHAIR (31st January 2024 to 4th August 2024)

CHAIR & INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (5th August 2024 to present)

Jeffery Sengelman DSC AM CSC MAICD is a retired Major General in the Australian Defence Force, with a distinguished career spanning almost 40 years, most recently as Special Operations Commander, Australia.

He has been a trusted senior adviser to both Government and the Chief of the Defence Force on security issues of national significance, and a principal adviser on Counter Terrorism.

Jeffery holds a Bachelor of Arts, a Master of Arts in International Relations and a Master of Arts in Strategic Studies and is a graduate of the Australian Command and Staff College, United States Army War College and a Fellow of the Harvard Kennedy School of Government.

Interests in shares: Nil

ILARIO FAENZA

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR / INTERIM GROUP CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (appointed effective 29 January 2024)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR / GROUP CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (5th August 2024 to present)

Ilario Faenza (MAICD) is a professional company director and turnaround specialist with substantial experience spanning more than 30 years.

Ilario commenced his career as an IT engineer in the 1980's, progressing to various management & senior management roles, culminating in COO and CEO roles over his executive career. More recently, Ilario has focussed on non-executive and executive board roles, focussed on assisting high growth startup companies to achieve commercialisation and helping guide executives to build sustainable companies.

He is also the Non-executive Chairman of Biome Australia Ltd (ASX:BIO), Australia's leading condition specific probiotics company and Non-Executive Chairman of TRU Recognition Holdings Ltd, Australia's leading AI Recognition technology company.

Interests in shares: Nil

MARCUS MACHIN
NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

A law graduate of Cambridge University, Marcus Machin has extensive international experience in finance, shipping and oil and gas. Based in Dubai for the past 25 years, initially as the Finance Director for a major regional participant in oil services, engineering, vessel-owning and investment, Marcus established arabCapital in 2000 as a corporate finance and advisory practice focused primarily on the international shipping and oil services sectors.

Since 2000, arabCapital has worked in association with the Tufton Finance Group (Tufton) London, a finance house focused on shipping and oil services and together with Tufton has concluded over US\$1.0 billion of institutional investments in managed investment fund vehicles.

Interests in shares: 18,917,292 fully paid ordinary shares

ROSS MCKINNON
NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Ross is a seasoned director with extensive corporate and technology experience who has led high performance teams within large international corporations.

Graduating from the University of Queensland with dual degrees, Bachelor of Mining Engineering (Hons) and Bachelor of Science, he has worked with technology in many sectors including finance, aerospace, manufacturing, and retail. Ross is currently Executive Chairman of Grabba Technologies Pty Ltd which is involved in end-to-end integration of the latest biometric identity authentication and data capture technologies.

Interests in shares: 7,692,308 fully paid ordinary shares

PAUL GUILFOYLE
MANAGING DIRECTOR (resigned effective 10 July 2023)
GROUP CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (terminated 31st January 2024)

Paul Guilfoyle resigned as a director on the 10th July 2023 and was terminated as Group Chief Executive Officer for convenience on the 31 January 2024.

Interests in shares*: 38,327,243 fully paid ordinary shares

Interests in share options*: 3,333,333 unissued shares under option

* As at the date of termination as a Director

Company Secretary

Jack Rosagro was appointed on 8 October 2021 and continues to act as Company Secretary.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board is required to meet a minimum of 6 times per year. Directors are required to allocate sufficient time to perform their responsibilities effectively, including adequate time to prepare for Board meetings.

During the reporting year, the Board met 9 times. The number of meetings of Directors held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each Director were as follows:

Director	Full meetings of Directors		Meetings of Audit & Risk Management Committee	
	Eligible to attend	No. of meetings attended	Eligible to attend	No. of meetings attended
Jeffery Sengelman	9	9	2	2
Marcus Machin	9	9	2	2
Ross McKinnon	9	9	2	2
Ilario Faenza (Appointed 31 January 2024)	3	3	1	1

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the entities within the Group during the year were the:

- Development and delivery of proprietary software, products and services enabling the secure encrypted transfer of data, including high-definition video and audio, from anywhere via satellite or congested networks at ultra-low bandwidths; and
- Provision of a SaaS-based mobile technology platform to provide enhanced connectivity and operational support to field technicians with enhanced user interface and integration with job and project management software.

The above products and services are provided primarily to the energy, maritime, offshore services, defence, utilities, security and surveillance and unmanned systems sectors enabling customers to optimise remote operations.

Operating and Financial Review

Financial Results

Please refer to Financial Review section at page 11

Leading Innovation

Harvest is a global leader in the delivery of innovative technology, enabling people to connect and transfer real-time, high-fidelity data, video and audio from anywhere in the world regardless of location, network quality or congestion.

In the last twelve months the Group has continued to invest in research and development activities and resources to provide innovative solutions to the market and extend the Company's competitive advantage. In June 2024, the Company has launched Nodestream™ Live, a cutting-edge cloud-based software designed to streamline and enhance remote video monitoring in bandwidth-constrained environments. This revolutionary platform enables the user to aggregate video feeds from various sites and devices into a single, easy-to-manage system. It supports streaming up to 16 channels of video per encoding device from as low as 500kbps, ensuring unparalleled situational awareness even where network availability has previously limited video streaming.

Capital Management

In relation to funding for the Group, the following activities were successfully undertaken during the period:

In July 2023, the Group had received \$2,100,000 from sophisticated investors through a placement at \$0.037/share.

In August 2023, the Group raised \$155,000 from existing eligible shareholders through a share purchase plan at \$0.037/share.

In September 2023, the Group received a \$960,045 advance from Radium Capital, providing early access to funds expected to be received in relation to the Company's Research and Development Tax Incentive rebate for the year ended 30 June 2023. The facility was fully repaid in January 2024.

In January 2024, the Group had received \$1,588,418 from sophisticated investors through a placement at \$0.015/share.

In May 2024, the Group had received \$1,217,000 from several key existing shareholders and new investors through a loan note financing placement, providing early access to funds expected to be received in relation to the Group's Research and Development Tax Incentive rebate for the year ended 30 June 2024.

In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement (subject to conditions) with the existing convertible note holders to the extension of the \$4,000,000 convertible note maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026.

In August 2024, Mr. Ilario Faenza and Mr. Marcus Machin have provided short term unsecured director loans to the Group totalling \$150,000.

In August 2024, the Group had received \$2,050,000 from sophisticated investors via a range of debt and convertible note instruments.

Significant Changes in The State of Affairs

During the financial year, the Group underwent a reorganisation of the management team, with Mr. Ilario Faenza appointed as Group CEO and Executive Director on 31st January 2024, and the termination of the former Group CEO and Group COO on the same date.

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group that occurred during the financial year other than disclosed above.

Dividends

The Directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: nil).

Significant Events After Balance Date

In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement (subject to conditions) with the existing convertible note holders to the extension of the \$4,000,000 convertible note maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026.

In addition, whilst the Group is in the process of satisfying the preconditions to the 28 November 2026 extension, in September 2024, the convertible note holders agreed to extend their notes maturity to November 2025, by a Deed of Amendment to the original contracts.

In August 2024, the Group has received \$150,000 from director loans and raised \$2,050,000 from range of debt and convertible note instruments as disclosed in the Capital Management section above.

Other than disclosed above there has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has

significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of these operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Likely Developments

Information on likely developments in the operations of the consolidated Group and the expected results of operations have not been included in this report because the directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the consolidated Group.

Unissued Shares Under Option

At the date of this report, unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

Date options granted	Number of shares under option	Exercise price of option (cents)	Expiry date of option
3-Mar-23	6,000,000	25	3-Mar-25
13-Nov-23	5,000,000	7.5	30-Jun-26
26-Apr-24	58,947,247	3	26-Apr-27
	69,947,247		

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company.

During or since the end of the financial year, no shares were issued as a result of the exercise of options (2023: 3,840,000).

45,186,832 options expired or lapsed during or since the end of the reporting period.

Performance Rights

During the financial year, no shares were issued as a result of the conversion of performance rights (2023: nil).

No performance rights expired or lapsed during or since the end of the reporting period (2023: 56,000,000). Milestones for conversion of performance rights are detailed in note 7.1.

Environmental Legislation

The Group is not subject to any Environment Approvals, however, is aware of and maintains compliance to applicable environmental legislations during the performance of its daily operations.

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditors

The Company has agreed to indemnify all the Directors of the Company for any liabilities to another person (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors of the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Company incurred an insurance premium of \$71,481 (2023: \$73,266) in respect of a policy insuring the Directors and Officers of the Company and its controlled entities against any liability incurred in the course of their duties to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

No agreements have been entered into to indemnify the Group's auditors.

Non-Audit Services

No non-audit services were provided by the auditor during the year.

Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, page 12, outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for the key management personnel of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Group

No person has applied under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or part of those proceedings.

Auditor

HLB Mann Judd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Auditor Independence

Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 requires our auditors, HLB Mann Judd, to provide the Directors of the Company with an Independence Declaration in relation to the audit of the annual report. The Independence Declaration for the year ended 30 June 2024 is set out on page 18.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



JEFFERY SENGELMAN

Chair

Dated in Perth, Western Australia, this 30th day of September 2024.



Remuneration Report

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for the Directors of Harvest Technology Group Limited (the Group) for the year ended 30 June 2024. The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by Section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

The Remuneration Report details the remuneration arrangements for the Directors who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, whether executive or otherwise.

Remuneration Philosophy

The performance of the Group depends upon the quality of the Executives and Key Management Personnel (KMP). The philosophy of the Group in determining remuneration levels is to:

- Set competitive remuneration packages to attract and retain high calibre people;
- Link Executive and KMP rewards to shareholder value creation; and
- Establish appropriate, demanding performance hurdles for variable Executive and KMP remuneration.

Remuneration & Nomination Committee

The Remuneration & Nomination Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Key Management Personnel. The Remuneration & Nomination Committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of remuneration of Key Management Personnel on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions with an overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high-quality Board and executive team.

The Remuneration & Nomination Committee operates in accordance with its Charter. The main responsibilities of the Committee are:

- Determine remuneration policies and remuneration of Directors;
- Evaluate and approve incentive policies/schemes for Key Executives;
- Ensure all Directors and senior executives have a written agreement setting out the terms of their appointment;
- Evaluate the Managing Director's performance on an annual basis;
- Determine and review professional indemnity and liability insurance for Directors and senior management;
- Review the Board composition to ensure the Board has the correct balance of skills and expertise;
- Identify, evaluate and recommend candidates for the Board, the position of Managing Director and the position of Company Secretary;
- Appointment of the Managing Director and the Company Secretary;
- Succession planning for Board members and the Managing Director.

The Remuneration & Nomination Committee can seek independent external advice from consultants with specific industry experience relevant to the Group's remuneration assessment. Specific policies and procedures regarding remuneration determination is contained within the Directors Report.

Given the size of the Board, the Board fulfils the role of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Executive Director and Non-Executive Director remuneration is separate and distinct.

Executive Director and KMP Remuneration

Remuneration can consist of fixed remuneration and variable remuneration (comprising short-term and long-term incentive schemes).

Fixed Remuneration

Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Board. The process consists of a review of relevant comparative remuneration in the market and internally and, where appropriate, external advice on policies and practices. The Board has access to external, independent advice where necessary.

Variable Remuneration - Short-Term Incentive Scheme

The objective of the short-term incentive program is to link the achievement of the Group's operational targets with the remuneration received by Key Management Personnel charged with meeting those targets.

The total potential short-term incentive available may be set at a level so as to provide sufficient incentive to the Executive Directors and other Key Management to achieve the operational targets and such that the cost to the Group is reasonable in the circumstances.

Variable Remuneration – Long-Term Incentive Scheme

The Group also makes long-term incentive payments, such as performance rights, to reward Directors and other Key Management Personnel in a manner that aligns this element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth.

Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain Non-Executive Directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders.

The ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate remuneration of Non-Executive Directors shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. The latest determination was on 10 May 2016 when the Company was admitted to the Official ASX List and an aggregate remuneration of \$350,000 per annum was set. Any future changes would be approved by shareholders at an Annual General Meeting.

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the way it is apportioned amongst Non-Executive Directors is reviewed annually. The Remuneration & Nomination Committee considers advice from external advisors as well as the fees paid to Non-Executive Directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review process.

Each Non-Executive Director receives a fee for being a Director of the Company which is inclusive of statutory superannuation and membership of sub-committees.

The Remuneration & Nomination Committee reviewed the expected commitments of each Director relative to the activities of the Company and agreed Non-Executive Directors' fees of \$50,000 per annum for the 2024 financial year and \$75,000 for the Chairperson's fees. This is considered commensurate with the size and activity levels of the Group. During the period from December 2023 to February 2024 the directors have agreed to a reduction of their fee to support the Group's reorganisation effort therefore the remuneration paid and payable to the directors were lesser as disclosed in the Remuneration of Directors section below.

Employment Contracts

Remuneration and other terms of employment of Executive Directors and other Key Management Personnel are formalised in employment contracts. The major provisions of the agreements related to remuneration are set out below.

Name	Employee notice period	Employer notice period	Base salary/ fee	Termination Benefit **
Paul Guilfoyle***	6 months	6 months	\$325,000*	6 months base salary
Linda Shields***	6 months	6 months	\$250,000*	6 months base salary
Craig Byron****	3 months	3 months	\$250,000*	3 months base salary
Ilario Faenza*****	3 months	3 months	\$400,000	None

* Base salary is exclusive of the superannuation guarantee charge rate applicable at the time (currently 11%).

** Termination benefits are payable upon early termination by the Group, other than for gross misconduct. They are equal to base salary and superannuation payable for the notice period.

*** Paul Guilfoyle and Linda Shields were terminated effective 31 January 2024.

**** Craig Byron resigned from the Company effective 30 June 2024.

***** Ilario Faenza is employed as an independent contractor.

Remuneration of Directors

		Short-term employee benefits	Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments		
Name	Year	Cash salary and fees (A) \$	Superannuation \$	\$	Total \$	Performance Related %
Executive Director						
Paul Guilfoyle (Terminated 31 January 2024)	2024	346,631	38,500	-	385,131	-
	2023	320,385	33,640	-	354,025	-
Ilario Faenza (Appointed 29 January 2024)	2024	209,024	-	-	209,024	-
	2023	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total Executive Directors' remuneration	2024	555,655	38,500	-	594,155	-
	2023	320,385	33,640	-	354,025	-
Non-Executive Directors						
Jeffery Sengelman	2024	68,745	-	-	68,745	-
	2023	49,980	-	-	49,980	-
Marcus Machin	2024	47,920	-	-	47,920	-
	2023	30,000	-	-	30,000	-
Ross McKinnon	2024	47,920	-	-	47,920	-
	2023	12,501	-	-	12,501	-
Sub-total Non-Executive Directors' remuneration	2024	164,585	-	-	164,585	-
	2023	92,481	-	-	92,481	-
Total Directors' Remuneration	2024	720,240	38,500	-	758,740	-
	2023	412,866	33,640	-	446,506	-

(A) Includes movements in accruals for annual leave, salary and termination benefits for Executive Directors.

Remuneration of Other Key Management Personnel

		Short-term employee benefits	Post- employment benefits	Share- based payments		
Name	Year	Cash salary and fees (A) \$	Superannuation \$	\$	Total \$	Performance Related %
Other KMP						
Linda Shields COO (terminated 31 January 2024)	2024	259,203	27,500	60,616	347,319	17
	2023	238,209	25,012	29,653	292,874	10
Craig Byron CFO (resigned 30 June 2024)	2024	251,923	27,500	64,166	343,589	19
	2023	255,070	26,782	59,172	341,024	17
Total Other KMP Remuneration	2024	511,126	55,000	124,782	690,908	18
	2023	493,279	51,794	88,825	633,898	14

(A) Includes movements in accruals for annual leave, salary and termination benefits.

Options

Granted as Compensation

No share options were granted to the Directors or other key management personnel of the Company as part of their remuneration in FY 2024 or FY 2023.

Performance Rights

No performance rights were granted to the Directors or other key management personnel of the Company as part of their remuneration in FY 2024 or FY 2023.

The performance rights tabled below were provided at no cost to the recipients. During the year, 1,000,000 performance rights for Jeffery Sengelman did not meet the performance conditions.

	Number of performance rights granted	Grant date	Value per Performance right at grant date cents	Value of performance rights at grant date \$	End of performance period	Expiry date
Name						
Jeffery Sengelman	500,000	23-Nov-20	21.41	107,050	1-Sep-21	10-Nov-25
Jeffery Sengelman	500,000	23-Nov-20	18.74	93,700	1-Mar-22	10-Nov-25

Share-based Remuneration granted as Compensation

For details of share-based payments granted during the year, refer note 7.1.

Other Information

Ordinary Shares Held by KMP

	Held at 1 July 2023	Purchases / Employees' Incentive Plan	Sales / Cancel	Conversion of Performance Rights & Options	Held at 30 June 2024
Non-Executive Directors					
Jeffery Sengelman	500,000	-	(500,000)	-	-
Marcus Machin	18,917,292	-	-	-	18,917,292
Ross McKinnon	7,692,308	-	-	-	7,692,308

	Held at 1 July 2023	Purchases / Employees' Incentive Plan	Sales / Cancel	Conversion of Performance Rights & Options	Held at resigned / termination date*
Executive Director					
Paul Guilfoyle *	36,671,179	1,656,064	-	-	38,327,243
Other KMP					
Linda Shields *	20,472,334	2,491,667	(1,775,000)	-	21,189,001
Craig Byron *	1,024,511	2,041,667	-	-	3,066,178

Options Held by Directors

	Held at 1 July 2023	Purchases	Sales	Expired	Held at 30 June 2024
Non-Executive Director					
Marcus Machin	3,333,333	-	-	(3,333,333)	-

	Held at 1 July 2023	Purchases	Sales	Expired	Held at resigned / termination date*
Executive Director					
Paul Guilfoyle*	3,333,333	-	-	-	3,333,333

Performance Rights Held by KMP

No key management personnel hold performance rights at any time during the financial year, nor at year end.

Other Transactions with Directors or Key Management Personnel

Details of other transactions with Directors or Key Management Personnel not involving remuneration are disclosed in note 7.4.

Voting and Comments at the Company's 2023 Annual General Meeting

The Company received 73.15% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 30 June 2023 financial year.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of Harvest Technology Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Perth, Western Australia
30 September 2024

D I Buckley
Partner

hlb.com.au

HLB Mann Judd ABN 22 193 232 714

A Western Australian Partnership

Level 4, 130 Stirling Street, Perth WA 6000 / PO Box 8124 Perth BC WA 6849

T: +61 (0)8 9227 7500 **E:** mailbox@hlbwa.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

HLB Mann Judd is a member of HLB International, the global advisory and accounting network.



Consolidated Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5.1	444,943	992,018
Trade and other receivables	5.2	362,110	528,836
Inventory	5.3	458,701	504,967
Prepayments		174,355	189,892
Other bonds and deposits	4.4	-	478,767
Total current assets		1,440,109	2,694,480
Intangible assets	4.1	-	5,312,789
Property, plant and equipment	4.2	806,069	1,091,941
Right of use leased assets	4.3	1,014,714	1,250,367
Other bonds and deposits	4.4	228,213	218,990
Total non-current assets		2,048,996	7,874,087
Total assets		3,489,105	10,568,567
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	5.4	1,334,429	564,686
Other liabilities	5.5	414,756	91,661
Borrowings	6.2	5,277,564	135,066
Employee entitlements	2.4	707,419	660,120
Lease liabilities	6.3	290,258	270,178
Total current liabilities		8,024,426	1,721,711
Lease liabilities	6.3	1,028,919	1,311,660
Provisions	6.4	129,704	125,074
Borrowings	6.2	-	3,822,502
Total non-current liabilities		1,158,623	5,259,236
Total liabilities		9,183,049	6,980,947
Net (liabilities) / assets		(5,693,944)	3,587,620
Equity			
Issued capital	6.1	48,076,797	44,189,044
Unissued capital	6.1	1,278,761	1,278,761
Reserves		6,085,415	5,925,516
Accumulated losses		(61,134,917)	(47,805,701)
Total equity (deficiency) attributable to equity holders of the Company		(5,693,944)	3,587,620

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue			
Sales	2.2	2,649,497	3,042,307
Research and development tax incentive	2.3	1,670,311	2,564,281
Other income	2.3	97,002	48,949
		4,416,810	5,655,537
Expenses			
Cost of goods sold		(457,192)	(1,099,191)
Marketing and business development		(507,209)	(359,510)
Personnel expenses – other	2.4	(3,884,261)	(3,863,891)
Personnel expenses – research and development	2.4	(2,115,806)	(3,797,020)
General and administration		(1,084,490)	(650,622)
Professional fees		(836,438)	(491,273)
Depreciation and amortisation		(1,378,394)	(1,798,718)
Research and development		(284,414)	(167,926)
Intangible assets impairment		(5,875,887)	(2,552,823)
Finance expenses	2.5	(655,330)	(555,958)
Loss before income tax		(12,662,611)	(9,681,395)
Income tax expense	2.6	(581)	(3,026)
Net loss for the year from continuing operations		(12,663,192)	(9,684,421)
Loss after tax from discontinued operations	3	(666,024)	(318,312)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company		(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Foreign operations – foreign currency translation differences		(1,239)	(43,513)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(13,330,455)	(10,046,246)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company		(13,330,455)	(10,046,246)
Loss for the year is attributable to:			
Continuing operations		(12,663,192)	(9,684,421)
Discontinued operations		(666,024)	(318,312)
		(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)
Total comprehensive loss for the year is attributable to:			
Continuing operations		(12,664,431)	(9,727,934)
Discontinued operations		(666,024)	(318,312)
		(13,330,455)	(10,046,246)
Loss per share			
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share)	2.7	(1.81)	(1.64)
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share) from continuing operations	2.7	(1.72)	(1.59)
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share) from discontinued operations	2.7	(0.09)	(0.05)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Issued Capital \$	Unissued Capital \$	Share- based Payment Reserve \$	Equity Component of Convertible Note \$	Foreign Exchange Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	41,254,787	2,112,761	5,324,898	499,385	29,949	(37,802,968)	11,418,812
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(10,002,733)	(10,002,733)
Foreign exchange translation	-	-	-	-	(43,513)	-	(43,513)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(43,513)	(10,002,733)	(10,046,246)
Shares issued during the year	1,749,600	-	-	-	-	-	1,749,600
Share issue costs (net of tax benefit)	(20,624)	-	-	-	-	-	(20,624)
Deferred Consideration on acquisition of subsidiary	750,000	(750,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Shares in lieu of bonus	455,281	(84,000)	-	-	-	-	371,281
Share-based payments (Refer note 7.1)	-	-	114,797	-	-	-	114,797
Balance at 30 June 2023	44,189,044	1,278,761	5,439,695	499,385	(13,564)	(47,805,701)	3,587,620
Balance at 1 July 2023	44,189,044	1,278,761	5,439,695	499,385	(13,564)	(47,805,701)	3,587,620
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(13,329,216)	(13,329,216)
Foreign exchange translation	-	-	-	-	(1,239)	-	(1,239)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,239)	(13,329,216)	(13,330,455)
Shares issued during the year	3,843,418	-	-	-	-	-	3,843,418
Share issue costs (net of tax benefit)	(360,858)	-	-	-	-	-	(360,858)
Shares in lieu of bonus	405,193	-	-	-	-	-	405,193
Share-based payments (Refer note 7.1)	-	-	161,138	-	-	-	161,138
Balance at 30 June 2024	48,076,797	1,278,761	5,600,833	499,385	(14,803)	(61,134,917)	(5,693,944)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		2,978,355	3,167,082
Receipts from R&D tax incentive		1,670,311	2,564,281
Payments to suppliers and employees		(8,978,735)	(10,002,351)
Interest paid		(443,595)	(291,431)
Interest paid on lease liabilities		(52,245)	(61,704)
Interest received		23,068	5,727
Income taxes paid		(581)	32,190
Net cash used in operating activities	5.1(b)	(4,803,422)	(4,586,206)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for plant and equipment		(29,952)	(49,405)
Advance to a former Director		-	(500,000)
Repayment from a former Director		100,000	400,000
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities		70,048	(149,405)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of share capital and options exercise	6.1	3,843,418	1,749,600
Loan from former Group CEO		250,000	-
Loan repayment to former Group CEO		(250,000)	-
Proceed from Loan Note financing		1,217,000	-
Loan from R&D funding facility		960,045	-
Repayment of R&D funding facility		(960,045)	-
Payment of capital raising costs	6.1	(360,858)	(20,624)
Repayment of principal lease liabilities	6.4	(322,641)	(313,362)
Repayment of borrowings and premium funding facility	6.2	(190,498)	(184,722)
Net cash from financing activities		4,186,421	1,230,892
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(546,953)	(3,504,719)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		992,018	4,497,315
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		(122)	(578)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	5.1(a)	444,943	992,018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements



Notes to the **Consolidated Financial Statements**

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Section 1: Basis of Preparation

The notes to the consolidated financial statements have been grouped into sections under seven key categories:

- Basis of preparation
- Results for the year
- Business Combination
- Assets and Liabilities
- Working capital disclosures
- Equity and funding
- Other disclosures

Significant accounting policies specific to one note are included within that note and where possible, wording has been simplified to provide clearer commentary on the financial report of the Group. Accounting policies determined non-significant are not included in the financial statements. There have been no changes to the Group's accounting policies during the year.

1.1 General Information

The Company, Harvest Technology Group Limited, is a for-profit, listed public company domiciled in Australia. The Company's registered office is located at Ground Floor, 16 Ord Street, West Perth, WA 6005.

The Group is primarily involved in:

- remote communications technology based around data transmission protocols; and
- bespoke solutions for the offshore energy, resources and renewables sectors, specialising in subsea and asset integrity risk mitigation technology.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 30 June 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities") and were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on. The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which:

- have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (**AASBs**) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the Corporations Act 2001. The consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (**IFRSs**) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (**IASB**);
- have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. The basis of measurement is discussed further in the individual notes;
- are presented in Australian Dollars;
- adopt all new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the operations of the Group and effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2023; and,
- do not early adopt any Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been issued or amended but not yet effective.

1.2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries) as at 30 June each year.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights

to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability, to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

1.3 Foreign Currency Translation

The primary economic environment in which the Group operates is Australia. The consolidated financial statements are therefore presented in Australian dollars.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in Australian dollars at the exchange rate on that day. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Australian dollars at the year-end exchange rate. Where there is a movement in the exchange rate between the date of the transaction and the year-end, a foreign exchange gain or loss may arise. Any such differences are recognised in the profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost are translated into Australian dollars at the exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

The functional currency of the Group's US based subsidiaries, Opsivity, Inc and SnapSupport, Inc, is US Dollars (USD). The functional currency of the Group's UK based subsidiary, Harvest Technology (UK) Ltd, is British Pound Sterling (GBP).

As at the balance date the assets and liabilities of these subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of Harvest Technology Group Limited at the rate of exchange ruling at balance date and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rate for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of the transactions are used.

The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to a separate component of equity, being recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

1.4 Research and Development Expenditure Tax Offset

The Group undertakes expenditure on activities that are categorised as 'eligible expenditure' under the Research & Development Tax Concession which, dependent upon certain criteria, may be subject to a tax offset. The Group will submit a claim for the 2024 financial year and have not recognised a receivable pending the review and approval of the claim by the Australian Taxation Office. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unclaimed tax credits that are carried forward to the extent permitted under accounting standards.

1.5 Impairment

Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amount of its non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 New, Revised or Amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations Adopted

Standards and Interpretations Applicable to 30 June 2024

The Directors have reviewed all Standards and Interpretations on issue not yet adopted for the period ended 30 June 2024. As a result of this review, the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the

Standards and Interpretations on issue not yet adopted by the Company, and therefore, no change is necessary to Group accounting policies including:

- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates
- AASB 2021-5: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction
- AASB 2022-7: Editorial Corrections to Australian Accounting Standards and Repeal of Superseded and Redundant Standards

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted and are not expected to have a material impact on Group Accounting policies.

1.7 Accounting Judgements and Estimates

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements and information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustment are included in the following notes:

- Note 2.6 - Income tax expense
- Note 4.1 - Intangibles
- Note 5.2 - Recoverability of Trade Receivables
- Note 6.2 - Borrowings
- Note 7.1 - Share-based payments

1.8 Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial statements. Notwithstanding the working capital deficiency of \$6,584,317 (2023: working capital \$972,769) the fact that the Group incurred a loss and a net cash outflow of for the year, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group is a going concern for the following reasons:

- In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement (subject to conditions) with the existing convertible note holders to the extension of the \$4,000,000 convertible note maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026.
- In addition, whilst the Group is in the process of satisfying the preconditions to the 28 November 2026 extension, the convertible note holders agreed to extend their notes maturity to November 2025, by a Deed of Amendment to the original contracts.
- In August and September 2024, the Group had received \$2,050,000 from sophisticated investors through a range of debt and convertible note instruments.
- In September 2024, the Group is in the advanced stages of completing an equity raise of \$2,000,000, expected to close in October 2024.
- Expected receipt of 2024 R&D tax incentive rebate by October 2024; and
- The strong interest on the newly launched Nodestream Live in June 2024 is expected to significantly improve the Group's speed to market and hence will improve the revenue stream.

After consideration of the above factors together with a review of the Group's financial position and forecast cash flows, the Directors reasonably expect the Group will be able to generate sufficient future cashflows to ensure the Group is able to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. However, should results be materially less than expected and/or the Group is unable to generate any additional funding required, there would exist a material uncertainty which could cast significant doubt as to whether the Group would in such circumstances be able to continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial statements.

Section 2: Results for the Year

This section focuses on the results and performance of the Group, with disclosures including segment information, components of the operating profit, taxation and earnings per share.

Key Estimates and Assumptions in this Section

Deferred taxation

The Group has unrecognised carried forward tax losses which can be utilised against future taxable profits.

2.1 Operating Segments

The Group's operating segments have been determined with reference to the management accounts used by the Chief Operating Decision Maker to make decisions regarding the Group's operations and allocation of working capital. Due to the size and nature of the Group, the Board as a whole, has been determined as the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

The Group operated in two distinct segments during the past year:

- Remote communications technology sector; and
- Subsea and asset integrity risk mitigation technology-based solutions within the energy, resources and renewables sectors.

The remote communications technology segment generates income from the provision of data transfer, encryption and compression services to clients operating in offshore and remote environments.

The offering of bespoke subsea and asset integrity risk mitigation technology-based solutions segment generates income from subsea infrastructure and assets in the energy, resources and renewables sectors. This segment is now discontinued.

Segment Assets and Liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable operating segment as at the end of the reporting period:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	30 June 2024 \$	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2024 \$	30 June 2023 \$
Remote communications technology	833,086	6,360,100	(838,812)	(660,453)
Subsea and asset integrity risk mitigation	-	478,767	(122,568)	(17,220)
Total segment assets and liabilities	833,086	6,838,867	(961,380)	(677,673)
Corporate and other segment assets/liabilities	2,656,019	3,729,700	(8,221,669)	(6,303,274)
Total	3,489,105	10,568,567	(9,183,049)	(6,980,947)

Segment Revenue and Results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable operating segment.

	Revenue		Segment Profit / (Loss)	
	30 June 2024 \$	30 June 2023 \$	30 June 2024 \$	30 June 2023 \$
Remote communications technology ⁽¹⁾	2,649,497	3,042,307	(8,422,231)	(7,542,455)
Total for continuing operations	2,649,497	3,042,307	(8,422,231)	(7,542,455)
Subsea and asset integrity risk mitigation (discontinued operation)	-	-	(666,024)	(160,132)
Total for continuing and discontinued operations	2,649,497	3,042,307	(9,088,255)	(7,702,587)
Other income			64,711	42,677
Research and development incentive			1,670,311	2,564,281
Finance income			32,291	6,273
Central and administration expenses			(5,352,363)	(4,196,214)
Finance expense			(655,330)	(555,958)
Loss before tax			(13,328,635)	(9,841,528)
Income tax benefit/ (expense)			(581)	(161,205)
Loss after tax			(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)

⁽¹⁾ The remote communications technology segment result includes an expense of and for amortisation and impairment of intellectual property.

Segment revenues represent revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment revenues in the current period.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.

Management do not consider the cashflows of each segment separately.

Geographical Information

	Geographical Non-Current Assets	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Australia	2,044,970	7,850,827
United States	279	18,171
United Kingdom	3,747	5,089
	2,048,996	7,874,087

Sales to External Customers

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Americas	189,648	218,777
Australia & Asia Pacific	1,446,857	2,212,873
Europe	390,665	121,801
Middle East & Africa	362,307	147,674
United Kingdom	260,020	341,183
	2,649,497	3,042,308

2.2 Revenue

Accounting Policy

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the performance obligations are considered met, per the specific requirements of contract for the goods or services being provided by the Group, as disclosed further below.

The Group determines whether each performance obligation within a contract is satisfied over time or at a point in time.

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to be entitled to, net of goods and services tax (or other valued added taxes as applicable). Invoiced amounts are reflected in trade receivables.

Revenue Recognition

The Group recognises revenue from the following key sources:

- Sale of hardware products
- Hire of hardware products
- Software licence subscription fees
- Services

The accounting policies for each of these sources has been set out below:

Sale of hardware products

The Group sells hardware products direct to customers and through distribution partners. Revenue is recognized when control of the hardware has transferred, being when the hardware has been shipped to the customer/distributor's specified location (delivery). Any income derived from shipping charges is also recognised at the time of delivery. It is at this point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional.

Where customers/distributors are responsible for arranging shipment, revenue is recognized on an ex-warehouse basis when collected by the customer/distributor (or their shipping agent).

When a customer/distributor initially places the order, the customer or distributor is invoiced and the transaction price at that point in time is recognised by the Group as deferred revenue, until control of the hardware has transferred to the customer or distributor and revenue is recognised.

Outside of warranties, customers/distributors do not have the right to return hardware sold therefore no "right to returned goods" asset is recognised.

Hire of hardware products

The Group offer customers the ability to hire certain hardware products over time. Typically, the minimum hire period is one month and may stretch up to a maximum term of 36 months. Hire revenues are recognized on a daily basis over the term of the hire period. The Group considers the performance obligation in respect of those services is satisfied over time.

The transaction price allocated to these hire activities is recognized as deferred revenue (“revenue received in advance” liability) at the time of the initial sales transaction and is released on a straight-line basis over the hire period.

Software licence subscription fees

The Group provides customers with a licence to access its software for the duration of the contract term. Such services are recognized as a performance obligation satisfied over time.

The transaction price allocated to these hire activities is recognized as deferred revenue (“revenue received in advance” liability) at the time of the initial sales transaction and is released on a straight-line basis over the period of the licence.

Services

The Group provides project and consulting services to customers. Revenue from these services is recognised over time as services are rendered, typically in accordance with the achievement of project milestones and/or hours expended.

Transaction price

The total transaction price at the start of the contract is estimated as the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods and services to the customer, net of goods and services tax. The transaction price does not include estimates of consideration resulting from change orders for additional goods or services unless these are agreed. Once the total transaction price is determined, the Group allocates this to the identified performance obligations in proportion to their relative stand-alone selling prices and recognises revenue when or as those performance obligations are satisfied.

Disaggregation of revenue

AASB 15 requires entities to disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. The Group has determined that a disaggregation of revenue using existing segments, and the nature of revenue best depicts the Group’s revenue.

	Provision of services		Hardware sales		Total	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue earned over time	1,400,350	2,026,263	-	-	1,400,350	2,026,263
Revenue at a point in time	-	-	1,249,147	1,016,044	1,249,147	1,016,044
	1,400,350	2,026,263	1,249,147	1,016,044	2,649,497	3,042,307

The Group has 3 customers where the revenue generated from these customers is more than 10% of the Group’s revenue. Customer A generated 30% (2023: 31%), Customer B generated 13% (2023: 0%), Customer C generated 11% (2023: 0%) and Customer D generated 0% (2023: 28%) of the Group’s revenue for the year.

2.3 Other Income

Accounting Policy

Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to historical expenditure for Research & Development and Export Market Development are recognised in full in the period that they are received.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Research and development tax incentive	1,670,311	2,564,281
Others		
Government grants	28,000	28,000
Interest income	32,291	6,273
Gain on disposal of an investment	34,525	-
Insurance claimed	-	5,250
Late charges received	-	9,426
Other	2,186	-
	97,002	48,949

2.4 Personnel Expenses and Employee Benefits

Accounting Policy

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of the future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Re-measurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Share-based payments

The policy relating to share-based payments is set out in note 7.1.

The table below sets out personnel costs expensed during the year.

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Wages and salaries		4,793,770	5,542,174
Directors' remuneration	7.4	758,740	461,625
Other KMP remuneration	7.4	690,908	829,531
Contributions to superannuation		453,921	442,319
(Decrease)/increase in liability for annual leave		62,565	(50,989)
Equity-settled share-based payments		280,411	282,456
Fringe benefits tax		3,309	-
Other associated personnel expenses		287,143	153,795
Total personnel costs		7,330,767	7,660,911
Transferred to intangible assets		(1,330,700)	-
		6,000,067	7,660,911
Shown as:			
Non-research and development expenses		3,884,261	3,863,891
Research and development related personnel expenses		2,115,806	3,797,020
		6,000,067	7,660,911

Further information relating to Directors' and KMP remuneration is set out in note 7.4.

The table below sets out employee benefits payable as at reporting date.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Salary accrual	(198,126)	(227,010)
Superannuation	(123,816)	(117,955)
Liability for annual leave	(385,477)	(315,155)
	(707,419)	(660,120)

2.5 Finance Costs

Accounting Policy

Finance costs comprise interest and other finance charges on borrowings and banking arrangements. Interest expense on short term borrowings is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Interest expense on convertible notes	6.2	483,335	467,907
Interest on lease liabilities		52,245	61,704
Interest expense on R&D funding facility		49,947	-
Interest expense on loan notes		33,009	-
Interest expense on loan from former Group CEO		9,096	-
Interest expense on other borrowings		6,468	5,530
Other finance charges		21,230	20,817
Finance expense recognised in profit or loss		655,330	555,958

2.6 Income Tax Expense

Accounting Policy

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities. Current tax is based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used for calculating taxable profits. Deferred tax balances are disclosed net to the extent that they relate to taxes levied by the same authority and the Group has the right of set-off.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probably that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on substantively enacted rates at the balance date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the income statement.

(a) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current tax benefit / (expense)		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Under provision in prior year	(581)	(3,026)
Total income tax benefit / (expense)	(581)	(3,026)

(b) Reconciliation of Income Tax

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Loss after tax*	(12,663,192)	(9,684,422)
Total income tax (benefit) / expense	581	3,026
Loss excluding income tax	(12,662,611)	(9,681,396)
Income tax at the Australian tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%)	(3,165,653)	(2,420,349)
<i>Tax effect of amounts which are non-deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:</i>		
Entertainment	1,384	832
Share-based payments	172,901	108,575
Amortisation and impairment of intellectual property	1,328,197	880,404
Other permanent differences	(519,709)	(687,725)
Difference in foreign income tax rates	5,008	87,066
Under / (over) provision in prior years	581	3,026
Foreign tax losses not brought to account	282,963	368,253
Deferred tax assets not brought to account	1,894,909	1,662,944
	581	3,026

* Loss for the year is inclusive of continued operations only.

(c) Recognised Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Deferred tax liabilities at 25% (2023: 25%)		
Prepayments	-	-
Fixed Assets	4,824	21,639
Right of use assets	253,679	312,592
Intellectual Property	-	1,327,985
Other temporary differences	1,952	2,400
	260,455	1,664,616
Offset of deferred tax assets	(260,455)	(1,664,616)
Net deferred tax liability recognised	-	-

All movements are charged to income tax throughout the year.

(d) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Deferred tax assets		
Tax losses	260,455	836,644
Capital raising costs	-	217,253
Employee entitlements	-	158,740
Right of use assets lease liability	-	395,460
Provision for restoration	-	15,987
Other temporary differences	-	40,532
	260,455	1,664,616
Offset of deferred tax liabilities	(260,455)	(1,664,616)
Net deferred tax assets recognised	-	-
Net deferred tax assets unrecognised	8,242,799	5,908,155

2.7 Loss Per Share**Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share**

Earnings / (loss) per share (EPS) is the amount of post-tax profit or loss attributable to each share. The calculation of basic loss per share has been based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

Diluted EPS considers the dilutive effect of all potential ordinary shares, being share options on issue.

Loss per share attributable to ordinary shareholders

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Net loss for the year from continuing operations	(12,663,192)	(9,684,421)
Net loss for the year from discontinued operations	(666,024)	(318,312)
Net loss for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)
Issued ordinary shares at 1 July	631,819,516	588,926,643
Effect of shares issued	102,976,780	20,791,799
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	734,796,296	609,718,442
Basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations (cents per share)	(1.72)	(1.59)
Basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operations (cents per share)	(0.09)	(0.05)
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents per share) *	(1.81)	(1.64)

* At 30 June 2024, 69,947,247 options (2023: 51,186,832 options), 181,181,182 convertible note shares (2023: 181,181,182), and 1,000,000 performance rights (2023: 1,000,000 performance rights) were excluded from diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Section 3: Discontinued Operations

Accounting Policy

A discontinued operation is a component of the consolidated entity that has been disposed or is classified as held for sale and represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

In August 2021, the Group announced the long-term charter of the offshore support vessel VOS Shine would finish and returned to the vessel owner. As such, the subsea and asset integrity risk management operations to which the VOS Shine was related, are shown as discontinued operations in this report. The Group anticipates that there will be minimal movement on these accounts during the upcoming period as the Group finalises payments and expenses in existence at the completion of the previous financial period.

Results for the year from discontinued operations

	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
	\$	\$
Sales	-	-
Cost of goods sold	-	-
General and administration	(6,352)	35,261
Professional fees	(187,257)	(195,394)
Impairment on other deposit	(472,415)	-
Withholding tax suffered	-	(158,179)
Loss after tax from discontinued operations	(666,024)	(318,312)

Cash flows from discontinued operations

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers	-	-
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(81,909)	(199,194)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	-	-
Net cash (used in) / from operating activities	(81,909)	(199,194)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for plant and equipment	-	-
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of principal lease liabilities	-	-
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	-	-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(81,909)	(199,194)

Section 4: Assets and Liabilities

This section focuses on the assets and liabilities which form the core of the ongoing business, including those assets and liabilities which support ongoing development as well as capital and other commitments existing at year end.

Key Estimates and Assumptions in This Section

Indicators of impairment

The Group has reviewed intellectual property for indicators of impairment in accordance with AASB 138. An assessment for impairment of intellectual property has been undertaken under the requirements of AASB 136. An impairment was recognised amounting to \$ 5,875,887 (2023: \$2,552,823) as a result of this assessment.

4.1 Intangible Assets

Information about Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination, other than goodwill, are initially measured at their fair value at the date of acquisition. Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Indefinite life intangible assets are not amortised and are subsequently measured at cost less any impairment. Finite life intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less amortisation and any impairment. The gains or losses recognised in profit or loss arising from the de-recognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the intangible asset. The method and useful lives of finite life intangible assets are reviewed annually. Changes in the expected pattern of consumption or useful life are accounted for prospectively by changing the amortisation method or period.

Accounting Policy

Research and development

Research costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Research costs are largely made up of employee labour.

Development costs on a particular project are only to be capitalised if a benefit of more than 12 months is expected and the following recognition criteria have been met:

- It is probable that the project will be a success considering its commercial and technical feasibility;
- The Group can demonstrate its intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset;
- The Group has sufficient resources to complete the asset; and
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.

Capitalised development costs are amortised over their useful life once the asset is ready for use.

Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as assets in a subsequent period.

Software development

Development costs include personnel and other directly attributable costs incurred in the development of software. Capitalised software development costs are recognised as an intangible asset and amortised over their estimated useful lives, which is considered to be three to ten years. Software development costs are capitalised as “under development” until the products to which the costs relate become available for use. At the point in which the products become available for use, the costs are transferred from “under development” to “in use” and amortised from that point.

Patents and trademarks

Significant costs associated with patents amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected benefit, being their finite life of eight years.

Trademarks are not amortised as they have an indefinite useful life as the Company renews its trademark registration every ten years but are subject to impairment.

Impairment

Non-current assets are tested for impairment when facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may exceed the recoverable amount.

Where a potential impairment is indicated, an assessment is performed for each CGU which is no larger than an area of interest. The Group performs impairment testing in accordance with note 1.5.

	Proprietary Information \$	Patents \$	Software Under Development \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount				
Balance at 1 July 2022	11,631,667	850	-	11,632,517
Foreign currency translation	(20,732)	-	-	(20,732)
Balance at 30 June 2023	11,610,935	850	-	11,611,785
Balance at 1 July 2023	11,610,935	850	-	11,611,785
Addition	-	-	1,389,200	1,389,200
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2024	11,610,935	850	1,389,200	13,000,985
Amortisation and impairment				
Balance at 1 July 2022	2,526,373	-	-	2,526,373
Amortisation for the year	1,219,800	-	-	1,219,800
Impairment	2,552,823	-	-	2,552,823
Balance at 30 June 2023	6,298,996	-	-	6,298,996
Balance at 1 July 2023	6,298,996	-	-	6,298,996
Amortisation for the year	826,102	-	-	826,102
Impairment	4,485,837	850	1,389,200	5,875,887
Balance at 30 June 2024	11,610,935	850	1,389,200	13,000,985
Carrying amounts				
Balance at 30 June 2023	5,311,939	850	-	5,312,789
Balance at 30 June 2024	-	-	-	-

Impairment charge of \$5,875,887 (2023: \$2,552,823) has been recognised in the current year to write-off the remaining intangible assets balance. Following the restructuring in current financial year, the Group decided to write off the remaining intangible balance aligns with conservative financial reporting practices, considering internal and external factors might affect the timing of profitability and related inherent risk in forecasting future cashflows. The group also wanted to present a more collate reporting between statement of profit or loss and statement of cashflows moving forward instead of capitalising the R&D cost as intangible assets.

Despite the write-off, the Group remains optimistic about the future profitability of its product, supported by continuous technological improvements and strategic restructuring initiatives as previously announced to the market.

4.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Accounting Policy

Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and recognised net within "other gains and losses" in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a diminishing balance basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Plant and equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor vehicles	12 - 15 years
Computer equipment & software	2 - 4 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

	Plant & Equipment \$	Fixtures & Fittings \$	Computer Equipment \$	Demonstration Equipment \$	Equipment for Hire \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount							
Balance at 1 July 2022	3,200	225,584	302,257	55,854	300,229	1,056,406	1,943,530
Additions	4,805	9,222	19,722	-	15,655	-	49,404
Disposals/Scrapping	-	-	(1,787)	-	-	(2,634)	(4,421)
Foreign currency translation	471	-	(1,045)	(155)	(133)	-	(862)
Balance at 30 June 2023	8,476	234,806	319,147	55,699	315,751	1,053,772	1,987,651
Additions	-	6,833	18,118	-	5,000	-	29,951
Disposals/Scrapping/Transfer	-	-	-	-	(18,531)	-	(18,531)
Foreign currency translation	7	-	9	-	-	-	16
Balance at 30 June 2024	8,483	241,639	337,274	55,699	302,220	1,053,772	1,999,087
Depreciation							
Balance at 1 July 2022	160	67,332	135,858	51,153	187,458	123,474	565,435
Depreciation for the period	1,661	41,635	93,433	3,517	41,002	150,492	331,740
Disposals/Scrapping	-	-	(1,494)	-	-	-	(1,494)
Foreign currency translation	90	-	107	(155)	(13)	-	29
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,911	108,967	227,904	54,515	228,447	273,966	895,710
Depreciation for the period	3,686	42,317	69,345	1,184	37,199	150,544	304,275
Disposals/Scrapping/Transfer	-	-	-	-	(7,585)	-	(7,585)
Foreign currency translation	165	-	453	-	-	-	618
Balance at 30 June 2024	5,762	151,284	297,702	55,699	258,061	424,510	1,193,018
Carrying amounts							
Balance at 30 June 2023	6,565	125,839	91,243	1,184	87,304	779,806	1,091,941
Balance at 30 June 2024	2,721	90,355	39,572	-	44,159	629,262	806,069

4.3 Right-Of-Use Assets

	Plant & Equipment \$	Vessel \$	Building ⁽¹⁾ \$	Total \$
Gross carrying amount				
Balance taken up 1 July 2022	9,144	-	1,713,822	1,722,966
Additions	-	-	-	-
Derecognition	-	-	-	-
Provision for restoration	-	-	4,464	4,464
Balance at 30 June 2023	9,144	-	1,718,286	1,727,430
Additions	7,734	-	-	7,734
Derecognition	-	-	-	-
Provision for restoration	-	-	4,630	4,630
Balance at 30 June 2024	16,878	-	1,722,916	1,739,794
Amortisation				
Balance at 1 July 2022	5,681	0	224,204	229,885
Amortisation for the period	1,892	-	245,286	247,178
Balance at 30 June 2023	7,573	-	469,490	477,063
Amortisation for the period	1,829	-	246,188	248,017
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,402	-	715,678	725,080
Carrying amounts				
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,571	-	1,248,796	1,250,367
Balance at 30 June 2024	7,476	-	1,007,238	1,014,714

- (1) Bentley office building lease was entered in 2021 with an initial 7 year term with an option to renew for a further 5 year term. The right of use asset has been calculated over the initial 7 year term.

4.4 Other Bonds and Deposits

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current			
Cash deposit to provide security over a bank guarantee	(i)	-	478,767
		-	478,767
Non-current			
Cash deposit to provide security over new premises	(ii)	228,213	218,990
		228,213	218,990
		228,213	697,757

- (i) Under the terms of the lease agreement of the VOS Shine, the Group was required to provide an on demand bank guarantee to Vroon Offshore Services B.V. ("Vroon"), the vessel owner, to secure its payment and performance obligations. The Group's bankers issued the guarantee secured by a cash deposit of 292,000 Euro. The cash deposit was due to be refunded on 1 January 2022 on expiry of the guarantee. This guarantee was called by Vroon prior to expiry, the validity of the call being a matter of dispute between the Group and Vroon. The position on the settlement of final contractual obligations is subject to negotiation, the contract having a framework for the resolution of disputes which ultimately includes an arbitration process. The Group will continue to avail itself of all available options to recover the funds drawn under the guarantee. In current financial year, the Group took the prudent decision to impair the deposit even though the Group remains confident of full recovery.
- (ii) The Group was required to provide a bank guarantee of in respect of the lease of the premises in Technology Park, Bentley, Western Australia.

Section 5: Working Capital Disclosures

This section focuses on the cash funding available to the Group and working capital position at year end.

5.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Accounting Policy

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	444,943	992,018

(b) Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Operating loss after tax	(13,329,216)	(10,002,733)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	1,378,394	1,798,718
Equity-settled share-based payment transactions	566,331	486,080
Net finance expense	123,738	264,528
Net finance income	(9,223)	(36,150)
Loss/ (gain) on cashflow hedge	-	12,971
Intangible assets impairment	5,875,887	2,552,823
Allowance for expected credit losses	125,674	-
Impairment of other deposit	472,415	-
R&D recognition as intangible assets	(1,389,200)	-
Computer equipment written off	-	293
Withholding tax written off	-	158,179
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Change in trade and other receivables	(58,948)	122,693
Change in prepayments	15,537	(28,906)
Change in inventories	46,266	54,669
Change in other operating assets	182,039	195,542
Change in current tax assets	-	35,216
Change in trade and other payables	826,490	(171,615)
Change in contract liabilities	323,095	(40,595)
Change in employee entitlements	47,299	12,081
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,803,422)	(4,586,206)

5.2 Trade and Other Receivables

Accounting Policy

Trade receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for impairment. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within periods ranging from seven to thirty days.

Impairment of trade receivables is continually reviewed and those considered uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account is used when there is an expectation that the Group will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms. Factors considered by the Group in making this determination include significant financial difficulties of the debtor, review of financial information and significant delinquency in making contractual payments to the Group. The impairment allowance is set equal to the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Where receivables are short-term, discounting is not applied in determining the allowance.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Trade debtors ⁽¹⁾	546,949	518,869
Allowance for expected credit losses	(250,749)	(125,075)
	296,200	393,794
Accrued income	-	-
Amount due from a director ⁽²⁾	-	100,000
Other receivables	65,910	35,042
	362,110	528,836

(1) The average credit period on sales of goods and rendering of services is 30 days. An allowance \$250,749 (2023: \$125,075) has been made for estimated unrecoverable trade receivable amounts arising from the past sale of goods and rendering of services, determined by reference to AASB 9 requirements.

(2) Refer to note 7.4 for further details.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The ageing of the receivables and allowances for expected credit losses provided for above are as follows:

	Trade debtors		Allowance for expected credit losses	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current	218,807	227,995	-	-
1 to 30 days overdue	64,200	128,466	-	-
31 to 60 days overdue	-	10,406	-	-
61 to 90 days overdue	2,685	10,406	-	-
Over 90 days overdue	261,257	141,596	250,749	125,075
	546,949	518,869	250,749	125,075

Movements in allowance for expected credit losses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July	125,075	138,743
Impaired receivables written off	-	(13,668)
Impairment losses recognised on receivables	125,674	-
Balance at the end of the year	250,749	125,075

The Group have individually assessed the recoverability of each receivable balance based predominantly upon age of outstanding debt and communication with the debtor.

5.3 Inventory**Accounting Policy**

Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a 'first in first out' basis. Cost comprises direct materials and delivery costs, direct labour, import duties and other taxes, an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure based on normal operating capacity, and, where applicable, transfers from cash flow hedging reserves in equity. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts received or receivable.

Goods in transit is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises purchase and delivery costs, net of rebates and discounts received or receivable.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Raw materials – at cost	343,803	341,115
Finished goods – at cost	114,898	163,852
Total	458,701	504,967

5.4 Trade and Other Payables

Accounting Policy

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Trade payables	164,756	198,290
Authorised government agencies	216,608	131,108
Non-trade payables and accrued expenses	953,065	235,288
	1,334,429	564,686

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 7.2.

5.5 Other Liabilities

Accounting Policy

The Group recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts as other liabilities in the statement of financial position. As a result of the contracts which the Group enters into, a number of different liabilities are recognised on the Group's balance sheet. These include but are not limited to Deferred income.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current		
Revenue received in advance	414,756	91,661

Section 6: Equity and Funding

This section focuses on the debt and equity funding available to the Group at year end, most notably covering share capital and loans and borrowings.

6.1 Capital and Reserves

Accounting Policy

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Share Capital

	Ordinary shares			
	Number of shares		Amount in \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Movement in ordinary shares on issue:				
On issue at 1 July	631,819,516	588,926,643	44,189,044	41,254,787
<i>Shares issued and expensed during the year:</i>				
Issue of fully paid shares for cash	166,840,458	14,358,974	3,843,418	1,500,000
Issued on conversion of options	-	3,840,000	-	249,600
Shares cancelled	(500,000)	-	-	-
Issue of fully paid shares in lieu of bonuses	13,697,964	6,537,399	405,193	455,281
Deferred consideration on acquisition of subsidiary	-	18,156,500	-	750,000
Capital raising costs incurred (net of tax benefit)	-	-	(360,858)	(20,624)
On issue at 30 June	811,857,938	631,819,516	48,076,797	44,189,044

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

Unissued Capital

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Balance at 1 July	1,278,761	2,112,761
Deferred consideration shares issued	-	(750,000)
Shares in lieu of bonus issued	-	(84,000)
Balance at 30 June ⁽¹⁾	1,278,761	1,278,761

⁽¹⁾ The remaining balance comprises the final tranche of deferred consideration shares for SnapSupport, Inc acquisition.

Share Options

The Company has a share-based payment option scheme under which options to subscribe for the Company's shares have been granted to certain Directors and employees (see note 7.1).

Nature and Purpose of Reserves

Movement in reserves are shown within the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Share-Based Payments Reserve

This reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided to employees and Directors as part of their remuneration. Refer to note 7.1 for further details of these plans.

Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

Convertible Note Reserve

The convertible note reserve is used to record the equity component of convertible notes issued on 28 November 2019. Refer to note 6.2 for further details of the convertible notes' accounting treatment and terms.

6.2 Borrowings

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings. For more information about the Group's exposure to interest rate risk, see note 7.2.

Accounting Policy

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Where there is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, the loans or borrowings are classified as non-current.

Finance costs

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred, including interest on short-term and long-term borrowings.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Unsecured		
Premium funding facility	115,714	135,066
	115,714	135,066
Secured		
Convertible notes ⁽¹⁾	3,944,850	3,822,502
Loan notes ⁽²⁾	1,217,000	-
Total Borrowings	5,161,850	3,822,502
Current	5,277,564	135,066
Non-current	-	3,822,502
	5,277,564	3,957,568

⁽¹⁾ There is a general security over the assets of the company.

⁽²⁾ There is a general security over the Research and Development rebate from the Australian Tax Office.

Reconciliation of Movement in Borrowings

	Premium funding \$	Convertible Notes \$	Loan Notes \$	Loan from former Group CEO \$	Research and Development funding \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	100,406	3,714,594	-	-	-
New facility	214,176	-	-	-	-
Interest costs charged	5,163	467,908	-	-	-
Less repaid ⁽¹⁾	(184,722)	(360,000)	-	-	-
Foreign currency	43	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2023	135,066	3,822,502	-	-	-
New facility	165,259	-	1,217,000	250,000	960,045
Interest costs charged	5,887	483,335	33,009	9,096	49,947
Less repaid ⁽¹⁾	(190,498)	(271,233)	-	(259,096)	(1,009,992)
Accrued in other payables	-	(89,754)	(33,009)	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2024	115,714	3,944,850	1,217,000	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Amounts repaid include interest and loan establishment costs.

Convertible Notes

The Company raised \$4,000,000 from the issue of 4,000,000 convertible notes on 28 November 2019 for the acquisition of Harvest Infinity Pty Ltd. Details of the convertible notes are as disclosed below. All convertible notes remain unconverted at period end.

Terms of Convertible Notes on Issue

- Interest rate: 9% per annum
- Maturity date: 28 November 2024
- Conversion price: 2.2 cents per share on or before the maturity date

Accounting Treatment of Convertible Notes

The net proceeds received from the issue of the convertible notes has been split between the financial liability component and an equity component, representing the residual amount attributable to the capacity to convert the financial liability in equity in the Company as follows:

- The equity component of \$499,385 has been credited to equity.

The liability component is measured at amortised cost. The effective interest expense for the year is calculated by applying an effective interest rate of 12.45% to the liability component of the notes. The difference between the carrying amount of the liability component at the date of issue and the amount reported in the statement of financial position at 30 June 2024 represents the effective interest rate less interest paid to date. The value of the equity and liability components were determined at the date the instruments were issued.

Subsequent event of Convertible Notes

In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement (subject to conditions) with the convertible notes holders to extend the maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026 and the interest rate is revised to 15% per annum, of which 9% annual interest will be paid on quarterly basis and the remaining 6% annual interest will be capitalised. All other terms and conditions of the convertible notes remain unchanged. In addition, whilst the Group is in the process of satisfying the preconditions to the 28 November 2026 extension, the convertible note holders agreed to extend their notes maturity to November 2025, by a Deed of Amendment to the original contracts.

Loan Notes

Terms of Loan Notes on Issue

- Interest rate: 15% per annum
- Maturity date: 25 April 2025 or 20 business days from receiving the R&D
- The loan principal under all scenarios is to be repaid in cash
- The loan Interest are payable with the following option:

Option	Type	\$
A	In cash at end of term	392,000
B	In cash or shares (at \$0.035 per share) at end of term	620,000
C	In shares (at \$0.0205 per share) 12 months' interest paid upfront	205,000
		<u>1,217,000</u>

Research and Development funding facility

Terms of Research and Development funding facility

- Interest rate: 16% to 22% per annum depending on the timing of the receipt of the rebate from the Australian Tax Office
- Maturity date: 29 February 2024
- Secured against the Research and Development rebate from the Australian Tax Office
- This facility was fully repaid in January 2024

Loan from former Group CEO

Terms of Loan from former Group CEO

- Interest rate: 16% per annum
- Maturity date: 20 June 2024
- The Board has reviewed the terms with the latest available market information and concluded the terms are equivalent to an arm's length transaction
- The loan was fully repaid in March 2024

6.3 Lease Liabilities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Balance at 1 July	1,581,838	1,833,496
Lease inception	7,735	-
Principal repayments	(322,641)	(313,362)
Interest expense	52,245	61,704
Exchange differences	-	-
Balance at 30 June	1,319,177	1,581,838
Classification		
Current	290,258	270,178
Non-current	1,028,919	1,311,660
	1,319,177	1,581,838

Refer to Note 7.2 for further disclosures on lease liabilities.

6.4 Provisions

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July	125,074	120,610
Recognition of provision for restoration requirements in regard of right-of-use assets	4,630	4,464
Balance at 30 June	129,704	125,074
Classification		
Current	-	-
Non-current	129,704	125,074
	129,704	125,074

Section 7: Other Disclosures

The disclosure in this section focuses on share schemes in operation and financial risk management of the Group. Other mandatory disclosures, such as details of related party transactions, can also be found here.

Key Estimates and Assumptions in this Section

Share-Based Payments

The fair value of share options is measured using the Black-Scholes options pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on an evaluation of the company's historic volatility, particularly over the historic period commensurate with the expected term) and weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience), expected dividends (if any) and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market conditions are not considered in determining fair value.

In addition, the Group has on issue, performance shares and performance rights as detailed in note 7.1. Significant judgement is required in relation to assessing the degree of probability associated with the non-market vesting conditions being met.

7.1 Share-Based Payments

Accounting Policy

The share option programme allows Group employees to receive rights to acquire shares of the Company. The grant date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do not meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes. Options may also be issued to parties for services rendered. The amount recognised is determined on similar principles when the value of options issued approximates the fair value of the services provided.

Where the fair value of an employee share option or performance right has been recognised as a share-based payment and the option or right lapses on expiry, the total amount of the share-based payment expense is transferred from the share-based payment reserve to accumulated losses. Where a share option or right has lapsed and the non-market vesting criteria has not been met, any previously recorded share-based payment expense is reversed through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The share-based payment expense included within the consolidated financial statements can be broken down as follows:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
(a) Expensed in personnel expenses		
Shares issued to employees	405,193	371,281
(b) Expensed in professional fees		
Options issued to consultants of the Company	161,139	114,797

Shares

The Company operates both Short and Long Term Incentive Plans (Incentive Plans) which give eligible employees (including members of Key Management Personnel) the opportunity to receive share-based incentives as part of their remuneration.

The incentives normally vest based on satisfaction of performance conditions specified in the Incentive Plans, which typically involve both a qualifying period of service and based on achieving performance hurdle conditions specific to their role in the organization. The employee must be actively employed in their full-time position at the time the performance hurdle conditions were met. Any shares proposed to be issued under the Incentive Plans are subject to Board approval. The Company reserves the right to payout the value of the incentive in either cash or shares (at the Company's sole discretion).

During the year the Company issued the following shares to employees at a deemed issue price of nil under the Incentive Plans:

	Number of Shares Issued
Key Management Personnel	3,933,334
Other employees	9,764,630
Total	<u>13,697,964</u>

For the purposes of calculating the share-based payment expense, the shares are valued on grant date at the market price of the Company's shares on that date. Shares were issued during the year with a fair value range of \$0.028 to \$0.037 per share.

During the year, the following KMPs were issued shares in relation to Short and Long-Term Incentive Plans:

Ms Linda Shields	850,000 shares at fair value of \$0.037 per share in September 2023
	1,041,667 shares at fair value of \$0.028 per share in October 2023
Mr Craig Byron	1,000,000 shares at fair value of \$0.035 per share in September 2023
	1,041,667 shares at fair value of \$0.028 per share in October 2023

Equity-Settled Share Option Programme

The Company adopted an Employee Share Options Scheme (ESOS) effective 24 August 2016. Under the ESOS, the Company may grant options and rights to Company eligible participants over a period of 3 years to acquire securities up to a maximum of 15% of the Company's total issued ordinary shares at the date of the grant. The fair value of share options granted is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The options and rights vest on a time scale as specified in the ESOS and are granted for no consideration. Options and rights granted under the plan carry no dividend or voting rights. When exercisable, each option is converted into one ordinary share. The maximum term of an option is 5 years from grant date and the exercise price is settled in cash. Options may not be transferred other than to an associate of the holder.

Options

The following tables illustrate the share-based payment arrangements in place, and the number and weighted average exercise prices of and movements in share options. At 30 June 2024, a summary of the Group options issued and not exercised, excluding those options issued free attaching in share placements, are as follows:

Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise Price (cents)	Balance at start of year	Granted during the year	Exercised/ Expired during the year	Balance at year-end	Vested and exercisable at year-end
03-Mar-23	03-Mar-23	03-Mar-25	25	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
17-Jul-23	17-Jul-23	30-Jun-26	7.5	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	5,000,000
16-Apr-24	16-Apr-24	26-Apr-27	3	-	6,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
Total				6,000,000	11,000,000	-	17,000,000	17,000,000
Weighted average exercise price (cents)				25	5.5	-	12.4	12.4
Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)				1.68	-	-	1.82	-

Options are settled by the physical delivery of shares.

At 30 June 2023, a summary of the Group options issued and not exercised, excluding those options issued free attaching in share placements, are as follows:

Grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Exercise Price (cents)	Balance at start of year	Granted during the year	Exercised/ Expired during the year	Balance at year-end	Vested and exercisable at year-end
18-Feb-20	18-Feb-20	18-Feb-23	6.5	3,840,000	-	(3,840,000)	-	-
18-Feb-20	18-Feb-20	18-Feb-23	10	1,920,000	-	(1,920,000)	-	-
03-Mar-23	03-Mar-23	03-Mar-25	25	-	6,000,000	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
Total				5,760,000	6,000,000	(5,760,000)	6,000,000	6,000,000
Weighted average exercise price (cents)				7.67	25	7.67	25	25
Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)				0.64	-	-	1.68	-

Options are settled by the physical delivery of shares.

Key valuation assumptions made at valuation date for options still on issue at year-end are summarised below:

	Tranche 9	Tranche 10	Tranche 11
Exercise price (cents)	25	7.5	3.0
Grant date	3-Mar-23	17-Jul-23	16-Apr-24
Expiry date	3-Mar-25	30-Jun-26	26-Apr-27
Life of the options (years)	2.00	2.96	3.03
Volatility	84.00%	93.25%	100.55%
Risk free rate	3.67%	3.863%	3.958%

Performance Rights

At 30 June 2024, a summary of the Group performance rights issued are as follows:

Note	Grant date	End of performance period	Expiry date	Tranche	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year	Lapsed/ Converted during the year	Balance at year-end	Vested and convertible at year-end	Expensed During the Year (\$)
(i)	23-Nov-20	1-Sep-21	10-Nov-25	B	500,000	-	-	500,000	-	-
(ii)	23-Nov-20	1-Mar-22	10-Nov-25	C	500,000	-	-	500,000	-	-

Each performance right represents a right to be issued one ordinary share, with no exercise price payable on conversion, upon the achievement of the following revenue-based milestones:

- (i) Tranche B performance rights will vest upon the Group achieving a VWAP of at least \$0.50 over any twenty consecutive trading day period before the milestone date, being 1 September 2021.
- (ii) Tranche C performance rights will vest upon the Group achieving a VWAP of at least \$0.75 over any twenty consecutive trading day period before the milestone date, being 1 March 2022.

Tranches B and C were granted after receiving shareholder approval at the Company's AGM on 10 November 2020. Both Tranche B and C have not met the conditions of the relevant milestone and the performance rights will not vest.

7.2 Financial Instruments

Accounting Policy

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with AASB 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, finance income or other financial items, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within other expenses.

The classification is determined by both:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Subsequent remeasurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets to collect its contractual cash flows;
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments as well as listed bonds that were previously classified as held-to-maturity under AASB 139.

Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'. This replace AASB 139's 'incurred loss model'.

Instruments within the scope of the new requirements included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, trade receivables, contract assets recognised and measured under AASB 15 and loan commitments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Recognition of credit losses is no longer dependent on the Group first identifying a credit loss event. Instead, the Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Level 1'); and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Level 2').

- 'Level 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The '12-month expected credit losses' are recognised for the first category whilst 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognised for the second category.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

The Group makes use of a simplified approach in accounting for trade and other receivables and records the loss allowance as lifetime expected credit losses. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial instrument. In calculating, the Group uses its historical experience, external indicators and forward-looking information to calculate the expected credit losses using a provision matrix.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Group designated a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are initially measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designation at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

All interest-related charges and, if applicable, changes in an instrument's fair value that are reported in profit or loss are included within finance costs or finance income.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group's overall strategy remains consistent since 2023.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and equity attributable to equity holders of the parent, comprising issued capital, reserves and retained earnings.

None of the Group's entities are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Operating cash flows are used to maintain and expand operations, as well as to make routine expenditures such as tax and general administrative outgoings.

Financial Risk Management Objectives

The Group is exposed to market risk (including foreign currency exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimise the effect of these risks and the Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed on a continuous basis to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group does not trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

Market Risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

Due to the expansion of the Group into the North American and UK/EMEA markets, there has been an increase to the Group's exposure to market risks.

Foreign currency exchange rate risk management

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities at the balance date expressed in Australian dollars are as follows:

	Consolidated			
	Assets		Liabilities	
	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Currency				
United States Dollars	55,372	73,075	14,895	8,393
Euro	-	478,767	-	-
British Pound Sterling	45,566	27,838	31,411	17,430

Foreign Currency Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below details the Group's sensitivity to an increase/decrease in the Australian dollar against the United States Dollar, Euro, and British Pound Sterling. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, including external loans where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the borrower and adjusts their translation balance date for 500 basis point change in foreign currency rates.

At balance date, if foreign exchange rates had been 500 basis points higher or lower, and all other variables were held constant, the impact on profit or loss would be:

	Impact on profit & loss	
	2024 \$	2023 \$
If AUD strengthens by 5% (2023: 5%)		
United States Dollar	(2,024)	(3,234)
Euro	-	(23,938)
British Pound Sterling	(708)	(520)
If AUD weakens by 5% (2023: 5%)		
United States Dollar	2,024	3,234
Euro	-	23,938
British Pound Sterling	708	520

Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as entities in the Group borrow funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The Group's exposure to interest rate on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the balance date.

At balance date, if interest rates had been 50 points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit or loss would increase / (decrease) by \$2,225 / (\$2,225) (2023: \$4,960 / (\$4,960))

The Group's sensitivity to interest rates has decreased during the year due to the reduction in variable rate debt instruments.

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge an obligation to the Group. The Group is exposed to credit risk from financial assets including cash and cash equivalents held at banks and trade and other receivables.

The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties.

The Group only transacts with entities that are rated the equivalent of investment grade and above. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Group uses publicly available financial information and its own trading record to rate its customers.

The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored, and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks or government agencies with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

Liquidity Risk Management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate banking and borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's expected contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities.

These have been drawn up based on undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date the Group can be required to repay.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted Average Interest rate %	Less than 6 months \$	6 months to 1 year \$	1 – 5 years \$
30 June 2024				
Trade and other payables	-	1,334,429	-	-
Borrowings	3.21	102,367	17,061	-
Lease liabilities	3.66	165,582	166,385	1,088,188
		1,602,378	183,446	1,088,188
30 June 2023				
Trade and other payables	-	564,686	-	-
Borrowings	3.39	119,831	19,529	-
Lease liabilities	3.64	160,959	161,375	1,411,272
		845,476	180,904	1,411,272

Derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's expected contractual maturities for its derivative financial liabilities.

These have been drawn up based on undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date the Group can be required to repay.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average Interest rate %	Less than 6 months \$	6 months to 1 year \$	1 – 5 years \$
30 June 2024				
Convertible notes – level 2	9.00	4,149,918	-	-
Loan notes – level 2	15.00	-	1,368,800	-
		4,149,918	1,368,800	-
30 June 2023				
Convertible notes – level 2	9.00	181,479	178,521	4,149,918
		181,479	178,521	4,149,918

Fair Value Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy.

The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, current receivables, current payables, and current interest-bearing borrowings denominated in Australian Dollars, approximate their fair values.

7.3 Capital Commitments

At year end, there were no material capital commitments.

7.4 Related Parties

Directors and other Key Management Personnel compensation included in 'personnel expenses' (note 2.4) comprises the following:

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		1,231,366	1,108,418
Post-employment benefits		93,500	93,913
Share-based payments		124,782	88,825
	2.4	1,449,648	1,291,156

In December 2023, the former Group CEO has provided a short-term loan to the Group amounting to \$250,000. The key terms of the loan facility were as follows:

- Unsecured loan facility;
- Interest rate: 16% per annum; and
- Maturity date: 20 June 2024

The loan was subsequently repaid in full including interest in March 2024.

7.5 Subsidiaries

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Place of incorporation, operation and tax resident	Financial year end	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group	
				2024 %	2023 %
Harvest Technology Pty Ltd	Data Transfer Technology, Corporate & Administrative Support	Australia	30 June	100	100
Harvest Infinity Pty Ltd	Technology Research & Development	Australia	30 June	100	100
Opsivity, Inc.	Remote Field Mobile SaaS Solutions, Technology Research & Development, Corporate & Administrative Support	United States	30 June	100	100
Harvest Technology (UK) Ltd	Data Transfer Technology, Corporate & Administrative Support	United Kingdom	30 June	100	100
Harvest Defence Pty Ltd	Data Transfer Technology	Australia	30 June	100	100
Shark Attack Mitigation Systems Pty Ltd	Dormant	Australia	30 June	100	100
Clever Buoy Australia Pty Ltd	Dormant	Australia	30 June	100	100

7.6 Subsequent Events

In July 2024, the Group has reached an agreement (subject to conditions) with the convertible notes holders to extend the maturity date from 28 November 2024 to 28 November 2026 and the interest rate is revised to 15% per annum, of which 9% annual interest will be paid on quarterly basis and the remaining 6% annual interest will be capitalised. All other terms and conditions of the convertible notes remain unchanged. In addition, whilst the Group is in the process of satisfying the preconditions to the 28 November 2026 extension, the convertible note holders agreed to extend their notes maturity to November 2025, by a Deed of Amendment to the original contracts.

In August 2024, Mr. Ilario Faenza and Mr. Marcus Machin have provided short term unsecured director loans to the Group totalling \$150,000. The material terms of the loan agreement are as follows:

- Interest rate: 15% per annum paid at the end of term
- Security: Nil
- The agreement does not include any right to convert the loan to Group shares
- Repayment terms:
 - a) The Borrower agrees that if the Shareholders provide Shareholder Approval, the Borrower will accept an application from the Lender to be issued Notes with a Face Value equal to the Outstanding Amount (rounded down to the nearest whole number). The Outstanding Amount is deemed to be repaid in full on the date of the issuance of such Notes (Note Date).
 - b) If the Shareholders do not provide Shareholder Approval at the next general meeting of the Company, the Borrower must repay the Outstanding Amount to the Lender on the next Business Day after such general meeting (Refusal Date).
 - c) The Borrower must repay the Outstanding Amount to the Lender on the earliest of:
 - (i) the Note Date (by way of issue of the Notes);
 - (ii) the Refusal Date; and
 - (iii) 30 November 2024.

The Group intends to seek shareholder approval at the 2024 Annual General Meeting of the Group to approve the loans be converted to Convertible Notes on the same terms as other investors.

Since 1 July, 2024, the Group had received \$2,050,000 from sophisticated investors through a convertible note placement.

Other than disclosed above there have been no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of these operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

7.7 Contingent Liabilities

At year end, there were no contingent liabilities.

7.8 Parent Company Disclosures

As at, and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the parent entity of the Group was Harvest Technology Group Limited.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Result of the parent entity		
Loss for the year	(13,185,261)	(10,774,224)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(13,185,261)	(10,774,224)
Financial position of parent entity at year end		
Current assets	134,883	645,740
Total assets	370,573	7,770,200
Current liabilities	(5,913,915)	(360,079)
Total liabilities	(5,919,323)	(4,182,580)
Total equity of the parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	48,076,797	44,189,044
Unissued capital	1,278,761	1,278,761
Reserves	6,100,219	5,939,081
Accumulated losses	(61,004,527)	(47,819,266)
Total equity (deficiency)	(5,548,750)	3,587,620

7.9 Auditors' Remuneration

	2024 \$	2023 \$
HLB Mann Judd:		
Audit and review of financial reports	85,862	79,693
Non-audit services	-	-
TOTAL AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	85,862	79,693

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement

Set out below is relevant information relating to entities that are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements at the end of the financial year as required by the *Corporations Act 2001* (s.295(3A)(a)).

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Entity Name	Body corporate, partnership or trust	Place incorporated/formed	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Company %	Australian or foreign tax resident	Jurisdiction for foreign tax resident
Harvest Technology Group Ltd (the Company)	Body corporate	Australia	NA	Australian	NA
Harvest Technology Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100	Australian	NA
Harvest Infinity Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100	Australian	NA
Opsivity, Inc.	Body corporate	United States	100	Foreign	United States
Harvest Technology (UK) Ltd	Body corporate	United Kingdom	100	Foreign	United Kingdom
Harvest Defence Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100	Australian	NA
Shark Attack Mitigation Systems Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100	Australian	NA
Clever Buoy Australia Pty Ltd	Body corporate	Australia	100	Australian	NA

Key assumptions and judgments

Section 295 (3A) of the *Corporation Act 2001* requires that the tax residency of each entity which is included in the Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement (CEDS) be disclosed. In the context of an entity which was an Australian resident, "Australian resident" has the meaning provided in the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*. The determination of tax residency involves judgement as the determination of tax residency is highly fact dependent and there are currently several different interpretations that could be adopted, and which could give rise to a different conclusion on residency.

In determining tax residency, the consolidated entity has applied the following interpretations:

Australian tax residency

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and judicial precedent, including having regard to the Commission of Taxation's public guidance in *Tax Ruling TR2018/5*.

Foreign tax residency

The consolidated entity has applied current legislation and where available judicial precedent in determination of foreign tax residency.

Directors' Declaration

1. In the opinion of the Directors of Harvest Technology Group Limited (the "Group"):
 - a. the accompanying financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the year then ended;
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001, professional reporting requirements and other mandatory requirements; and
 - (iii) the consolidated entity disclosure statement as at 30 June 2024 is true and correct.
 - b. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
 - c. the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:



JEFFERY SENGELMAN
Chair

Dated this
30th September 2024



Independent Auditor's Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Harvest Technology Group Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Harvest Technology Group Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1.8 in the financial report, which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

hlb.com.au

HLB Mann Judd ABN 22 193 232 714

A Western Australian Partnership

Level 4, 130 Stirling Street, Perth WA 6000 / PO Box 8124 Perth BC WA 6849

T: +61 (0)8 9227 7500 **E:** mailbox@hlbwa.com.au

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

HLB Mann Judd is a member of HLB International, the global advisory and accounting network.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue Recognition Refer to Note 2.2	
<p>The group generated revenue from operations of \$2,649,497. The Group predominately generates revenue through sale of hardware, hire of hardware products, software licence subscription fees and the provision of services.</p> <p>In accordance with AASB 15 <i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i>, revenue is recognised when the performance obligations attached to the contract have been met.</p> <p>We focussed on this area as a key audit matter due to the presumption of risk over revenue recognition as prescribed by the Australian Auditing Standards Board. Consequently, this area has been subject to significant audit procedures.</p>	<p>Our procedures included but were not limited to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - We reviewed the Group's accounting policy with regards to the recognition of revenue and insured that it was in compliance with AASB 15; - We reviewed the calculations of revenue received in advance; - We selected a sample of revenue transactions and agreed the transaction to the underlying support including contracts where relevant; - We performed cut-off testing to ensure that revenue was recognised in the correct period; - We assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in respect of revenue.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of:

- the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
- the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and

for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of:

- (c) the financial report (other than the consolidated entity disclosure statement) that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- (d) the consolidated entity disclosure statement that is true and correct and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON THE REMUNERATION REPORT

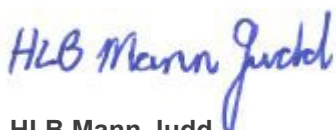
Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2024.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Harvest Technology Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024 complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.


Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.




HLB Mann Judd
Chartered Accountants

Perth, Western Australia
30 September 2024



D I Buckley
Partner



Shareholder Information

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at October 16, 2024.

Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

- There are a total of 816,742,621 ordinary fully paid shares on issue which are listed on the ASX
- The number of holders of fully paid ordinary shares is 1,560
- Holders of fully paid ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company
- There are no preference shares on issue.

Distribution of Ordinary Shares

Range	Total Holders	Ordinary shares	% of issued capital
1 - 1,000	34	4,383	0.00
1,001 - 5,000	39	129,953	0.02
5,001 - 10,000	207	1,742,424	0.21
10,001 - 100,000	758	30,838,382	3.78
100,001 and over	522	784,027,479	95.99
Total	1,560	816,742,621	100.00

There were 678 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

Top 20 Shareholders

Shareholders	Ordinary shares	
	Number held	% of issued shares
HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	33,716,061	4.13
SCHAFFER CORPORATION LIMITED	25,613,005	3.14
PETER CANAWAY PTY LTD <PETER CANAWAY SUPERFUND A/C>	20,000,000	2.45
PJG HOLDINGS (WA) PTY LTD	19,557,846	2.39
ARAB CAPITAL HOLDINGS LTD	15,583,959	1.91
MR JAMIE JOHN DEAN + MRS AMANDA SUE DEAN <DEAN FAMILY A/C>	15,275,446	1.87
MR BERTRAND LALANNE	15,000,000	1.84
MR PAUL JAMES MADDEN	14,606,592	1.79
MR KEIRAN JAMES SLEE	14,366,088	1.76
MR JARON LEIGH WARBURTON <WARBURTON FAMILY A/C>	12,927,896	1.58
DIXSON TRUST PTY LIMITED	11,621,227	1.42
KYRIACO BARBER PTY LTD	11,540,869	1.41
BALMAIN RESOURCES PTY LTD	11,083,333	1.36
MR ROSS MILNER MCKAY + MS CHRISTINE STUART BABBAGE <MCKAY SUPER FUND A/C>	10,000,000	1.22
THE STEPHENS GROUP SUPER FUND PTY LTD <THE STEPHENS GROUP SF A/C>	10,000,000	1.22
SEAFORTH BLUE PTY LTD <THE PAUL MADDEN S/F A/C>	9,992,207	1.22
MISS LINDA MARY SHIELDS	9,804,342	1.20
HARLUND INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <HART FAMILY SUPER FUND A/C>	9,500,000	1.16
MRS JULIE ALICE GUILFOYLE	9,333,333	1.14
MRS NARELLE FAY	7,557,556	0.93

Substantial Shareholders

There are no current substantial shareholders.

Listed Options

There are no listed options on issue.

Unlisted Options

Grant date	Number	Number of holders	Expiry date	Exercise price (cents)
03/03/2023	6,000,000	4	03/03/2025	\$0.25
17/07/2023	5,000,000	4	30/06/2026	\$0.075
16/04/2024	58,947,247	76	26/04/2027	\$0.03

Unlisted Performance Rights

Grant date	Number	Number of holders	Expiry date	Exercise price (cents)
10/11/2020	1,000,000	1	10/11/2025	\$0.25

Voting Rights

Ordinary Shares

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll, every member present or by proxy shall have one vote for every share held.

Options And Rights

No voting rights.

Corporate Directory

Directors

Jeffery Sengelman
Ilario Faenza
Marcus Machin
Ross McKinnon

Secretary

Jack Rosagro

Registered, Principal Office and Postal Address

7 Turner Avenue, Technology Park
Bentley 6102 Western Australia

Website: www.harvest.technology

Email: investor@harvest-tech.com.au

Telephone: +61 8 6370 6370

Auditors

HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership)
Level 4, 130 Stirling Street
Perth WA 6000

Bankers

NAB
100 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Share Registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd
Level 17, 221 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Telephone: +61 1300 552 270

ASX Code

Shares: HTG

Legal Form of Entity

Public company

Country of Incorporation and Domicile

Australia