

Mark Teperson Chief Executive Officer

Darin Hoekman Chief Finance Officer

18 February 2025

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Pro forma financial information

Pro forma financial results have been calculated to exclude certain items. Details of the adjustments and a reconciliation arcontained in the Directors' Reports for the relevant financial years (available at investors.babybunting.com.au/reports-announcements).

Baby Bunting uses certain measures to manage and report on its business that are not recognised under Australian Accounting Standards. These measures are referred to as non-IFRS financial information

Baby Bunting considers that this non-IFRS financial information is important to assist in evaluating Baby Bunting's performance. The information is presented to assist in making appropriate comparisons with prior periods and to assess the operating performance of the business.

All dollar values are in Australian dollars (A\$) unless otherwise stated.



Our Vision

The best start for the brightest future

Our Mission

To support & inspire confident parenting, from newborn to toddler

1H FY25 Financial Highlights



Strategic initiatives driving positive earnings growth

1H FY25 results

- Pro Forma¹ NPAT \$4.8m, up 37% vs pcp
- Sales of \$254.4m, up 2.4% on pcp
- Comparable store sales growth² up 2.2% (up 4.5% in Q2)
- Gross margin of 39.8%, up 260 bps vs pcp
- CODB increased to \$87.2m driven by strategic investment and store expenses

Disciplined capital management

- Cash conversion from operations 63%
- Inventory productivity
 Further \$2.6m reduction in comparable stores' inventory vs pcp
- Net Debt of \$9.1m at 29 Dec 2024 (vs \$13.0m end of FY24)
- Given near-term growth strategy, no interim dividend will be paid

2H FY25 trading update – First 7 weeks

- First 7 weeks Comp sales growth of 2.8%, cycling changed promotional offers vs pcp, with year-to-date comp sales growth of 2.3%
- January 2025 gross margin of 39.4%,
 570 bps above pcp
- PLEX at 48.4% of sales in first 7 weeks of 2H (45.1% LY), driven by significant number of exclusive products launching in key categories
- FY25 outlook maintained
 - FY25 pro forma NPAT expected to be in the range of \$9.5m to \$12.5m

Pro Forma financial results have been calculated to exclude certain items, which are set out in the Appendix in this document and the Directors' Report (dated 18 February 2025)

^{2.} Refer to Glossary for definition of comparable store sales growth



1H results and progress into 2H

Executing on our strategy and returning to growth

1H FY25		2H FY25 actions
Grow Sales	 Comp growth up from +0.6% (1 Jul-13 Oct) to +4.5% in Q2 New customer acquisition up 12% vs pcp Marketplace delivered \$2.5m in GMV from 3P orders, up 184% vs pcp 	 Newness flowing into 2H, across key categories, including car seats, prams, highchairs Transitioning further brands from Marketplace 3P to 1P (feeding & toys)
Grow Gross Margin	 Simplification of price architecture Trading terms significantly progressed through 1H Supply chain initiatives 	 Further margin benefit from reset trading terms Growth in retail media income (neutral 2H, accretive FY26) Further freight optimisation initiatives
Store Network expansion	 75 stores in total (71 AU, 4 NZ) 2 new stores opened in Maroochydore (QLD) and Belmont (WA) Relocation of Mile End store to Marleston (SA) Design of new large format store complete 	 Maribyrnong store refurbishment commenced January – new store format to open April 2025 2 further refurbishments to be completed by end of Q4 FY25 Network optimisation: Taylors Lakes (VIC) closed in Jan 2025
Private Label & Exclusive Brands	 46% of sales for the half (flat vs pcp) Nuna (AU) and Bugaboo (NZ) exclusivity arrangements embedded during 1H 	 New 5-year exclusivity arrangement with Edwards & Co (AU) Strong pipeline of exclusive products coming in 2H Babywear private label expansion
New Zealand	 New Zealand sales of \$7.8m (up from \$3.9m in 1H FY24) Pre-tax loss of \$2.1m (\$1.9m loss in 1H FY24) Review completed of New Zealand supply chain and distribution network 	 From Q4 FY25, lower annual supply chain costs of circa \$1m Focussed on three key priorities in NZ: Supply chain Brand Awareness Go-to-market New store in Auckland (in new store format) anticipated to open in Q4 FY25



Sales performance

Range innovation and new customer acquisition driving sales growth

- 1H comparable store sales growth of 2.2% with Q2 comp store sales growth of 4.5%
- Range innovation driving sales growth in Top 7 categories (accounting for ~80% of sales)
- Online sales (including Click & Collect) grew 2.8%, contributing to 22.4% of total sales:
 - Introduction of on-demand delivery services (Uber)
 - ~7% of online delivery orders with a lower cost to serve and improved customer experience
 - Marketplace delivered \$2.5m in GMV from 3P orders, up 184%; capital-efficient and effective incubation channel for new brands and categories
- New Zealand sales of \$7.8m (up from \$3.9m in 1H FY24)



Total Sales



Comparable sales growth %



76 stores open and trading through the period, Taylors Lakes was closed at the end of its lease in January 2025 bringing the total number of stores open to 75 as at 18 February 2025

Gross margin performance

On track to deliver our FY25 gross margin target of 40%

Strong progress made on gross margin initiatives through 1H with gross margin of 39.8%, up 260 bps vs pcp driven by:

- Supplier trading terms re-set significantly progressed through 1H, in line with management expectations
- Simplification of price architecture including removal of Spend & Earn loyalty mechanism and removal of Price Beats on items under \$50 (Q1 FY25)
- Supply chain initiatives

Private label & exclusive sales of 46.1% (1H FY24: 46.2%)

- Private label sales were 9.5% of sales (9.9% pcp)
- Exclusive sales 36.6% of sales (36.4% pcp)
- PLEX at 48.4% of sales in first 7 weeks of 2H (45.1% LY), driven by significant number of exclusive products launching in key categories



Gross Margin



1H Gross Margin bridge





1H FY25 Pro Forma Income Statement

\$ million	Pro Forma 1H FY25	Pro Forma 1H FY24	Change
Sales	254.4	248.5	2.4%
Comp growth %	2.2%	(7.0%)	
Cost of sales	(153.1)	(156.0)	(1.9%)
Gross Profit	101.3	92.5	9.5%
Gross Profit Margin	39.8%	37.2%	
Cost of doing business ¹	(87.2)	(81.8)	6.6%
Cost of doing business %	34.3%	32.9%	
EBITDA ¹	14.0	10.6	31.8%
EBITDA margin %	5.5%	4.3%	
Impact of AASB 16 application			
- Reverse operating leases expenses	17.8	18.0	
- Add ROU Asset Depreciation & Interest	(18.6)	(18.5)	
Depreciation - Plant & Equipment	(4.4)	(4.1)	
Finance costs - Borrowings	(1.0)	(0.9)	
Profit before tax	7.8	5.1	
Income tax expense	(3.0)	(1.6)	
Net profit after tax ²	4.8	3.5	36.8%
Net profit after tax margin %	1.9%	1.4%	

Commentary

Total sales of \$254.4m, up 2.4% vs pcp, driven by comparable store sales growth of 2.2%

Gross margin % of 39.8%, improved by 260 bps vs pcp driven by simplification of price architecture and re-negotiation of trading terms with suppliers

CODB¹ \$87.2m, increased by \$5.4m vs pcp (now 34.3% of sales):

- Store expenses up \$3.3m vs pcp driven by new and annualising stores and 3.75% wage inflation
- Marketing expenses up \$0.8m focused on new customer acquisition and performance marketing during critical promotional events
- Administrative expenses up \$1.3m vs pcp driven by wage inflation and investment in Data & Analytics capability platform



\$3.9m improvement in net debt from June 2024

\$ million	Statutory 1H FY25	Statutory FY24	Statutory 1H FY24
Cash & cash equivalents	12.0	9.5	6.8
Inventories	97.7	94.4	98.7
Plant and equipment	26.1	27.1	29.8
Goodwill & Intangibles	54.1	53.1	52.7
Right of Use assets	123.9	131.3	146.7
Other assets	20.5	16.8	16.1
Total Assets	334.3	332.2	350.9
Payables	51.5	47.7	56.5
Borrowings	21.1	22.6	12.9
Lease liability	145.5	152.8	168.6
Provisions	8.4	7.8	8.3
Income Tax Payable	2.1	0.6	1.3
Total Liabilities	228.6	231.6	247.6
Net Assets	105.7	100.6	103.2
Net Cash / (Debt)	(9.1)	(13.0)	(6.2)



Commentary

- Inventory well managed, \$2.6m reduction in comparable stores' inventory offset by a \$1.6m investment in new stores
- Right of Use assets and related Lease Liabilities both reduced by ~\$23m, as property lease profiles mature.
- **Net debt** balance of \$9.1m with ample banking covenant headroom



Investment program fully funded from cash flow from operating activities

\$ million	1H FY25	1H FY24
EBITDA ¹	14.0	10.6
Movement in working capital	(2.8)	4.3
Tax Paid	(2.0)	(0.9)
Restructuring costs	(0.4)	(1.1)
Net cash flow from operating activities	8.9	12.9
Cash conversion ratio	63%	121%
New store capex (incl. refurbishments)	(2.0)	(3.4)
Capex - other	(2.4)	(1.6)
Transformation program investments		
- capital	-	0.0
- non capital	-	(0.5)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(4.4)	(5.4)
Free cash flow	4.5	7.4
Dividends paid	-	(6.5)
(Repayment) / proceeds from borrowings	(1.5)	1.7
Finance costs – borrowings	(0.6)	(0.9)
Net cash flow	2.5	1.8

Commentary

Cash conversion ratio in line with plan at 63% noting the ~120% achieved in FY24 was driven by a material reduction on FY23 same store inventory levels. Further progress was made during 1H FY25 on inventory management

Investment expenditure of \$4.4m includes investments in:

- \$1.3m for 2 new stores opened
- \$2.4m in ongoing operational, IT/Digital and Store Support Centre capex
- estimated 2H capex between \$6m \$9m

Disciplined capital management

To support future growth, no interim dividend will be paid





Delivering shareholder value

Growth plan

Baby Bunting has a strong core business as the leading specialist baby retailer in Australia and New Zealand with 75 stores.

We have a clear plan to stabilise the business and reestablish it as a +10% EBITDA margin business.





Our strategy: returning to growth





Deliverables

Enhance customer experience



Market leading products



Exceptional experiences



Best-in-class services



Data & **Analytics**



Grow **EBITDA**





Gross Margin



Media business



New Zealand profitability



Operating leverage



Disciplined capital management



Network growth



Refurbish existing store network



Inventory productivity



Re-platforming **ĖRP/POS**

Strategic Priorities

Our Progress

Growth objectives

Deliverables



Enhance customer experience



Market leading products



Exceptional experiences



Best-in-class services



Data & Analytics

We presented our growth plan in June 2024. The following represents progress that has been made in 1H FY25

New brands launched

Q1 FY25: Bibs, Subo & Bunjie launched and performing well, new premium prams launched (ie. Nuna Demi Next, UPPAbaby Vista 3, Bugaboo Kangaroo, Milly + Coup), and Halo 360 car seat

Marketplace

Over 13,000 products online with more than 100 3P sellers now active Store experience

First pilot store in Maribyrnong has commenced refurbishment, with remaining 2 stores to be in market Q4 FY25

Omni-channel

Uber same day delivery launched in Q2 FY25 (run-rating at 7% of all orders since launch) 1-on-1 personalised appointments

Pilot of personalised appointments now live in 8 stores

Pram Cleaning Services

Deferred until FY26 to prioritise refurbishments and new store roll-out

Requirements for new Loyalty program being developed with design progressing in 2H FY25, with anticipated launch in 1H FY26



Completed actions



Strategic Priorities



Our Progress

Growth objectives

Deliv

Grow

EBITDA

Deliverables

Drive platform

leverage









We presented our growth plan in June 2024. The following represents progress that has been made in 1H FY25

Trading terms

Negotiations with suppliers progressing with annualised margin increased in line with plan

Exclusive Brands

Edwards & Co exclusivity agreement signed Jan '25, with other opportunities continued to be explored

Private Label

Changed sourcing to elevate margins and quality

Launched initial Retail Media packages ahead of Boxing Day event, further development to occur in 2H ✓ Trading terms updated for ✓ Re-shaped our core key NZ suppliers team structure to ali

Dedicated New Zealand marketing, merchandise and supply chain resources

Review completed of New Zealand supply chain and distribution network – identified circa \$1m of annualised savings commencing Q4 FY25

Re-shaped our core team structure to align with customer shopping behaviour and deliver operating efficiency

Lowering variable costs

Leverage systems investments





Strategic Priorities



Our Progress



Grow Return on invested capital

Disciplined capital management **Network**

growth

Refurbish existing store network



Inventory productivity



Re-platforming **ĖRP/POS**

We presented our growth plan in June 2024. The following represents progress that has been made in 1H FY25

Grow store network

Maroochydore (QLD) and Belmont (WA) opened in 1H FY25 & Westgate (NZ) in Q4 FY25

3 x small format store sites identified and expected to open in 1H FY26

First pilot store refurbishment in new store format underway, with further 2 stores to be completed by Q4 FY25

New inventory productivity benchmarks have been deployed across the business with an ongoing focus on delivering improvements in category and brand performance

Significant reduction in aged inventory profile in both AU & N7

To be progressed in FY26

Completed actions





Strategic Horizons & Future Deliverables

Funded from operating cash flows

	Deliverables		FY25 - H2			
Grow Market		Product Innovation	Flow newness in key categories: • Prams, Car Seats, Furniture • Feeding, Babywear, Toys	Scale New Product PipelineOptimise existing brands & categories		
	Enhance customer experience	Experience	Deliver Store of the FutureCommence new Loyalty design	 Launch new Loyalty Program Scale team training through LMS¹ Leverage Data Personalisation 		
share		Exclusive Brands	Signed new Edwards & Co Agt Progress additional brands	Increase Exclusive Brands relationships (with gross margin benefits)		
			Annualise Loyalty change & Price	Scale Private Label (inc. babywear)		
Grow EBITDA	Drive platform leverage	Gross Margin	Beat exclusion <\$50 • Ongoing flow of improved Supplier Terms	De-range underperforming Brands Expand Media Business ~\$2m-\$3m		
		New Zealand	Supply Chain cost-out ~\$0.2mRefine category Go-To-MarketDrive Brand Awareness	Supply Chain cost-out ~\$0.8m Accelerate Brand Awareness		
		Operating Leverage	Optimise Freight (AU & NZ)	Optimise Supply Chain & Customer Service productivity		
	Disciplined capital	Refurbishments	3 store refurbishments	Target 8 to 12 store refurbishments		
3		Large Formats	Open 1 New Store	Target 5 to 8 new stores		
Grow		Small Formats	Complete Design Phase	Open 3 Store Pilots (1H)		
Return on invested capital	management	Inventory Productivity	 Operationalise new inventory productivity measures Continued focus on inventory quality & ageing 	Drive Operating Leverage Commence ERP / POS re-platform		









Stabilising the business and returning to positive earnings growth

2H Trading update (first 7 weeks)

- First 7 weeks Comp sales growth of 2.8%, cycling changed promotional offers vs pcp, with year-to-date comp sales growth of 2.3%
- January 2025 gross margin of 39.4%,
 570 bps above pcp
- PLEX at 48.4% of sales in first 7 weeks of 2H (45.1% LY), driven by significant number of exclusive products launching in key categories

Outlook

FY25 outlook maintained

FY25 pro forma NPAT expected to be in the range of \$9.5m to \$12.5m, based on expectation that:

- comparable store sales growth in the range of 0% to 3%
- gross margin of 40%
- cost of doing business increases in FY25 include new & annualising store costs, wage inflation of 3.75%, additional roles, Data & Analytics investment and marketing to support strategy execution
- capital expenditure of \$10m \$13m fully funded through operating cash flow

Outlook assumes no significant changes in macro-economic and retail trading conditions





Statutory to Pro Forma Income Statement Reconciliation

		1H FY25	
\$ million	Statutory 1H FY25	Add Pro Forma Adj¹	Pro Forma 1H FY25
Sales	254.4		254.4
Cost of sales	(153.1)		(153.1)
Gross Profit	101.3		101.3
Other income	0.8		0.8
Store expenses	(43.3)		(43.3)
Marketing expenses	(5.4)		(5.4)
Warehouse expenses	(4.6)		(4.6)
Administrative expenses	(17.8)	1.2 a	(16.5)
Transformation project expenses	-		-
Restructuring costs	(0.4)		(0.4)
EBITDA	30.6	1.2	31.8
Depreciation and amortisation	(19.6)		(19.6)
EBIT	11.0	1.2	12.2
Net finance costs	(4.4)		(4.4)
Profit before tax	6.6	1.2	7.8
Income tax expense	(2.7)	(0.3) d	(3.0)
Net profit after tax	3.9	0.9	4.8

	1H FY24	
Statutory 1H FY24	Add Pro Forma Adj¹	Pro Forma 1H FY24
248.5		248.5
(156.0)		(156.0)
92.5		92.5
0.4	(0.4) b	-
(40.0)		(40.0)
(4.5)		(4.5)
(4.0)		(4.0)
(14.8)	(0.4) a	(15.2)
(0.9)	0.9 b	-
(1.1)	1.1 c	-
27.5	1.2	28.7
(19.1)		(19.1)
8.4	1.2	9.6
(4.5)		(4.5)
3.9	1.2	5.1
(1.3)	(0.4) d	(1.6)
2.7	0.8	3.5

Pro forma financial results have been calculated to exclude the following items (refer Directors' Report (dated 18 February 2025) for further detail):

- a. Expense reflects the cost amortisation of performance rights (LTI) on issue in the reporting period. This also includes a recovery of prepaid payroll tax on the plans as the EPS CAGR hurdles as defined under the LTI plan were not achieved.
- b.The Company incurred non-capital costs (\$0.858 million) in 1H FY24 for transformation projects. This was offset by a \$0.400 million cash settlement received in December 2023 from the vendor of an order management software following a dispute in relation to that software and its implementation.
- c. The Company incurred restructuring costs (\$1.138 million) in 1H FY24 which included make good costs relating to the Camperdown store closure (\$0.186 million) and payments associated with organisational restructure including the disestablishment of multiple head office roles.
- d. Tax impact from pro forma adjustments.



Pro Forma Income Statement

AASB 16 Transition Impact

	1H FY25				1H FY	24		
\$ million	Pro Forma 1H FY25	Reversal of AASB 16 Depreciation and Interest	Add Operating Lease Expenses	Pre-AASB 16 1H FY25	Pro Forma 1H FY24	Reversal of AASB 16 ADEpreciation and Interest	dd Operating Lease Expenses	Pre-AASB 16 1H FY24
Sales	254.4			254.4	248.5			248.5
Cost of sales	(153.1)			(153.1)	(156.0)			(156.0)
Gross Profit	101.3			101.3	92.5			92.5
Other income	0.8			0.8	-			-
Store expenses	(43.3)		(15.8)	(59.1)	(40.0)		(16.0)	(56.0)
Marketing expenses	(5.4)			(5.4)	(4.5)			(4.5)
Warehouse expenses	(4.6)		(1.9)	(6.5)	(4.0)		(1.9)	(5.9)
Administrative expenses	(16.5)		(0.2)	(16.7)	(15.2)		(0.2)	(15.4)
Transformation project expenses	-			-	-			-
Restructuring costs	(0.4)			(0.4)	-			-
EBITDA	31.8		(17.8)	14.0	28.7		(18.0)	10.6
Depreciation and amortisation	(19.6)	15.3		(4.4)	(19.1)	14.9		(4.1)
EBIT	12.2	15.3	(17.8)	9.7	9.6	14.9	(18.0)	6.5
Net finance costs	(4.4)	3.4		(1.0)	(4.5)	3.6		(0.9)
Profit before tax	7.8	18.6	(17.8)	8.6	5.1	18.5	(18.0)	5.6
Income tax expense	(3.0)	(5.6)	5.3	(3.3)	(1.6)	(5.6)	5.4	(1.8)
Net profit after tax	4.8	13.0	(12.5)	5.4	3.5	13.0	(12.6)	3.9

Our market: \$6.3 billion ANZ TAM and growing

Significant opportunity to grow and leverage our leadership in hard goods (~23% market share) to grow our share of soft goods

Our core competency



BabyBunting 👪

~23% ~3%

The opportunity in soft goods

\$ **3.4** BI Soft goods

Australia

Market value FY23

Hard goods	
Car seats	0.28
Prams and strollers	0.30
Furniture and nurseries	0.48
Safety	0.12
Toys	0.63

Soft goods SBn
Food, formula and feeding 0.74
Nappies & Health and Beauty 1.29
Clothing & Footwear 1.34

Incremental 1% gain in soft goods market share equal to ~\$34m revenue opportunity

Total market size





Grow Return on Invested Capital



Optimise and grow store network

- Network plan developed with assistance of third-party demographer. Inputs include ABS spend, market share data, opportunities and cannibalisation
- **Network growth** is key to building omni-channel customers and growing customer lifetime value
- **Critical assessment** of opportunities in existing and targeted catchments
- Property lease negotiations: renegotiate leases due to expire with a whole of network lens. exit stores which do not meet benchmark ROIC



Dandenong South, Victoria

Small format store pilots expected to be in market early FY26 followed by a period of testing and assessment

Small format

stores will enable

opportunity to meet more needs

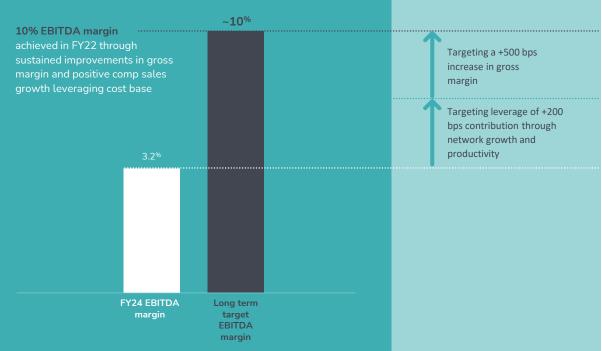
Wiri, Auckland

Returning to growth

Grow EBITDA

Long Term EBITDA Growth

Clear path to achieve historical EBITDA margins



Cost of Doing Business initiatives

Lowering our variable costs

- Supply Chain efficiencies
- Customer Care productivity improvement and in-housing team
- Supplier (goods not-for resale) cost management

Leverage systems investment

 Better use of existing systems (eg. merchandise planning, inventory) to unlock further operating benefits

Simplify operating structure

 Operational excellence in processes unlocking efficiencies and simplifying execution

These deliverables are part of the stabilising and optimising actions that have commenced and will be ongoing through FY25 and into FY26.

Grow EBITDA

Grow Gross Margin

In FY25, we are targeting 40% gross margin with further expansion targeted in future years



FY24 margin

36.8%

Simplify price architecture

Eliminating layering of price discounting

Enhance transparency and trust with our customers

Trading terms

Working with our supplier partners on terms supporting mutual growth and profitability

Amplify exclusive brands

Prioritising exclusive brand relationships

Scale private label

Double the size of our private label from 10% of sales to ~20%

De-range underperforming brands & products

Inventory productivity and re-investing in newness

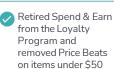
Medium term target

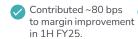
~42%

Actions completed



In progress





Further upside to be realised in 2H as we trade through on reset trading terms













Glossary

Comparable Store Sales Growth	Calculated as a percentage change of the total sales generated from stores (including the online store) in a relevant period, compared to the total sales from the same set of opened stores in the prior financial year, provided the stores were open at the beginning of the prior financial year.
Cost of Doing Business (CODB)	Includes store, administrative, marketing and warehousing expenses (excluding the impact of AASB 16 depreciation and amortisation) and other income
PLEX	Private Label & Exclusive Products
Exclusive Products	Products sourced by Baby Bunting for sale on an exclusive basis (so that those products can only be purchased in Australia from Baby Bunting stores).
Private Label	Products sold by Baby Bunting under its own brand (Baby Bunting currently markets its private label products under the "4baby", "Bilbi" and "JENGO" brand names)
Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	Return on Invested Capital is calculated as store EBITDA (pre AASB 16) divided by end-of-period cumulative store capital expenditure plus end-of-period store net inventory and an allocation of warehouse net inventory based on the number of stores open. Year 1 and Year 2 Return on Invested Capital is based on the first and second full twelve month trading periods that the store has been open
Cash Conversion from Operations	Cash Conversion from Operations (or cash conversion ratio) is calculated as Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities divided by EBITDA (pre AASB 16)