



Stanmore Resources Limited

ACN 131 920 968

Corporate Governance Statement

Overview

Stanmore Resources Limited (the **Company** or **Stanmore**) is pleased to present its Corporate Governance Statement for the period ending 31 December 2024 (**Statement**), which outlines the corporate governance framework and practices of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the **Group**). This Statement is current as at 24 February 2025 and has been approved by the Board. This Statement should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2024 Annual Report for the period ending 31 December 2024.

Governance Framework

The Board of Directors of Stanmore (**Board**) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Group. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Group on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

Stanmore's Corporate Governance Statement is structured with reference to the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) Corporate Governance Council's (**Corporate Governance Council**) "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations, 4th Edition" (**ASX Recommendations**). A copy of the Company's corporate governance charters can be downloaded from the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>.

Structure of the Board and Director Independence

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of each Director in office at the date of the Annual Report is included in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report. The Corporate Governance Council defines an Independent Director in the ASX Recommendations as a director who is free of any interest, position or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the board and to act in the best interests of the entity as a whole rather than those of an individual security holder or other party.

Examples of interests, positions and relationships that might raise issues about the independence of a director are set out in Box 2.3 of the ASX Recommendations. Under the ASX Recommendations, where a director falls within one or more of these examples, the board should rule the director not to be independent unless it is clear that the interest, position or relationship in question is not material and will not interfere with the director's capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the board and to act in the best interests of the entity as a whole rather than in the interests of an individual security holder or other party.

The composition of Stanmore's Board is reflective of the significant shareholding of Golden Investments (Australia) Pte Ltd (**Golden Investments**) which exceeds 59 per cent of Stanmore's voting shares.

The Board at the date of this Statement comprises four independent Directors and four non-independent Directors.

The assessment of the independence of Directors is set out in Section 4 Board Composition of the published Board Charter and Section 3 Responsibilities of the Committee of the published Remuneration and Nominations Committee Charter. In the context of Director independence, "materiality" of a Director's interests is considered from both the Company and the individual Director perspective. The determination of materiality requires consideration of both quantitative and qualitative elements. An item is presumed to be quantitatively immaterial if it is equal to or less than 5% of the relevant base amount for the purposes of the assessment. It is presumed to be material (unless there is qualitative evidence to the contrary) if it is greater than 5% of the relevant base amount for the purposes of the assessment. Qualitative factors considered include whether a relationship is strategically important, the competitive landscape, the nature of the relationship and the

contractual or other arrangements governing it and other factors which point to the actual ability of the Director in question to shape the direction of the Company's loyalty. Factors that may impact on a Director's independence are considered each time the Board meets. The independence of the Directors generally is regularly reviewed (at least annually) and the status of Directors is disclosed, together with the length of service of each Director, in the Company's Annual Report or on the Company's website, and below. Unless previously disclosed, no independent director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of Recommendation 2.3.

Stanmore considers industry skills, experience and specific expertise, as well as general corporate experience, to be important attributes of its Board members. A board made up of diverse members is also important to the Company. The Directors noted below have been appointed to the Board of Stanmore due to their considerable skills, expertise, industry and corporate experience. The Company conducts comprehensive background checks prior to the appointment of any new Director. Formal letters of appointment setting out the terms of their appointment are in place for all Directors and tailored induction and training is offered to assist Directors to discharge their responsibilities effectively.

At each meeting of the Board, Directors table their current outside interests. Where it is considered that a Director has a material potential conflict, it is noted and where appropriate the relevant Director recuses themselves for that specific item of business. That decision is minuted.

There are procedures in place, agreed by the Board, to enable Directors, in furtherance of their duties, to seek independent professional advice and training and professional development at the Company's expense. Given the size and complexity of the Company, the Company Secretary has close working relationships with the Board of Directors and the senior management group. In respect of matters relating to the proper functioning of the Board and corporate governance, the Company Secretary has direct access to the Chairperson.

The term of office held by each Director in the office at the date of this Statement is as follows:

Name	Role	Independent	Term in office	Audit & Risk Management Committee	Remuneration & Nominations Committee	Health & Safety Committee	Sustainability Committee	Disclosure Committee
Dwi Suseno	Chair	No	4 Years and 9 Months		●			●
Marcelo Matos	Executive Director/CEO	No	5 Years and 3 Months			●		●
Jimmy Lim	Non-Executive Director	No	5 Years and 4 Months	●	●			
Richard Majlinder	Non-Executive Director	Yes	4 Years and 9 Months	●	●			
Matt Latimore	Non-Executive Director	No	2 Years and 9 Months					
Brett Garland	Non-Executive Director	Yes	2 Years and 9 Months			●	●	
Caroline Chan	Non-Executive Director	Yes	2 Years and 9 Months	●			●	
Keira Brennan	Non-Executive Director	Yes	10 Months			●	●	

● Chair ● Member

ASX Principles and Recommendations

The Board is of the view that except for the departures from the ASX Recommendations as set out in the table below, it otherwise complied with all the ASX Recommendations for the relevant period.

ASX Principles and Recommendations

"Why not" explanations

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.5

A listed entity should:

- (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:
 - (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;
 - (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and
 - (3) either:
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

Stanmore has not followed recommendations 1.5(b) and 1.5(c) in full for the whole reporting period.

As recommended under ASX Recommendation 1.5(a), Stanmore has a diversity policy disclosed and available on the Company's website (<https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>).

In 2024, measurable objectives were not developed as the company was focused on placing greater emphasis on developing policies and procedures that support and promote an inclusive culture for a diverse workforce. Diversity at the company encompasses all the characteristics that make individuals unique. Our recruitment, performance, and reward policies are designed to provide equal opportunities and ensure equal pay. The Company's Employer Statement supporting the annual release by WGEA of gender pay gap information will provide further detail. Relevant employing entities of the Company submitted their first Gender Equalities Indicator Report in 2024 and received a compliance certification from WGEA.

As recommended under ASX Recommendation 1.5(c)(3)(A), the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce as at 31 December 2024 are set out in the following table:

	Male	Female
Board	75%	25%
Senior executives*	100%	0%
Workforce	80%	20%

*Senior executives are those personnel who hold a position on the Executive Leadership Team.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to be effective and add value

Recommendation 2.1

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a nomination committee which:
 - (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (2) is chaired by an independent director,
 and disclose:
 - (3) the charter of the committee;
 - (4) the members of the committee; and
 - (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

Stanmore has not followed recommendations 2.1(a)(1) and 2.1(a)(2) for the reporting period. Stanmore has otherwise complied with recommendation 2.1 for the reporting period.

The Board has a Remuneration and Nominations Committee that has at least three members.

Stanmore notes ASX Recommendations 2.1(a)(1) and 2.1(a)(2) recommend that a majority of the nomination committee be independent directors and that an independent director be the chair of the nomination committee. Stanmore notes that it is not currently in compliance with this recommendation because the majority of the members of the Remuneration and Nominations Committee are not independent Directors and the committee is not chaired by an independent Director.

The composition of Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee remains influenced by the significant shareholding of Golden Investments which holds in excess of 59% of Stanmore's voting shares.

The Remuneration and Nominations Committee currently comprises one independent Director and two non-independent Directors, one of whom is the chair of the Remuneration and Nominations committee.

Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee is governed by its Remuneration and Nominations Committee Charter, which is disclosed on Stanmore's website (<https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>).

The members of the Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee and the number of times the committee met throughout the reporting period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings are disclosed in the Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.4

A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.

Stanmore notes ASX Recommendation 2.4 recommends that a majority of the Board be independent directors and that it is not currently in compliance with this recommendation. During 2024, the Company took steps to increase its number of independent directors and appointed Ms Keira Brennan to the Board in April 2024. The Board now comprises four independent Directors and four non-independent Directors.

Stanmore takes a conservative approach to independence and considers Directors who have, or have in the past had, a relationship with major shareholders to not be independent. The composition of the Board is influenced by the significant shareholding of Golden Investments which holds in excess of 59% of Stanmore's voting shares.

Recommendation 2.5

The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Stanmore notes ASX Recommendation 2.5 recommends that the chair of the Board should be an independent director and that it is not currently in compliance with this recommendation. Stanmore has otherwise complied with ASX Recommendation 2.5 for the reporting period.

The chair of Stanmore's Board is a nominee Director of Golden Investments which is reflective of Golden Investments' significant shareholding in Stanmore, which exceeds 59% of Stanmore's voting shares.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly
Recommendation 8.1

The board of a listed entity should:

(a) have a remuneration committee which:

- (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
- (2) is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- (3) the charter of the committee;
- (4) the members of the committee; and
- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or

(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

Stanmore has not followed ASX Recommendations 8.1(a)(1) and 8.1(a)(2) for the reporting period. Stanmore has otherwise complied with ASX Recommendation 8.1 for the reporting period.

The Board has a Remuneration and Nominations Committee that has at least three members.

Stanmore notes ASX Recommendations 8.1(a)(1) and (2) recommend that a majority of the remuneration committee be independent directors and that an independent director be the chair of the remuneration committee. Stanmore notes that it is not currently in compliance with this recommendation because the majority of the members of the Remuneration and Nominations Committee are not independent Directors and the committee is not chaired by an independent Director.

The composition of Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee remains influenced by the significant shareholding of Golden Investments which holds in excess of 59% of Stanmore's voting shares.

The Remuneration and Nominations Committee currently comprises one independent Director and two non-independent Directors, one of whom is the chair of the Remuneration and Nominations Committee.

Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee is governed by its Remuneration and Nominations Committee Charter, which is disclosed on Stanmore's website (<https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>).

The members of Stanmore's Remuneration and Nominations Committee and the number of times the committee met throughout the reporting period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings are disclosed in the Annual Report.

Adherence to General Principles

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

The Company's Board Charter sets out the respective roles and responsibilities of the board and management, including those matters expressly reserved to the board, and those delegated to management. It further provides that the Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chair on all governance matters. A copy of the Board Charter is disclosed on the Company's website.

The Board has adopted an internal self-evaluation process to measure its own performance, as well as the performance of individual Committees and individual Directors on an annual basis.

The Board has undertaken a survey of its performance against an agreed set of performance criteria. Individual Directors report to the Chair on a confidential basis on their own performance, which is evaluated by the Chair, including the Chair providing feedback. The Remuneration and Nominations Committee, with the advice and assistance of the Chief Executive Officer, undertakes the evaluation process of the performance of management on an annual basis and reports to the Board.

For the 2024 period, performance reviews of the Board, Committees, Individual Directors (including the Chair) and management were conducted in accordance with this process.

The Company enters into a written agreement with each Director and members of executive management setting out the terms of their appointment. The agreement is with the Director or member of executive management personally unless the Company is engaging a bona fide professional services firm.

Management conducted a performance review against set key performance indicators as part of the process of awarding short-term and long-term incentives. Appropriate background checks are conducted on proposed new Directors and executives and material information about a Director being elected or re-elected is provided to security holders.

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to be effective and add value

The Board is currently comprised of eight Directors with a range of backgrounds and significant experience, skills and attributes in the key areas required to fulfil the Board's role. The following table expresses the skills and experience that the Company seeks to achieve in its directors relevant to its business.

Professional & industry Skills	Diversity attributes	Personal attributes and behaviours
Mining & Resources	Gender	Integrity (Ethics)
Strategy & Customer	Age/generational	Emotional Intelligence
Corporate Transactions	Cultural	Effective listener and communicator
Finance & Capital Markets	Geographic	Constructive questioner
Executive Management and Leadership	Industry	Contributor and team player
Corporate Governance		Commitment
Environmental, Social and Governance		Critical and innovative thinker
Risk and Compliance Management		Leader and ambassador
People - Culture, Safety and Wellbeing		
Stakeholder engagement & communications		

The Board together with the Remuneration and Nominations Committee, is responsible for reviewing the overall skills and experience represented by Directors to ensure that the composition remains appropriate to deliver the Company's strategy. Stanmore considers that the current Director skill mix is suitable to the Company's business and strategic direction.

Principle 3 – Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly

The Stanmore vision is to be a leading resources company in Australia, creating value to our stakeholders through sustainable development. We do this with genuine concern for the care and safety of our people, our partners and stakeholders. We understand the environmental impacts of the tasks we perform and continuously explore ways to avoid, minimise and rehabilitate impacts to air, land, water and biodiversity.

Values of commitment, integrity, loyalty, positive attitude and being innovative with a continuous improvement mentality are a part of every decision made as we look to develop our resources sustainably and safely.

Directors, executives, employees and contractors are held accountable to uphold the values and Stanmore Code of Conduct in decision making and the way they work.

The Stanmore values are described in further detail below:

Commitment	We are committed to safety as a number one priority and to always achieving the best possible outcome for our people, partners and stakeholders
Integrity	We do the right thing
Innovative	We develop processes / ideas that increase productivity and company growth
Continuous Improvement	We aim to continuously enhance ourselves and our operations
Positive Attitude	We display encouraging behaviour that builds and fosters lasting relationships
Loyalty	We implement our core values in our day-to-day operations

The Company has a Whistleblower Policy and an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy which are published on both the Company website and internal document management system.

The published Code of Conduct guides employees, contractors, suppliers, executive officers and Directors in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. The Code of Conduct covers matters such as:

- acting in the best interests of the Company;
- acting honestly and with high standards of personal integrity;
- complying with the laws and regulations that apply to the Company and its operations;
- not knowingly participating in any illegal or unethical activity;
- not entering into any arrangement or participating in any activity that would conflict with the Company's best interests or that would be likely to negatively affect the Company's reputation;
- not taking advantage of the property or information of the entity or its customers for personal gain or to cause detriment to the entity or its customers; and
- not taking advantage of their position or the opportunities arising from their position with the Company for personal gain.

Any material breaches of the Company's policies are reported to the Board (or a committee of the Board), Chief Executive Officer, Chair, Whistleblower Officer or senior management, as appropriate. The Board is informed of any material incidents reported under the Whistleblower Policy.

Principle 4 – Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports

The Company has an Audit and Risk Management Committee which is comprised of three non-executive directors, a majority of whom are independent directors. The Committee is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the Board. The Audit and Risk Management Charter can be found on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>. The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and the number of times the committee met throughout the reporting period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings are disclosed in the 2024 Annual Report.

Before the Board approved the Company's financial statements for 2024, it received written assurances from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the declaration provided by them in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. Equivalent informal assurances were provided for the half-year financial reports.

The Company is committed to providing clear, concise and effective disclosure in its corporate reports. Processes are in place to verify the integrity of all Company announcements and unaudited periodic reports released to the market, to ensure that they are factual, complete, accurate and provide investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions. This process includes relevant internal stakeholders reviewing and signing-off on the section of the report to which they contributed prior to receiving approval by the Board.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Detailed compliance procedures for ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements have been adopted by the Company. Stanmore's Market Disclosure and Communications Policy is available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>.

The Board receives copies of all ASX announcements promptly via the ASX notification service.

The Disclosure Committee supports the Board to ensure the Company meets its primary disclosure obligations to immediately disclose market sensitive information to the ASX and to ensure that all market sensitive information is considered for compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.

The Company's Disclosure Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>. The Disclosure Committee comprises the Chair of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.

Copies of investor presentation material are released to market ahead of the presentation.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

The Company, through its Shareholders Communication Policy, promotes effective communication with shareholders and encourages effective participation at general meetings by providing information to shareholders:

- through the release of information to the market via the ASX;
- through the distribution of the Annual Report and notices of annual general meeting;
- through shareholder meetings and investor relation presentations;

- by offering security holders the option to receive ASX announcements and other notices from the Company electronically or by post; and
- by posting relevant information on Stanmore's website.

The Company's website has a dedicated investor relations section for the purpose of publishing corporate governance and other important company information, including relevant announcements made to the market, at <https://stanmore.au/investors>. Investors are provided the opportunity to contact Stanmore and ask questions.

At the Annual General Meeting, all shareholders are given the opportunity to ask questions prior to the meeting through informal discussions with the Board and Group Executives and during the meeting when comments and questions are invited. All substantive resolutions at shareholder meetings are decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.

The Company also gives shareholders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its Share Registry provider, Link Market Services Limited, electronically.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

The Board has an Audit and Risk Management Committee that comprises three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors and is chaired by an independent Director.

Stanmore's Audit and Risk Management Committee is governed by its Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter, which is disclosed on Stanmore's website (<https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>).

The members of the committee and the number of times the committee met throughout the reporting period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings are disclosed in the Annual Report.

The Company is exposed to a range of market, financial, operational, environmental, and socio-political risks that could have an adverse effect on the Company's future performance. The nature and potential impact of these risks can change over time and vary in degree to the extent they can be controlled by the Company.

The Company has a risk management framework in place with internal control systems to mitigate these key business risks. The Company's approach to its risk management policies is detailed in the Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>. Management has evaluated the various risks in the reporting period as disclosed in the Annual Report and Sustainability Report.

In respect of the Company's financial statements and systems of accounting control, the Company's external auditor attends the Company's Annual General Meeting to address questions from shareholders.

The Audit & Risk Management Committee evaluates and addresses risks within the business as outlined in its Charter.

The internal audit is designed to provide independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls and governance systems. BDO has been appointed as the Internal Auditor over a three year term and is independent of management. Internal auditing of identified key risk areas commenced in 2024 with regular reporting of results to the Audit and Risk Management Committee and senior management. The Committee used this information as part of its ongoing review of its risk management systems over the reporting period.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee approves the annual Internal Audit Plan. The Internal Auditor has full access to all functions, records, property, and personnel of the Group.

The Internal Audit Plan is risk-based with an initial focus in 2024 on financial systems and associated controls. At each meeting of the Audit and Risk Management Committee it is provided with a status update including findings and actions by BDO.

The Company and Directors recognise the importance of Environmental, Social and Governance matters (ESG). The role of the Sustainability Committee is to provide the necessary focus and guidance on ESG matters and, with the use of benchmarking, assist management to improve ESG outcomes and performance for the Company, and to support the Board and management in understanding stakeholder expectations with respect to ESG matters.

The Company's Sustainability Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/investors/corporate-governance>. It sets out the Company's principles behind ESG decision-making and affirms the Company's commitment to sustainable development. The Sustainability Committee Charter also references a clear commitment to governance and transparency.

The Sustainability Committee is comprised of three independent Directors.

Specific risks relating to the environment, climate change or social aspects (and how they are managed by the Company) are disclosed in the 2024 Annual Report and will be further discussed in the 2024 Sustainability Report) scheduled for release in April 2025

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Company has established a Remuneration and Nominations Committee. The Remuneration and Nominations Committee's objectives and compliance are detailed in the Remuneration and Nominations Committee Charter available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>.

The Company's remuneration framework for Directors and Group Executives is set out in the Remuneration Report of the Annual Report. The Remuneration Report includes a summary of Company policies and practices for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for non-executive Directors and Group Executives, and the relationship between those policies and Company performance.

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Company are disclosed in the relevant section of the Annual Report. There is no retirement benefit scheme for Directors other than payment of statutory superannuation and Non-Executive Directors are not eligible for performance-based remuneration.

The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy that includes a prohibition (without Board approval) on margin lending, hedging, derivative and any other secured financing arrangement by certain personnel (including Directors, Key Management Personnel, executives, and certain other employees). Those persons are prohibited from entering into such arrangements which would have the effect of limiting their exposure to risk in relation to all or part of their remuneration that has not vested, or has vested but remains subject to a restriction arrangement. The Company's Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website at <https://stanmore.au/corporate-governance>.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Stanmore Resources Limited

ABN/ARBN

27 131 920 968

Financial year ended:

31 December 2024

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

☐ These pages of our annual report:

☒ This URL on our website:

www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 24 February 2025 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 24 February 2025

Name of authorised officer
authorising lodgement:

Rees Fleming, Company Secretary & General Counsel

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management) is contained in our Board Charter and we have disclosed a copy of our Board Corporate Charter at: www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> In our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> In our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8 and Board Charter, Section 4 (d)	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> In our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8 and Board Charter, Section 8	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
<p>1.5 A listed entity should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. <p>If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.</p>	-	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>Stanmore has not followed recommendations 1.5(b) and 1.5(c) in full for the whole reporting period, as set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 4. As recommended under recommendation 1.5(a), our diversity policy is disclosed and available at www.stanmore.au/about-us/people-culture</p>
<p>1.6 A listed entity should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8 and our Board Charter, Section 10</p> <p>and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8 and our Remuneration and Nominations Committee Charter, Section 3 and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process:</p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8</p>	—

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	-	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>Stanmore has not followed recommendations 2.1(a)(1) and 2.1(a)(2) for the reporting period, as set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 5. Stanmore has otherwise complied with recommendation 2.1 for the reporting period as set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 5</p>
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed our board skills matrix: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 8</p>	
2.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) the length of service of each director.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 3 and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 2 and the length of service of each director: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 3</p>	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 6
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 6
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 2 and Board Charter, Section 9	
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed our values: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 9	
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 9 and we have disclosed our Code of Conduct at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 9 and we have disclosed our Whistleblower Policy at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 9 and we have disclosed our Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at our website at www.stanmore.net.au/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our 2024 Annual Report</p>	
4.2	<p>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 10</p>	
4.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 10</p>	

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PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 10 and we have disclosed our Market Disclosure and Communications Policy at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 10 and Market Disclosure and Communications Policy located at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 10	
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at https://stanmore.net.au/about-us/ www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 11 and Shareholder Communication Policy located at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	–

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders: in our Corporate Governance Statement, pages 10 - 11 and Shareholder Communication Policy located at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 11 and Shareholder Communication Policy located at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 11 and Shareholder Communication Policy located at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the Audit and Risk Management Committee at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in the 2024 Annual Report</p>	
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 11</p>	
7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs in our Corporate Governance Statement, pages 11-12</p>	

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7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks: In our Corporate Governance Statement, page 12 and the 2024 Annual Financial Statements. The 2024 Sustainability Report scheduled for release in April 2025 will provide further comment on environmental and social risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks: in our 2024 Annual Financial Statements, and to be released 2024 Sustainability Report	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	–	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>set out in our Corporate Governance Statement</p> <p>Stanmore has not followed recommendations 8.1(a)(1) and 8.1(a)(2) in full for the whole reporting period as set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 7 Stanmore has otherwise complied with recommendation 8.1 for the reporting period as set out in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 7</p>
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 12 and the Remuneration Report within the 2024 Annual Report</p>	
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>in our Corporate Governance Statement, page 12 and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Securities Trading Policy at our website at www.stanmore.au/corporate-governance</p>	

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Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES			
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	–	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	–	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we are established in Australia and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	–	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable